$200 BRINGS A SOLDIER HOME—LEND THAT MUCH TO UNCLE SAM

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

# The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair today and probably Sunday; mild temperature; wind southwest.
For full weather report see Page 19.

VOL. LXVIII...NO. 22,379 ... NEW YORK, SATURDAY, MAY 3, 1919. TWENTY-FOUR PAGES

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## RADICAL OUTRAGES STIR WASHINGTON; NEW LAWS NEEDED

### Congress Leaders to Press Bills in Special Session to Curb Red Activities.

### MAY MODIFY ESPIONAGE ACT

### Overman Committee and Palmer Expected to Make Suggestions for Peace Time Law.

### ASK MUNICIPALITIES TO ACT

### Federal Authorities Point Out That Return of Peace Puts Disorders Up to Local Police.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 2.—The increase in the number of outrages against law and order, such as the sending of bombs to public officials and the riot in Cleveland, the latter having its inception as a protest against the conviction of Debs, has convinced leaders in Congress of the need of legislation to deal with movements aimed at the Government and at public safety.

The situation is causing Government officials great uneasiness, as the leaders in the movement, especially the so-called "intellectuals," proceed with such care as to make them immune from Federal prosecution, although there are plenty of municipal and State laws to deal with them. Attorney General Palmer some weeks ago emphasized the need for legislation to deal with peace-time movements against the Government with the first serious outbreaks in western Pennsylvania and Seattle. He said then that the espionage act would become inoperative with the proclamation of peace, and, in fact, some lawyers hold now that it is ineffective because of the difficulty of getting a jury to convict under a law intended solely for war-time conditions.

Members of Congress recognize that the espionage act seems ineffective at the present time, and already members of the House Judiciary Committee and Senators who investigated German outrages and Bolshevism are preparing bills to deal with peace-time movements against the Government and society.

It is indicated that, acting on the expected recommendations of the Overman committee, and perhaps on suggestions from Attorney General Palmer, the espionage act will be modified to fit peace-time conditions, and that the law providing for the licensing of the use and sale of explosives will be continued, with more latitude.

**May Press Immigration Bill.**

Bills which were considered during the past session of Congress will be pressed for early passage in the special session. The House Committee on Immigration carefully considered a bill to prohibit general immigration for a period of four years, and, while it was favorably reported from the committee, it met with objections from the Administration, which did not want to be hampered in the peace negotiations. Sentiment in the House seemed to be strong enough to pass it, and it is believed that the fresh outrages which have occurred in different parts of the country, reported to have their inspiration in foreign propaganda, will induce the Republicans to press for the passage of the immigration bills.

Bills of a more direct bearing upon the situation which were under consideration in the last session provide for the deportation of those interned and convicted of crimes against the Government. A companion bill provides for the deportation of those who had taken out their first naturalization papers and refused to comply with the selective draft act.

Attorney General Palmer has had the officers who are charged with the prosecution of cases against the Government, sedition and plotting, prepare recommendations which it is believed will take the place of the espionage act effectively.

It was asserted today that municipal and State authorities have not yet realized that the strong hand of the Federal Government which was exerted in war times is no longer present and have, therefore, failed to act to prevent those disorders which were suppressed by the Federal Government in the war. Conditions have changed with the signing of the armistice, it was asserted today. Where the Federal Government could act with propriety to protect industries making war materials, it no longer accepts the responsibility of maintaining order, and is guarding only against crimes against the Federal Government, such as bomb outrages and sedition.

At the department of justice it was pointed out that Seattle, with its I. W. W. activities, had been the worst city in the country during the war. Ole Hanson, Mayor of Seattle, called upon the Federal Government to put down the recent troubles, and when he was informed that the Federal Government regarded present disorders as a matter for the local police Mayor Hanson took drastic action and has brought about a peaceful situation.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion—Don't forget. —Advt.

## *Dutch Paper Approves Trial of ex-German Kaiser*

AMSTERDAM, May 2, (Associated Press.)—The Dutch newspapers, excepting one, thus far have not commented on the proposal to try former Emperor William of Germany. The exception is the Telegraaf, which, in an editorial, says the extradition of the one-time Emperor will not conflict with Holland's national right of sanctuary.

"The ex-Kaiser," says the newspaper, "would not be prosecuted because of his intention to place 'Deutschland iiber Alles,' but on account of action which plunged the world into misery and a repetition of which would be contrary to the vital interests of the Dutch people."

## BURKE MAKES MORE THOMPSON CHARGES

### Bribery Inquiry Witness Says Senator Confessed Spending State Money on Friends.

### MENTION OF WOMEN BARRED

### Accuser Also Asserts Legislator Wanted Him to Peddle Public Service Law Amendments.

*Special to The New York Times.*

ALBANY, May 2.—While under cross-examination before the Senate Judiciary Committee today in the investigation of the $500,000 bribery charge made by Senator George F. Thompson of Niagara, Richard Henry Burke, who is accused by the Senator of offering the bribe on behalf of traction interests and financiers, turned on his accuser and charged the Senator with trying to use him for peddling amendments to the Public Service Commission law while the commissions were under investigation by a legislative committee of which Senator Thompson was Chairman.

This testimony, the most startling in the day's grist of charges, counter-charges, recriminations, and abuse, was given by Burke, while Frank Moss, representing Senator Thompson, was attempting to establish, through a series of adroit questions, that Burke, when the Public Service Commission inquiry was on, was in the pay of public utilities corporations, seeking to influence the trend of the inquiry and receive advance information about the plans of the investigating committee through association with Senator Thompson. Burke denied that he received any money from such sources or did that sort of work.

The cross-examination of Burke was completed, but his redirect examination by Clark L. Jordan, his counsel, is being held in abeyance until after Senator Thompson shall have testified again, as he will do, and other witnesses have been heard.

At today's session Burke, with little attempt on the part of Senator Burlingame, Chairman of the Judiciary Committee, to check him, hurled such epithets as "scavenger" at Moss and gave vent to this outburst against Senator Thompson:

"He doesn't belong in this Senate. He is a rascal from head to foot."

At another time he characterized statements he alleged the Senator made to him as "the ravings of a lunatic, looking for the Governorship."

This had reference to the talk Burke had with Senator Thompson at the Republican Club on March 16, when, according to the Senator, the witness approached him with the offer of a $500,000 "campaign fund" on behalf of traction men and financiers, to defray his expenses in a campaign for the Governorship next year, in return for support to facilitate the passage of the now defunct Carson-Martin six-cent fare bill which Senator Thompson had been bitterly opposing and kept on opposing until it was dead.

Burke testified on cross-examination that anything said about the Governorship was brought up by Senator Thompson himself and that a campaign fund was never mentioned.

**Whitman to be Called Again.**

Moss, at the end of the hearing today, asked that subpoenas be issued for Harry B. Weatherwax of Albany, President of the New York State Electric Railway Association, which was instrumental in having the Carson-Martin bill introduced; Joseph K. Choate, Chairman of a committee of that organization which drafted the bill; Charles G. M. Thomas, Treasurer of the Consolidated Gas Company, and ex-Governor Charles S. Whitman. The three first witnesses will be summoned to appear before the Judiciary Committee at a

Continued on Page Three.

## FIND FIRST CLUE IN POLICE SEARCH FOR BOMB MAKER

### Cardboard Used for Covers Traced and the Buyers' Names Are Obtained.

### PLAN TO DEPORT REDS

### Immigration Official Tells of Roundup of Pacific Coast Undesirables.

### HIGH EXPLOSIVES SEIZED

### Raid on Medical Institute, Police Inspector Says, Fails to Aid Bomb Inquiry.

Both the Federal and local authorities who are trying to get at the bottom of the conspiracy to assassinate prominent men in all parts of the country by bombs sent through the mails reported yesterday that progress was being made in the investigation. No arrests, however, have been made, and there was nothing to indicate that any were imminent. The discovery of a quantity of high explosives in a house in West Forty-fifth Street early yesterday caused a great stir at Police Headquarters for a time, but developments in the case showed that the discovery was in no way connected with the bomb conspiracy.

The manufacturers of the cardboard paper of which the boxes containing the bombs were made were found yesterday. The investigation disclosed that only a few hundred sheets of the particular kind of paper had been disposed of by the manufacturers, and for this reason the Federal and local detective forces at work on the case hope that they may eventually find the trail that will lead to the identification and arrest of the persons responsible for the murder plot.

The cardboard, which might be more accurately described as unusually heavy paper, was made by Louis De Jonge & Co. of 69 to 73 Duane Street. It was explained by the manufacturers that the paper is of the kind used for box-facing by druggists and confectioners. The names of all concerns to whom the paper had been sold was turned over to the authorities. It was suggested by one of the Federal investigators that the senders of the bombs might have gone to a small box manufacturer and had a small number of boxes made, and that the boxmaker having only a few sheets of the particular cardboard paper on hand used it in filling the order.

"This particular kind of paper," it was explained at the offices of Louis De Jonge & Co., "is used in what we term facing candy, perfume, jewelry, and pill boxes. When we put out a new design of paper our patrons receive a few sheets and face their sample boxes with them. If the customers are pleased we then receive an order for the paper. It is strange, however, that of all the paper we have sold in recent months we disposed of only a limited quantity of this particular design."

District Attorney Swann received a communication yesterday in which the names of several radical agitators were mentioned, whose activities the District Attorney was asked to investigate. The names of the men, at least one of whom is said to be a member of the I. W. W., were not disclosed. Mr. Swann said that he would follow the suggestion and make an investigation along the lines suggested by the writer.

The fragments of the bomb which was sent to ex-Senator Thomas W. Hardwick of Atlanta, which exploded in the hands of a negro girl employed in Senator Hardwick's home, blowing off both of the girl's hands, were received at the offices of the Postal Inspection Service, in this city, yesterday. An examination of the fragments showed that the bomb was identical in all respects with the sixteen which were seized, before delivery, in the General Post Office here.

**Watch Three Post Offices.**

The Postal Inspectors are keeping a close watch on three Post Offices, which are the mail addresses of three United States Senators, one in the East and two in the Middle West. These three Senators have taken a leading part in legislation directed against the I. W. W., Bolshevism, and kindred movements. One of the Western Senators is perhaps the most outspoken foe of radicalism of the I. W. W. variety in the Senate.

It was said yesterday that Government agents and stenographers attended

Continued on Page Three.

## *Federal Judge Holds Child Labor Tax Void; Says It Invades State Authority Indirectly*

GREENSBORO, N. C., May 2.—The child labor section of the War Revenue bill, placing a prohibitive tax on the products of child labor entering interstate commerce, was declared unconstitutional today by Federal Judge James E. Boyd. Last year he declared void the original Child Labor act, which the United States Supreme Court annulled by a margin of one vote.

The revenue law levies a 10 per cent. tax on products of factories employing children under 14 years of age, or those between 14 and 16 years working more than eight hours daily, when the products enter interstate commerce.

Judge Boyd made permanent a temporary injunction prohibiting the enforcement of the law in the case of a Charlotte, N. C., factory. Following the arguments made by opponents of the provision in Congress, Judge Boyd said that the child labor "rider" sought to accomplish the regulation of employment by indirection in the use of taxation powers, and was an invasion of the States regulatory authority.

PALL MALL FAMOUS CIGARETTES Where Particular People Congregate—Plain Ends. —Adv.

WALDMAN PARK HOTEL, Write for information. H. Albert, (formerly Mgr. The Homestead, Hot Springs, Va.) —Advt.

## *Hindenburg Seeks to Retire; Ebert Grants His Request*

BERLIN, May 2, (Associated Press.)—Field Marshal von Hindenburg has written President Ebert, announcing his intention to retire to private life.

"During the transitional period," says von Hindenburg, "I considered it my duty to serve the Fatherland, but with the conclusion of a preliminary peace my task will be fulfilled and my desire to retire, in view of my advanced age, will be universally understood, the more so because it is known how hard it has become for me, in view of my opinions and my entire personality and the past to continue to exercise my office."

Herr Ebert replied, assenting to the request of the Field Marshal and expressing the "undying thanks" of the German people for von Hindenburg's services and self-sacrifice.

## SEPTEMBER TO SEE LAST TROOPS HOME

### War Department Exceeds Program and Movement of 450,000 Monthly Is Indicated.

### SPEEDS UP DEMOBILIZATION

### Gen. March Completes Inspection of Camps Here and Insists on 48-Hour Schedule.

WASHINGTON, May 2.—The determination of President Wilson, indicated in press advices from Paris, that no American troops shall continue on German soil for a longer period after the signing of the peace treaty than may be necessary to embark them for home, is borne out by present plans of the War Department, which contemplate the return of the entire American Expeditionary Forces by September. Because of this General March, Chief of Staff, is making every effort to speed up the demobilization in this country.

An official announcement issued today as to the accumulation of surplus clothing for the troops stated that the estimates were based on "troop withdrawal to be completed in September." The statement also said that "if an army of occupation is maintained after September, a portion of this surplus will be needed."

This computation was taken to reflect exactly the present information of the department as to future troop movements.

The September date represents estimates by embarkation officials as to the maximum possible speed in withdrawing the entire force in Europe, including the troops holding the Coblenz bridgehead sector on the Rhine. If anything, officers anticipate that the movement will be accelerated rather than retarded. The schedule has been exceeded recently and in increasing measure from week to week and with an indicated monthly movement of 450,000 men. The best predictions of General March and his aides bid fair, it was said, to be more than realized.

**Completes Personal Inspection.**

General March returned today from a personal inspection of demobilization centres in the Southeastern Department, completing the personal survey he began with Secretary Baker before the latter sailed for France. At each of the camps visited the Chief of Staff went over the demobilization machinery with the camp commander in detail, insisting that the forty-eight-hour period for the passage of troops from the camps into civil life be maintained and also checking up the semi-permanent demobilization personnel at the camps in an effort to reduce the number of men who are being held in the service for this work. It is believed that he will be able in his interview with newspaper correspondents tomorrow to furnish new figures showing the speed with which the breaking up of the army at home is being accomplished.

Officers recently returned from France say the "two bottle necks" through which practically the entire movement must pass, the embarkation camp at Brest and the debarkation station at Hoboken, are now operating at a remarkable speed. The system is said to be so precise that a unit or even an individual officer or man who loses step with the system's stride has a difficult time and probably never succeeds in catching up with the main flow.

An instance of the rapidity with which the machine is working was shown today by the fact that among the officers reporting to General March on his return were some who started from their sectors on the Rhine with their command just twenty-one days ago.

## *DECISION ON KIAO-CHAU ATTACKED BY CHINESE*

### *Gives Japan Practical Control of Northern China, Says an Official Statement.*

PARIS, May 2 (Associated Press.)—The Chinese delegation to the Peace Conference issued a statement this afternoon with regard to the decision of the Council of Three concerning Kiao-Chau.

The statement explains that the decision of the Conference virtually substitutes Japan for Germany in Shantung and adds to the Japanese railway rights in Southern Manchuria. The decision, the statement says, gives Japan practical control of Northern China.

"The Chinese delegation cannot but view the decision with disappointment and dissatisfaction," the communication concludes.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion—Don't forget. —Advt.

# *MUNICH CAPTURED IN DRIVE ON REDS; RUMANIAN KING TO ENTER BUDAPEST; ALLIES WILL SHARE GERMAN FLEET*

## FALL OF BUDAPEST IS NEAR

### French Generals to Escort King Ferdinand Into Hungarian Capital.

### PEOPLE OPPOSED TO REDS

### Bela Kun's Rule Totters as His Army Shows Signs of Going to Pieces.

### SOVIETS ARE IRRESOLUTE

### Whole Movement Shown Not to be National, but Part of Lenin's World Agitation.

VIENNA, May 2.—King Ferdinand of Rumania, accompanied by French Generals, is about to enter Budapest, the capital of Hungary, at the head of his troops, a Bucharest dispatch to the Neue Freie Presse says.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 2.—The approaching collapse of the Bela Kun Government in Hungary is believed in well-informed circles here to be due not only to the military situation but to the inherent rottenness of the Bolshevist régime.

The Rumanian successes are important enough. On April 26 they had advanced nearly 100 miles from their starting point and had covered considerably more than half the distance to Budapest. Even if they were to go no further, this would definitely stave off the greatest dangers of the situation—the junction of the Russian and Hungarian Bolshevikl. Meanwhile the Czechoslovak troops have driven out the Hungarians who had invaded their territory.

But apart from this, Bela Kun, it appears now, never had much chance of establishing himself. He made the fatal mistake when he took over the power from Karolyi of dissolving the old, experienced Hungarian Army and creating a new Red Army. This has never had any definite consistency, and it has been weakened rather than strengthened by embodying in it a few of the old national troops, who have mixed very badly with the Bolshevist recruits, attracted only by high pay.

Soviets, it is true, have been established widely and profess to act together, but they give the impression of being scared at their own authority and oppression of the people. Their activities have been marked by timidity and irresolution, and they are acutely conscious that large sections of the peasants and bourgeoisie are hostile to them.

To strengthen himself Kun imported from Moscow Szamuelly, a deputy of Lenin, and a number of Bolshevist agents. They started in Budapest a school for instruction in the pure gospel of Bolshevism, and began an active propaganda among the local Soviets. A group of the International Red Army was formed in Budapest and enrolled specially selected Hungarian volunteers. In this way Hungarian Bolshevism, which was at first a nationalist movement, has become in fact a mere branch of the international agitation directed by Lenin.

In this lies the explanation of the failure of General Smuts's mission to Hungary. He went as the representative of the Allies to settle the much advertised boundary dispute between the Hungarians and Czechoslovaks. The former had no intention of reaching a settlement and were even quite content to gain time by prolonging negotiations, prevarications, and refusals to make any definite statement.

But now the end seems near. Kun's authority grows steadily weaker. His Red Army shows signs of disintegration, and many of the trained Szekler troops have actually joined the Rumanians in the advance on Budapest. The peasants are definitely opposed to the Kun régime and its fall seems absolutely certain.

BUDAPEST, May 1, (By Wireless to London.)—In his notes sent to the Rumanian, Czechoslovak, and Jugoslav Governments, Bela Kun, the Foreign Minister of the Hungarian Communist Government, said that his Government "recognizes unreservedly the territorial claims which you put forward."

The Minister demanded the immediate cessation of hostilities, noninterference with Hungarian internal affairs, and the reaching of economic agreements.

Budapest dispatches on Thursday stated that the Hungarian Government had asked the Rumanian and Jugoslav Governments for a cessation of hostilities, offering territorial concessions. The foregoing evidently refers to the official messages in this connection.

Berlin newspapers yesterday published reports from Vienna that the Hungarian Government had been overthrown and that the Foreign Minister (Bela Kun) together with the War and Food Ministers had arrived in Vienna with their families, but these reports have not been confirmed.

## *Peace Treaty Likely to Be Signed by Late May, According to German Correspondents in Paris*

BERLIN, May 2, (Associated Press.)—The correspondents of German newspapers at Versailles in their articles dealing with the peace preliminaries agree as to the correct attitude observed by the French toward the German delegates.

The correspondents seem to expect that the German delegation will have ten days to digest the peace conditions and a further fourteen days to discuss them, and that peace will be signed toward the end of May.

PARIS, May 2, (Associated Press.)—The treaty comprises fifteen to twenty chapters, according to Marcel Hutin of the Echo de Paris.

The preamble is contained in the first chapter, setting forth the reasons why the various contracting parties entered the war and mentioning the necessity for the League of Nations.

The second chapter deals with the German frontiers, and the third contains all clauses connected with alterations of frontiers resulting in changes in the sovereignty of territory. The fourth sets forth the military, naval and aerial clauses, and the fifth takes up the disposition of the German colonies, it is said.

The other chapters are not yet completely finished, but they will concern reparations and other economic and financial questions, and will deal with the international labor legislation treaty.

The document concludes with a chapter concerning the guarantees for the execution by Germany of the treaty conditions.

M. Hutin adds that there is every reason to believe the German delegation really has full powers and will end the negotiations by signing the preliminaries of the treaty.

## RED ARMY CRUSHED IN MUNICH BATTLE

### Government Troops Pour Into City and Are Hailed by the People.

### COMMUNIST CHIEFS TAKEN

### Murders Are Committed in Reprisal by Soviet Forces After Their Defeat.

BERLIN, May 2, (Associated Press.)—The entry of Government troops into Munich from all points was to begin at noon today, according to the Vossische Zeitung.

Dr. Landauer and Egelhoser, Commander of the Red army, have been captured, the newspaper adds.

LONDON, May 2.—Reports received here tonight seemingly confirm the recapture of Munich by the Government forces.

A dispatch from Copenhagen dated Thursday says that the Bavarian capital was taken on Wednesday evening. The dispatch adds that somewhat severe fighting preceded the victory of the Government troops.

Another Copenhagen dispatch to The Associated Press says:

"Bavarian Government troops forced their way into Munich from the north on Thursday evening in the neighborhood of the railway station, according to dispatches received today. The Ministry of War residence and the Wittelsbach Palace have been occupied. Many armed workmen have surrendered their arms and discarded their red armlets. The disintegration of the Red Army is proceeding apace. Most of the populace received the Government troops joyously, some participating in the fighting by firing on Red Guards from their houses.

"The Spartacide and Communist leaders took vengeance on hostages they were holding, according to a Bamberg dispatch to the Berlin Zeitung am Mittag. Among those reported killed are General Count von Bothmer, Baron von Wuertsburg and several industrial magnates.

"The town of Rosenheim, thirty-two miles southeast of Munich, failing to surrender as agreed by the Spartacides, was attacked by a volunteer force from Passau and captured. The Spartacides have entrenched themselves near Keibermeer."

A Berne dispatch dated Thursday says that the artillery fire of the Government troops had been audible in Munich and had been constantly creeping nearer. The troops seized all the important points about Munich and became masters of the railroad communication in that region.

The Red Guards are reported to have been demoralized and to have plundered the banks. The Communists threatened to massacre the bourgeoisie, when the Government forces attacked the city, according to reports.

The misery of the people is said to have reached an unbearable point.

**Bavaria Backed Since Eisner Murder.**

Kurt Eisner, who established a democratic Government at Munich four days after the signing of the armistice, was assassinated in a reactionary revolt on Feb. 21. Two insurrections accompanied this revolt. The reactionaries, with Bavarian bluejackets, attempted to capture the Government buildings, while the Spartacides fought for the police headquarters.

The wave of radicalism which arose in resentment against Eisner's death

Continued on Page Two.

McK' & R. CALOX TOOTH POWDER Cleans—Whitens—Preserves.—Advt.

## LITTLE TERRITORY GIVEN TO BELGIUM

### Only Malmedy, a Part of Rhenish Prussia, Granted in Peace Treaty.

### MORE INDEMNITY WANTED

### No Provision Made for Germany's Return of Money Taken from Belgian Banks.

PARIS, May 2, (Associated Press.)—The Belgian delegation to the Peace Conference is expressing dissatisfaction over the terms of the preliminaries for peace as they affect Belgium.

None of the territorial claims of Belgium have been granted, except that for Malmédy, in Rhenish Prussia, a short distance south of Aix-la-Chapelle, the population of which before the war was largely Walloon. Malmédy will revert to Belgium. The territory on the left bank of the Scheldt River and Maastricht and the Limburg Peninsula are not mentioned in the terms.

Of the $500,000,000 already mentioned as an immediate financial indemnity for Belgium, more than half the amount has merely been placed to Belgium's credit in Allied countries as part payment of war loans.

No provision has been made for the recall by Germany of the 6,000,000,000 marks which were left in Belgium and now are lying in Belgian banks and vaults, bearing no interest and unproductive, as the circulation of the mark in Belgium is not permitted.

"The amount of 6,000,000,000 marks represents virtually the total Belgian liquid wealth assets," said a member of the Belgian delegation today.

M. Delacroix, the Belgian Premier, arrived in Paris this morning, bringing a message of protest from the Belgian Senate. He conferred with M. Hymans of the Belgian peace delegation, who is expected to appear before the Council of Three to make representations concerning the terms granted Belgium.

BRUSSELS, May 2.—The Soir says that Paul Hymans of the Belgian peace delegation in Paris received yesterday an official communication stating that Belgium would obtain immediately 2,500,000,000 francs indemnity and all the material and financial assets the Germans left in Belgium, and that Malmedy and Eupen, Rhenish Prussia, would be attached to Belgium.

France does not object to the Belgo-Luxemburg customs agreement, the newspaper asserts, but regarding the Scheldt, Limbourg and Maestricht, Belgium will obtain nothing.

### FRENCH ENVOY SEES ORLANDO

### Ambassador Barrere and Italian Premier Discuss the Crisis.

ROME, May 1.—Camille Barrère, the French Ambassador to Italy, had a long conference with Premier Orlando concerning the situation and the development of events in Paris since the departure of the Italian delegation.

### CONGRESSMEN CALL ON WILSON

### Members of House Military Committee Make a Formal Visit.

PARIS, May 2. (Associated Press.)—Before the Council of Three went into session today President Wilson received the members of the Military Affairs Committee of the House of Representatives, who reached Paris last evening. The meeting was a brief and purely formal one.

When you think of Writing Think of WHITING.—Advt.

## AMERICA MAY SINK PRIZES

### British Naval Authorities Believed to Incline to Same Policy.

### CABLES IN BIG FIVE'S HANDS

### Joint Adminitsration of Them Is Contemplated by the Council of Three.

### DECISION ON KIEL CANAL

### Germany Will Probably Retain Ownership, but Under International Control of Tolls.

PARIS, May 2, (Associated Press.)—The naval terms to be embodied in the peace treaty with Germany, which have now been completed, do not provide for the sinking of the larger German warships. The disposition of these vessels is left to be decided upon later by the allied and associated powers.

It is felt that the final disposition of the enemy ships is purely an inter-allied question, and not one for inclusion in the treaty, which provides only for the surrender of the vessels to the powers which will decide their ultimate fate. This action is regarded as indicating that the warships will not be sunk or destroyed.

After the enemy ships are divided among the Allies each power will decide on the disposition of its own quota. The general impression here is that the French and Italians will retain their share and incorporate the vessels in their present fleets, while the British and American tendency inclines to the destruction of their quota.

The disposition of the German Atlantic and Pacific cables is again before the Council of Three, with some prospect of a settlement along a new line. This proposes that the cables shall be administered jointly by the five great powers until an international cable congress can consider the entire question of cables between the different countries.

This plan is alternative to the German cables being held as prizes of war by the countries which cut them, principally Great Britain, France, and Japan, some of the latter's representatives still maintaining the right to hold them as prizes of war.

The Havas Agency asserts, however, that a decision has been reached that the cables are spoils of war and belong to those powers which took possession of them.

The Council of Three today settled the status of the Kiel Canal. Germany will probably retain proprietorship of the waterway, but tolls for passage through it will be levied under international control.

No formal program was announced for today's session of the Council of Three, but it was unofficially stated that the meeting was being devoted to odds and ends and lesser details remaining to be put into shape for the final completion of the peace treaty.

**Ebert Government Held Compatent.**

The Credentials Committee of the Peace Conference held a meeting today to examine the German credentials received at Versailles yesterday.

There is no disposition, it is said, on the part of the Allies and the United States to raise any questions regarding the competency of the Berlin Government to speak for the remainder of Germany. In this matter they are proceeding on the theory that the Berlin Ministry is the real German Government.

Another meeting with the Germans on this question is improbable, because the decision of the committee regarding verification and adequacy will probably be communicated to the Germans in writing.

The German delegates today expressed themselves as well satisfied that the first meeting Thursday with representatives of the allied and associated powers had taken the form of a mutual exchange of credentials rather than a one-sided demand for the production of the German papers for purposes of identification. They regard this as an indication that the negotiations are to be conducted on a basis of equality.

An incident at the initial meeting of the Allied Credentials Committee with the Germans may indicate how the latter will meet the much-discussed question of prestige involved in the selection of language for use in the Peace Congress.

Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau, re-

plying to the formal statement of Jules Cambon, the French spokesman, merely introduced Herr Landsberg. He spoke in German, his remarks being translated into French by the official German interpreter. It is thought in some quarters there that this may be taken as showing the intention of the Germans to use their own language.

A little flurry was caused in allied and German circles today by a press dispatch reporting that Prince Henry of Prussia was coming to Versailles as a naval delegate. This report was erroneous. It was due to the confusion of the name of a German naval officer, Captain Heinrich, with that of the ex-Kaiser's brother.

The arrangements for reporting future sessions of the Peace Congress in the Trianon Hotel, which were wretched for Thursday's initial meeting, are expected to show immediate improvement. No telephones had been installed, and only an imposing array of empty booths faced the correspondents, who were forced to walk half a mile through the mud to Versailles proper to telephone to Paris. Today, however, an army of telephone men invaded the Trianon and were engaged in installing instruments and connecting with Paris.

A meeting of the German and Inter-Allied Finance Commission was held this morning at the Trianon Hotel. The German delegates, numbering eight, arrived on foot, walking across the park under the escort of a French Captain. The American and other inter-allied delegates drove from Paris in automobiles.

The delegates embarked on a prolonged discussion, apparently a continuation of the negotiations at the Château Flessis-Millette, at Senlis, near Compiègne. The German delegation included the bankers Warburg, Melchior, and Strauss. Among the members of the American delegation were Thomas W. Lamont and Henry P. Davison.

### SIMPLE TREATY CEREMONY.

**Text Will Be Handed to German Delegates Without Formalities.**

By RICHARD V. OULAHAN.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, May 1.—The first official meeting of the allied and German peace plenipotentiaries took place this afternoon at the Trianon Palace Hotel at Versailles. This was merely for the purpose of exchanging credentials, and the allied part in it was conducted by the Credentials Committee of the great powers. Henry White represented the United States, Jules Cambon France, Arthur Balfour Great Britain, and Baron Matsui Japan. Italy did not participate.

On Saturday the Peace Conference proper will begin. The ceremony will be extremely simple, consisting merely in handing the German plenipotentiaries the text of the treaty which the allied statesmen have been preparing for more than four months. Members of the Peace Commission say that the treaty will be in complete draft form by then, but they are not positive in making the statement. Some points are still being discussed. No press representatives are to witness this initial meeting.

### WIRE PRAISE TO ORLANDO.

**Italians Overwhelm Him with Telegrams of Congratulation.**

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, May 1.—Premier Orlando has been overwhelmed with telegrams and messages arriving from all parts of the kingdom, approving and applauding his speech. The press shows a similar spirit, with the exception of the Idea Nazionale, which, although admitting that the Premier's speech was an able exposition of the facts, desires more drastic measures, demanding annexation, and saying: "Fiume has not asked for but has already declared itself on annexation. It is awaiting resolute decisions."

After yesterday's excitement the city has settled down to its ordinary routine. In the lobbies of the Chamber, however, there is still an atmosphere of suppressed excitement. Animated groups of Deputies are discussing the next move in the complicated political situation. Orlando's long conversation with the American Ambassador is thought to be symptomatic of a conciliatory spirit toward the Italian delegation.

The news of the arrival of the German delegates at Paris is followed here with extreme interest, because if the Allies and Italy are unable to reach a solution enabling the Italian delegates to act in a way compatible with the dignity of their country, on their return to Paris, much may hang on the decision of the German delegates whether they are willing to make peace without the signature of Italy.

### FAVOR WILSON ON FIUME.

**Argentina, with Large Italian Population, Sees Bar to Claims.**

BUENOS AIRES, May 1.—Dr. Manuel Carles, President of the Argentine Patriotic League, expressed today his approval of President Wilson's declaration relative to the Italian claims on the eastern coast of the Adriatic.

"I wash to say," he declared, "that Mr. Wilson has the approval of all true Argentineans in the stand he has taken on the Fiume question. Despite the large number of Italians in this country, I am confident that we are all opposed to Italy's demands relative to the Adriatic."

### HALF OF TREATY RECEIVED.

**State Department Has More Than 50,000 Words, Received by Cable.**

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 2.—Approximately one-half of the treaty of peace has now been received officially by cable by the State Department. More than 50,000 words have reached the department in this manner. It is estimated that the total will exceed 100,000 words.

The department has asked the American delegation at Paris to let it know by cable at the first possible moment when the treaty, or any portions of it, may be released for publication, and to give it such notification in advance as is possible, so that ample provision may be made for accommodating the American press.

### Denies Story of Big British Loan.

LONDON, May 2.—The Treasury, in an official statement today, said that no plan for the issuance of a new loan had been decided upon.

A London dispatch of yesterday quoted The Daily Mail as saying that the British Government was about to offer a new loan in the form of consolidated stock, bearing 4 per cent. interest.

## AGREE TO SILENCE PROGRAM ON LEAGUE

**All but Six Republican Senators Said to Have Said "Yes" to Lodge's Request.**

### KENYON FOR PLAIN ISSUE

**Does Not Favor Division on Party Lines on Such an Important Subject.**

WASHINGTON, May 2.—Senator Curtis of Kansas, Republican whip, who with Senator Lodge recently telegraphed to all Republican Senators asking them not to discuss the revised League of Nations covenant until a party conference could be held, said today that replies had come from all but about six Senators, who could not be located and that all agreed that silence would be the best policy to follow for the present.

Senator Kenyon of Iowa joined today with other Republicans of the progressive group in opposing the making of the League of Nations question a party matter.

"It will not be a party question," Senator Kenyon said. "The question will be determined in the Senate not on any theory of helping or injuring any political party, but solely on its merits as a distinct problem. It would be most unpatriotic as well as foolish to have any such line of division between parties. Further, it would be impossible, as many Republicans will support a League of Nations and some Democrats will oppose it. Let us try to forget any politics and any feeling about the President in the solution of this momentous question. I believe that certain dubious questions in it can be cleared up in the resolution of ratification."

Senator Poindexter of Washington, who returned today from a month's speaking trip in opposition to the League, also said that he did not see how the League of Nations could be made into a party question at this time. In a statement which he issued he asserted that the former sentiment in favor of the League, among people of the Pacific Coast, seemed to be "receding."

Action of the American delegates to the Peace Conference "in assuming entire responsibility for the settlement of the Italian controversy" has resulted in strong opposition among the people of the West, said the Senator.

"The people look upoh the Italian controversy as peculiarly a European problem," he went on, "and feel that the statesmen of France and England have achieved a diplomatic triumph in shifting the responsibility of its settlement to the United States. One of the consequences of the attempt by the American delegation to dominate and dictate the settlement of purely European controversies is shown in the bitter resentment being manifested by various peoples who but a short time ago were our ardent friends."

President Wilson would be barred by the federal Constitution from becoming head of the Council of the League of Nations some Republican Senators asserted today. In support of their contention they quoted paragraph 8, Section 9, Article I of the Constitution, reading:

"No title of nobility shall be granted by the United States. And no person holding any office of profit or trust under them shall, without the consent of the Congress, accept of any present, emolument, office, or title of any kind whatsoever from any King, Prince, or foreign State."

### BORAH ASSAILS COVENANT.

**Contends Monroe Doctrine Is at Mercy of Executive Council.**

*Special to The New York Times.*

CHICAGO, May 2.—Senator William E. Borah of Idaho says in an article for The Chicago Tribune that to submit the Monroe Doctrine to a tribunal composed of a majority of foreigners is to surrender it, and that this is exactly what the Monroe Doctrine amendment in the League of Nations covenant does.

"The only difference," he says, "between the former covenant and this covenant with reference to the Monroe Doctrine is the difference of putting an epitaph upon a friend's tombstone and leaving it blank."

Senator Borah declares that President Wilson "has long let it be known that he does not regard the Monroe Doctrine any longer of importance to the American people. At the same time, he realizes that there is a very strong sentiment among the people for its preservation. For the last fifteen years there have been a very strong propaganda quietly carried on against the maintenance of the Monroe Doctrine. The propaganda had its impetus in foreign countries."

The Senator rehearses the proceedings of the Peace Conference with reference to recognition of the Monroe Doctrine, declaring there was tremendous opposition to it abroad.

"It is not surprising," he continues, "that Lord Cecil stated at the time that there was no objection to the amendment in the form in which it was adopted. I assume for the simple reason that in the form in which it was adopted it does not preserve the Monroe Doctrine at all."

Senator Borah, after quoting from Article XXI. of the covenant designed to preserve intact the Monroe Dictrine, declares it is evident it depends upon the decision of the Executive Council of the League, that it exists only so long as it is deemed consistent with the terms and conditions of the League Constitution, and that the Council of the League is to determine when it is not consistent.

### SEES PEACE IN COVENANT.

**Senator Ashurst Thinks It "Will Prevent Some Wars," at Least.**

LOS ANGELES, May 2.—"The League of Nations covenant, drafted as at present, may not be proof against all wars, but it will prevent some wars," said Senator Henry F. Ashurst of Arizona, Democrat, who was here today to visit his mother, who is ill.

"I believe the peace terms as outlined at the conference in Paris," he continued, "will be ratified by the United States Senate."

### ITALIANS AWAIT PARIS CALL.

**Rome Dispatch Suggests a Sign from Conference Is Expected.**

A special cable dispatch from Rome to the Progresso Italo-Americano published this morning states that a situation of great calm has succeeded the demonstrations of the first of the week, and that Italy, confident that the support the country has given the Government will have its effect in Paris, patiently and anxiously awaits a sign from the conference.

"The possibility that the Allies will sign the treaty of peace with Germany without Italy," says the dispatch, "is unanimously discounted in circles conversant with the situation, because such an act would be the same as a betrayal which would forever destroy all the moral cohesion of the war and lower the Allies to the level of Germany. This act would seem particularly inconceivable after the dignified and conciliatory speech of Orlando."

## WILSON EMPHASIZES NEW LABOR PROGRAM

***Regards It as One of the Peace Conference's "Most Important Achievements."***

WASHINGTON, May 2.—President Wilson cabled to Secretary Tumulty today that in his opinion the labor program adopted as part of the treaty of peace constitutes one of the most important achievements of the Conference.

The message, as made public at the White House, reads:

"The labor program which the Conference of Peace has adopted as a part of the treaty of peace constitutes one of the most important achievements of the new day in which the interests of labor are to be systematically and intelligently safeguarded and promoted. Amidst the multitude of other interests this great step forward is apt to be overlooked, and yet no other single thing that has been done will help more to stabilize conditions of labor throughout the world and ultimately relieve the unhappy conditions which in too many places have prevailed. Personally, I regard this as one of the most gratifying achievements of the conference."

### BELGIAN SURGEONS ARRIVE.

**Prominent Persons Among 500 Civilians on Nieuw Amsterdam.**

The Dutch liner Nieuw Amsterdam, which arrived yesterday from Rotterdam by way of Plymouth and Brest, brought over several Belgians among the 500 civilian passengers on board, who have come over on special missions from their Government.

Two of them, Dr. Antoine de Page, a professor of surgery at the University of Brussels, who was Chairmen of the Medical Congress held here in 1913, and Dr. Joseph Van de Velde, also a professor of the Brussels University, are on their way to attend the International Congress of Surgeons at Atlantic City in June. Dr. de Page has also a mission to collect funds for the building of an Edith Cavell Memorial Hospital at Brussels.

Another Belgian who came with them is the Rev. Pierre Bloomaert, chief Protestant chaplain to the Belgian forces, who has come over to tell the American people about Belgium and what her people need to help them to return to their normal condition as a nation. He will also act as delegate to the Federal Council of Churches of Christ in America.

Another civilian who arrived on the Niew Amsterdam from Belgium was John Van Schaik, Jr., Commissioner for Belgium of the American Red Cross, who has been abroad for nearly two and a half years. He described the needs of the people for food and other relief as urgent.

Frank Hanley, former Governor of Indiana, who has been in France nine weeks, also returned. Countess Mary Tolstoy of Paris, a relative of the famous Russian writer, arrived on the liner to visit her mother, who lives on West Fifty-eighth Street.

Another passenger on board was Lieut. Col. D. C. Jackson, who was head of the engineering department of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, and had been sent to the devastated regions of France, Belgium, and Italy to obtain data on losses and war costs for the use of the President in the Peace Conference.

### SELLS CERAMICS COMPANY.

**Alien Property Custodian Auctions Off Stock and Bonds.**

The stock and bonds of the General Ceramics Company were sold at 15 Exchange Place, Jersey City, yesterday by order of Francis P. Garvan, Alien Property Custodian, to Stephen Peabody of 20 Nassau Street, New York, for $390,000. The company owns three plants which have been operated under the control of the Alien Property Custodian for nearly a year.

The company was incorporated in New Jersey on Feb. 10, 1912, as the German-American Stoneware Works. Teh business originally was established at Charlottenburg, Germany. The German company transferred its shareholdings on May 15, 1915, to Nicolaus B. Jungeblut, its managing director. The name was changed to the General Ceramics Company on March 22, 1917.

The stock consists of 1,225 shares of preferred and 5,112 shares of common, all of the par value of $100. Louis Albersch of New York bid $315,000 for the stock and Mr. Peabody $350,000. Mr. Peabody's bid of $40,000 for the fifty-two first mortgage 5 per cent. bonds, payable on Oct. 1, 1935, was the only bid.

### TO RATIFY THE COVENANT.

**Conventions Planned in Many States —Taft and Others to Speak.**

Conventions for popular ratification of the League of Nations Covenant will be held in fifteen Eastern and Central Western States during the last two weeks of May and the first week of June, under the auspices of the League to Enforce Peace. It was announced yesterday at the national headquarters of the league that William H. Taft, President of the organization, will invite several speakers of national reputation to join him in a tour of these States, addressing the conventions, which will be arranged by the State branches of the league.

The plan was discussed at a meeting of the league's Emergency Campaign Committee, held here Wednesday night, and attended by Mr. Taft, President Lowell of Harvard, and other leaders of the organization. Mr. Taft agreed to give all his time to such a series of meetings from May 19 to June 5, inclusive. Discussion of the League Covenant in the United States Senate probably will begin in June, and the purpose of these State conventions will be to demonstrate to Senators the strength of the ratification movement.

Plans are being made for conventions in Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Kansas, Iowa, and Michigan.

### SAYS FRENCH LIKE OUR MEN.

**Aid to Marshal Joffre Denies Report to the Contrary.**

WASHINGTON, May 2.—Reports printed in American newspapers to the effect that the war-time admiration held by the French people for American soldiers has waned since the armistice, has caused Captain A. Malick, aid to Marshal Joffre, to protest to friends here. So far as the soldiers of France are concerned, Captain Malick writes in a letter to Lieut. Col. A. L. Pendleton of the General Staff, "the only difference is that we love you better (than in 1917), because we know you more."

"The original cause of misunderstanding," he adds, "is that Mr. Wilson has too good a heart and thinks that the Germans belong to the human race, whereas they are only a sort of mixture of tiger and snake."

### Amherst College Raises Salaries.

AMHERST, Mass., May 2.—A general increase in salaries of members of the faculty at Amherst College was voted by the Board of Trustees today. The scale for instructors, now from $1,200 to $1,500, was amended to range from $1,200 to $2,000. That of associate professors, now from $1,600 to $2,000, was made $2,000 to $3,000, and the minimum for professors was advanced from $3,000 to $3,250.

## BERLIN FOOD QUEST TURNS TO ARGENTINA

**Buenos Aires Germans to Aid a Home Syndicate in Large Purchases There.**

### PLAN GOVERNMENT CREDIT

**American Banks See Significance in Renewed Trading Through a Neutral Nation.**

BUENOS AIRES, May 1.—The Argentine Legation at Berlin has cabled that a syndicate has been organized in that city to make heavy purchases of Argentine meats, cereals and other foodstuffs.

The German delegates will sail for this city immediately, the legation adds, saying that they are "empowered to co-operate with German citizens and German banks in Buenos Aires in obtaining food supplies."

Reports received in New York that German agents are negotiating a big credit with Argentina occasioned no surprise in local financial circles yesterday. The credit, it was reported, is to be used for the purpose of purchasing foodstuffs, and, according to bankers here, probably will be only the first of many. German interests before the war were very strong in Argentina, and it is believed that the Germans still have a considerable total of wealth there, a great part of which might easily be hypothecated in the ordinary way.

No negotiations, so far as may be learned, have been undertaken here looking to the establishment of credits for the benefit of Germany or Germans, but it is believed a good sized volume of business of this kind will start moving as soon as the peace treaty is signed and restrictions on dealings with the Central Powers are removed. In some quarters it is believed that the credits will be initiated by the Government, and that private bankers will come in later. Whatever is done, it is explained, will have to have the sanction of the United States Government, whether the Government participates in the operation or not.

In commenting on the state of German trade, the Corn Exchange National Bank of Philadelphia, in its latest circular, has the following to say:

"An interesting piece of news reached us via Copenhagen. It shows that Germany, with all the reports about political crises and economic disturbances to the contrary nothwithstanding, is actively producing and selling many different kinds of goods. Thus, for the month of January, 1919, she exported over Denmark and Sweden about $27,000,000 worth of merchandise. In most cases the goods are stored in warehouses in Sweden and the money borrowed on the merchandise against future sales. The volume of this kind of business for January approximately equalled that for the entire year 1918. The wide variety of Germany's industrial activities is shown by the fact that the goods thus in transit through to Sweden were made up of nearly 100 different classes of commodities. If, as some authorities contend, the machinery in Germany has in large measure been rendered useless by the war, there is no evidence of it to be found in such versatile industrial activity."

### TO TAKE OVER GERMAN ROADS.

**American Plan Followed in Action of Assembly Committee.**

BERLIN, May 1, (by Wireless to London.)—The Constitutional Committee of the National Assembly at Weimar has adopted a resolution providing that the entire railway system of Germany shall be taken over by the Government and held until April, 1921.

The plan adopted for this measure will follow that employed by the United States in taking over the railways. The representative of Bavaria were the only objectors to the measure.

### INSISTED KARL MUST MOVE.

**Swiss Required Royal Exile to Get Further from Border.**

By JULIAN GRANDE.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERNE, May 1.—In a cable dispatch to THE NEW YORK TIMES March 28 it was asked why quarters had been selected for the ex-Emperor of Austria so near the Austro-Swiss frontier. The Swiss Government has now insisted upon Karl and his family removing to the shores of Lake Geneva, as far as possible from the Austrian frontier.

Such a number of ex-sovereigns, Archdukes, and former politicians from Germany, Austria, Hungary, and other countries are crowding into Switzerland that it is feared the country may become the plotting ground rather than the playground of Europe. Many of the best old country houses and castles have been bought by the gentry, who are usually surrounded by numerous suites, and who, while their former subjects are starving and suffering, seem to lack nothing.

### JUGOSLAVS PRESS ON.

**Attack Corinthian Troops on Austrian Side of Demarcation Line.**

PARIS, May 2.—Seventeen thousand Jugoslav troops Monday night attacked Carpathian troops numbering 4,000 in the sectors of Arnoldstein, Villach, Rosenbach, and Rainer, says a Vienna dispatch to Zurich.

The result of the operations, the dispatch continues, was that the Jugoslavs by Tuesday evening had passed the demarcation line fixed by the Armistice Commission by six miles.

The Jugoslavs Wednesday crossed the Drave River at several points and cut the line to Arnoldstein and Klagenfurt, preventing communication between German Austria and Italy.

### Russian Support for Magyar Reds.

LONDON, May 2.—Reuter's Paris correspondent in a dispatch says the Polish National Committee announces that a convention has been concluded between the Ukrainians and the Russian Bolsheviki under which 18,000 Bolshevist troops are marching to Hungary.

### EDOUARD DE BILLY SAILS.

**French High Commissioner Finishes His Work in America.**

Among the first cabin passengers who sailed for Havre yesterday on the French liner Lorraine was Edouard de Billy who has been French High Commissioner in the United States since April 15, 1917.

He said that the Commission had come practically to an end and that its affairs had been turned over to Maurice Casseene who will maintain an office at 65 Broadway.

## COUNTRY'S SHIPYARDS TO BE KEPT BUSY

***Hurley Says Contract Cancellations Will Not Be on Scale to Cause Shutdowns.***

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 2.—Chairman Edward N. Hurley of the United States Shipping Board said today that the plans of the board did not contemplate the wholesale cancellation of contracts on a basis which would force yards to shut down and throw many thousands of men out of employment. The program, he said, was being readjusted along lines which would best serve the after-the-war needs of the nation, and a definite statement would be made within a day or two giving the facts and figures.

In all about seventy contracts have been suspended at the Hog Island plant, but these were for ships which could be most rapidly constructed and were intended for war purposes. It will be the general policy, it is understood, to plan the merchant fleet still to be built so that the United States will have a merchant marine for the carrying of at least 50 per cent. of its export trade and capable of competing as an economic proposition with the tonnage of other countries.

### DANIELS GUEST OF DAVIS.

**Meets British Cabinet Members at Dinner—To Sail May 8 or 9.**

LONDON, May 2.—Josephus Daniels, the American Secretary of the Navy, dined tonight with John W. Davis, the American Ambassador.

Among those invited to meet Mr. Daniels were Walter Hume Long, First Lord of the Admiralty; Winston Spencer Churchill, Secretary for War; Vice Admiral Sir David Beatty, Commander of the Grand Fleet; Vice Admiral Sir Rosslyn Wemyss, First Sea Lord; Admiral Baron Beresford of Metemmeh and Curraghmore, the Rev. William Hartley Carnegie, Canon of Westminster, and their wives.

Mr. Daniels was the guest of Sir Eric Geddes, Minister Without Portfolio, and former First Lord of the Admiralty, at a luncheon today. All the members of the Secretary's staff and many prominent Englishmen were present. After the luncheon Secretary Daniels paid tribute to St. Paul's and Westminster Abbey.

Tomorrow Secretary Daniels will inspect the American naval headquarters and then, with his staff, will take luncheon with Rear Admiral Harry S. Knapp, who succeeds Rear Admiral William S. Sims as Commander of the American naval forces in European waters. Later he will review a parade of Canadian troops. In the evening he will dine privately and afterward attend the theatre.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 2.—Acting Secretary of the Navy Roosevelt was advised by cable today that Secretary Daniels and members of his party, who have been overseas since March 15, are planning to sail from Brest on the transport Mt. Vernon on May 8 or 9.

### EXILES FIGHT COSTA RICANS.

**Rebels Defeat Government Troops in Clash on Border.**

SAN JUAN DEL SUR, Nicaragua, May 2.—Costa Rican exiles met and defeated a force of Costa Rican frontier guards on the Rio Frio, near the southeastern shore of Lake Nicaragua, yesterday. The frontier guards retired after the fight. It is reported here that other revolutionists have begun an attack along the border between Costa Rica and Panama.

According to the reports reaching here a small schooner carrying revolutionists capsized in Lake Nicaragua after the skirmish on the Rio Frio. All on board, however, were rescued.

The reported outbreak of fighting between the Costa Rican exiles and Costa Rican Government forces comes closely after a report from San Juan del Sur on Thursday that Costa Ricans opposed to the present Government were assembling on the southern and eastern end of Lake Nicaragua and at points on the San Juan River. Previously it had been reported from Central America that the Costa Rican Government had sent several thousand troops to protect the northern frontier.

The Government of Costa Rica is headed by General Frederico Tinoco, who led a successful revolution against the Gonzales Government early in 1917. The Tinoco Government never has been recognized by the United States, although it has made several attempts to gain recognition.

## RED ARMY CRUSHED IN MUNICH BATTLE

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

placed the Spartacides in power in the capital, although outside conditions remained about the same.

By March 19 the newly elected Premier, Hoffmann, announced his Cabinet, which contained several members of the Eisner Government, and the Diet began to pass drastic bills against the nobility and the bourgeoisie. On March 24 the new Minister of War, Herr Schnettenhurst, defied the Berlin Government by declaring that the Bavarian Army would be demobilized, and that no more troops would be furnished to the Berlin authorities. The Hoffmann Government then prepared to put into execution the radical laws passed by the Diet.

On April 4 the German Minister of War, Gustav Noske, declared Munich to be in a state of rebellion, and sent federal troops to invest the city, aided by the democrats of the Eisner régime. The move of Berlin was directed not against the Hoffmann Government, but against the Soviet republic proclaimed by Herr Mekisch on April 7. The encirclement of the city had become complete in the last week.

### ULTIMATUM TO RUMANIA.

**Russian Soviet Demands Evacuation of Bessarabia.**

LONDON, May 2.—The Russian Soviet Government has sent an ultimatum to Rumania demanding the evacuation of Bessarabia. A wireless dispatch from Moscow says that forty-eight hours is given in which to make a reply.

Bessarabia is a former Russian province populated mostly by Rumanians, and to which Rumania has laid claim. On the retirement of the Germans after the signing of the armistice Rumanian troops occupied the country.

Four or five weeks ago, Russian Bolshevist troops, after fighting their way through the Ukraine, reached the Dniester River, the eastern border of Bessarabia. A Bolshevist official statement on April 14 reported that the Rumanians had been defeated in fighting along the Dniester and were retiring from Bessarabia. The Rumanian Government, however, denied that its troops were evacuating the province.

The Russian ultimatum to Rumania may have been made in view of the successful Rumanian campaigns against the Communist Government in Hungary. The Russian Soviet Government thus far has attempted unsuccessfully to form a physical union with Communist Hungary.

## REDS TURN BACK TO BOURGEOIS WAYS

**Lenin Coaches Bela Kun in Avoiding Mistakes That Are Fatal to Bolshevism.**

### EDICTS SWIFTLY REVOKED

**No Meddling with Marriage and Religion — Private Property Not Abolished, Merely Transferred.**

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, May 1.—In an interview I forwarded recently from Budapest Count Michael Karolyi, former President of Hungary, declared with not unnatural pessimism his belief that the whole of Central Europe must shortly be overrun by what we generally know as Bolshevism. He added that it would assume different shapes in different countries. It is curious to find his words directly verified in the cases of Russia and of the short-lived Hungarian Soviet, which already is tottering to its fall.

It is the more curious as not only is the Hungarian Soviet professedly based upon the Russian model, but Bela Kun, who is actually though not nominally the dictator of Hungary, is himself a disciple of Lenin. It was even said, though I cannot vouch for it, that in some roundabout way he receives weekly, or even daily, advice from his master warning him against mistakes which have already proved dangerous. There seems at least some evidence of this in the matter of the new marriage laws for Communist Hungary.

The extremists, as voiced by Szamuely, Kun's chief rival in the race for power, are self declared to have favored the communizing of all women not belonging to the proletarian classes. On the third day of the Communists' régime, among other published edicts, appeared one relating to marriage. By its provisions any man and woman who lived together for one year became husband and wife without further ceremony and any previously existing marriage of either party was thereby dissolved. Two days later another edict appeared suspending execution of this and leaving in operation the marriage law of the previous Government.

I have it on high Communist authority that this change of front was directly due to the counsels of Lenin, who wirelessed to his too enthusiastic disciples that his own tampering with marriage had been so unfortunate that he strongly advised them to leave marriage alone until they were more firmly seated in the saddle.

The same curious suggestion of interference by a higher power is evidenced in the Budapest Soviet's attitude toward other questions. In the matter of religion their first step was to order its abolition altogether, their second was diametrically opposite. As things at present stand religion is left as a personal matter. The churches, so far from being destroyed, become the property of their parishes, and priests of every sect are to receive the highest rate of communal pay or the same as school teachers.

Another variant from the Russian model is shown in the case of artists, writers, and similar brain workers. Councils are to be established for each branch—from landscape painting to poetry. They are to consider the works of aspirants for a State salary. Those who satisfy the examiners are at once to receive the highest rate of State pay. Those who fail are ordered to take up some other form of work altogether.

But it is in their fundamental edicts dealing with the whole matter of property that the Hungarian Communists show greatest vacillation. Their first step was simplicity itself. All forms of private property were abolished. Even wages were to cease to exist. The laborer would be fed without cost. His clothes, amusements, housing, and the like were all found for him. The word money was to lose its meaning.

But within twenty-four hours it was changed, and they hastened to repair the error. No longer did they attempt to do away with property. They contented themselves with taking it out of one set of hands and placing it in another, thereby counting perhaps upon raising up for themselves a body of supporters whose enthusiasm would be based upon self-interest.

## SCHUECKING BEWAILS ALLIED MILITARISM

***Regards the League as a Scheme to Give Victorious Powers the Ascendency.***

LONDON, May 2.—According to a summarized report of an interview given by Professor Schuecking, one of Germany's peace delegates, to the Berlin correspondent of The Herald, the British Laborite organ, the plan for the League of Nations which has been formulated in Paris has brought disillusionment to Germany. It is regarded there as a thinly veiled scheme for the victorious powers to gain the ascendency, and gives the militarists an opportunity to taunt the pacifists for their simplicity, it is said.

"If the scheme is adopted in its present form," Professor Schuecking is quoted as saying, "the League will lose all its moral authority over all sections of the Germans, some of whom will revert to reaction. Others look forward to the establishment of international socialism."

Professor Schuecking said that a feature of the German plan for the League created a representative world parliament, thus safeguarding the democratic basis of the League and avoiding the return of militarism in a new form.

The correspondent adds:

"Professor Schuecking made an instant impression of sincerity and courage, which his lifelong fight against militarism and his record as an opponent of the war confirms."

### Strike Still Ties Up Albany Papers.

ALBANY, N. Y., May 2.—The only local newspaper published in Albany today was the Bulletin, a single sheet of reproduced typewritten news issued by the Victory Liberty Loan Committee and distributed by letter carriers. The composing rooms of the regular papers, both morning and afternoon, were still tied up by a walkout of linotype operators, who left their machines at midnight Wednesday. M. G. Scott, President of the International Typographical Union, was expected to arrive today to attempt to settle the wage differences.

### Los Angeles Mayor Acquitted.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., May 2.—Mayor F. T. Woodman, on trial here for several weeks on charges of having accepted a bribe to protect vice conditions, was acquitted tonight by a jury in the Superior Court.

### SODA FOUNTAINS PROTEST.

**Association Says Luxury Tax Is Unfair—Revenue Ruling Issued.**

The first meeting of the members of the recently organized Soda Fountain Association was held yesterday at the Hotel McAlpin for the purpose of creating a public sentiment for the repeal of the luxury tax on their products. L. M. Morgenthau of the Mirror Candy Company presided at the meeting. Mr. Morgenthau said that petitions addressed to Congress and asking for the repeal of the tax on soda water, soft drinks, and ice cream were being circulated throughout the country. The petition protests against the tax on sodas, soft drinks, and ice cream served at soda fountains and ice cream parlors when these drinks are not taxed in hotels.

Sidney Newborg, Secretary of the association, said that he expected within the next few days to have a large number of these petitions properly signed.

Mr. Newborg said that a glass of plain milk was non-taxable, but if an egg should be added a tax would be imposed. A glass of cold malted milk is taxable, while a glass of this beverage heated is exempt from tax. Grape juice diluted with water carries a tax, while grape juice undiluted carries no tax. A person can order ice cream or a soft drink at a hotel, he said, and a tax is not imposed, while a person purchasing ice cream or a soft drink at a soda fountain is taxed.

The others present at the meeting were W. C. Watt, President of the Louis K. Liggett Company; L. J. Stockes of Lessings, inc.; A. Stall, Controller of the United Cigar Stores Company; Frank J. Shattuck, President of Schraffts; L. H. Jenkins, retail Manager of Huylers; C. G. Cole, Assistant Manager of the Union News Company; H. D. Downs, Manager for H. Hicks & Son; Mrs. A. L. Evans, Manager for the Hotel McAlpin Candy Shop; J. J. Knaresboro of the Borden Milk Company.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue issued a statement yesterday in the nature of a tentative ruling with reference to the collection of the luxury tax under Section 904 of the Revenue act of 1918, in which is explained the meaning of "Luxury Tax." It states in brief that:

This tax became effective May 1; the rate is 10 per cent. of the amount paid in excess of the price mentioned; vendors must make monthly returns; repairs or alterations are not taxable.

Printed regulations relating to this ruling will be issued within ten days.

### LUXURY TAX COMPLAINTS UP

**Dealers Carelessly Overcharging Are Warned of $1,000 Fine.**

WASHINGTON, May 2.—Complaints have already begun to reach the Internal Revenue Bureau of retailers charging more than the actual tax on so-called luxuries, such as expensive articles of clothing and other personal equipment, although the new taxes went into effect only yesterday.

Reports so far indicate that most cases of overcharging were accidental, caused by the store clerks failing to acquaint themselves with provisions of the law. Officials were prompted, however, to issue a reminder that overcharging a tax may render the dealer or clerk liable to a fine of $1,000 and a year's imprisonment. Dealers were urged to study the law and the preliminary regulations, which can be supplied by revenue collectors.

In the case of the luxury taxes, it was emphasized today that the tax of 10 per cent. is imposed only on the excess of cost above a certain sum specified in the law for each kind of an article, and not on the entire sales price. Soda clerks also were urged to note that beef tea, coffee, sandwiches, cake, ice cream in buckets, and medicinal preparations often sold at fountains are not taxable.

A few complaints to the bureau related that customers were charged by druggists more than the 1 cent tax imposed on each 25 cents or lesser fraction of the cost of toilet and medicinal preparations.

### ARE CORSETS A LUXURY?

**If So, Taxed; If a Necessity, Untaxed—Decision Awaited.**

WASHINGTON, May 2.—The question of whether corsets are "underwear is not one to be decided hastily," it was said today at the Bureau of Internal Revenue. The bureau has been asked for a ruling on the question by the National Dry Goods Association.

Retail merchants throughout the country have been advised through their national organizations to collect the new luxury tax on corsets costing more than $5 until "it can be determined whether corsets are a luxury or a necessity." The tax will be refunded if the decision is adverse to the Government and favorable to the women.

## SIMS SAYS CONGRESS SKIMPS ON WAR COST

***Admiral Declares He Expects to be Raked Over Coals for His Money Spending.***

*Special to The New York Times.*

PHILADELPHIA, May 2.—"If the United States had had enough destroyers when we went into the war we would not have lost a single ship. Every naval man knew early in the fight that destroyers were the one weapon that could overcome the submarine. This fact was brought to tife attenion of Congress repeatedly."

Rear Admiral Sims made this statement here today in an address to Red Cross workers. He also spoke at a luncheon at the Bellevue-Stratford, and talked to Victory Loan workers, to employes and sailors at the navy yard and to a meeting at the local Metropolitan Opera House last night.

"It seems strange," said the Rear Admiral to the Red Cross workers, "that the Government should spend thousands of dollars in training soldiers and sailors, and that Congress should fail to follow their advice.

"I suppose that they'll dig up that I spent more money than I should, or what they thought was necessary. They will rake me over the coals. It will make interesting reading when Congress begins a probe of war expenses.

"Had the Germans told me in advance that they were going to quit, I could have saved a lot of money. I was preparing for a war that would have lasted from six months to a year longer. If I had obtained advance information I could have saved the country all that."

The depth charge was described by Rear Admiral Sims as "the biggest factor in defeating the submarines."

Admiral Jellicoe of the British Navy, he said, had once expressed regret that a battleship which had passed over a submarine had been unable to drop a mine.

"I have it," cried an American, who overheard Jellicoe's remark. Soon afterward the destructive depth charge was invented, and became the most important factor in the allied fight against the U-boats, declared Admiral Sims.

### SIMS PRAISES K. OF C.

**Says Its Work Fosters Contantment and Better Morale in the Navy.**

Admiral Sims, commander of the Victory Fleet, has given his official appreciation of what the Knights of Columbus did for the men of the fleet in a letter received yesterday at Knights of Columbus headquarters. The Admiral writes:

Upon relinquishing my duties as commander of the United States naval forces in Europe, on behalf of the Navy, I wish to convey my sincere thanks and appreciation of the excellent service which has been rendered by your organization in aiding the spiritual and material welfare of the men of the Navy.

Effective work of this kind, which fosters contentment and better morale, is of real military value, and the record of your organization is a most happy one in this respect.

## ALFONSO DISSOLVES HIS PARLIAMENT

**General Elections Are to be Held Throughout Spain on June 1.**

### MAY DAY RIOT IN MADRID

**Many Police and Civilians Wounded —Denial That Romanones Will Retire from Public Life.**

LONDON, May 2.—King Alfonso of Spain has signed a decree dissolving Parliament, says a dispatch to The Exchange Telegraph from Madrid. The dispatch adds that general elections will be held June 1.

MADRID, May 2.—The police and people engaged in a May Day demonstration clashed here yesterday afternoon, twenty-nine police and several persons in the crowd being wounded. The encounter occurred in front of the Bank of Spain.

All telephone operators who have been on strike have returned to work, it is announced, and telegraphers who were placed under arrest during the strike have been released.

Ten persons were killed, sixteen seriously injured, and a large number slightly wounded in disorders arising from demonstrations of protest against the high cost of living in the Province of Tarancon on April 28.

There were several clashes between gendarmes and civilians on the previous day, and in the evening the Governor decided to reduce the price of food 25 per cent. The following day, however, the merchants were selling provisions at the old prices. Crowds pillaged the stores. They were charged by gendarmes and revolver shots were exchanged. The disorders continued into the night, with numerous violent street battles between the gendarmes and the public.

The Diario Universal denies the truth of a report that has been in circulation that Count Romanones, the former Premier, had decided to retire from public life. It adds:

"The fact that Spain has been designated to enter the Executive Council of the League of Nations is a success due to Count Romanones. The admission of Spain into this council is indeed a prime success. But we must bear in mind that the foreign policy of nations cannot be separated from their internal policy. The time has come for Spain to progress, not to fall back."

### OUTING FOR DISABLED MEN.

**5,000 Motor Cyclists Will Take Them to Van Cortlandt Park.**

Motor cyclists of New York are to give the convalescent soldiers in the base hospitals in and about

# REDS PLAN STRIKE IN FOUR COUNTRIES

## Delegates from Germany, Russia, Hungary, and Poland Confer in Warsaw.

## BERLIN FEARFUL OF HALLER

### Demand That His Army's Passage Be Stopped to Prevent Polish War on Germany.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, May 1.—According to a Polish news agency, delegates from all the communist organizations in Germany, Russia, Hungary, and Poland are meeting in Warsaw preparing a vigorous May campaign for a general simultaneous strike in all four countries. Several Warsaw printing establishments are working incessantly providing communist campaign literature in various languages.

German newspapers are apprehensive concerning the alleged Polish intention, of declaring war against Germany May 3, as reported via Bromberg. It is stated that since General Haller's arrival in Warsaw the whole Polish press openly discusses war.

The Polish papers of Upper Silesia called for great mass meetings of Polish peasants on May 1 to demonstrate to the world the injustice done to Poland and to demand that all the Polish countries must be united. Similar demonstrations were arranged in all of Russian Poland and Galicia.

At the Lithuanian frontier near the town of Skidel, according to reports here, Polish legionaries captured German patrols, but released them after disarming them and robbing them of their possessions. The Germans retaliated by arresting a priest and a teacher who were suspected of having instigated the raid as hostages until the property is restored.

There is more news of this sort tending to alarm the German people against the so-called Polish danger. The Lokal-Anzeiger and other reactionary papers plead that the transportation of General Haller's army through Germany be stopped immediately, alleging that he is evidently intending to fight Germany instead of the Bolsheviki.

Several thousand German naval officers and under officers have formed a volunteer corps for the defense of the Baltic against the Bolsheviki, with Naval Captain Siewert as commander. This corps is paid by the Baltic Barons and is intended to play an important part in the recapture of Riga.

## SMOOT URGES NEW LAWS.

### Advocates Legislation to Rid America of Anarchistic Organizations.

*Special to The New York Times.*

SALT LAKE, Utah, May 2.—Senator Reed Smoot was attending a meeting of the Twelve Apostles of the Mormon Church of which he is a member, when he was informed that it was believed that a bomb was on its way from New York to his office here. The Senator was inclined to take the affair as a joke until he was acquainted with the nation wide scope of the plot.

"The duty of the next Congress," he said, "will be to pass measures which will forever rid America of the menace of these anarchistic organizations, such as the Bolsheviki and Industrial Workers of the World." The Senator said he was in favor of more restrictive immigration laws and the deportation of all known preachers of class hatred.

Senator William H. King said he was not surprised that he was included among the public men marked for death by the bomb plotters.

"I have not concealed my opinions concerning the activities of the unlawful societies which have been fomenting disorders in this country ever since the war began," he said, "I propose to do what I can to bring about more drastic legislation to curb and silence these agitators."

Senator King was about to leave for Washington when apprised of the receipt in the Post Office here of the bombs mailed from New York.

"I would not have opened it in any event," Senator King said. "It is my rule to open all packages gingerly." Senator King referred to the bomb attempt on the life of ex-Governor Spry, following the execution of Joseph Lindstrun, as having taught him caution.

## PACKAGE PROVED HARMLESS.

### Postmaster in Georgia Town Found His Suspicions Groundless.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 2.—Postal officials were informed today in a report from Americus, Ga., that a "suspicious registered package" from New York had been held for inspection at the Georgia post office. However, it was said later that the package proved to be perfectly harmless. The postmaster who reported the package telegraphed that it was "addressed to a prominent citizen."

Reports came in today to the Post Office Department and the Department of Justice of the work of Secret Service men and inspectors in New York City and other places. It was said at both departments that there were no new developments here, and that if any occurred they should be looked for in New York City.

## THE CALL DEMANDS ACTION.

### Tells of Attack by Service Men in Messages to Cabinet Officers.

Demanding that official action be taken to prevent the recurrence of any such outbreaks as that which occurred on Thursday, when the office of The New York Call was raided by a mob of soldiers and sailors, Raymond Willcox, business manager of the publication yesterday sent telegrams from The Call office at 444 Pearl Street to Secretary of the Treasury Carter Glass, to the Secretary of the Navy and to the Secretary of War, asking that steps be taken for future protection of "lives of employes and property."

The telegram to Secretary Glass follows:

"Men employed by New York Government Loan Organization, as speakers for Victory Loan, organized mob of uniformed sailors and soldiers armed with sticks and clubs, broke into our new building, 112 Fourth Avenue, yesterday, during a reception and inspection by friends and readers of this newspaper. One woman is blind and several others are severely ill as a result of brutal attacks of the mob. Names of men were printed in today's issue of our paper and other New York dailies. We demand that you take action to protect lives and property by preventing further incitation to riot by speakers for Victory Loan, and that you advise us of action taken."

The telegrams to the Secretary of the Navy and the Secretary of War were identical and read as follows:

"A mob of sailors and soldiers, in uniform, armed with sticks and clubs, broke into our new building, 112 Fourth Avenue, yesterday, during a peaceful reception and inspection by friends and readers of this newspaper. One woman is blind and others are suffering as a result of the brutal attacks. Several men were beaten by men in uniform. We are informed further violence is being planned. The names of ringleaders were published in New York papers today. We demand, as citizens, that you take immediate action to protect lives of employes and property and advise us of action taken by you."

At the office of The Call last night it was also said that John Price Jones, Director of Publicity for the Liberty Loan organization, had told the officers of the publication that the ringleaders in the affair had no official connection with the Government Loan Organization.

At the office of The Call last night it was said that the compiling of a list of persons who were injured was proceeding with difficulty because many in the office were guests, who had come to the reception in the new building. The girl mentioned as being blinded in the attack is Miss Leah Kaufman, a bookkeeper, who is a patient in the Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital. Diagnosis of the case had not disclosed yesterday whether she would be permanently blinded or whether some small missile had penetrated the eye. Two other women employes were suffering from shock, it was said.

Joseph Pomarlen, circulation manager of the paper, received severe contusions on the back and face and was attended by a physician at his home. Others who were hurt in the same way were Benjamin Poggi of Westchester, Louis Marks, and Samuel De Witt, all of whom were guests at the reception.

The Central Federated Union at its meeting last night adopted resolutions denouncing soldiers and sailors who took part in the attack on the May Day labor meeting in Madison Square Garden, called on the military authorities to deal severely in such cases and commended the Police Department for its handling of the disturbance.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 2.—So far as could be ascertained tonight, the telegrams sent by The New York Call to the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of the Navy, and the Secretary of War had not reached those officials tonight. Secretaries Glass and Crowell could not be reached late tonight. Acting Secretary of the Navy Roosevelt, when informed that such a telegram had been addressed to the Navy Department, said he had not received it.

When asked whether he would take official cognizance of the affair, Acting Secretary Roosevelt said he would not act on published accounts, but would refer The Call's complaint to the commandant of the naval district at New York for investigation and report. It is altogether probable that the same course will be followed by the War Department.

As seen by officials here the matter of protection of lives and property in New York City falls within the jurisdiction of the municipal authorities, and is not the function of agencies of the Federal Government. Many men who have left the army are still wearing uniforms in New York City, it was said, and they are entitled to wear their uniforms for four months after leaving the service.

## OLE HANSON SPURS MAYORS

### Says All Cities Must Clean Out the I. W. W. and Bolsheviki.

*Special to The New York Times.*

KANSAS CITY, Mo., May 2.—Ole Hanson, Mayor of Seattle, paid his respects to the I. W. W. and Bolsheviki in general in a proclamation "to the Mayors of all cities in the United States," which he issued here today. This is the message:

"The events of the last few days—the sending of bombs to law-enforcing officials, the rioting and disorder in many cities in this country—have probably convinced the doubters that the menace of Bolshevism and I. W. W.ism is imminent and that all teachers of force and violence should be suppressed and punished.

"In my sober judgment, the 'reds' have a vast organization in every country in the world and expect to overthrow all governments, including ours. The red flag of anarchy can not continue to wave on the same planet with our emblem of liberty. One or the other must fall. The red flag has no place in our country.

"I note that press dispatches state that an I. W. W. national convention is soon to be held. It seems unbelievable that our Government will allow this outlaw organization to assemble en masse and plot its destruction at such a time as this. However, as mayors, we have our sworn duty to perform.

"I therefore request all Mayors in this great land of ours to close all I. W. W. halls, throw the teachers of force and violence in jail, demand of the national authorities the deportation and punishment of all anarchists, and the suppression of the red flag, wherever and whenever it is found.

"If this brand of Americanism does not suit some people, let them go back to the country from which they came. We don't want them in the United States."

Mayor Hanson said that when the I. W. W. cooties were cleaned out, he was going to turn his attention to the proposal to furnish reclaimed land to returned soldiers and sailors.

# FIND CLUE IN SEARCH FOR BOMB MAKER

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

all of the radical May Day meetings held in New York on Thursday and that complete transcripts of the speeches made at those meetings would be mailed within the next few days to Attorney General Palmer in Washington. If it is decided that any of these speeches were of a nature to incite irresponsible persons against the Government the persons who made them will be arrested and brought to trial in the criminal branch of the United States District Court.

### Find Explosives in a Raid.

The house raided yesterday morning, in which the police found a quantity of explosives, is at 135 West Forty-fifth Street. The place is known as the Baldwin Medical Institute, and, according to the police, was raided by Federal revenue agents on Tuesday night when a small amount of drugs, it was said, was found and seized. Baldwin was arrested at that time and when arraigned before United States Commissioner Hitchcock on the following day was held in $2,000 bail for examination next Wednesday. It was at the request of the Federal authorities that the police narcotic authorities made a second search of the place yesterday in an effort to get additional evidence to support the charge that Baldwin had been violating the drug laws.

The squad went to the place late on Thursday night and while searching for drugs unexpectedly came upon a package containing what appeared to be high explosive materials. The Bomb Squad at Police Headquarters was notified. The containers in which the explosives were found were taken to Police Headquarters and turned over to Inspector Egan of the Bureau of Combustibles for investigation. The investigation proved that the bottles contained TNT and smokeless powder. The letters "TNT" were pasted on several of the bottles, others were labeled as nitroglycerine, and still others as smokeless powder. Baldwin was taken into custody yesterday afternoon and escorted to Headquarters, where he was subjected to a long questioning by Inspector Faurot and several Federal agents. Subsequently Dr. J. B. Acker, who is said to be an associate of Baldwin, was brought to Headquarters, and after a brief examination dismissed because there was no evidence that he knew anything about the presence of the explosives in the Forty-fifth Street house.

Inspector Faurot, after questioning Baldwin for more than two hours, said that the man's statement was to the effect that his real name was Charles J. Pinchel, and that he was born in Scranton, Penn., of French parents. He said his home was at 567 Summit Avenue, Jersey City, and that as a drafted man he had served in the Ordnance Department of the army in the last months of the war.

While in the Ordnance Department Baldwin said he met a man named Parker of Philadelphia, who, he said, had called on him three weeks ago and left the explosives found in the "Medical Institute" in Baldwin's care. The explosives were in nine bottles or containers. Inspector Faurot said that the TNT was of the best quality and was sufficient to blow up a big building.

There were also nine large envelopes, Inspector Faurot said, which bore the name of the du Pont Engineering Company and contained smokeless powder. Another explosive found, the Inspector said was a quantity of TNT melted and formed into sticks eighteen inches long by 1 inch thick, stamped "Second section 9.2 H. E. shell, howitzer." There were also five 5-inch shell cases with detonation caps attached, but containing no charge of powder.

The complainant against Baldwin was Federal Inspector H. B. Dobbs of the Custom House, who charged the prisoner with violating the Federal law in having high explosives in his possession without having a license. He was locked up in Police Headquarters.

When the prisoner denied that he had been arrested before, Inspector Faurot showed him a record saying that he had been arrested in 1914 and served one year in the penitentiary for having narcotics in his possession. He then admitted his real identity, the inspector said.

Inspector Faurot was asked if he could see any connection between the Baldwin case and the bombs that were sent through the mails. He said there was nothing that would link the cases.

## WILL DEPORT MANY REDS.

### Roundup of Undesirables Planned on the Pacific Coast.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 2.—Parties of alien revolutionists are being made up in San Francisco, Seattle, and other coast points for deportation as a result of the receipt of bombs in the mails and other radical activities, according to an announcement made today by Edward White, Commissioner of Immigration.

The recent murder of Mrs. George D. Greenwood of Oakland by a bomb, and the receipt here of infernal machines addressed to District Attorney C. M. Fickert and his assistant, Edward A. Cunha, Mr. White said, had caused the immigration authorities to redouble their efforts to round up all alien undesirables.

CAPETOWN, May 2.—As a result of the recent disturbances in Johannesburg between International Socialists and returned soldiers, the South African Government, F. S. Malan, the Acting Premier, announces, will immediately introduce a bill in Parliament calling for the registration of all aliens.

It will provide also for the deportation of all persons participating in Bolshevist or other dangerous propaganda.

# 428 POLICE INJURED IN PARIS MAY RIOT

## Socialists to Challenge the Cabinet in Parliament on Repressive Measures.

## FOREIGNERS ACTIVE IN MOBS

### Court-Martial Will Try the Persons Arrested—Americans in Clash with Cavalry.

PARIS, May 2.—It was announced at police headquarters today that 428 policemen were injured in the May Day riots on Thursday.

Twelve of them were said to have been wounded severely. A sergeant, who was stabbed in the back is in a critical condition.

Apparently only one person was killed, a youth named Lorne, who, according to reports, was struck by several revolver bullets. The person who fired the shots is said to have been arrested, but his identity has not been established.

American ambulances did efficient work in picking up the wounded, the American Red Cross attendants being cheered by the crowds.

### Cavalry Attack Americans.

One of the incidents of the day occurred at the Invalides Bridge, where an American lieutenant colonel and two junior officers were stopped by dragoons when they attempted to cross the river. After a parley, the Americans were charged upon by some cavalrymen and in the melee some shots were fired.

In a clash between the police and a crowd in Place de la Bastille, in which twenty persons were wounded, a policeman shouted to the mob:

"If you want to fight, go to Versailles and fight the Germans."

The mob took up the cry "On to Versailles," and a diversion was created which averted more serious fighting.

Foreigners were prominent among those engaged in the demonstrations and the police said that virtually half of the leaders in the crowds were Russian, Spanish or members of other alien races.

The persons arrested during the disorders numbered 105. They will be tried by the military authorities. Twenty-five have been allowed to give bail.

### Socialists to Protest in Chamber.

The Socialist Deputies held a long meeting this morning. They decided to congratulate the workers for their display of power in the complete cessation of work on May Day, and also to protest against the "ambuscade" prepared by the Government against the manifestants, in which the Ministry's attitude was declared to have been shown by the "old-time policy of brutality," which might have produced the gravest consequences but for the "coolness and high courtliness" of the soldiers. The meeting decided to interpellate the Government on the subject.

The Government has announced its readiness to accept the interpellation any day after Tuesday, when the Chamber of Deputies will reassemble after the Easter recess.

The United Trades Union of the Department of the Seine issued a strong protest against the "violent action of the police, exercised by order of the Government, against a manifestation which would otherwise have been carried on with the same order as the morning meetings." It asserted that many women were among the victims.

The General Labor Federation has also issued a protest and a committee will meet to consider what steps shall be taken as a result of the disorders.

Deputy Marcel Cachin, writing in Humanity, says that the day was a "magnificent demonstration of the power and discipline of the laboring classes and was marked only by the brutality of the ferocious police." He emphasizes that the soldiers used no violence and that there was no trouble where they were on duty.

"The responsibility for the disorders was entirely due to provocation by the police, who were acting on orders from Premier Clemenceau. He alone is responsible," M. Cachin says.

He recommends that the Premier read his own "magnificent speech in the Chamber of Deputies in 1891 condemning an exactly similar action by the ministry then in power."

The Prefecture of Police maintains that the policemen had no ball cartridges in their revolvers and that no ammunition was issued to the troops, the few shots fired, consequently, having come from the demonstrators.

The disturbances are generally deplored by public opinion. Before the war, it is pointed out, such incidents as the day brought forth would have seemed trivial in comparison with those of other May Days, but it is considered deeply regrettable that after so much French blood has been shed on the battlefields more should have been spilled on the streets of the capital.

The blame is variously apportioned by the press, according to the political complexion of the newspapers. Thus the conservative organs, such as The Figaro, lay it all upon the labor people, while the newspapers opposed to Premier Clemenceau, such as L'Oeuvre, are inclined to agree with the Socialists that there would have been no trouble if a demonstration had been permitted in Paris more than those held in the suburbs and in the provinces.

The Petit Parisien says that throughout the country the laboring classes displayed their feelings in dignity and order and that a few incidents of violence should not be permitted to wipe out the satisfactory impression thus given.

## WORKLESS MAY DAY IN BERLIN

### Scores of Political Meetings Held, but Disorder Curbed.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, May 1.—Never was a Sunday in America or England marked by a more puritanical suspension of work than today's first national republican holiday in Germany. It was an effective demonstration of the argument that one-half of the people must work if the other half is to enjoy itself. Today nobody worked.

The Socialists, Independents, and communists held many official meetings in the morning and early afternoon, while many hundreds of impromptu meetings continued throughout the day in every public square. The principal matters discussed were the Peace Conference, the Government's internal policy, the scarcity of food, and more wages, still more wages.

Toward evening the promenading masses filled the thoroughfares. There was nothing else to do.

All traffic except automobiles and horse cabs was stopped. Very few impromptu buses were available. The restaurants, cafés, and theatres were closed, only some motion picture houses providing entertainment.

There were beer and coffee, or what looked to be such, even if they didn't taste like the real articles, for those who were their own waiters. Besides the political speeches there was dancing to the tunes of mouth organs, hand organs, barrel organs and phonographs, and some fighting among the rival political bosses and gangs. In a few cases Noske's steel-helmeted patrols restored peace.

## SYLVIA PANKHURST FREED.

### Refused to Give Bond After Arrest in a May Day Demonstration.

LONDON, May 3.—Sylvia Pankhurst and Amelia Mahoney, who were arrested yesterday when women attempted to force an entrance into the House of Commons in a May Day demonstration, were ordered in police court today to give bonds for their good behavior.

Neither would give the necessary bond and they remained under detention for a time, but the magistrate discharged them later.

## FEDERAL TROOPS READY TO PROTECT CLEVELAND

### Had Two Machine Guns to Quell Rioting—Man Shot by Policeman Dies.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, May 2.—It became known today that Federal troops, with two machine-gun companies, equipped with motor trucks, were mobilized just outside the city yesterday to suppress any disorder resulting from the Socialist May Day demonstration, in the event the police proved unable to cope with it.

Government authorities, incensed over the Socialist demonstration and display of red flags which precipitated yesterday's riots, today were considering steps to deport every foreign-born person who participated on the side of the rioting element.

Joseph Ivantyi, 38, shot three times by a policeman in rioting last night, died in a hospital this morning.

The unknown man who was shot yesterday afternoon was identified today as Samuel Pearlman.

Swift justice was meted out today in the cases of 200 radicals arrested during the riots. Police Judge Howells imposed the severest sentences allowed by law, the first offender up being given two sentences of $200 and costs and six months each for assaulting a policeman and a citizen.

## BOMB WRECKS BUILDING.

### Brownsville, Penn., Prisoners Are Caught in Collapse of Floors.

BROWNSVILLE, Penn., May 2.—An explosion, believed to have been caused by a bomb placed in the office of Burgess Charles H. Storey, wrecked the municipal building and shattered windows for several blocks in the business district here early today. A score of prisoners, trapped in the jail in the basement of the building, a three-story brick structure, which collapsed over them, were rescued by firemen. Police and agents of the Department of Justice said they believed the explosion an anarchist May Day plot.

Up to noon the police had no clue as to the identity of persons responsible for the explosion, which occurred at 2:15 o'clock, half an hour after Street Commissioner Clark Breckenridge had locked the building for the night. The blast, which aroused hundreds of persons from bed, and the cries of the prisoners, whose escape was cut off by the wreckage, attracted a large crowd to the scene.

After examination of the ruins the Federal authorities said that they believed the bomb or explosive had been placed on a desk in Burgess Storey's office and timed to go off. Search of the wreckage, however, revealed nothing further upon which to base this theory.

The damage to the municipal building, and hundreds of windows elsewhere broken by the blast, it was estimated, would run into thousands of dollars.

# DEADLY EXPLOSIVES IN DOZENS OF HOMES

## Souvenir Hunters Steal Bombs and Grenades from Trench War Show in Park.

## ARMY GIVES WARNING

### Single Pieces of Ammunition Capable of Killing and Maiming Whole Neighborhoods.

In dozens of homes in this city, it is feared, there is danger today to every member of the household because of the presence of phosphorus bombs and high explosive hand grenades which were stolen on Thursday night by small boys from the United States Army ammunition boxes at Van Cortlandt Park, where the army's demonstration of trench warfare under the auspices of the Victory Loan Committee has been going on.

Warning was issued yesterday by Colonel E. J. W. Ragsdale, chief of the Trench Warfare Division of the United States Army, who was supervising a part of the Van Cortlandt Park exhibition. Colonel Ragsdale said that at least a few men had joined the boys in the raid on the ammunition boxes and had carried off, besides the bombs and grenades, quite a lot of shells which they seemed to regard as valuable souvenirs.

The explosion of any of the stolen ammunition would be almost surely fatal to any persons near by, the Colonel said. The phosphorous bombs, he explained, would produce a ball of fire fifty feet in diameter which would be practically inextinguishable until it had burned out.

"I would rather be court-martialed than have any child's life destroyed by one of these explosives," said Colonel Ragsdale yesterday. "We took every precaution to keep these things carefully guarded, but we could not send the people away because it was their show. These munitions are perfectly safe in the hands of competent people who know how to use them. We had signs posted reading: 'Danger: High Explosives; Don't Pass. Ordnance Department.' The field where the ammunition was stored during the show and immediately afterward was guarded by 75 soldiers, 40 policemen, and 200 Boy Scouts. The scouts were the worst of the lot in the matter of collecting dangerous souvenirs. We caught one Boy Scout going away with a gunny sack full of 'duds' which he had gathered. Any one of these 'duds' would have been enough to blow him and all his friends into kingdom come.

"The big raid took place last night under cover of darkness and rain. About 8 o'clock, Captain Samuel Wiley, the pyrotechnic expert, found a group of about 300 boys coming across the northern end of the parade ground from the direction of the trench used during the show. His suspicions were aroused and he rounded up as many of the boys as he could. From one of them he took six white phosphorous grenades; from another, two, and from a third he took a three-inch Stokes trench mortar shell.

"Upon investigating he found that the boys had broken into the ammunition boxes behind the trench. Some boys crawled under the flap of a tent and broke open an ammunition box. Another boy, or possibly a man, got into a tent and stole a rifle, among other things.

"The craze for souvenirs was to some extent inculcated in the children by the schools. Some of the children who were found picking up unexploded hand grenades yesterday told us their teachers sent them to the park to get souvenirs. We have no idea how many of these unexploded shells have been carried away by the youngsters. The boys have been swarming over the place ever since the show started and still come here each day searching for souvenirs.

"It is the duty of all parents to watch out for these objects. As soon as they are discovered they should be buried in the ground or thrown into the river or else turned over to the Bureau of Combustibles in the Municipal Building. The best plan, perhaps, would be to telephone to the Bureau of Combustibles to send for the explosives.

"The white phosphorous grenades are barrel shaped, five inches long and two and a half inches in diameter and fit a light lead-colored container. The initials W. P. are plainly marked in white paint on the sides of the containers. The high explosive hand grenades are cylindrical in form, five inches long and two inches in diameter. They are exploded by removing a safety wire and pulling a ring at the top.

"We are combing the ground to collect all unexploded ammunition. This work is in charge of Capt. E. Bordinat, the grenade and explosive expert. He has found a number of unexploded rifle grenades and white phosphorous grenades. We will be able to clear the solid ground at the northern end of the parade ground, but the swamp to the north may still contain some unexploded ammunition. We have warned souvenir hunters not to pick up any unbroken objects they may find in this neighborhood.

"All of these explosives deteriorate and in time are likely to explode of their own accord. This is the reason it is so dangerous to have them in the possession of children.

"The boys who stole these grenades had all seen what they could do, and I fear they may want to set them off themselves. No home and no person is safe with them around."

# BURKE MAKES MORE THOMPSON CHARGES

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

hearing in New York City on Thursday. Ex-Governor Whitman will be called to appear for cross-examination on Friday. Moss also made arrangements to obtain certain Interborough records, especially the minutes of the Board of Directors' meeting at which it was decided, on motion by Cornelius Vanderbilt, to retain Mr. Whitman's law firm.

Burke occupied the witness chair for the entire morning and afternoon session, except for a short while before the committee finished for the day, when James L. Quackenbush, general counsel for the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, at his own request, was permitted to give testimony regarding proceedings at a conference between Senator Thompson and a number of public utility lawyers while the amendments to the Public Service Commission law were being considered and prepared.

Burke had volunteered a statement tending to lend to this conference a sinister aspect which vanished after Mr. Quackenbush had been heard. Mr. Quackenbush also gave testimony explanatory of the circumstances under which he and Senator Thompson were instrumental in burning papers on file with the Thompson committee at the time its work was wound up which had concern with the family affairs of Theodore P. Shonts, President of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company.

In attempting to throw from Burke testimony to shed light on his motives for "trailing along" with Senator Thompson during the years of the Public Service Commission inquiry, Moss called attention to testimony Burke had given on cross-examination yesterday when he swore that "he knew that the Senator was a liar and that he himself was playing him with a lie."

### Burke Accuses Thompson.

"Did you associate with this man Thompson whom you believed to be a lier for four years for your own purposes?" Moss asked.

"Yes," Burke replied. "The same as he did with me."

"What was your purpose?" asked Moss.

"My purpose was to bring about something that Thompson, I know, could not swing. I knew if he ever got away with it and I was instrumental in it, somebody might recognize the fact that I was instrumental in pulling it off."

"And you would get something?"

"Sure."

"What was to be sold?"

"The Public Service Commission's bill."

"In other words, you thought there was to be some graft?"

"No graft at all," Burke replied. "I knew the gas company and the electric light companies and the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company and the Interborough Company were trying to do something in the seven-cent fare line and I also knew at the time that they were trying to get something into the report that would show that they were entitled to consideration. They were not trying to buy anything, for in all my visits to Mr. Brady and to Mr. Beardsley and the social calls I paid to Mr. Shonts and to Mr. Quackenbush not an improper word was uttered. They were not buying anything, but he was trying to sell something and he was trying to sell it through me, but I had a great respect for State prison and he was not going to kiss me in there while trying to further his interests."

"You believed that Mr. Thompson had an idea of graft in his head?" asked Moss.

"Idea is not the proper word," said Burke.

"You thought he had something to sell; do I get you right now?" asked Mr. Moss.

"I didn't think it, I knew it, and before I get through I will prove it to you," Burke declared.

### No Campaign Offer, Says Burke.

Regarding the talk Burke had with Senator Thompson at the Republican Club on March 16, at which the Senator has testified the bribe offer was made, Moss asked Burke if at that time he knew Thompson intimately enough to discuss the Governorship with him.

"I never spoke to him about that," replied Burke. "Thompson spoke to me about it. There wasn't any such thing as an offer of a $500,000 campaign fund. That was a dream. I told him myself he would be a good candidate for Governor, in all probability. I don't remember what I said to him. He told me Chief Judge Hiscock of the Court of Appeals was butting in on his legislation—that his friend, Judge Pound, had told him. He went on to say that he had buffaloed Senator Lester Waters on prohibition, and that all he had to do was to go to The World and he would have those Syracuse —— jump through hoops or something of that kind. I can prove my statement through a letter I wrote to Mr. Brady the same day, in which I told him of the conversation regarding Judge Hiscock, although I did not like to use his name in connection with the ravings of a lunatic looking for the Governorship."

At this point Moss asked the witness if he had not at one time been in the employ of The World. Burke replied that twenty years ago he was assistant circulation manager with charge of collections in Brooklyn and in New Jersey.

"Did you leave them with a deficiency or defalcation of $500?" was asked.

Burke explained that while he was on vacation another employe of the circulation department was responsible for a shortage which was charged to him and he had assumed responsibility to save the other man.

Moss then asked Burke if, when he was with the Aqueduct police, if he had not sought to induce John Gaul, a patrolman, to sign a letter containing false charges against Douglas I. McKay, head of the Aqueduct Police Board. Burke said he had no recollection of any such incident. Moss intimated that when Gaul refused after Burke had presented letters purporting to have been signed by Eugene McGuire of the Bronx, a saloonkeeper, and John Goodwin, urging him to make the charges, to do as requested, Burke caused charges to be preferred against Gaul, and had him fined ten days' pay. Burke said he could not recollect.

On his redirect examination in the afternoon, Burke was permitted to tell of a conversation he alleged to have had with Senator Thompson regarding the resolution ratifying the Federal Prohibition amendment, and which Burke declared occurred on the Saturday prior to the adoption of the amendment by the Senate. Thompson was sponsor for the resolution.

"Thompson," Burke testified, "said he was in communication with Anderson of the Anti-Saloon League and asked 'I've got Senate Leader Walters licked to a frazzle. There is something in his throat he cannot fetch out with a hay fork. I've got The Evening World behind Anderson, and Anderson is gathering money from the grape juice people to further his campaign. They are over in the Yale Club now with Senator Abeles of the Bronx, trying to get him to vote against prohibition, but I don't give a damn whether they get Abeles or not: Senator Lockwood of Brooklyn is ready to do the Foelker act and come in on a stretcher if need his vote.' Later I went to see Jake Livingston, the Republican leader of Kings, and told him Lockwood was about to jump over the traces. Livingston said: 'Thompson is a damn liar: Lockwood is a Republican, and a real one.'"

Burke also testified to an alleged conversation with Senator Thompson at the house of Sophie Irene Loeb of The Evening World, at Harmon-on-the-Hudson, while the nomination of George W. Thompson for Food Controller was before the Senate. At that time Thompson, according to Burke, urged him to try and get Ira A. Place, Vice President of the New York Central, to back him for the Chairmanship of a committee which was to investigate the Eleventh Avenue (Death Avenue) proposition.

"I got to have Place on my side, and if I conduct the investigation everything will be satisfactory," Thompson said, according to Burke, who said he told the Senator it would be useless to attempt to convince Mr. Place, two efforts that he had made already having failed.

Burke testified that the Senator and Miss Loeb took a train for Yonkers, presumably to get Mr. Perkins to intercede with Mr. Place.

"I have to add him a little on the food proposition; he thinks he has been done," Burke said Thompson told him.

Jordan, Burke's counsel, then took up the telegram relating to a proposed extension of time for the Thompson Public Service Investigating Committee which figured in yesterday's testimony. In his testimony yesterday Burke swore that worry on the part of Senator Thompson over women entertained at the Biltmore and fear of being indicted were involved in the demand for an extension of time for his committee.

"I appeal to the Chair," said Burke. "I have had it out with Mr. Jordan, but he is hardheaded. I won't bring any women in here. This woman thing is rotten."

### Mention of Women Barred.

The appeal caused both surprise and amusement, in view of the fact that Burke had been the one to mention that women were involved in the matter when he was cross-examined by Moss yesterday. He was told by his counsel to tell the story and leave the women out.

"But it is such a rotten thing," said Burke.

"Never mind about that part of it; tell us what the facts are," said Jordan.

The reply was ordered stricken from the record by Chairman Burlingame.

Burke said the incident occurred soon after Charles R. Hotaling, Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate, had been indicted for "pro-rating" the large expenses of the committee, putting part on members who had not incurred any expense at all in connection with the inquiry.

Burke testified Senator Thompson said the account in the Biltmore Hotel and the expenses of the committee were pretty near $200,000. He said he was afraid he was going to be indicted himself and he asked to have Stanchfield see Swann, his friend in the District Attorney's office, for the purpose of staving off the indictment.

"I said: 'What have you been doing?'"

"'Well,' he said, 'I had a couple of friends of mine here from Middleport and one of them was from Erie, Penn. We charged up to the committee account the pleasures of the two friends.' And I think he mentioned a man by the name of Feinberg.

"He said that he had requested Hotaling as Sergeant at Arms to sign some of the vouchers, or most of the vouchers, and he thought he was safe in so doing. 'Hotaling is a fellow who doesn't know anything about procedure and I ordered him to sign the vouchers, and they might pull me in.' Well, I thought it was a pretty dangerous proposition myself. I did not do anything for a couple of days, and he was very nervous about it, told me so, and I finally made little inquiries on my own hook and I found that they were not on the right track, as far as any indictment was concerned."

"Just what was said about extension of time?" asked Chairman Burlingame.

### Thompson Wanted Records Changed.

"Senator Thompson told me he wanted an extension of time for the purpose of trying to have Mr. Miller of the Biltmore Hotel change the records so that it would appear that the money expended was done privately by Thompson. That was the reason."

The request of Mr. Quackenbush that he be heard was due to testimony by Burke in which he told of Senator Thompson having shifted the base of operations of his committee, while the revised Public Service Commission bill was being prepared, from the Hotel Biltmore to the Manhattan, where Charles G. M. Thomas of the Consolidated Gas Company, according to the witness, rented two private rooms and paid for them. Mr. Thomas, Mr. Hemmens of counsel for the Consolidated, Mr. Quackenbush, Messrs. Russell and Swasey of counsel for the telephone interests, Senator Thompson, Burke, and possibly some of counsel representing the committee were there together going over the bill. The gas companies wanted the right for the Public Service Commission to increase lighting rates.

### Shonts's Papers Burned.

Testifying regarding the burning of documents affecting the family affairs of Mr. Shonts, Mr. Quackenbush said:

"Senator Thompson said to me when he was closing up the offices of his committee in the Biltmore that he had among the exhibits a document that pertained to the domestic affairs of Mr. Shonts which had been obtained from Mrs. Shonts through his assistance. He said it had not been used in the hearings; that it was entirely of a private nature, and that he didn't think it would be honorable and fair to permit a document of that kind to be lodged among the records of the State, a possible future source of scandal.

"I urged that we take it to the incinerator of some bank where expired bonds and coupons are destroyed and destruction is certified, but Mr. Thompson said he was unwilling to wait until the next day; that he wanted it done at once, and so we took a cab and went up to the house of Mr. Pepperman, private secretary and assistant to Mr. Shonts, where there was an open fireplace.

"I told Mr. Pepperman our errand and that Senator Thompson did not want to destroy this document except in such a way that Mr. Shonts would know that it had been destroyed; that it was a paper of private and confidential nature. Mr. Thompson then took out the document, which looked like a complaint in a suit and contained some twenty or thirty typewritten pages. He did not deliver it to me nor to Mr. Pepperman. I never saw it. He threw it into the open fireplace and it was consumed. It seems to me that is the only thing that anybody on this committee would feel should be done."

The committee adjourned until next Thursday morning at 10 o'clock, when its hearings will be resumed at the City Hall in New York City.

# NEAR FIRST THIRD IN NATION'S LOAN

## $1,497,347,600 Is the Official Mark for the Twelfth Day of the Victory Drive.

## URGE BIG CLOSING WEEK

### New York, Gaining $43,527,800 in Day, Is Still Largest Subscriber —Chicago a Close Second.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 2.—The Treasury Department tonight reported that $1,497,347,600, or 33.27 per cent. of the minimum quota of $4,500,000,000 requested, had been subscribed to the Fifth Victory Liberty Loan at the close of the twelfth day. Unofficial figures already assert the sale is $1,500,000,000, though some districts are still far behind. On the same day in the Fourth Liberty Loan campaign the subscriptions had reached $2,024,037,050, or 33.73 per cent. of the larger quota in that loan.

The New York district reported a gain today of $43,527,800 and still was leading as the largest individual subscriber with a total for the twelve days of $332,900,000. The Chicago district was a close second, with $320,503,700.

The amount subscribed by Federal Reserve Districts follows:

| District. | Subscription. | Per-centage. |
|---|---|---|
| St. Louis | $116,585,000 | 29.13 |
| Chicago | 320,903,700 | 49.13 |
| Minneapolis | 75,470,050 | 47.68 |
| Boston | 158,202,800 | 42.18 |
| Kansas City | 69,890,000 | 36.84 |
| Cleveland | 134,343,000 | 29.83 |
| Philadelphia | 97,484,900 | 23.39 |
| New York | 332,900,000 | 34.51 |
| Atlanta | 34,650,500 | 24.09 |
| San Francisco | 69,237,300 | 32.97 |
| Dallas | 18,234,850 | 19.39 |
| Total | $1,497,347,600 | |

"Because of the slowness of the public to volunteer subscriptions," reads an official statement issued tonight, "the Treasury Department issued an appeal to Liberty Loan organizations to make a complete canvass in all communities during the closing week of the campaign.

"From the reports which we receive here, it is evident that the success or failure of the Victory Liberty Loan campaign, from the standpoint of distribution, now depends on the ability of the organization to reach the individual by means of personal solicitation, emphasizing to him his responsibility for helping to pay for the expenditures which contributed so materially to an early ending of the war.

The War Department announced that the army is subscribing to the Victory Loan in all camps, posts, depots and independent stations throughout the country and its territorial possessions, as well as in the camps of the American Expeditionary Forces in Europe and Asia.

Officers, enlisted men, field clerks, army nurses, and permanent civilian employes of the military establishment may purchase the Liberty Loan notes, using the army reservation plan, or by allotment to local banks. The army reservation plan is very broad and affords to all an opportunity to subscribe for these notes on an easy installment basis.

Reports received at the Victory Liberty Loan office of the Army from mobilization camps indicate that many men being discharged from the service are investing their $60 bonus, which they are receiving from the Government, in Victory Liberty Loan notes, and are taking them home "as souvenirs of the great victory they have won."

### Railroad Employes Helping.

The

SPRING

With the advent of spring, there comes to many that languid feeling commonly called Spring fever.

The blood is sluggish; the nerves have lost their snap; the whole system is sadly in need of a tonic.

Well, the best spring tonic in the world is a little common sense in dieting.

And right here let it be understood that dieting is a selective, not necessarily a restrictive process.

Simply choose the proper kind of food for the season; then be guided by the appetite.

At CHILDS may be found an appealing variety of seasonable dishes which nourish without depressing.

Fresh fruits, cereals, eggs, vegetables, salads and dainty desserts are some of the Spring attractions at CHILDS

Childs

ADVERTISEMENT.

For the Big Sisters

Under the auspices of the Big Sisters, a ball will be given at the Ritz-Carlton Hotel on Monday evening, May 5, the first of a series to help the funds of the Society which takes care of little ones who are brought into children's courts and strives to improve the condition of their homes. The entertainment, to which has been given the title of "Bal Bleu," will be notable for the blue costumes to be worn. Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Sr., Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., and Mrs. Sidney C. Borg are leaders, respectively, of the Protestant, Catholic, and Jewish branches of Big Sisters. Many society women are interested in the charitable labors of the Sisters. Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., is Chairman of the committee, and the following are associated with her: Mrs. Vincent Astor, Mrs. Harry Gloster Armstrong, Mrs. Robert Bacon, Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Sr., Mrs. Sidney Cecil Borg, Mrs. George F. Baker, Jr., Mrs. J. Nelson Borland, Mrs. James A. Burden, Jr., Mrs. Newbold Le Roy Edgar, Mrs. James W. Gerard, Mrs. Charles Dana Gibson, Mrs. Francis Burrall Hoffman, Mrs. Franklin Chase Hoyt, Countess Georgine Ilselin, Mrs. Otto H. Kahn, Mrs. Frederick Lewisohn, Mrs. Ogden Mills, Mrs. Willard Parker, Mrs. Ralph Pulitzer, Mrs. John D. Ryan, Mrs. Charles H. Sabin, Mrs. James Jay Schieffelin, Mrs. Mortimer L. Schiff, Mrs. Henry J. Whigham, Mrs. Norman de R. Whitehouse, and Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney.

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Did you lose that job through a poor skin

There's many a person whose chances in life are limited simply because of a skin that is unpresentable. Rough, red, ugly skins—skins that chap and burn easily—are usually most successfully treated with Resinol Ointment.

The joint use of Resinol Soap with Resinol Ointment usually produces the best results where facial blemishes are concerned, and is equally successful in treating other skin affections on limbs and body.

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LINCOLN TRUST COMPANY 204 FIFTH AVENUE Broadway at Leonard—Broadway at 22nd

# BILLION IN NOTES STILL TO BE SOLD

## Tremendous Task Faces Victory Loan Workers as Drive Lags.

## MORE VOLUNTEERS NEEDED

## Committee Calls for Canvassers to Help Push Campaign Among Small Buyers.

## TO REDOUBLE EFFORTS

### Quota for District Is $1,350,000,000, and Only $332,906,550 Subscribed So Far.

Victory note sales in New York City slowed down yesterday, after the spurt on Thursday which made it the most successful day of the campaign. The Rainbow Division, which sold Victory notes to the amount of more than $40,000,000 on Thursday, reported only $15,930,000 yesterday. A slightly improved showing was made by banks and financial institutions, but it was indicated that approximately two-thirds of the quota of New York City and the rest of the Second District would have to be raised in the final week of the campaign.

New York City's total, as officially reported by the Federal Reserve Bank yesterday, was $242,204,850, as against the city's quota of $1,000,561,600. This figure does not include all of the subscriptions obtained through the Rainbow Division, canvassing New York City's industries, but expresses approximately the progress of the campaign and has impressed on officials of the Liberty Loan Committee the necessity of a tremendous effort during the last week of the campaign, if the district is to do what is expected of it. More volunteer workers and canvassers are wanted to accomplish the big task ahead in the last days of the campaign.

The total amount which has been raised in the district so far is $332,906,550, while the district's quota is $1,350,000,000, so that approximately a billion dollars will have to be raised throughout the district in the last week of the drive. This means that subscriptions must be taken at the rate of $127,836,700 from now on to make a success of the campaign.

**General Sale Grows.**

Subscriptions by the general public at outdoor gatherings in amusement places and at Liberty Loan rallies have increased considerably, but the great reservoir of capital, which the nation is now seeking to reach, in the savings of men and women of moderate means, has barely been tapped. It has been pointed out again and again by Liberty Loan officials and financiers that fundamentally the success of the Liberty Loan is to be measured by the amount of the investment from this source, representing fresh capital. A more vigorous campaign for subscriptions from the small investor will be made next week.

The official report of the Federal Reserve Bank on subscriptions to date is as follows:

NEW YORK CITY.

| | Quota. | Total to Date. | P.C. of Quota. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Manhattan | $927,022,200 | $218,233,800 | 23.5 |
| Brooklyn | 59,857,400 | 21,725,650 | 36.2 |
| Queens | 7,076,000 | 1,430,350 | 20.2 |
| Bronx | 4,975,000 | 486,300 | 9.7 |
| Richmond | 1,630,400 | 348,750 | 21.3 |
| New York City | $1,000,561,600 | $242,204,850 | 24.2 |

SUBDISTRICTS.

| | Quota. | Total to Date. | P.C. of Quota. |
|---|---|---|---|
| No. 1 (Buffalo) | $65,440,000 | $15,735,300 | 24.0 |
| No. 2 (Roch.) | 31,661,100 | 8,913,600 | 28.1 |
| No. 3 (Syracuse & Utica) | 43,607,700 | 11,097,500 | 25.4 |
| No. 4 (Bingh. & Elmira) | 14,178,000 | 5,370,900 | 37.8 |
| No. 5 (Albany) | 52,036,600 | 14,405,450 | 27.6 |
| No. 6 (Long Island, N. Y. C.) | 8,131,100 | 2,514,450 | 30.9 |
| No. 7 (North. New Jersey) | 107,887,500 | 26,346,150 | 24.4 |
| No. 8 (Fairfield Co., Conn., Westchester & Rockl'd Cos.) | 26,499,400 | 6,318,330 | 23.8 |
| Total outside N. Y. City | $349,438,400 | $90,701,700 | 25.9 |
| Total for dist. | $1,350,000,000 | $332,906,550 | 24.6 |

The subscriptions reported yesterday by banks and financial institutions were as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| Hayden, Stone & Co. and associate companies | $8,000,000 |
| Prudential Insurance Co. | 5,000,000 |
| Henry L. Doherty & Co., City Service Co., (additional) | 1,292,000 |
| Wilcox, Peck & Hughes and allied interests | 1,050,000 |
| George Blumenthal, (additional) | 1,000,000 |
| Am. Surety Co., (additional) | 900,000 |
| Harlem Sav. Bank, (additional) | 800,000 |
| Barber Steamship Lines and allied companies | 500,000 |
| N. Y. Savings Bank, (additional) | 500,000 |
| North River Savings Bank | 500,000 |
| Hirsch-Lilienthal Co. | 500,000 |
| Continental Insurance Co. | 500,000 |
| R. W. Goelet | 500,000 |
| Utah Copper Co. | 400,000 |
| Halle & Stieglitz | 400,000 |
| Brevoort Savings Bank, Brooklyn | 300,000 |
| L. L. Winkelman & Co. | 250,000 |
| Fidelity-Phenix Fire Insurance Co., (additional) | 250,000 |
| W. H. Goadby & Co. | 250,000 |
| Royal Indemnity Co | 200,000 |
| Hallgarten & Co. | 200,000 |
| The Dime Savings Institution | 150,000 |
| Isaac Gilman | 100,000 |
| Burton Brothers & Co. | 100,000 |
| Fidelity and Casualty Co., (additional) | 100,000 |
| East River Savings Institution | 100,000 |
| Am. Eagle Fire Insurance Co. | 100,000 |
| National Sugar Refining Co. | 100,000 |
| Spencer Trask & Co. | 100,000 |
| J. K. Larkin, of J. K. Larkin & Co., (additional) | 100,000 |
| Orinoka Mills | 50,000 |
| Aetna Life Insurance Co. | 50,000 |
| N. Y. Consolidated Card Co. | 50,000 |
| Semet-Solvay Co., Syracuse, N. Y. | 50,000 |
| Adolph Lewisohn, (additional) | 50,000 |
| B. V. D. Company | 50,000 |
| H. Boker & Co., Inc. | 50,000 |
| Mrs. James Watson Webb | 25,000 |
| H. A. Caesar & Co. | 25,000 |
| Phoenix Silk Mfg. Co. | 25,000 |
| Dora Delano Forbes | 25,000 |
| Leo Feinberg | 20,000 |
| Boker Cutlery and Hardware Co., Inc. | 20,000 |
| Gloucester Lumber Co. | 15,000 |
| Charles M. Brooks | 10,000 |
| Eldridge & Snyder | 10,000 |
| Connecticut Mills Co. | 10,000 |
| Northern Textile Co. | 10,000 |
| Total | $84,777,000 |

Appealing to the man who has only a small amount of money to invest and is hesitating whether to put it into Victory Notes or not, Lieut. Col. John A. Hughes, speaking from the steps of the Sub-Treasury yesterday, called attention to the example of the men who fought under him in France.

"Those boys on the other side not only fought like demons," he said, "but they acted like real Americans at all times. Do you know that of the men in my division killed on the battlefield, more than 85 per cent. were found to have Liberty Bonds or coupons on their persons when picked up. Those boys did their share of fighting and of supporting as well. Is the American public going to fall down on a financial indorsement of their work? Those boys endured without a murmur, cold, sleet, rain, mud, and cold. You people should at least invest in a financial present from the Government."

**Push Coupon Books.**

In order to increase sales of Victory Notes to the general public the Liberty Loan Committee is pushing the sale of coupon books. Albert M. Chambers, Assistant Director of the Government Loan Organization, issued the following statement yesterday:

"In offering Victory Notes on the coupon book plan to the people of this city, the Victory Liberty Loan Association is creating a powerful incentive to thrift.

"With the use of the coupon book, saving becomes systematic. It develops into a healthy habit. The payment of 2 per cent. weekly on the face value of the Victory Note, after the initial payment of 4 per cent., is looked upon as a regular part of the budget and provision is made for it. The coupon book, therefore, may be regarded in the light of a bookkeeper and money saver.

"It is not necessary to wait for forty-eight weeks before paying for the Victory note in full. Payments may be made as frequently as convenient, and as much in advance as desired.

"It is necessary, however, for the people of this city to act quickly if they are to take advantage of the Government's offer. The Victory Liberty Loan campaign comes to an end on May 10, and the coupon books will not be available after that date.

"No more remunerative security has been offered to the people of this country by their Government in the last fifty years than the Victory Liberty Loan notes. In emphasizing the convenience and simplicity of the coupon book system of buying Victory notes, one must not overlook the fact that these securities pay 4% per cent. and are the safest of investments."

Declaring that all must subscribe generously to the Victory Liberty Loan, and urge their customers to do likewise, the New York Stock Exchange Victory Loan Committee has addressed a circular letter to all members of the Exchange, saying:

"Our present effort must be determined and continuous throughout the campaign if we are to maintain our position. We must subscribe generously ourselves and then direct the attention of our clients to the many attractive investment features of Victory notes."

It was pointed out in the letter that, of the $17,000,000,000 raised by the four Liberty Loans, with the Second Federal Reserve District providing $5,000,000,000 of the total, the subscriptions of New York Stock Exchange members and their clients totaled $900,000,000, or 18 per cent. of the total for the district.

The Holland-American Line took $300,000 worth of Victory Notes and the Barber Steamship Lines, Inc., $100,000 through the Export, Import and Shipping Committee.

The Woman's Clubs Committee announced an increase of $301,550, making its total $2,370,950. Two new clubs entered the contest yesterday, the United Order of True Sisters with $37,000, and the United Child Welfare Association, $1,100. The Council of Jewish Women is leading the clubs with a total of $451,550. Running a close second is the Colony Club with $447,350.

# MARCH WANTS NOTES TO OFFSET PROPAGANDA

Speaking from the War Department in Washington to the crowds thronging Victory Way yesterday, General Peyton C. March, Chief of Staff of the United States Army, urged subscription to the Victory Loan to combat financed propaganda which he declared was at work to discredit our Government.

General March's words were carried clearly and distinctly by the sound amplifiers installed at the Way, and his remarks were greeted with storms of applause. It was the best demonstration so far by the telephone device.

"The idea of setting aside a special day to be known as 'Flanders Day,' had a peculiar appeal to all Americans," said General March. "We take great pride in our representatives who fought alongside our allies from Great Britain—the splendid 27th and 30th Divisions, whose record will form for all time one of the most glorious pages of American history.

"These two divisions are a happy selection as representative American divisions—the 27th from the North, the 30th from the South; the 27th from the Empire State, New York, and the 30th from Tennessee and the Carolinas largely.

"All heroes, all first-grade fighting men, ably led by experienced commanders, these men have returned home to their families and friends to receive well-earned honors for the plaudits of their communities. They have done splendid work abroad and are entitled to an opportunity to continue their splendid work at home, to become producers, to step into their places in civil life.

"The ideals they fought to preserve still stand unimpaired, but a solution of the many problems following their victory has made necessary the call for the Victory Loan, to permit the Government to carry on the necessary work. This call is no less imperative than the call to arms which brought forth our victory army and transported it to France. The American Army has done its part and the patriotic people of New York will not fail to see the thing finished.

"In this hour, when financed propaganda is at work to discredit American institutions as well as those of other civilized nations, the failure of the Victory Loan would be justly regarded as a triumph for our enemies, it would be an inspiration for them to continue their evil propaganda.

"Let the Victory Loan be an overwhelming success, the Victory Loan to finish the work of a victory army."

Colonel George W. Burleigh presided at the exercises. Major Ian Hay Beith of the British Army, Major L. T. Sutherland, and Captain Arthur Snagge, Naval Attaché of the British Embassy, also spoke.

During the exercises R. A. C. Smith, former Dock Commissioner, subscribed $1,000 to the Victory Loan to match another $1,000 subscribed, and Captain Snagge also purchased a Victory Note from Miss Dorothy Cohn, presiding at the Women's Booth in Victory Way.

Eighteen men of the 22d Infantry gave a bayonet drill and members of the Chemical Warfare Section gave a gas mask exhibition and produced a barrage of colored smoke.

The night exercises at Victory Way have been greatly helped out by the United States Engineer Corps, which is operating eleven big military searchlights of the type used in much of the fighting on the western front. Five of the lights are 2,500,000 candle power, and one of them is 1,750,000 candle power. The operating personnel is from the 50th Engineers, just returned from overseas. They are under the command of Lieutenant Ralph H. Alton.

# RUSSIANS TAKE NOTES AT VICTORY MEETING

The Russian Victory Note concert and rally at Carnegie Hall last night provided a surprise for the Liberty Loan officials, and the organizers of the meeting in the generosity of the subscriptions in the course of the loan. The total taken was $3,620,000.

The hall was crowded by an audience composed mainly of Russians and Americans of Russian descent, among them being many noted men and women exiled from Russia since the Bolshevik went into power. Russian music and Russian speakers were greeted with enthusiasm.

One of the subscriptions was for $250,000 from a Russian, who asked that his name should not be disclosed. Nathan S. Jonas, President of the Manufacturers' Trust Company of Brooklyn, subscribed for an additional $100,000 worth of notes as the price of an encore of a Russian gypsy song, sung after the program was concluded, by Mlle. Vera Smirnova, one of a number of noted Russian artists who took part in the program. Joseph Hartigan, Chairman of the Foreign Language Bureau of the Victory Loan Committee, presided at the meeting.

# DESPONDENT NOTE IN CHICAGO

## City's Campaign Lags with Vast Part of Millions Unreached.

*Special to The New York Times.*

CHICAGO, May 2.—"Chicago is facing the worst disaster in its history in the probable failure of the Victory Loan here," said Alvin F. Kramer, Executive Secretary of the Chicago Liberty Loan Committee, today. He announced that only $76,770,000 had been subscribed to the loan at noon. This leaves $112,480,000 yet to be raised before May 10.

"This now looks like an almost impossible task," said Mr. Kramer. "It looks as if the loan is going to be a failure in Chicago."

Chicago's quota of $189,225,000 required a daily subscription of $9,500,000. The city is now $37,000,000 behind that proportion of its quota.

Only 180,000 of Chicago's 3,000,000 citizens are eligible to wear the blue lapel button of the "V" Liberty Loan, while 2,820,000 Chicagoans have not heeded the nation's appeal for funds.

That is why the city faces the closing week of the drive with barely one-third of its quota subscribed.

Religious Notices on Page Twenty-three.

# GALA WAR PAGEANT TO AID LOAN TODAY

## Panorama of Victory Will Proceed Down Fifth Avenue This Afternoon.

## TO SHOW TYPES OF GUNS

### Military Display of Fighting Machines to be Greatest City Has Ever Seen.

Heavy guns, including eight-inch howitzers and nine-point-twos, were moved from Van Cortlandt Park yesterday afternoon and massed at strategic points in Harlem, to take part in the "Panorama of Victory" today. The pageant will be the greatest military display ever seen in this country, and the most complete concentration of arms which has ever been made, except at the start of some big offensive.

The "Panorama of Victory," which will start from 110th Street and Fifth Avenue at 1:30 this afternoon and move down Fifth Avenue to Washington Square, will contain exhibits of everything connected with modern land fighting, except railroad guns. When formed into a single line, the pageant of modern war machines will stretch five miles in length.

The entire panorama has been organized by military men and will be manned exclusively by soldiers, under the direction of Lieut. Col. Bernard Lentz of the General Staff, representing the War Department. Squadrons of airplanes will fly over the column, dropping Victory Note literature to the crowds.

The first series of floats will illustrate the military history of the United States, showing the uniforms and fighting equipment of every war since 1776. Tank corps, infantry, and cavalry will take part, but the most spectacular feature will probably be the display of the artillery, showing guns of nearly every size and type.

**To Show Field Artillery.**

In the field artillery section, commanded by Lieut. Col. John E. Hatch, there will be a horse battery of 75s, a motorized battery of 155s, an ammunition and supply train, a field artillery mobile repair shop, trench mortars, an observation station, camouflaged field guns, signal stations, and model of a destroyed enemy emplacement.

The land exhibit of the Signal Corps will include a field radio telegraph tractor, military telegraph apparatus, American carrier pigeons, which have been in action, and captured German pigeons; a model radio repair shop, and other floats.

The engineering exhibit, commanded by First Lieutenant R. H. Alton, will show all varieties of wire entanglement, trench and dugout construction, logs, lashings, pontoons, and other wood bridging materials, as well as quick-fitting steel bridge material. One of the most interesting features of this section will be a gasoline narrow-gauge locomotive which moves over highways without rails, one of the biggest achievements in material transportation.

Five 2,500,000 candle-power searchlights on motor trucks, which are run by power from the truck engine, will be part of the exhibit also. One of the novelties of present day warfare will be the sound-ranging apparatus, which by measuring the sound waves created by the flight of an enemy projectile can calculate its approximate position. It was on this principle the long-range guns which shelled Paris were located. Following this apparatus, which is called the paraboloid sound detector, will come various moving shops, all in operation.

A battery of eight-inch howitzers, manned by veterans of the 44th Coast Artillery, which fired 6,000 tons of projectiles at the Huns, will lead the Coast Artillery section under the command of Lieut. Col. Robert C. Garrett. Two floats will show the apparatus used by the Coast Artillery Corps in its submarine mine defense of all the harbors of the United States. Anti-aircraft guns and other types will appear in this section.

**First Aid Demonstrations.**

The Medical Section, commanded by Colonel F. M. Hartsock, will include floats demonstrating first aid on the battlefield, mobile operating rooms, portable X-ray equipment, hospital scenes, disinfection and disease prevention processes. Five hundred nurses will take part in this.

Major Bruce Cornwall, commanding the Ordnance Section, will be at the head of a mile and a half of varied fighting equipment, including 102 floats. Lieut. Col. Amos A. Fries will be in charge of the section of the Chemical Warfare Service. Everything pertaining to the use of gas, flame, and smoke will be presented here. Another section of the parade contains everything connected with the air service.

Today's program elsewhere in the city follows:

**Victory Way.**

WOMAN'S MOTOR CORPS DAY.

8 A. M.—"Reveille."

11 A. M.—Guard mount in area south of Forum.

11:15 A. M.—National League for Women's Service mobilizes at Altar of Liberty, Twenty-sixth Street and Madison Avenue, and marches east in Twenty-eighth Street to Fifth Avenue, north to Forty-fifth Street, east to Army and Navy Court—south end of Victory Way.

11:15 A. M.—Motor Corps of America, Major Helen Bastedo commanding, mobilizes at Sixty-sixth Street and Fifth Avenue and marches south in Broadway to Forty-seventh Street to pulpit in Victory Way.

11:15 A. M.—Red Cross Motor Corps, Dr. Dorothy C. Smyley commanding, mobilizes at Sixty-fifth Street and Fifth Avenue and marches south in Fifth Avenue to Fiftieth Street, east to Capitol Forum—north end of Victory Way.

ARMY AND NAVY COURT.

12 Noon—Presiding officer, George T. Wilson; Honorary Chairman, Captain Catherine Richards; "Star-Spangled Banner," band and audience; introductory address, George T. Wilson; drill, Motor Corps of America; vocal selection, artist; address, Mrs. Antoinette Funk; address, Mrs. Francis Rogers; musical selection; regimental band; selection, artist; address, Ensign Ted Cann; "America," band and audience.

SPEAKERS' PULPIT.

12 noon—Presiding officer, Martin Vogel; Honorary Chairman, Major Helen Bastedo; "Star-Spangled Banner," band and audience; introductory address, Martin Vogel; address of welcome, Major Helen Bastedo; drill, Motor Corps of America; vocal selections, artist; address, Colonel J. J. Finley; address, Mrs. Antoinette Funk; loud-speaking telephone address, Mabel Boardman, head of American Red Cross, speaking from Washington, D. C.; address, Miss M. C. Colligon; vocal selection, Thomas Hackett; "America," band and audience.

FORUM.

12 noon—Presiding officer, Dr. Dorothy C. Smyley; "Star-Spangled Banner," band and audience; address, Dr. Dorothy C. Smyley; address, Mrs. Antoinette Funk; drill, Motor Corps; vocal selection, artist; address, Miss Alice Carpenter; vocal selection, artist; address, Captain Walter E. Thompson; musical selection, band; "America," band and audience.

AFTERNOON PROGRAM.

PULPIT.

1:30 P. M.—Address, vocal and instrumental selections.

4 to 6 P. M.—Musical selections.

7:30—"Retreat."

7 to 8 P. M.—Band concerts.

"Baltic Night."

7 P. M.—Parade—Finnish, Lettish, and Esthonian divisions, with girls in national costumes, will mobilize at International Y. M. C. A. Headquarters, Thirtieth Street and Park Avenue, and will proceed in Fifth Avenue and Forty-fifth Street to Victory Way.

FORUM.

8 P. M.—"America" by military band; opening address by Joseph Hartigan, manager of Foreign Language Bureau, Second Federal Reserve District; national anthems of Finland, Latvia, and Esthonia by mixed choirs; address by Professor H. Montagu Donner, Chairman of Finland division; Finnish, Lettish, and Esthonian folk dances; address by John Fabbro, Chairman of Esthonian division; Esthonian song by Mme. Marie Michler; English address by Charles A. Carol, Chairman of Lettish division; Lettish violin solo by Julius Silneks; Finnish address by Axel Rauanheimo; Lettish solo by William Stungar; Lettish address by the Rev. John Kwestin; Lettish national songs by United Lettish Choirs; Swedish address by Kuno Kinnunen of the Swedish Finlanders; "Star-Spangled Banner" by military band.

10 P. M.—"Taps."

**Rear Admiral Sims's Arrival.**

9:45 A. M.—Rear Admiral Sims, U. S. N., will arrive at Pennsylvania Station at 9:45. An armed guard of 100 sailors, with naval officials, will act as Reception Committee and escort.

**Block Party.**

8 P. M.—Grace Church, 10th Street, between Amsterdam and Columbus Avenues, motion pictures, music, and speakers.

# RAINBOW UNIT CANVASS NETS ONLY $19,930,650

## Slump Follows Thursday's Banner Loan Sale—Business Women's Committee Passes Quota.

After its banner day Thursday, when more than $49,000,000 was reported by the various units of the Rainbow Division to the Advisory Trades Committee as having been subscribed to the Victory Loan, the division yesterday turned in a total of $19,930,650. Its total to date is now $175,396,450, lacking about $500,000,000 of its quota, which must be filled within the next seven days.

With the Business Woman's Committee, under the chairmanship of Mrs. Jacob Ritz, reporting yesterday that it had oversubscribed its quota, four units of the division have reached their objectives. The other three committees are the Women's Clubs, Allied Music Trades, and Hospitals and Sanitariums.

The largest subscription obtained yesterday was one of $2,000,000 from Lehman Brothers, Bankers, 16 William Street, credited to the New York Cotton Exchange Committee.

The award of three more industrial honor flags through the Wholesale Dry Goods Committee and subscriptions amounting to $982,000 were announced by Bertram H. Borden, Chairman of the committee, yesterday. Otto Goetze & Co. secured a 100 per cent. honor flag, J. W. Day & Co., an 83 per cent. one, and Herrmann Aukam & Co. one for 78 per cent. Thirty-five dry goods firms have been awarded honor emblems to date.

Additional subscriptions announced by the committee chairman follow:

| | |
|---|---|
| Neuss Hesslein & Co. | $125,000 |
| Grinnel Willis | 100,000 |
| Otto E. Dryfoos & Son | 100,000 |
| B. V. D. Co. | 100,000 |
| William Iselin & Co. | 100,000 |
| Butler Brothers | 70,000 |
| U. S. Finishing Co. | 60,000 |
| Converse, Stanton & Co. | 50,000 |
| Paul Guenther, Inc. | 40,000 |
| Gayley & Lord | 30,000 |
| E. W. Spurr | 30,000 |
| Kahn & Frank | 20,000 |
| S. Millus & Co. | 15,000 |
| Remy, Schmidt & Pleissner | 13,750 |
| Jacob Brughender | 12,500 |
| Lax & Brugheimer | 12,000 |
| Carl Gutman & Co. | $11,500 |
| Converse & Co., (employes) | 10,000 |
| Joseph Horowitz & Son | 10,000 |
| Frank & Bauer | 10,000 |
| M. Mayer & Co. | 10,000 |

Subscriptions reported by the Tobacco Industry Committee yesterday were:

| | |
|---|---|
| H. Duys & Co., Inc. | $60,000 |
| Fred Hirschhorn | 50,000 |
| William Best, Jr. | 5,000 |
| L. A. Bornemann | 3,000 |
| Joseph Mendelsohn | 3,000 |
| William Black & Co. | 2,500 |
| H. Anton Bock & Co. | 2,000 |
| Employes of S. Monday & Sons | 2,000 |
| E. A. Krausenan | 1,000 |
| B. Castellano & Co. | 1,000 |

Rubber Industry Committee reported subscriptions as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| E. A. Saunders | $50,000 |
| Federal Rubber Co. | 50,000 |
| L. Littlejohn & Co. | 50,000 |
| U. S. Rubber Reclaiming Co. | 25,000 |
| India Rubber World | 10,000 |
| General Asbestos and Rubber Co. | 10,000 |
| J. Frank Dunbar Co. | 10,000 |
| Rubber Trading Co. | 10,000 |

The Hardware, Metals and Allied Trades Committee reported the following subscriptions for $10,000 or above:

| | |
|---|---|
| National Malleable Casting Co. | $100,000 |
| Hendricks Bros., Inc. | 50,000 |
| A. G. Steiglitz | 50,000 |
| Meier-Sniffin Co. | 21,000 |
| W. P. Whitlock | 15,000 |
| Bramhall-Dean Co. | 14,000 |
| Stevens & Co. | 12,500 |
| Edgar T. Ward Sons Co. | 10,000 |
| Manhattan Brass Co. | 10,000 |
| Ohio Seamless Tube Co. | 10,000 |

Subscriptions announced by the Corsets and Corsets Material Committee of $7,500 or above were:

| | |
|---|---|
| Miller Corset Co. | $25,000 |
| M. Cohn & Co. | 10,000 |
| K. Meier & Co. | 10,000 |
| Estate of F. S. M. Blun | 10,000 |
| E. I. Kenny | 7,500 |
| Model Brassiere Co. | 7,500 |

The Upholstery and Lace Curtain Committee reported the following list of subscriptions:

| | |
|---|---|
| Thomas F. Gurry | $210,000 |
| Sidney Blumenthal & Co. | 150,000 |
| Edward D. Faulkner | 100,000 |
| Titus, Blatter Co. | 100,000 |
| Ostermoor & Co. | 50,000 |

The Butter, Cheese, Eggs and Refrigeration Committee announced the following subscriptions at $5,000 and above:

| | |
|---|---|
| F. X. Baumert & Co. | $25,000 |
| Merchants' Refrig. Co. | 25,000 |
| D. W. Whitmore & Co. | 5,000 |
| George E. Cutler | 5,000 |
| Phenix Cheese Co. | 5,000 |

The Hoisters' Division of the Building Allied Trades Committee reported the following leading subscriptions: George A. Fuller Co., $100,000; Charles T. Wills, Inc., $100,000; Thompson Starrett Co., $9,000.

The Chemicals, Paints, Drugs, and Allied Trades Committee announced these subscriptions of $5,000 and above:

| | |
|---|---|
| Mutual Chemical Co. of America | $300,000 |
| Pacific Coast Borax Co. | 100,000 |
| Twenty-one doctors | 80,700 |
| Eagle-Picher Lead Co. | 10,000 |
| I. F. Stone | 10,000 |
| Lederle Antitoxin Co. | 10,000 |
| Sixteen dentists | 7,550 |
| W. E. Bowley | 5,000 |
| Schieffelin & Co. | 5,000 |
| The Sterro Co. | 5,000 |
| George A. Tuttle, M. D. | 5,000 |

Subscriptions announced by the Children's and Infants' Wearing Apparel Committee from $10,000 up were:

| | |
|---|---|
| Borgenicht & Sons Co. | $40,000 |
| B. Libman | 40,000 |
| L. Wohl & Co. | 35,000 |
| Neugass Bros. | 30,000 |
| L. Rosenheim & Son | 25,000 |
| H. Rosenthal & Son | 25,000 |
| Reisman, Rothman & Bieber | 20,000 |
| George Bernard | 20,000 |
| Sperling & Sperling | 20,000 |
| Gotham Novelty Co. | 17,000 |
| Zeno Co. | 15,000 |
| A. Goldstein & Co. | 15,000 |
| Hanauer, Arnstein Co. | 15,000 |
| Friedman, Kahn Co. | 13,000 |
| Lack Mfg. Co. | 10,000 |
| I. Mitteiman | 10,000 |
| Stein, Moss Co. | 10,000 |
| Borgenicht & Co. employes | 10,000 |
| American Romper Co. | 10,000 |
| Juvenile Cloak Mfg. Co. | 10,000 |
| J. Hildesheimer Co. | 10,000 |
| Henry Sobel | 10,000 |
| L. Steinthal & Bro. | 10,000 |
| S. Welder | 10,000 |
| Goodman & Cobrin | 10,000 |
| Al. Benjamin | 10,000 |

The Jewelry Trade Committee announced these subscriptions:

| | |
|---|---|
| The Ansonia Clock Company | $50,000 |
| Employes of S. L. Van Wassel | 26,550 |
| Albert Lorsch & Co., Inc. | 25,000 |
| Cohn & Rosenberger, Inc. | 25,000 |
| N. J. Weil | 25,000 |
| Charles Adler Sons | 25,000 |
| Eichberg & Co. | 25,000 |
| L. & H. Kahn Company | 25,000 |
| William S. Hedges & Co. | 20,000 |
| L. Heller & Son | 20,000 |
| Wiener Brothers | 15,000 |
| William I. Rosenfeld | 15,000 |
| Hirsch & Flashner | 10,000 |
| M. Guggenheim, Inc. | 10,000 |
| D. Lisner & Co. | 10,000 |
| Rice & Hochster | 10,000 |
| Enos Richardson & Co. | 10,000 |
| William Hofman | 10,000 |
| Zimmerman, Rees & Co. | 10,000 |
| William Scheer, Inc. | 10,000 |
| Kentlin & Frank | 10,000 |
| J. W. Paris | 10,000 |
| Davis S. Granaat | 10,000 |
| Henry E. Oppenheimer & Co. | 10,000 |
| Jaskow Brothers | 10,000 |
| Shiman Brothers | 10,000 |

Subscriptions announced by the Fur Industry Committee were:

| | |
|---|---|
| Joseph Ullman, Inc. | $75,000 |
| Joseph Steiner & Bros. | 50,000 |
| Charles S. Porter | 50,000 |
| A. Herskovits & Son | 50,000 |
| Revillon Freres | 50,000 |
| Becker Bros. & Co. | 35,000 |
| Kaufman & Obeleder | 30,000 |
| N. Sohl & Co., Inc. | 25,000 |
| Gottlieb Bros. | 25,000 |
| M. Cohen & Bro. | 25,000 |
| Cross, Engel & Co. | 25,000 |
| B. Harris Co. | 25,000 |
| Casilleth & Maskin | 20,000 |
| A. & J. Engel | 20,000 |
| Kaye & Einstein | 20,000 |
| Weckstein Bros. | 20,000 |
| Friedman & Herskovits | 15,000 |
| A. Jaeckel & Co. | 15,000 |
| Kruskal & Krunsal | 15,000 |
| F. H. Lodevick & Co. | 10,000 |
| F. N. Monjo | 10,000 |
| M. Schreiber | 10,000 |
| Schwartz Bros. | 10,000 |
| J. H. Herbst | 10,000 |
| Blumner & Metzger | 10,000 |
| D. Bluestein & Bro. | 10,000 |
| J. Burger Co. | 10,000 |
| Cantor & Angel | 10,000 |

The Clothing and Allied Trades Committee announced the following subscriptions:

WHOLESALERS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Broadway Bargain House | $30,000 |
| American Uniform Co. | 16,750 |
| Mentir Co. | 10,000 |
| Peavy, Henry & Co. | 10,000 |
| Sol Friedman | 10,000 |

RETAILERS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Brill Bros. | $25,000 |
| Weber & Heilbronner | 25,000 |
| M. Henry Lamber | 5,000 |

Before Prohibition Is Effective Your Home Should Be Supplied With

BACARDI

The Famous Daiquiri Cocktail Is Made of BACARDI

Announcement is made that there is a sufficient supply of Bacardi for present requirements. It is advisable, however, to purchase now, as later the price will be higher.

If your dealer cannot supply you with the quantity desired, please communicate with us and we will furnish the names of other dealers who can.

THE BACARDI CORPORATION OF NEW YORK

267 WEST BROADWAY, NEW YORK

Gimbel Brothers

33rd St.—BROADWAY—34th St.

The Office Furniture Section On the Eighth Floor

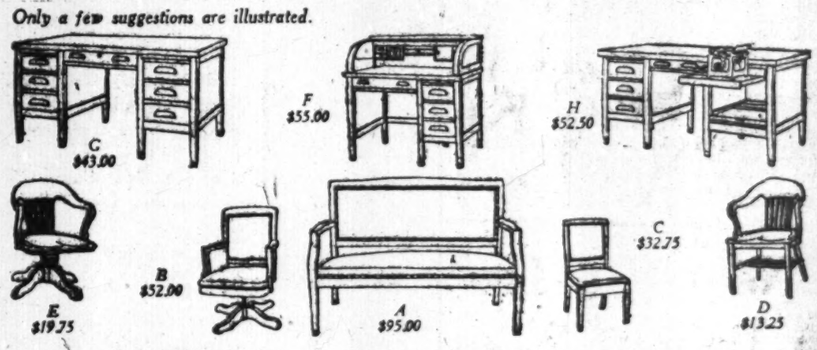
has arranged a very comprehensive showing of thoroughly well made

Office Furniture and Equipment

A Dignified System of Deferred Payments

has been arranged for those who require this Courtesy, while re-establishing their offices. See the Department of Accounts for full information.

Only a few suggestions are illustrated.




A—Settee, $95.00. Solid mahogany. Upholstered in fine quality leather.

B—Rotary Chair, Solid Mahogany, $52.50, to Match Settee. Rotary Ball Bearing. Upholstery, fine grade of black leather.

C—Office Chair, $32.75. Solid mahogany to match settee. Upholstered in black real leather, fine grade.

D—Chair, "Bank of England" Model.
—Office oak ..... $13.25
—Solid mahogany ..... $21.50

E—Rotary Chair, "Bank of England" Model.
—Office oak ..... $19.75
—Birch, mahogany finish ..... $30.25
—Solid mahogany ..... $24.75

F—Roll Top Desk, $55.00. 42-in.x32-in.x43-in. high. Mahogany and Birch. In quartered oak, 62-in. long, $78.00

G—Flat Top Desks. Mahogany.
Top 1½ in. thick, 54-in.x32-in., $50.00
Top 1½ in. thick, 60-in.x36-in., $58.00
Top 1½ in. thick, 66-in.x36-in., $61.50

H—Typewriter Desk. Double Pedestal. Full Quartered Oak. Office Color.
Top 32-in.x55-in. ..... $52.50
Top 34-in.x60-in. ..... $59.50
Top 55-in.x32-in. ..... $42.50
Also another model, single pedestal.
Top 38-in.x32-in. ..... $35.00

K—Sectional Bookcase, $45.00. Chippendale type. Solid mahogany. Good for home as well as office. Other styles as low as $20.00.

M—Letter Filing Cases, $19.50 up. Mahogany finish. New metal files. Moderate prices.

GIMBELS DESK SECTION—Eighth Floor

Floor Coverings for Offices

¶ Superb Wide Loom Scotch Carpeting, $7.75 sq. yd., including Federal Tax. Choice of six plain colors, 12 ft. and 15 ft. wide. Very thick, luxurious, imported Chenille, made by Wm. C. Gray and Sons of Ayr, Scotland.

¶ Oriental Rugs, embracing those from Persia, India and China. Some unusually large rugs measuring more than 20 ft. long.

¶

*They're still on the Rhine*
*Invest in the Victory Loan*

# Saks & Company

**Broadway at 34th Street**

*Our Fighters did their duty*
*—Do Yours—Invest*

Today, Saturday, a Remarkable Sale of

## Hand-made French Blouses

That Would Sell Regularly From $8.50 to $12.95

## Special at $5.75

Three hundred of the daintiest hand-made French Blouses we have seen for a long, long time, exquisitely fashioned of fine Batiste and French Voiles. The styles are the very newest shown in Paris shops, hand drawn or trimmed with embroidery or Filet laces.

**The values are so unusual, early selection will prove to your decided advantage!** *Third Floor.*

Today—

## Women's Silk Umbrellas

Special

## $4.95

Fine Sun and Rain Umbrellas, made of colored silks, mounted on 8- and 10-rib Paragon frames.

**The Handles** are of Bakelite in straight effects with large Bakelite rings, and in smart leather loop styles.

The majority have stub ends, with tips of Bakelite.

***Unequalled!***

*None Better Tailored!*

## Misses' Smart Suits

*Accurately Reflecting Fashion's Latest Dictates*

## Special $39.50

These suits are a veritable treat at $39.50—youthful in every line, displaying many exclusive style innovations and tailored so skilfully there remains no basis for criticism.

The styles are in strictly Tailored, Sports, Russian Blouse and Straight Line effects, fashioned of

**Imported Tweeds, Wool Jersey, Checked Worsteds, and Men's Wear Serge**

with smart Gilets or waistcoats in contrasting material. Sizes 14 to 18 years. One style *pictured.*

Fashion's Most Charming Navy Blue Hats Are Offered Today in

**A Special Presentation of**

## $5.95 Wonder Hats

*"The best values in trimmed millinery ever presented in America"*

"Navy Blue for immediate and Summer wear," says Paris, so we have assembled a magnificent collection of large and small close-fitting styles in Navy Blue for today's display of $5.95 Wonder Hats. The models are both distinctive and youthful, developed in

**Navy Blue Taffeta and Silk Moire**

with Ostrich Tips, Fancy Feathers, Colored Fruits and Flowers for embellishment. A rare collection of All Black Dress Hats, and many others in the new pastel shades are also included.

*Two Styles Pictured.*

## Newest of Capes and Dolman Wraps for Women

*in an exceptional offering Saturday*

## at $25 and $35

Charming draped and circular flare models, together with a large collection of the very successful coatee and tie front styles, strictly tailored or trimmed with braiding and novelty buttons.

**New features are the throw scarfs with fringed ends and large shirred collars of self materials or silk.**

There are ten distinct styles—two as *pictured*—fashioned of Tricotine, Silvertone, Gabardine, Men's Wear Serge, Soft Velours, Wool Jersey, and Poplin, in all the wanted colors. *Fourth Floor*

We Launch Today the

**Season's Most Important**

## Sale of Women's Suits

Formerly $45 and $50

## at $37.50

Suits brimful of character and individuality, in the most successful Blouse, Belted, Flare and Straight Line Styles, displaying novel braid and embroidery trimmings, and smart vestees of contrasting silks. Note the wide range of materials, reducing satisfactory selection to a certainty:

**Men's Wear Serge, Poiret Twill, Silvertone, Tricotine, Rich Tweeds, Checks, Heather Mixtures and Silks**

Each suit beautifully tailored and silk lined.

*Also—Six New and Distinct Styles in*

## Wool Jersey Sports Suits at $28

New in every line, showing many clever conceits in pockets and belt treatments. Skilfully tailored in fine quality Wool Jersey, in heather mixtures and all the wanted plain colors.

*Fourth Floor*

*For Street and Informal Wear*

## Dainty Frocks for Misses at $29.50

All new and quite original in their clever lines, showing to advantage the new draped and odd tunic effects. Fashioned of Satin Foulards, Georgette Crepe, Chiffon Taffeta, Lustrous Satin and effective combination materials, trimmed with Embroidery, Beading, or clusters of small tucks. *One style pictured.*

*Misses' Dept., Second Floor.*

## Naturally Wavy Switches

are now very much in demand, they being almost essential to the perfecting of the new coiffure arrangement. We offer a splendid assortment today, mounted on three separate stems, in all shades, including Grey. Special

**$5**

## Handsome Fur Scarfs

—fashion's most delightful creations for the Spring and Summer seasons—are offered in Saks Fur Dept. to-day at prices *very low*, considering the superb quality of the peltries used.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Two-skin Kolinsky Scarfs | Special | $19.50 |
| One-skin Stone Marten Scarfs | Special | 40.00 |
| One-skin Jap. Marten Scarfs | Special | 29.50 |
| Two-skin Jap. Marten Scarfs | Special | 52.50 |
| One-skin Hudson Bay Sable Scarfs | Special | 67.50 |
| Two-skin Hudson Bay Sable Scarfs | Special | 125.00 |
| Animal Effect Fox Scarfs | Special | 42.50 |
| Animal Effect Wolf Scarfs | Special | 35.00 |

## Smart Brassieres and Bandeaux

Regularly $1.50

## Special at 85c

Dainty Brassieres and Bandeaux, in a variety of very charming styles, fashioned of Pussy Willow Silk Wash Satin, All-Over Lace, Silk Tricot, Broche Silk, Mesh and Long Cloth—all properly reinforced under arms.

***Both front and back fastenings.***

*Every Boy Will Want One—*

## Boys' Smart Serge Suits

*Saturday, Special*

## at $13

Made of all-wool Navy Blue Serge, in semi-Norfolk and waistline models. Tailored to give the best of service by men who know where the strain on boys' clothes is greatest. Sizes 8 to 18 years. *Pictured.*

## Boys' Serviceable Suits

*With Extra Knickers*

## Special at $13.75

Skilfully tailored in a wide variety of the newest Spring models, some in waistline effect with detachable belt. The colorful mixtures in which they are developed were selected especially because of their dependable wearing qualities. Sizes 8 to 18 years.

## Boys' School Suits Today at $8.75

Real, snappy boyish models, carefully tailored in fancy mixtures and novelty suitings. Sizes 8 to 16 years. *Second Floor*

*Today—Saturday*

## Girls' "Dolly Varden" Frocks

Special

## $15.50

Very dainty and youthful frocks of Printed Chiffon cloth in exquisite shades, modeled along entirely new lines—as *pictured.*

The bodice and flounced skirt are edged with tiny ruffles and finished with velvet ribbon in contrasting color. Silk lined throughout. Sizes 8 to 16 years.

## Charming Voile Frocks for Girls at $4.75

*Pictured.* A very pretty frock of Flowered Voile, with Fichu collar and cuffs of sheer organdy, and faille silk. Bodice and skirt are finished with tiny tucks, sash and loop. To be had in Gold, Rose, and Copenhagen Blue. Sizes 6 to 14 years.

*For Saturday Only—*

## Girls' Practical Capes at $9.75 and $12.75

Stunning vestee and circular effect Capes, beautifully tailored in fine quality Navy Blue Serge. Quantity limited, making early selection advisable. Sizes 6 to 16 years.

## Women's Week-End Cases

*as Pictured—Saturday*

## Special $9.95

For overnight and week-end trips. Fitted with mirror, hair brush, comb, soap box, tooth and talcum powder boxes, toothbrush holder, hairpin case, buttonhook and file. Beautifully lined with brocaded silk. Size 9x12 inches. Wonderful Value!

For Saturday Only—

## 10-Karat Platinum-Top Cuff Links at $8.50

*Regularly* $16.50. In round and oval designs, engine turned or beautifully engraved with platinum top and gold backs.

**Saks & Company**

*Direct Attention Today to a Rare Ensemble of*

## Early Summer Frocks for Women at $29.50

Skilful reproductions of the very newest frocks shown in Paris for present and early Summer wear, fashioned of Silk Foulard, Crepe de Chine, Taffeta and Satin Charmeuse.

*The Frock Illustrated at right* is of Taffeta Silk with yoke sleeves and panelled tunic of Georgette Crepe.

*The Model Pictured at left* is a very smart Foulard Frock with overdress of plaited Georgette Crepe.

*Taffeta* *Foulard*

*The Colors;* In Taffeta—Navy Blue, Taupe and Black. In Foulard—Navy Blue, Black and Brown.

*Fourth Floor.*

# NAVY FLIGHT SHIP AT NEWFOUNDLAND

## Aroostook Reaches Trepassey Bay, "Jumping-Off" Place for Three Seaplanes.

## THE PRAIRIE ON THE WAY

### Halifax Ready for Transatlantic Fliers at First Stop — Start Likely Early Next Week.

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., May 2.—The United States Navy became a real factor in the contest for transatlantic flight honors when the mine layer Aroostook, flying the Stars and Stripes today, dropped anchor in British waters at Trepassey Bay.

She has on board the crew of the naval air station which will be maintained as the base for the American flying boats.

ABOARD THE U. S. S. PRAIRIE, May 2.—Carrying naval aviation officers and men and equipment to the "jumping off" base of the American Navy's projected transatlantic air cruise at Trepassy Bay, N. F., this vessel was nearing the Newfoundland coast today and is expected to reach its destination tomorrow.

HALIFAX, N. S., May 2.—Facilities for receiving the three seaplanes of the American Navy, which are coming here next week on the first leg of their proposed transatlantic flight, have been completed, according to an announcement today. It is expected that the first landing after leaving Rockaway Point, L. I., on the trial flight to Newfoundland will be made at the American aviation base on the east shore of the harbor, maintained during the war under the direction of Commander John H. Towers, now in charge of the contemplated expedition. The United States cruiser Baltimore is here for the purpose of assisting in the flight plans.

**Three Navy Airplanes Nearly Ready.**

Although Commander John H. Towers, the naval officer in command of the three navy seaplanes that are to attempt to fly over the Atlantic, said yesterday that no definite day next week had been chosen for the start for Newfoundland. Other officers and men at the Naval Air Station at Rockaway Beach declared they believed the flight on the first leg from Rockaway to Halifax would be made on Tuesday, or Wednesday at the latest. Commander Tower said that the three planes, the NC-1, the NC-3, and the NC-4, were almost ready and would ze started for Newfoundland some day next week.

Formal exercises commissioning the craft in the United States Navy will be held at the air station at 11 o'clock this morning. With the crews and the staff of the air station standing at attention near the planes, the American flag will be raised on a staff at the rear of the pontoon hull of each boat, a commission pennant will be flown from the prow, and the navy flag will be placed in the centre. This is the first time exercises of this kind have been held for United States Navy airships. Ending the ceremony, command of the fleet will be given to Commander Towers by Captain Powers Symington, Chief of Staff of the Third Naval District.

None of the planes took to the air yesterday in practice, but it is probable that the NC-4 will go up after the ceremonies this morning with her full load of more than 30,000 pounds. She will be run up and down Jamaica Bay until her mechanics are satisfied that the motors are working well, and then the plane will be flown to sea for a few miles. Several leaks in the seams of the craft were found yesterday and she was allowed to float in the water all day so that the cracks would close up.

It was estimated yesterday that each of the planes would use about 650 pounds of gasoline in the first hour of the flight from Newfoundland, but that, through decrease in the weight of the load by the constant use of the fuel, only about 360 pounds would be used in the last few hours of the flight. No extra weight will be carried by the crew of six men. As food they will carry coffee and sandwiches. It is probable also that each plane will carry one or two more than six men for use in emergency. Operation of the rule against "extra baggage" disappointed the men at the station, who had hoped to send along a dog as mascot.

In addition to the large numbers to be painted on the decks of each of the destroyers in the patrol line extending to the Azores, other means will be used to guide the fliers along their course. At night great batteries of searchlights will flash signals to them as they pass so that the daylight landing at the Azores may be made. It will be dark a great part of the flight because they are to leave Newfoundland at an hour that will enable them to arrive at the Azores during the day.

Weather reports compiled daily by the ships at sea for the use of the pilots also will be given to the pilots of the British Sopwith and Martinsyde planes, now at St. John's, awaiting favorable weather for their "hop across the sea."

# MAY BE LONG DELAY FOR BRITISH AIRMEN

## Both Teams Are Still Guessing After Being on Ground for 21 Days.

*Special to The New York Times.*

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., May 2.—A retrospect of over thirty-five days elapsed since the arrival of the Sopwith expedition and twenty-one since that of the Martinsyde goes far toward demonstrating the folly of attempting the Atlantic air crossing, particularly from Newfoundland, at this time of year, and shows, by a study of the weather conditions of this period, the uncertain hazards that must attend the attempt if made.

During a period of four days of favorable Atlantic weather, April 11, 12, and 30 and May 1, on the first two Hawker and Grieve were not ready with the Sopwith, though they probably would have been had not floating arctic ice delayed entrance to the port for nearly ten days. On the last two local conditions made it impossible to take advantage of the favorable flying weather further out, though a start could have been made on the 30th had the pilots known in the morning that conditions outside were favorable instead of learning that fact after the winds had shifted here so as to make a start impossible.

The weather diaries kept here for a generation or more show from the records of the lastt hirty-five years that the sorts of winds needed are not usually available before June, and not at all certain before July. While the argument may be offered that nothing is lost by weeks of waiting here, ready to fly at the first opportunity, there is little question that the very idleness of the two specially constructed planes, primed and ready for flight, offers graphic proof of the uncertainty of the whole venture, while long waiting to face their serious task, coupled with intermittent periods of tension when for hours it looks as if a start may be made at any moment, can have little good effects on the morale of pilots and navigators, despite their unquestioned skill, courage, and nerviness.

There are those here who believe that had the Sopwiths sent investigators here in advance of their expedition, as did the Martinsydes, neither plane would yet have left Liverpool, for it was but three days after Morgan had returned to England, after his February visit here and reported the conditions entirely unfavorable that the Martinsyde crew and biplane started headlong, after the Sopwith's already were well across the ocean.

In this connection it is interesting to recall the boast of Sydney Pickles last month that though he was not contemplating departing from England until June, he was fully confident of being well to the front in the contest for The Daily Mail prize, and to reflect that though two weeks ago the Handley-Page bomber was regarded here as hopelessly out of the race, it may be well on its way across the ocean by the time this is printed, while the two early arrivals are still in their hangars here, unless luck and weather make a sudden radical change.

Today, for example, there were strong northwest winds here, shifting this afternoon into the east, while a violent southern disturbance, starting in the West Indies is now moving into an area of depression reported yesterday between the high pressure area 600 miles off this coast and a similar favorable area over Ireland and England.

So now, after several days in which the atmosphere has been electric with the probability of a start at any hour, the actual getaway once more appears to be a matter of uncertainty, approximately guesswork, so that it may occur on any day. Yet the prediction may not be hazarded within days, even weeks.

The indifferent organization of ... present weather information service is further evidence of the disadvantage and danger of undue haste.

All the Marconi operators of ships entering this port are now being furnished with instructions to keep a sharp lookout over the ocean for signs of any fliers in case any landplane or seaplane expedition gets started, and they are directed, in addition to rendering any assistance possible, to make prompt reports by wireless. Similar instructions are being issued at all ports.

Pritchard, the Marconi expert, here to aid the aviators, today, using Martinsyde receiving set, received prearranged signals from the Furness liner Sachem, which left here for Liverpool this morning and was eighty miles at sea. Raynham and Morgan are still determined to attempt the crossing with only this receiving set, though Hawker and Grieve's Sopwith biplane is one more equipped with a thirty-mile radius sending set after having been on the verge of departing on April 12 with none when a more powerful equipment burned out. The Sopwith added another safety device today, when the Sachem brought specially constructed calcium flares, designed to illuminate its position on the water in case of a forced ocean landing.

**Britishers Still Confident.**

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., May 2.—The arrival of the Aroostook with the hint it brought of the early coming of the American naval seaplanes for their start on the transatlantic flight, caused no noticeable concern to Hawker and Raynham, although they have been here nearly a month.

Still delayed by a continuance of unfavorable weather, they read of the selection of Trepassey Bay as the United States flight base and professed no anxiety over the possibility of being beaten in the overseas race.

"The 'Nancy' boats of the United States Navy must get here first," commented Raynham. "Then they must fly to the Azores. Whether we call Portugal or England their finish line, the stops they make will involve time. I think either Hawker or I can give them three days and beat them to England, if they follow announced plans.

"If we are held here until the Americans arrive at Trepassey Bay, or even at the Azores, we should still be able to get across before them. As the honor of the first crossing overshadows The London Daily Mail prize, for which Hawker and I are racing, I am sure neither of us will decline the issue if the Americans set out from here, whether stormy or fair."

Inadequate airdrome facilities have contributed largely to the delay in the British aviators' start, they asserted today. Level ground hereabouts is so limited that neither Raynham's nor Hawker's airdromes are located in "four directions" flying fields, but are in restricted stretches, permitting runs in only two directions. The American flying boats, with their ability to rise from the water in any direction, will not be thus handicapped, it was said.

While ocean conditions were reported today as good as could be hoped for, a local "beam wind," sweeping across their fields, was said by Hawker and Raynham to prevent their start.

The mail which is scheduled to be carried by Hawker and Raynham was today declared "closed" because of the increasing proportions it is assuming. Postmaster J. Alex Robinson refused more of it, for "enough letters have been sent here already to sink a dreadnought," he said. Both aviators have protested at the size of the mail they have been asked to carry. Only official letters which have the approval of the fliers themselves will be accepted for delivery, it was announced tonight.

# GUILTY OF GEM SWINDLE.

## Prisoner Enters Plea When Record in Austria Is Produced.

The production of a transcript of a conviction in a court in Austria in 1912, for false statements, caused Oscar Kookses, a diamond broker, to plead guilty of grand larceny yesterday in Judge Rosalsky's part of General Sessions. Morris Davidson, a jeweler at 99 Nassau Street, had accused Kookses of stealing fifty diamonds valued at $5,500, which were obtained by his representation that he had a customer willing to pay $10,000 for the gems. Assistant District Attorney Rorke told the court that Kookses had been deported from Austria after serving a prison sentence of eighteen months.

Ex-District Attorney William Travers Jerome informed Judge Rosalsky that in a previous diamond case Kookses had been responsible for the arrest, trial, and conviction of innocent men. The Federal courts had relieved the victims of the convictions by setting them aside, but they had been caused much trouble, expense, and humiliation before proving their innocence, said Mr. Jerome. Kookses had gone into bankruptcy and fled to Canada, carrying diamonds which were owned by Joseph and Paul Goldmutz and Harry Sculman, Mr. Jerome said, and when they followed the fugitive and tried to recover their property, Kookses hurriedly returned and filed complaint in the Federal Court, charging that the jewelers had conspired to defraud his creditors.

Religious Notices on Page Twenty-three.

Quality First
Boston Garter

*The Sign of A Good Shop*

You may have confidence in the goods of a men's wear shop that recommends the

**Boston Garter**

George Frost Co., Makers, Boston

**Saks**

CLOTHES OF CUSTOM QUALITY

ANY man who speaks of the *here-there-and-everywhere* type of Ready-tailored Clothes in the same breath with the Saks-tailored Clothes, is bound to get winded.

$30 UP

**Saks & Company**

BROADWAY AT 34th STREET

**Stern Brothers**

WEST 42d ST. (Between Fifth and Sixth Ave.) WEST 43d ST.

*This Week In The Men's Clothing Section*

**A FEATURE VALUE—$30**

*In Fine Suits From The Kirschbaum Shops*

Representing at $30 a saving of at least a third

Copyright, 1919, A. B. Kirschbaum Company

THESE are long-yarn *all-wool* fabrics—shrunk by the London cold-water method. The tailorwork in every respect measures up to the fine standards of the *Kirschbaum* shops. The styles are of the true New York type—suggesting custom quietness and individuality.

*Flannels* *Cheviots*
*Blue Serges* *Worsteds*
*Unfinished Worsteds*

Kirschbaum Clothes—$25 to $50

*MEN'S SECTION—THIRD FLOOR*
Convenient Roomy Sun-Lit

**B. Altman & Co.**

MADISON AVENUE-FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK
Thirty-fourth Street Thirty-fifth Street

A BEGINNING-OF-MAY SALE
of
Men's Summer Furnishings

will be continued today (Saturday) on the First Floor

TELLING VALUES are offered in the items quoted below, all of which are marked at prices that are decidedly lower than those generally asked for merchandise of similar qualities.

**Men's Negligee Shirts**

Of fancy cotton fabrics, in many attractive patterns and colors . . $1.65

Of fine silk-and-cotton mixtures, fashionably striped . . . . . $2.95

**Men's Pajamas**

of fancy mercerized materials, in new stripe effects . . per suit $2.35

**Men's Underwear**

Sleeveless Coat Shirts of white corded or plaid madras; with Knee Drawers to match . . . per garment 75c.

Light-weight Balbriggan Shirts, sleeveless or with short or long sleeves; and Drawers to match, in knee or anke length per garment . . . . . 85c.

Athletic Union Suits of white plaid madras; sleeveless and knee length, per suit . . . . . $1.25

**Men's Silk Scarfs**

Open-end Four-in-hands, of excellent-quality silks, presenting a variety of new, effective designs and color blendings, 95c.

**Men's Handkerchiefs**

All-linen, hemstitched,
per dozen . . . $3.75 & 5.00
All-linen, initialed, per half-dozen, 2.10
Silk, in colored novelty effects, each 42c.

**Men's Silk Taffeta Umbrellas**

of fine quality, with handles of dark polished wood or real malacca, $4.85
(exclusive of War Revenue tax)

**Men's Walking Sticks**

of polished English dogwood, in light and dark tones . . . . . $2.00
(exclusive of War Revenue tax)

MEN'S BALTA OXFORDS

at $10.00 per pair

are specially featured on the Sixth Floor.

These Oxfords are made of all leather throughout, some of genuine shell cordovan in the rich dark brown shade, and others of selected full-grain cordovan-colored calfskin.

Three distinctive models are shown in the assortments, all of which represent very exceptional value.

**Monster Victory Loan Meeting**

Pershing's Own Band
Admiral Sims
Lt.-Col. Frank S. Evans, C.B.E., D.S.O., R.A.
Eminent Operatic Artists and Musical Comedy Stars
AT THE HIPPODROME
Sunday Evening, May 4th
at 8:15 o'Clock
NO SEATS HELD AFTER 8:30.

Tickets may be had on application at the Allied Theatrical Victory Loan Committee, 1587 Broadway; Liberty Loan Committee, Room 2534, 120 Broadway, or at the Hippodrome Box Office.

**Education for Life**

FRANCIS G. PEABODY

THE story of one of the most dramatic periods in American history—that of Hampton Institute (the 50th anniversary of which is now being celebrated) and the unfolding of educational ideas which during that half century have done more than any others to make America "safe for democracy." It is also a statement of the only sane solution of the race problem.

Net $2.50 at all bookstores

Doubleday, Page & Co.
Garden City New York

Cuticura For Baby's Tender Skin

All druggists; Soap 25. Ointment 25 and 50. Talcum 25. Sample each free of "Cuticura, Dept. T, Boston."


The Transatlantic Flight.
The Martinsyde biplane Raymer in a test flight along the shores of Quidi Vidi Lake, St. John's, N. F., photographed in the Rotogravure Picture Section of THE NEW YORK TIMES tomorrow.—Advt.

# COLLEGE AVIATORS WILL RACE TODAY

**Six Schools to be Represented in Contests for $12,000 in Prizes and Trophies.**

**SPORTING SPIRIT DOMINANT**

**Frenchman to Leap from Plane Going 80 Miles an Hour, 1,000 Feet Up, to Show Parachute.**

*Special to The New York Times.*

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., May 2.—Fliers representing institutions entered in the intercollegiate races, the first contests on the program of the Pan American Aeronautic Convention, arrived here today, ready for the flights to be held tomorrow. The university men, all of whom obtained their air training in the war service, are imbued with the same sort of spirit that marks a big football match, and "old grads" among the guests at the hotels are backing their alma maters in a way that suggests game afternoon in New Haven or Cambridge.

Six institutions have men on the ground for the contests which will decide the American collegiate air championship for the year, as well as divide about $12,000 in prizes and trophies. Harvard will be represented by Lieutenant H. Gregg and Ensign H. T. Dougherty; Columbia by R. M. Craigmyle, G. S. Lenstrand, M. G. Spooner, A. L. Tait, M. S. Martin, and E. L. Smith; Princeton by Ensign Charles H. Payne, U. S. N.; Amherst by Augustus Post and Lieutenant Ralph De Castro, U. S. A.; Boston Conservatory of Music by Lieutenant G. W. Shaw, U. S. N., and the University of California by Lieutenant Stewart Morgan, U. S. A.

Another feature of tomorrow's schedule will be a parachute jump from an airplane. The jump will be made by Lieutenant Jean Ors of the French Army, using a new parachute which he invented. Ors's contrivance when folded is of the size and appearance of a dinner plate with a napkin—the parachute's wings folded in the centre. The Frenchman will make his trial from the wing of a Curtiss plane 1,000 feet up and moving at not less than eighty miles an hour.

The parachute jump will be in competition for a prize of $500 offered by Mrs. Louis Bennet of New York, mother of Lieutenant Louis Bennet, an American flier killed when his machine dropped suddenly in France. Mrs. Bennet's idea in donating the prize was to encourage the invention of something that would render less likely accidents such as befell her son.

The following message was received this afternoon by Allan R. Hawley, President of the Aero Club of America, at the Hotel Traymore:

"I regret that absence from the country denies me the pleasure of being present at the second Pan American Aeronautic Convention. My visits and conferences with aeronautic experts of France, Italy and Great Britain convince me that the largest field of adventure and invention lies along the line of the further complete conquest of the air. Inasmuch as the first flight was made by Mr. Wright in America, I trust that the Government of our country and the citizens of America will heartily and earnestly advance this science which means so much to mankind. JOSEPHUS DANIELS."

Failure to schedule events for today prevented the fliers already here from taking advantage of ideal weather: warm and windless. Out at the airport, however, "Eddie" Stinson rather than disappoint the big crowd of curious persons, ran his Curtiss 90-horsepower machine out and cut loose with some acrobats. After making a fast circuit of the field he volplaned down and, with a quick dip, landed within a fifteen-foot circle whitewashed on the field. In order to demonstrate that his feat had not been simply chance, he made five other perfect landings in the same space.

### Spain Honors Mme. Curie.

MADRID, May 2.—King Alfonso, it is announced by the Minister of Public Education, has signed a decree awarding the Great Cross of the Civilian Order of Alfonso XIII. to Mme. Sklodowska Curie, the distinguished French scientist, chief professor in the Faculty of Sciences of the University of Paris. The King will probably confer the decoration personally upon Mme. Curie.

## BERLIN HAUGHTY TO BRITAIN

**Resents Demand for Re-establishment of Lettish Government.**

PARIS, May 2, (French Wireless Service.)—The British protest against the overthrow of the Lettish Provisional Government at Libau and demand that the situation at Libau be re-established have provoked a haughty reply from the German Government, according to advices from Berlin. The Germans are said to claim that the revolt in Libau was the work of Letts.

The Zwoelf Uhr Blatt of Berlin, however, declares the affair resulted from Pan German intrigue and was the work of German Barons in the Baltic provinces and their agents. The paper says that the money for the maintenance of the German troops at Libau and several other points in the East was supplied by the Barons. In concludes:

"It is surprising to see at a time when Germany manifests her desire for peace and wishes to prove that she has given up her former policy of intrigue that the game that led to her ruin is being kept up."

The Lettish Provisional Government in Libau was overthrown on April 16 by German and Baltic-German troops. The Lettish troops were disarmed and members of the Lettish Cabinet arrested. British warships were in the harbor of Libau at the time of the coup, but there have been no reports of a British protest. Lettish protests have met with refusal by the Germans.

## TELLS OF LABOR PARTY.

**Miss Macarthur Discusses New English Political Movement.**

Mary Macarthur, founder of the National Federation of Women Workers in Great Britain, a member of the Ministry of Munitions, and an officer of a number of other labor organizations of that country, was the guest of honor at a dinner given last night at the Hotel Pennsylvania by the Committee of Forty-eight. Miss Macarthur recounted briefly the rise of the British Labor Party, and then gave an exposition of the principles upon which it was founded.

James P. Boyle, President of the New York Stenographers and Accountants' Union, and Toscan Bennett of Connecticut spoke of the platform upon which the American Labor Party stands; Dudley Field Malone took as his topic "Liberalism in America," and Jared Van Wagenen, Jr., a farmer of Sawyersville, N. Y., made an address on "The American Farmer." Allen McCurdy introduced the Rev. Percy Stickney Grant of the Church of the Ascension as toastmaster.

Miss Macarthur traced the growth of the British Labor Party from "its father, the Trade Union Congress, from which it derived its sense of the necessity of conserving the material welfare of the worker, and its mother, the Independent Labor Party, from which it inherited its conception of the brotherhood of man, and its idealism."

"The British Labor Party," continued the speaker, "is founded upon two of the deepest human instincts, those of mother-love and of patriotism. Just as the mother dreams dreams for the greatness and nobility of her children, so the party dreams such dreams for the greatness and nobility of every mother's children. And we feel that the Labor Party is the most patriotic party in Great Britain, for it looks forward to and works toward the wisdom of its men, the beauty of its women, the health of its children, and the humanity of its laws. We have just finished a dreadful war, but now we are embarked upon another war, the war against poverty, disease and ignorance, and in waging that war with relentless energy we feel that we are doing the finest patriotic service."

## FEW CANDIDATES IN MEXICO.

**Luis Cabrera Denies Having Presidential Aspirations.**

MEXICO CITY, May 2.—Luis Cabrera, Secretary of the Treasury, announced, in a statement published today by El Universal that under no conditions would he accept the nomination for the presidency of Mexico in the campaign to be held next year.

Cabrera's announcement leaves only one civilian among those who have been mentioned prominently in connection with the Presidency who has not stated his position. He is Manuel Aguirre Berlanga, Secretary of the Interior, who is expected to issue a statement shortly. General Pablo Gonzales has returned vague replies to a similar question, while General Alvaro Obregon and General Salvador Alvarado, who are generally believed to have Presidential aspirations, have made no official announcement.

Religious Notices on Page Twenty-three.


# Stern Brothers

*West Forty-second and West Forty-third Streets*

## LATEST FICTION

*By popular authors—for Summer reading, in the Book Section on the Main Floor*

**Rusty Miller**—By Joslyn Gray.....
**The Red Signal**—By Grace L. H. Lutz } **$1.35**

**Against the Wind**—By Kate Jordan..
**Love Stories**—By Mary R. Rinehart...
**The Arrow of Gold**—By Joseph Conrad.
**The Soul of Ann Rutledge**—B. Babcock
**His Friend, Miss McFarlane**—K. L. Bosher } **$1.50**

**Midas and Son**—By Stephen McKenna
**The Secret City**—By Hugh Walpole..
**Undefeated**—By J. C. Snaith.....
**Rosy**—By Louis Dodge..... } **$1.60**

**Blind Alley**—By W. L. George.....
**Victorious**—By. R. W. Kauffman... } **$1.75**

***1919 Automobile Blue Books, $3.00***

Just published—telling how to reach any place that is accessible by automobile.

## THE BOUNDER

**By Arthur Hodges**

*A realistic picture of a new New York*

With a deftness that is positively uncanny, Arthur Hodges lifts the somewhat dingy roof of the Kilkenny apartment house and lets you watch the loves and hates, the dramas and the destinies of the unsuspecting inmates; a group that includes a successful publisher, two fancy dancers, a discouraged poet, a stenographer, two kinds of novelists, a plump musician—and mysterious Dora.

The scene of THE BOUNDER is neither in Greenwich Village nor on Fifth Avenue. It's just middle class New York with a dash of Bohemia. Read it! You will enjoy its humor, its keen psychology, and its deft treatment of love. Its price is $1.60 net at any bookstore.

16 E. 40th St. HOUGHTON MIFFLIN COMPANY New York

*Compare! You'll Come Here John David White Oxford Shirts At Only $2.75*

COMPARISON will prove that a White Oxford Shirt of a quality on a parity with this is sold for more all 'round town. The low price, $2.75, is characteristic of my habitual moderate-margin policy.

It is a close-woven, basket-weave cloth of finest Egyptian combed cotton. It washes soft; it stays white; it doesn't get linty; its weave repels dust; it tires the laundry out; it pairs off with any color suit or cravat.

Nothing out-of-the-ordinary for a man to lay in half a dozen of these long-wearing White Oxford Shirts, a Summer's supply for town and country.

JOHN DAVID
STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES
Broadway at 32nd Street

*Compare! You'll Come Here John David Blue Flannel Double-Breasted Suits, $45*

BLUE is Blue, but there are Blues and Blues. Mine is deep-tone, rich-grained, fast-dye Blue Flannel of soft-shear, fine-fibre pure wool. It takes to needle and thread just as a dolphin takes to the deep.

Every modish quirk of 1919, including the high-arched waist-line; the close-clipped shoulders; the pointed lapel ears; the longish vent; the rippling drape which curves without confining; ¼ lined; silk sleeves.

Comparison is so convenient to make around Greeley Square, and so conclusive in result. If you'll simply compare, you'll surely come here.

JOHN DAVID
STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES
Broadway at 32nd Street



*Store Open 9 A. M. to 5:30 P. M.*

# Gimbel Brothers

32nd ST.—BROADWAY—33rd ST.

*Store Open 9 A. M. to 5:30 P. M.*

# Men's Clothes With Spring Flavor In Unusually Broad Variety

**$35, $40, $45, $50, $60**

Broad variety of materials; broad variety of shades and colorings; broad variety of styles, sizes, ideas. In other words, Gimbel Clothes are intended to please everybody, if such a thing is possible.

Here are suits from twenty-five leading tailoring establishments, the pick of each line. They should fit every taste in the metropolitan district.

## Men's Suits at $29.50

A group chosen for its particularly good style to enliven the interest today and tomorrow. This season's new one, two and three button styles, including the attractive waist line models, and some new double-breasted ideas. Plain blue, plain brown, dark worsteds, and fancy mixtures. All sizes.

## Military Clothing

***At "Armistice" Prices***

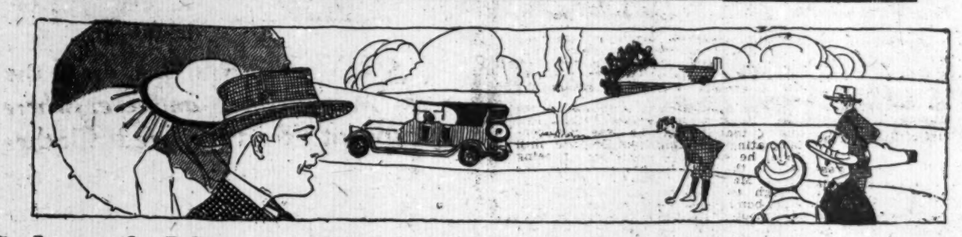
The end of the war has not ended military service by a long shot, but it has certainly sent down prices in the Gimbel Stocks.

Trench Coats—Officers' Raincoats and Army Suits

Suitable for Motoring, Hiking and Camping—besides being attractive to men in service.

At Considerably Reduced Prices.

GIMBELS MEN'S CLOTHING STORE—Fourth Floor.



## Sale of Men's Tweed Hats *Special Purchase* $1.95 *Great for Sport Wear*

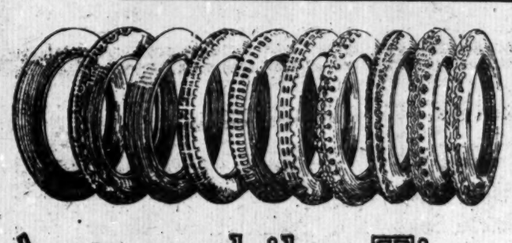
*Hats such as these are generally sold at two and three times the price.*

We have often sold tweed hats at prices so low that dealers themselves were paying more. In fact we believe Gimbels Men's Hat Store sells more tweed hats at a price than any other store. And this sale is merely another demonstration of superiority.

These hats were bought from one of the oldest houses making fine Tweed Hats. They are retiring from business. Hence this special purchase and specially low price.

An ideal hat for sport wear. Stands any amount of rough usage, yet always looks right.

GIMBELS MEN'S HAT SECTION—Fourth Floor



## Automobile Tires and Tubes

**At About ⅓ Below List Price**

Demonstration of superiority by the Gimbels Auto Supply Store—"Those Who Know, Buy Tires at Gimbels"

### Keystone—Batavias

**All Firsts—Fully Guaranteed**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 30 x 3 | Batavias | CL. NS. | $12.95 |
| 30 x 3½ | Batavias | CL. NS. | 17.80 |
| 32 x 3½ | Batavias | SS. NS. | 19.25 |
| 31 x 4 | Batavias | CL. NS. | 25.80 |
| 32 x 4 | Batavias | SS. NS. | 26.20 |
| 33 x 4 | Batavias | SS. NS. | 27.50 |
| 34 x 4 | Batavias | SS. NS. | 28.10 |
| 35 x 4½ | Batavias | SS. NS. | 38.95 |
| 36 x 4½ | Batavias | SS. NS. | 39.55 |
| 37 x 5 | Batavias | SS. NS. | 48.50 |

### Napeers 30 x 3½

Firsts—Fully guaranteed — Clincher, Non-Skid. Made by the Napeer Tire & Rubber Co. of Akron, Ohio.

**$14.95** About ⅓ below list price

### Red and Grey Rubber Tubes

*Fully Guaranteed—All Sizes.*

| | |
|---|---|
| Tubes smaller than 32x3½ | $2.45 |
| Larger tubes up to 37x5 | 2.95 |

GIMBELS AUTO SUPPLY STORE—Fourth Floor

## May Sale of Fiction

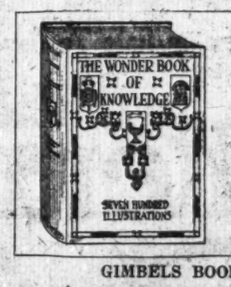
***35c ea.; 3 for $1.00***

**Savings of 50%—and More**

Just in time to provide for your summer reading and that of the boys who are still in hospitals, come these original editions—not reprints—all fresh and new. Here are some of the titles from which you may choose:

Rhymes of Home-folks
College Sons
In After Days
Missing Pearls
Camping on Lakes
Liberty Hall
Hearts Undaunted
Biography of a Boy
Nothing a Year
Wallace Rhodes
Jan—A Dog
Squire Phinn
Miss Betty of New York
Nobody's
Very Small Person
Sojourner
The Bachelors
Peace and Quiet
The Gambler
Dragoman
Lady Rose's Daughter
Blind Spot
Masks of Love
The Married Miss Worth
Just Around the Corner
Glamourie
Letter of Contract
The Plunderers
Wall Street Stories
Trail of the Hawk
The Job
Fair Irish Maid
Credit of the Sea
Incredible Honeymoon
Home Place
Nine-tenths
Olympian
The Lever
Storm
R. J.'s Mother
Romance of Ali
H. R.

**Also a Sale of Thousands of Volumes of Travel, History, Gardening, Fiction and Some School Books 15c Each —Savings of 75%—and More**




**The Wonder Book of Knowledge, $1.95**

which contains in a compact, well-bound volume of 605 pages, with over 700 illustrations, an account of the Marvels of Modern Industry and Invention; the Interesting Story of Common Things; the Processes of Nature, simply explained. Altogether an invaluable book for young and old.

GIMBELS BOOK SECTION—Main Floor

# SURVEYS CHURCHES IN HOUSING DRIVE

## Rent Committee Agent Inspects Buildings Offered for the Use of Evicted Tenants.

## PLACES FOR 1,200 APPROVED

### Estimate That Methodist Institutions Can Accommodate 8,000 Persons if Necessary.

Captain Charles A. Goldsmith, late of the United States Navy, who was appointed by Nathan Hirsch, Tax Commissioner and Chairman of the Mayor's Committee on Rent Profiteering, to make a survey of the available Methodist Episcopal Churches in New York City to be thrown open to the 3,000 or more tenants who will probably be evicted on Monday, when the stays granted by the Municipal Court Judges on Thursday expire, yesterday afternoon reported that he had inspected the following churches, that they were ready for immediate occupancy, and that from a sanitary standpoint they were altogether acceptable:

Prospect Avenue Church—Prospect Avenue and Macy Place, the Bronx. The Rev. E. P. Dent in charge.

Willis Avenue Church—141st Street and Willis Avenue, the Bronx. The Rev. Zeiter in charge.

Centenary Church—160th Street and Washington Avenue, the Bronx. The Rev. Dr. Crespell in charge.

Tremont Methodist Church—178th Street and Washington Avenue, the Bronx. The Rev. F. L. Wilson in charge.

St. James Methodist Church—126th Street and Madison Avenue, Manhattan. The Rev. C. C. Marshall in charge.

Colored Church (Salem Church)—102-104 West 133d Street, Manhattan. The Rev. Cullen in charge.

The combined accommodations of these churches will place a roof over at least 1,200 persons. In every instance Capt. Goldsmith reported that the pastors in charge showed unbounded enthusiasm in the opportunity they were being given to demonstrate the Church's desire to practice Christianity. In the case of the Rev. F. L. Wilson of the Tremont Church, he said the pastor offered the use of the church cushions if the people could find nothing else to sleep on. There is no probability of the need for this, as Capt. Goldsmith is already assured of the co-operation of the navy officials and the practical certainty of their supplying cots and bedding for all those who find it impossible to bring their own with them. In no case will the main halls of the churches be used, but the cots will be placed in the Sunday School rooms, the parish houses, or other meeting rooms. Where there is a family with several children, all the members will be placed in one of the small classrooms, and every effort will be made to guarantee as much privacy as possible.

It is estimated that of the fifty-nine churches and other institutions in the city under the control of the board, thirty-five of them will lend themselves to the work of sheltering evicted tenants, and that they will accommodate as many as 8,000 if necessary. The complete facilities of the churches have been turned over to the Mayor's Committee on Rent Profiteering without any stipulations as to payment or with any conditions as to the use to which the buildings are to be put.

Another possibility which the Joint Centenary Board suggests is the use of adjoining vacant lots owned by some of the churches and much other unimproved property owned by the board and upon which tents might easily be erected.

The Joint Centenary Committee is raising $105,000,000 for mission work at home and abroad, and in its letter to Chairman Hirsch said that the plan to open its churches to the homeless was in line with its welfare program. In accepting, Chairman Hirsch said, the proposal was the finest civic step yet taken toward the alleviation of present housing conditions and was an evidence of practical religion. Bishop Luther B. Wilson is head of the Methodist Church in this city, and the Rev. Millard L. Robinson is Executive Secretary of the New York City Societies of the Methodist Episcopal churches, which controls the properties of most of the Methodist churches in the city.

Letters of complaint continued to pour in on the Mayor's Committee yesterday, but evidence taken during the examinations which were continued before Commissioner of Accounts Hirschfield tended to show that the work of the committee was beginning to bear fruit. Abraham Goodman of 440 Hopkinson Avenue, Brooklyn, who is a member of the Landlords' Protective Association, testified that since the investigation of rent raising had been begun by the committee, he had settled with all his tenants and had given each of them a lease for a year, although he had originally dispossessed twenty-two of them.

At the office of the Greater New York Tenants' League it was announced that thousands of requests for advice had been received, and that it had come to their notice that some landlords were demanding even more than increased rents. As an example, the League gave out this statement:

The following is a notice sent by a Mr. Polonsky, owner of 764 East 161st Street, Bronx, to each of his tenants in the premises:

NOTICE TO TENANTS.

I hereby demand $5 of each tenant in security that their children do not dirty up the halls or stoop or commit any nuisance such as:

1. Throwing pieces of apple or paper in the halls or on the stoop.
2. Throwing orange or any other fruit peels in the halls or on the stoop.
3. Chalking, cutting, or scratching walls in hall or stoop.
4. Whistling or making loud noises in the halls.

Anyone caught doing any of the above things will have to forfeit the $5, and will also be dispossessed. This $5 must be paid by the 25th of April or you will have to move on the 1st day of May.

By order of the landlord,
P. POLONSKY.

Morris Gisnet, counsel to the league, advised the tenants to disregard this notice, and said that it practically constitutes an attempt to extort money from the tenants and to impose a penalty before a wrong has been committed without due process of law.

The New York State Reconstruction Commission announced yesterday that sixty-five students of Columbia University were working on the block survey of city housing, now being made by the commission. They are canvassing the San Juan district under the direction of Mrs. Frederick Ackermann of the Woman's Municipal League, which is one of the thirty organizations that are co-operating with the commission on its investigation of living conditions in New York City.

### False Jobless Men Deceive Berlin.

A report from Berlin recently received in London said that the Berlin office for the relief of the unemployed had asserted that no less than 20 per cent. of the relief being paid out had been found to be based on false claims. It was declared that in Berlin alone the Government was thus being cheated out of more than $1,500,000 monthly.

# CARRANZA DECIDES TO GUARD RAILWAYS

## Blockhouses to be Erected at Frequent Intervals Along All Mexico's Lines.

## REBEL ATTACKS INCREASE

### Caravo, One of Orozco's Old Lieutenants, Said to Have Become Zapata's Successor.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 2.—Renewed activities of rebels in North and South Mexico, especially the damage caused by their attacks on railroad trains and roadbeds, have caused the Carranza Government to embark upon a new policy of guarding the roads, according to advices reaching Washington through official channels today. Blockhouses are to be built at frequent intervals on all the lines, and heavy guards of soldiers are to be detailed to each. This may call for a revision of the budget, it is reported, which in the estimates for the year 1919, made public a few weeks ago, provided a total of 134,077,716 pesos, out of a budget of 203,491,610 pesos, for the military establishment.

Twenty-five persons were killed recently, including seven passengers, in the holdup and dynamiting of a train between Jalapa and Puebla. Rebels entered the city of Vera Cruz early in the evening, robbed a store and carried away the wife of the owner of the store. Villistas in the north have become so active that Federal troops there have found it hard to cope with them, and reinforcements have been sent north from Mexico City. On the Isthmus line in the south, between Sierra Blanca and Santa Lucrecia, at El Burro, a junction point of importance, the rebels recently shot up a train and killed six of the passengers and crew.

In the Jalapa-Puebla line holdup the rebels were led by Marcello Caravo, one of Orozco's old lieutenants, who has made his way to the south and is operating about Puebla. According to reports he is believed to have become the successor of Zapata, recently reported killed by Federal troops.

Religious Notices on Page Twenty-three.


## Now, she can romp

**AT the beginning of Spring, this father was worried about his little girl's failing health. A business friend advised him to try Gude's Pepto-Mangan. He did so, with really remarkable results. Soon color crept back into the wan cheeks, the listless eyes took on the sparkle of renewed health, and body and brain recovered their zest for study and play.**

**Gude's Pepto-Mangan**

*"The Red Blood Builder"*

It's the ideal tonic for Spring—not a mere temporary booster, but a real appetizer, blood builder and purifier. It helps to build the body by building the blood. It supplies the red blood cells with the elements they need to increase their power to carry nourishment to all the body cells and tissues. Pepto-Mangan is easy to digest, exceedingly pleasant to taste. Universally prescribed by the medical profession for the weak and run-down of all ages and conditions.

*Pepto-Mangan is made only by*
M. J. BREITENBACH COMPANY
Manufacturing Chemists, New York

FRIENDLY WARNING
There is only one Pepto-Mangan and that is Gude's. Sold in bottle and package as shown here. Sold by druggists everywhere.

# Why Italy Defied America's Peace Ideals

With rare foresight more than two years ago a German newspaper, the Bremen *Weser Zeitung*, named the Adriatic question as "the surest source of future discord within the ranks of the present Allies." Its prophecy was vindicated in startling fashion on April 23rd, when President Wilson gave to the world his reasons for opposing Italy's claims to the Adriatic port of Fiume, and Premier Orlando, protesting that the President's statement "ruins everything," quit the Peace Conference.

The leading article in THE LITERARY DIGEST this week makes clear all the points in this latest development. It shows what Italy is striving for, who is opposing her and why; it explains the positions of Lloyd-George, Clemenceau, and President Wilson; it presents all shades of public opinion in the countries concerned.

Other striking articles in this big, interesting number of "The Digest" are:

## The New Danger of a Russo-German Alliance

**What May Happen If the Associated Powers Fail to Deal Successfully With Russia**

**Our Pledge to Aid France**
**Korea's Struggle For Independence**
**Plain Speech From Salvador**
**One Uncrippled Industry in Belgium**
**Learning to Do Without Eyes**
**Explosion-proof Gasoline Tanks**
**Literature in Modern Italy**
**War-Work of the Knights of Columbus**
**Syrians in the United States**
**Personal Glimpses of Men and Events**
**Uncle Sam As a "Mandatary" Ruler**
**How to Keep Our Ships on the Ocean**
**Germany Begging For Her Colonies**
**Airplane Engines For Autos**
**Coal and Oil Wedded in a New Fuel**
**Brangwyn As a Poster Artist**
**Why Tragedy No Longer Struts**
**The Bishop of Oxford's Despair of the League**
**Best of the Current Poetry**
**News of Finance and Commerce**

*Many Interesting Illustrations, Including Humorous Cartoons*

## Pathé, Famous Film Company, Cooperates With "The Digest"

On and after May 4th, the famous Pathe Exchange, Inc., with its ramifications extended into every section of the world, will cooperate with THE LITERARY DIGEST to show "The Literary Digest Topics of the Day" film in the many B. F. Keith vaudeville theatres and in the foremost motion picture houses. This feature has already found its way into hundreds of representative theatres and its popularity can best be judged by the fact that it has retained a prominent place in each week's program for many months past. A running fire of laughter and applause is created by the entertainment, which consists of witty and satirical comments on men and events and "punch" paragraphs dealing with political, social and other foibles of the hour, selected by "The Digest" from the press of the world. The Pathe organization will be the medium through which it will be shown on the screen to millions of men and women who have not yet enjoyed it.

**May 3d Number on Sale To-day—All News-dealers—10 Cents**

'Tis a Mark of Distinction to Be a Reader of The Literary Digest

# The Literary Digest

FUNK & WAGNALLS COMPANY (Publishers of the Famous NEW Standard Dictionary), NEW YORK



# INVEST!

## The 4¾% Notes of the Victory Liberty Loan bear the highest rate of interest carried by any United States Government security issued since the Civil War period.

In addition to the attractive interest rate, the 4¾ per cent. Victory Notes are exempt from all State and local taxes, except estate and inheritance taxes, and from the normal Federal income tax. The exemption from the normal tax makes the 4¾ per cent. income from Victory Notes equal to a 4.95 per cent. income from taxable investments (in the case of individuals subject to the lowest tax rates) and to a 6.15 per cent. income (in the case of individuals subject to the highest tax rates).

The 3¾ per cent. Victory Notes, into which the 4¾ per cent. Notes may be converted (in addition to exemption from State and local taxes, except estate and inheritance taxes), are wholly exempt from both the normal Federal tax and the surtax. This exemption makes the 3¾ per cent. income from this class of Victory Notes equal to a 3.94 per cent. income from fully taxable investments (in the case of individuals subject to the lowest 1919 rate of surtax). The desirability increases with the rate of surtax paid and (in the case of individuals subject to the highest 1919 rate of surtax) the return from the 3¾ per cent. notes is equal to a 13.89 per cent. income from fully taxable investments.

Individuals to whom the question of taxation is important should apply for the pamphlet "Tax Exemption Features of the Victory Loan," issued by the Liberty Loan Committee.

The Liberty Loan Committee has established a bureau of tax experts at its offices, 120 Broadway, to advise subscribers to Victory Notes, without charge, how to avail themselves fully of the exemptions accorded by the Victory Loan Act.

## Let's Finish the Job—with This

# Victory Liberty Loan

This space contributed to Help Finish the Job by

American Exchange National Bank
Atlantic National Bank of the City of New York
American Trust Co.
Bank of America
Bank of Cuba in New York
Bank of Europe
Bank of the Manhattan Co.
Bank of New York, National Banking Association
Bank of the United States
Bankers Trust Company
Bank of Washington Heights
Battery Park National Bank of New York
Bowery Bank of New York
Broadway Central Bank
Brooklyn Trust Company
Bryant Park Bank
Central Mercantile Bank of New York
Central Union Trust Co. of New York
Chase National Bank
Chatham & Phenix National Bank of New York
Chelsea Exchange Bank
Chemical National Bank
Citizens' National Bank of New York
Coal & Iron National Bank of the City of New York
Colonial Bank
Columbia Bank
Columbia Trust Co.
Commercial Exchange Bank
Commercial Trust Co. of New York
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Continental Bank
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Fifth Avenue Bank of New York
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Fulton Trust Company of New York
Garfield National Bank
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National Butchers & Drovers Bank
National City Bank of New York
National Park Bank of New York
New Netherland Bank of New York
New York County National Bank
New York Produce Exchange Bank
New York Trust Company
Pacific Bank
Public National Bank of New York
Scandinavian Trust Co.
Seaboard National Bank
Second National Bank of the City of N. Y.
Sherman National Bank
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United States Trust Company of New York
W. R. Grace & Co.'s Bank
Yorkville Bank

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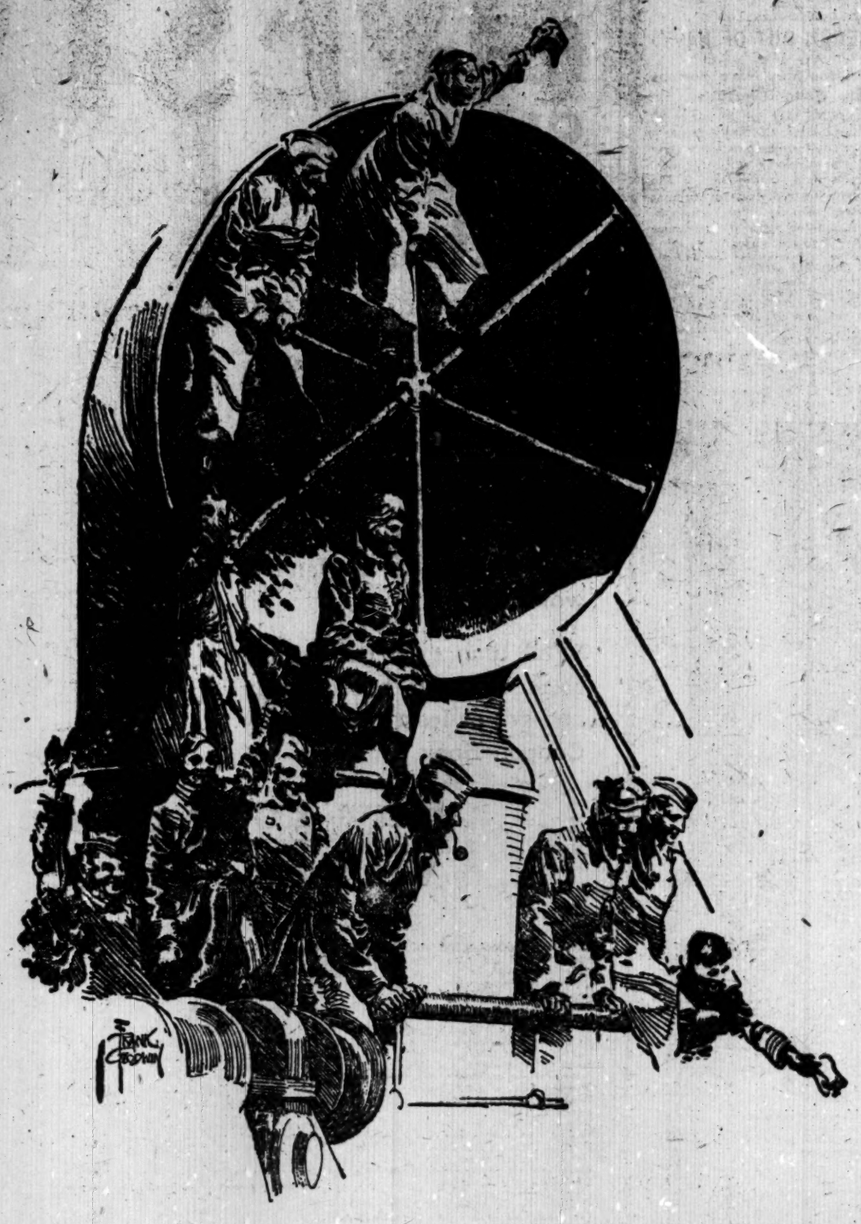

# "Next Stop: Hoboken"

**Thousands of parents, wives and friends cannot get to New York to see their boys land—yet all are anxious to know how the boys feel; what they say; how they act; what are their home-coming thoughts; how they are handled. So Edna Ferber went on one of the big transports, talked with the boys and rode from the dock with them. You feel you are with our boys: she makes you see the picture.**

# "Honest, Folks: They're Doin' Nothin' For Me"

**That's what our wounded boys write home. Is it true? We have the right to know. Every father and mother who has a wounded boy in hospital here or over there: every parent whose boy may get sick over there: every citizen who has the interests of our brave boys at heart should know. Here is the story—not from hearsay, but direct from the source.**

*The May Ladies' Home Journal*

# Over Two Million Copies

## 15 cents

THE CURTIS PUBLISHING COMPANY PHILADELPHIA PENNSYLVANIA

# TOTAL CASUALTIES NOW UP TO 287,796

## Pershing Reports 236 More Army Casualties, Making Total for That Branch 281,846.

## 63 DEAD IN THE LATEST LIST

### 178 Wounded Also Named—No Marine Corps List Is Given Out.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 2.—One army casualty list, which contained 236 names, was issued at the War Department today, bringing the total for the army up to 281,846. This total includes 5,434 prisoners released from German prison camps and returned to the American Expeditionary Forces. No Marine Corps casualty list was issued today, but the total previously announced for that arm was 5,960. The total for the army and Marine Corps is now 287,796.

**Summary of Army Casualties to Date.**

| | Previously Reported. | Reported May 2. | Total. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Killed in action.. | 32,150 | 0 | 32,150 |
| Lost at sea..... | 733 | 0 | 733 |
| Died of wounds.. | 13,469 | 0 | 13,469 |
| Died of accident.. | 4,575 | 25 | 4,600 |
| Died of disease.. | 22,884 | 38 | 22,922 |
| Total ..... | 73,820 | 63 | 73,883 |
| Wounded (85% returned to duty) | 199,122 | 173 | 199,295 |
| Missing and prisoners (not including prisoners released and returned) ..... | 4,134 | 4 | 4,134 |
| Prisoners released and returned..... | 4,534 | 0 | 4,534 |
| Total .....281,610 | | 236 | 281,846 |

The following abbreviations are used to indicate rank and the nature of the casualty:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Gen. | General. | Corp. | Corporal. |
| Col. | Colonel. | Bgl. | Bugler. |
| Maj. | Major. | Mch. | Mechanic. |
| Capt. | Captain. | Wagn. | Wagoner. |
| Lt. | Lieutenant. | Mus. | Musician. |
| Sgt. | Sergeant. | Hrs. | Horseshoer. |

(DA) Died from Accident or other Cause.
(DD) Died from Disease.
(DP) Died from Airplane Accident.
(DW) Died from Wounds.
(KA) Killed in Action.
(LS) Lost at Sea.
(MA) Missing in Action.
(P) Prisoner.
(RD) Returned to Duty.
(WL) Wounded Slightly.
(WS) Wounded Severely.
(WU) Wounded. (Degree Undetermined.)

The names for which no rank is indicated are those of privates. The list is given in full for the States of New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut; in other States the names of only the dead are given.

### *Casualties.*

**NEW YORK CITY.**

BANAWALKAR, R. N., 82 E. 108th St.(WL)
BARR, J., 666 Howard Av., Bkyn.(WL)
BARBER, J. E., 391 Jefferson Av., Bkn.(DD)
BARRY, J., 149 W. 97th St.—Sgt.....(WL)
BAUER, T., 547 W. 50th St.).....(WL)
BELL, J., 696 9th Av.—Corp.....(WL)
BIDWELL, L. A., 157 West St., Bkyn.(WU)
BLINN, H. B., 977 Jefferson Av., Bkn.(WU)
HEINLEIN, J. H., 605 Liberty Av., Bn.(WL)
MILLER, W. S., 26 Joralemon St., Bkn.(WL)
NAUGHTON, J. F., 353 3d Av.—Corp.(WU)
NEUMAN, A., 1,575 Bathgate Av.....(DA)
RAO, L., 241 E. 113th St.—Bugler....(WL)
RIGNEY, H. J., 66 W. 104th St.....(DD)
ROBINSON, L. D., 1,145 Fox St—Corp.(WL)

**NEW YORK STATE.**

BAKER, L., Plattsburg.....(WL)
BOYLE, J. M., Whitestone—Corp.....(WL)
HENRIKSON, F. A., Milford.....(WL)
KOPETSKY, S., 110 Beebe Av., L. I. C.(DA)
MOREY, H., Pauling.....(WU)
REINDL, G., Buffalo—Corp.....(WU)
TONTODONATO, P., Peekskill.....(DA)
VAN PELT, C. W., 2,270 Richmond Terrace, Fort Richmond; S. I.—Sgt.....(WL)
WEBB, A., Bernhards.....(WL)
WEBB, H. C., South Fallsburg.....(WU)
WEHRLE, H. J., Rochester—Corp.....(WU)
WILBER, W. H., Tully.....(WL)
WILLIAMS, R. H., 25 Summerfield Place, Mariners Harbor, S. I.—Bglr...(WU)

**CONNECTICUT.**

RIEDERICH, G. A., New Haven—Corp.(WL)

**NEW JERSEY.**

NELSON, O. A., Jersey City:.....(WL)
ROBENO, A., Paterson.....(WU)

**OTHER STATES.**

ABORN, G., Fall River, Mass.....(DD)
BENEFIELD, C., Caddo, Okla.—Corp...(DA)
BEISNER, P. W., Steeleville, Ill.—Wgn.(DD)
BLOCHBERGER, E. R., Leavenworth, Kan.—Corp.....(DA)
BUCK, F. S., Columbus, Ohio—Corp....(DD)
BUTTS, G., Columbus, Ga.....(DD)
CHISOLM, R., Jr., Round, S. C.....(DD)
COWPER, W. L., St. Paul, Minn.—Lt..(DD)
CURRY, J., Raysville, Ga.....(DD)
DELL, T. B., Dryad, Wash.....(DD)
DICKEY, L. A., Pittsburgh, Penn.....(DA)
DIXON, W. M., East Lemon, Penn.....(DD)
DOLLAR, ., Hodges, Ala.....(DA)
DRURY, G. ., Shabbona, Ill—Wgn.....(DD)
ELLISON, C. C., Jamestown, Kan.....(DA)
ESLER, W. L., Paulding, Ohio.....(DD)
GRIFFEN, C., Philadelphia, Penn.....(DA)
HAIGH, E. D., Homewood, Ill.....(DD)
HANSEN, C. A., Sedgwick, Colo.—Sgt..(DD)
HURLEY, R. P., Detroit, Mich.....(DD)
JAMESON, J., McNeil, Ark.....(DD)
JOHNSON, J. C., Ravenswood, Chicago.(DD)
LANG, C. E. O., E. Akron, Ohio—Sgt..(DA)
LAUGHLIN, T. G., Grand Forks, N. D.—Corp .....(DA)
LINDSEY, T., Malvern, Ark.....(DD)
LINNET, A. B., San Francisco, Cal....(DA)
LOWE, E. D., Minneapolis, Minn.....(DD)
McCLELLAND, N. D., Bad Axe, Mich.—Corp.....(DD)
McGOWAN, N. A., De Soto, Iowa—Mch.....(DD)
MAGNON, G. A., New Orleans, La.....(DA)
MANN, W., Washington, Ohio.—Sgt....(DD)
MIDILI, A., Philadelphia, Penn.....(DD)
MYERS, R. F., Valleton, Cal.—Corp....(DA)
NASH, A. W., Omaha, Neb.....(DD)
NEARING, G. A., Toledo, Ohio.—Corp..(DA)
NOVELLO, L., Lawrence, Mass.....(DA)
PERUE, L. R., Malvern, Ia.....(DD)
PERKINS, A. B., Haverhill, Mass.....(DD)
RASCOE, C. C., Ft. Worth, Tex.....(DD)
RIEDL, J. W., Spearville, Kan.....(DA)
ROBBINS, D., West Newton, Ind.....(DD)
ROBINSON, P., Des Moines, Ia.—Cook.(DD)
RUSSELL, G. L., Oconto, Wis.....(DD)
SCHIPPER, P., Cedar Grove, Wis.....(DD)
SCOTT, C. R., Philadelphia, Penn.—Corp.....(DA)
SMITH, E. S., Kansas City, Mo.—Sgt...(DA)
STUTLER, R. M., Charleston, W. Va..(DD)
SWIHART, V. C., Clio, Mich.—Lt....(DA)
SWANSON, C. W., Galesburg, Ill....(DD)
TONEY, E. L., Ingham, Mich.....(DD)
UTTERBACK, R. G., Quincy, Ill.....(DD)
WIVELL, P. R., Shelton, Wash.....(DD)
WORTHY, R., Meigs, Ga.—Corp.....(DA)

### *Revised Casualties.*

**NEW YORK CITY.**

| | Now Rptd. | Prev. Rptd. |
|---|---|---|
| ANDERSON, A. S., 436 E. 136th St.....(KA) | | (MA) |
| BERRY, C., 223 Tremont, Av.—Sgt.....(RD) | | (MA) |
| MAHER, J., 9,500 Ft. Hamilton Parkway, Brooklyn, erroneously | | (DW) |
| NELSON, J., 51 Horatio St.....(RD) | | (MA) |
| RONGA, L., 306 W. 60th St.....(RD) | | (MA) |

**NEW YORK STATE.**

McCOMBS, T. N., Poughkeepsie.(RD) (MA)
PADULA, N., Green Island.....(RD) (MA)

**OTHER STATES.**

ANDERSON, A. H., Omaha, Neb.(KA) (MA)
BRADLEY, J. N., Chester, Penn.(KA) (D)
CARRIERO, M., Cleveland, Ohio.(RD) (DD)
COOPER, C. M., Moro, Ill.—Corp.....(KA) (D)
DOWNS, N., Jr., Three Tuns, Penn.—Lt. .....(D) (MA)
MALESKI, A., Duluth, Minn.—Corp.....(KA) (D)
MULHAM, D. P., Kalamazoo, Mich.....(KA) (D)
MILLER, H., Big Sandy, Mon...(D) (MA)
MULLIGAN, R. H., Wausau, Wis.....(D) (MA)
PHILLIPS, W. O., Wheeling, W. Va.....(KA) (MA)
SABOL, J., Anson, Me.....(KA) (MA)
SMITH, C. W., Etowah, N. C.—Corp.....(KA) (MA)
STRENG, L. A., Newark, N. J..(KA) (D)
STUBLICK, T., New London, Conn.....(RD) (MA)
THOMAS, N. T., Chicago.....(D) (MA)
VIEW, C., St. Joseph, Mo.—Corp.....(KA) (MA)

### Yale Beats Harvard in 'Dry' Debate.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., May 2.—By a two to one decision of the judges the Yale affirmative debating team was adjudged winner over the Harvard negative team here tonight in one leg of the annual Yale-Harvard-Princeton debate. The question discussed was whether the prohibition amendment to the Constitution should be repealed.

## FOUR TROOPSHIPS ON WAY.

### Two for New York, One for Boston, One for Newport News.

WASHINGTON, May 2.—Transport sailings were announced today as follows:

The Giuseppe Verdi, due at New York May 12, has on board the 78th Division Theatrical Unit, 303d Mobile Ordnance Repair Shop, 20th Field Artillery, 1,108th Air Service Squadron, 660th Aero Squadron, and eight casual officers.

The Peerless will arrive at Philadelphia about May 15 with headquarters, ordnance, and medical detachments, Companies A, B, C, and D of the 10th Machine Gun Battalion; headquarters of the 1st, 2d and 3d Battalions, sanitary, ordnance, and veterinary detachments; Batteries A to F, inclusive, of the 108th Field Artillery, and a detachment of Company M, 110th Infantry.

The battleship Georgia is due at Boston May 12 with the 121st Field Artillery less a detachment.

NEWPORT NEWS, Va., May 2.—About 1,300 officers and men of the 35th Division, former Missouri and Kansas National Guardsmen, are leaving debarkation camps here today for camps nearest their homes. Troops originally of the Arkansas, Louisiana, and Mississippi National Guard, 39th Division, part of the 114th Engineers, arrived here today on the battleship Nebraska, which brought 1,215 officers and men.

## RAINBOW DIVISION LOSSES.

### Only About 35 Per Cent. of Original Force Returned with It.

WASHINGTON, May 2.—Only about 35 per cent. of the more than 22,000 men composing the 42d (Rainbow) Division as it returned from France were members of the original division as organized at Camp Mills to embark for the front. Practically all these men, it was learned today, have been wounded or otherwise incapacitated during the months of service. They had been returned from the hospitals and rest camps to the division, and when it received orders for home a special effort was made by the division staff to get together all the original Rainbow personnel who had survived the rigors of the campaign.

The activity of the division during the fighting is shown by the number of replacement troops which passed through its muster rolls in that period. This number is placed by officers of the division at approximately 67,000 men, against the full strength of 27,500.

## COMMENDED FOR BRAVERY.

### Three Navy Men Are Cited by Acting Secretary Roosevelt.

WASHINGTON, May 2.—Acting Secretary Roosevelt has commended Chief Machinist's Mate William P. Parker of Richmond, Va.; Coxswain A. O. Stein of Kenosha, Wis., and Yeoman Merle E. Hagen of North Mankato, Minn., for devotion to duty and for displaying initiative and bravery.

Parker rescued a man who threw himself overboard from a ferry in the Delaware River, while Stein was recommended for a life-saving medal for rescuing a yard mechanic who fell overboard while laden with tools. Hagen saved the records and funds aboard the U. S. S. Lake Erie when that vessel sank after a collision with the U. S. S. Hazelbranch, near Cardiff, Wales, Jan. 16 last.

## FIND 100,000 WAR CRIPPLES.

### More Than Half Are Now Registered for New Vocational Training.

WASHINGTON, May 2.—Rapid progress in reaching soldiers, sailors, and marines who received such disabilities in the war that vocational retraining is required is reported in a statement today by the Federal Board for Vocational Education. Already 57,611 cases have been registered, and contact with more than 40,000 additional cases has been established.

A majority of the cases registered came through the hospitals, the War Risk Insurance Bureau, and the Red Cross. In 32,730 cases preliminary surveys to establish a course suitable to the man, and one which he personally desires to follow, have been made, says the statement, and in a large number actual training has begun.

## BLOCK MURDERERS' ATTEMPT TO ESCAPE

### Two Italian Prisoners Give the Alarm When Four Long-Term Men Try to Scale Wall.

### HID ROPE LADDER IN RUBBISH

### Trenton Captives Who Prevented Delivery Are Severely Beaten Before Guards Come to Rescue.

TRENTON, N. J., May 2.—Two Italian prisoners at the New Jersey State Prison late this afternoon prevented the escape from that institution of three murderers and one prisoner serving thirty years for intent to kill. The Italians, whose names are withheld by Principal Keeper Mulheron, will be recommended to the Pardons Board for paroles. The men who nearly gained their freedom were Charles Evans of Essex County, who murdered a policeman and citizen; Robert Sheridan of Hudson County, convicted of intent to kill; George Gardner of Somerset County, serving twenty to thirty years for murder, and Raymond Fisher of Hudson County, convicted of murder in the second degree. Gardner, with Richard Hammock, killed a motor truck driver near Bound Brook several months ago.

In some manner the prisoners while at work in the shops managed to make a rope ladder, to which they fastened large hooks, secreting the ladder beneath some rubbish they were instructed to carry from the prison to the yards. The men threw the ladder and the hooks caught on top of the prison wall. In a twinkling they were scrambling up the wall, and were just about to step to freedom when the Italians serving for trivial offenses saw the four climbing to freedom. Shouting an alarm they pulled the ladder down.

Enraged at the interference with their escape, the four men pounced upon the Italians and beat them severely.

The cries of the Italians were heard by James Shea, tower guard, who drew his revolver and sounded a general alarm, which was responded to by deputies from within the prison. The four men were handcuffed and placed in cells. Gardner tried to make his escape a few weeks ago, but was unsuccessful. His partner, Hammock, did escape a short time after being received at the prison, and was captured in Ohio and returned to the institution.

## BLACKMAILED THE MORGANS

### Detroit Judge Sentences Lansing Man to Leavenworth for 15 Months.

*Special to The New York Times.*

DETROIT, May 2.—John M. Thorn of Lansing was today sentenced to fifteen months in Leavenworth Penitentiary by Judge Killetts following his conviction on four counts of misusing the mails to blackmail J. P. Morgan and his daughter. The jury was out less than an hour.

Judge Killetts said he was giving light punishment because of the ridiculous character of the eleven letters written to Mr. Morgan. He said neither the financier nor his daughter entered into the case nor was the United States interested in whether or not they were assailed. It was merely a violation of the postal laws.

The New York financier saw none of the letters, although he knew about them. His daughter, Mrs. Jane N. Morgan Nichols, did not know that any blackmail letters were written to her.

Religious Notices on Page Twenty-three.

## EASTMAN CASE TO SMITH.

### 150 of Gang Leader's Army Mates Sign Restoration Plea.

*Special to The New York Times.*

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., May 2.—John F. Ringwood, as attorney for Edward Eastman, sent a petition to Governor Smith today asking for the restoration to citizenship of the former New York gang leader. With this petition, which contained the names of over 150 of Eastman's companions in the 106th Infantry, were several letters, one from Supreme Court Justice Morschauser, and others from Colonel Franklin W. Ware, Captain Robert S. Clever, Captain Robert G. Conrow, and Lieutenant Joseph A. Kerrigan, all of the 106th Infantry.

Justice Morschauser in his letter says: "Eastman came to see me here in Poughkeepsie and I was impressed with his desire to make good, if he had an opportunity. He volunteered his services for his country and made good, offering his life to the end that law and order should prevail in the world."

Captain Clever recites how, under his own observation, Eastman served at Kemmel Hill and the Hindenburg line with the "utmost courage and devotion to duty," while with regiment he "has been an excellent soldier and has made a good record."

Captain Conrow says Eastman "has been a quiet, disciplined soldier, who never gave any trouble, or was the subject of any disciplinary action. He bears an excellent reputation in the company for soldierliness and bore himself admirably under fire. Toward all comrades he evinced the greatest kindness and devotion."

## OLD OREGON OUT OF NAVY.

### Namesake State May Have Famous Warship When Dismantled.

WASHINGTON, May 2.—Shortage of men is about to cause the Navy Department to place the famous battleship Oregon out of commission. Acting Secretary Roosevelt said today that if the State of Oregon desired, the Government would probably turn the ship over to it, to be maintained for historical purposes without expense to the navy.

Before delivering the vessel the department would have her stripped of all material valuable to the navy. Mr. Roosevelt explained that the hull could not be sold for any considerable amount of money, and that the department did not desire to scrap the ship, for sentimental and historical reasons.


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AUNT MANDY'S Maryland biscuit, that even without butter would wheedle a grouch out of a grumpus, when spread with Grapelade, turn into confections that spontaneously disappear.

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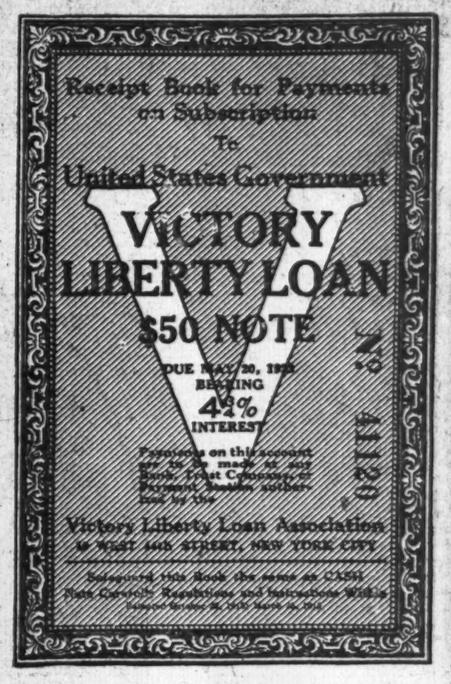


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Chemical National Bank
Citizens National Bank of New York
Coal & Iron National Bank of the City of New York
Colonial Bank
Columbia Bank
Columbia Trust Co.
Commercial Exchange Bank
Commercial Trust Co. of New York
Commonwealth Bank, New York City
Continental Bank
Corn Exchange Bank
East River National Bank
Empire Trust Co.
Equitable Trust Co. of New York
Farmers Loan & Trust Co.
Fidelity Trust Co.
Fifth Avenue Bank of New York
Fifth National Bank
First National Bank
Franklin Trust Co.
Fulton Trust Company of New York
Garfield National Bank
Gotham National Bank of New York
Greenwich Bank of the City of New York
Guaranty Trust Company of New York
Hanover National Bank of the City of New York
Harriman National Bank
Henry J. Schnitzer State Bank
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International Bank
Irving National Bank
Irving Trust Co.
Italian Discount and Trust Co.
Lawyers' Title & Trust Co.
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New Netherland Bank of New York
New York County National Bank
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Pacific Bank
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# TELLS FOOD PLIGHT OF CENTRAL EUROPE

## Dr. Kellogg, Who Studied Conditions for Administration, Back with Report.

## DISTRIBUTION IN GERMANY

### Hunger Did Not Defeat Her, He Says—Sees One Remote Danger of Military Menace Reviving.

Dr. Vernon L. Kellogg, who has been studying food conditions in Germany, Poland, Austria, Hungary, Rumania, and elsewhere in Central Europe for the American Relief Administration since last October, said yesterday after his arrival on the steamship Nieuw Amsterdam that the masses in Germany had no conception of the fact that they had been defeated and still hang to the arrogant belief that Germany is the strongest power in the world.

Dr. Kellogg said that, while a sullen confidence in their own superiority still possessed the majority of Germans, they were not looking forward to the day when they might regain their position in Europe, because the suffering and sacrifices which the whole population had undergone had completely turned their ideas away from war for some time to come.

There was one remote danger, which might possibly revive the German military menace at this time, he said, and that was the sudden creation of a national hero, some "man on horseback" who might bring under one leadership the German soldiery now scattered and under various commands.

"The military situation in Germany is a peculiar one," Dr. Kellogg said. "Since industry cannot be revived at present for lack of raw materials, there are great numbers of soldiers who are unemployed, and bands of these have rallied here and there around magnetic officers, who have formed small independent armies. These officers have usually placed themselves and their men at the service of the Government, which has sent them here or there as trouble has arisen in different parts of Germany or on her frontiers.

**Food Counteracting Bolshevism.**

"These private armies are generally fed and equipped as far as possible by the Government, and have not become a source of any great danger to internal order. They might become a menace if some 'man on horseback' should arise in Germany, but the chance of that is extremely unlikely."

Telling of arrangements made by the United States to supply Germany, at Germany's cost, with 300,000 tons of cereals and 70,000 tons of fats a month and to look after other impoverished States in similar fashion, Dr. Kellogg said that food counteracted Bolshevism in two ways. In the first place, it eliminated the hunger madness which made Bolsheviki of people who would be good citizens in normal times. In the second place, he said, the Governments which controlled and distributed this food gained in respect and authority, as being the only agencies from which food could be obtained. Dr. Kellogg explained that the commission, as far as possible, was carrying on its food distribution through the constituted authorities in the various nations of Central Europe and stabilizing them to a great extent.

Dr. Kellogg said that of all the countries in Europe Rumania was now in the worst plight, because of the deadly thoroughness with which the Germans had stripped that land after their invasion. After Rumania it was difficult, he said, to establish an order of precedence in relieving the desperation of the different nations.

**Transportation Difficult Problem.**

Dr. Kellogg said that everywhere the most difficult problem was that of transportation, because of the condition of railroads and rolling stock throughout Central Europe. He said that in Poland, for instance, out of 1,800 locomotives in the country, 900 were "dead," through need of repairs. He said that Poland had been near the edge of Bolshevism and had been saved largely through the work of Paderewski.

"Forget about the musician," he said, "when you hear of Paderewski. He stands out now as a great organizer, a great orator and a great national leader. His achievement in inducing a socialistic government to function wisely and conservatively could have been accomplished only by a great man."

Dr. Kellogg, who was formerly a professor of biology at Leland Stanford Junior University, made public yesterday the first section of the joint report by Alonzo J. Taylor and himself to Director General Hoover on "German Trade and Food Conditions." In this report the conclusion is set forth that Germany's surrender was not due to food or internal conditions, but to the fact that she was facing an overwhelming military defeat. The report says:

"The collapse of Germany in October was not the result of hunger. The crop was better than the previous year. A report to the High Command by the nutritional authorities indicated their confidence in their ability to carry the people through on a scale better than during the two previous years. In any event, a people does not collapse from hunger directly after harvesting a new crop. Nor is there evidence, as in the case of Bulgaria, that the Government, on account of prospective food shortage, asked for peace in the Autumn rather than await the actual occurrence of scarcity in the Spring.

"The importance of hunger was probably equalled, if not exceeded, by scarcity of clothing and of coal. Living and working in cold rooms with insufficient clothing naturally made greater heat demands upon the diet and rendered the ration still less acceptable. A collapse of the home front would certainly have occurred in the Spring of 1919, except in the event of securing unanticipated supplies from the Ukraine.

"The collapse of Germany in the Fall of 1918 was primarily a military collapse. Of this four factors in morale are now prominently mentioned in Germany as the proof of the existence of strong allied reserves, by the counterattack of July, 1918; the crushing defeat of Aug. 8, in which seven crack divisions were permanently ruined; the bitter realization of the quality and quantity of the American troops in France; the disillusionment of the German soldier with respect to the infallibility of his leaders and the rapid development of revolutionary tendencies in the soldiers in the occupied areas of France and Belgium, behind the fighting line."

**Present Food Conditions Bad.**

Discussing present food conditions in Germany the report says:

"Scarcity of Food.—This is the factor most frequently alluded to as the cause of social unrest. Naturally the hungry individual is dissatisfied with his environment and seeks to remave the cause of his deprivation. As a direct expression of protest against the food ration, a general strike has frequently been invoked. When one recalls that for twenty years the general strike has been preached by Rosa Luxemburg as the appropriate reaction to every intolerable situation, this is not to be wondered at. The people are tired of the war food. It is unsatisfactory, disagreeable, tasteless, and necessarily consumed largely in the form of soup. The bread is heavy, indigestible and unsatisfying. There is very little meat. The fat ration is so low that the cooking of food must be done without fat. The beverages are all substitutes. From every point of view of a normal diet the food is revolting. Quantitatively the diet is too low. The entire industrial population, with the exception of the wealthy classes, is much below weight, and emaciation has proceeded to the point of lassitude and apathy, against which even the willing worker is hardly able to successfully contend. Women and children suffer the most.

"Assuming that Germany had food enough to go to the next harvest on the present ration (which she has not), it would not be wise, merciful, or just to keep her on that ration, either for the purpose of saving money for herself or for any other reason. This diet was endurable only when supported by fanatical faith in military victory. With the nation not at war, and particularly after the nation has lost the war, the diet is insupportable. On the other hand, there is no reason to believe that, if the German diet were doubled in quantity and made acceptable in quality, this would represent the direct and total solution of the state of social unrest."


ADVERTISEMENT.

**For the Duryea War Relief**

The Duryea War Relief is to give a remarkable benefit, a play written by Mrs. Duryea, entitled "Mrs. Drummond's War Relief," to be produced at the Waldorf-Astoria, Sunday night, May 4th, and Monday matinee, May 5th. It is produced under the direction of Miss Hilda Spong, who has the leading part, and others in the cast include John Sainpolis, Henry Hull, William Gillette, Bruce McRae, Olive May, Suzanne Westford, Paul Doucet, Catherine Calhoun Doucet, Lorna Volare, and many other distinguished artists. The amateur cast includes Miss Grace Bristed, Miss Ethel Carhart, Mrs. Duryea, Howard Potter, Mrs. Walter E. Lambert, Mrs. George F. Baker, Jr., Mrs. Theodosius Stevens, Madame Guy, wife of the French High Commissioner, and twenty others.

Mrs. Duryea is to give illustrated talk between the acts and Monsieur Guy will make an address.

The Box Holders include Mrs. William Douglas Sloane, Mrs. John E. Parsons, Mrs. Raymond Baker, Mrs. Seton Henry, Mrs. Edward D. Stotesbury, Mr. Rodman Wanamaker, Mrs. Henry C. Frick, Mrs. Edward Harkness, and others.

The scenes and incidents are largely drawn from life, connected with the work of the Duryea War Relief in Paris and the liberated regions of Northern France.

Tickets can be obtained at 9 East 30th St., or at the Waldorf-Astoria.


# THE SCREEN

The Broadway Theatre, after having been closed all week for redecoration and refurnishing, was opened last night as the latest house to go under the management of B. S. Moss, who will conduct it as a motion picture theatre.

The photoplay was the Harry Garson production of "The Unpardonable Sin," which has been shown in various places outside of New York, but not in the city before. Blanche Sweet, who appears in two parts, heads the cast, and supporting her are Mary Alden, Matt Moore, Wesley Barry, Wallace Beery, Bull Montana, Bobby Connelly, and Edwin Stevens. Marshall Neilan directed the production, which is based on the novel of the same name by Major Rupert Hughes.

The chief virtue of the photoplay is in its photography and staging. Mr. Neilan and his associates behind the camera have done noteworthy work. Some of the scenes charm by their beauty and others are skillfully contrived to convey their meanings pictorially, as scenes in a photoplay should.

The acting is also satisfactory. Miss Sweet is not only an attractive person, but possesses talent, and many will no doubt be glad to welcome her back to the screen after a long absence from Broadway.

The subject of the photoplay, however, is a different matter. Whatever may be the propriety of stirring up the memory of German atrocities in Belgium, certainly a photoplay without the character of greatness, presented for public entertainment after the war is over, is not the proper medium. The story, briefly, is about two sisters and their mother in encounter with the Germans. One of the sisters and the mother are in Belgium when the war begins. They suffer the fate implied in the title of the photoplay and, in the end, after agonizing experiences, both die. The other sister goes from America to Belgium in search of them and escapes only the limit of the invaders' brutality. She is saved for a happy ending.

A good deal of humor, some of it genuine, some of it strained, and considerable other extraneous matter is introduced, but nothing can make "The Unpardonable Sin" pleasant. It is unpleasant to no purpose, and there its unpleasantness is unjustified.

The Broadway Theatre, in its new dress, was admired by the large first night audience. A symphony orchestra, under the direction of S. W. Lawton, played Tschaikovsky's "Overture 1812."

**New Orchestra Gives Last Concert.**

Carnegie Hall was filled to the doors yesterday afternoon for the only repetition of the concert of the New Orchestra, with Arthur Bodanzky of the Metropolitan as conductor. This ends the series of concerts planned by a group of New York women and begun by Paul Verdes, a French conductor. The success of Thursday's first presentation of the program was repeated yesterday, and Mr. Bodansky again as symphony leader received an ovation.

**Dinner for Archbishop Hayes.**

The Knights of Columbus will give a dinner in honor of Archbishop Patrick J. Hayes at the Hotel Astor on Monday night, May 12. Among those who will speak will be James A. Flaherty, Supreme Knight of the order; the Rev. James J. Halligan, Chaplain of the Lost Battalion; Dock Commissioner Murray Hulbert and Dr. Harry E. Swift, Chairman of the New York Chapter of the Knights.

Religious Notices on Page Twenty-three.


United States Railroad Administration
Director General of Railroads

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and

**BUFFALO**

has been restored.

Lvs. Pennsylvania Sta. 6:17 P. M.
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**BUY VICTORY NOTES**

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*records her playing exclusively for the*

**DUO-ART PIANO**

THIS charming young woman has created a sensation at each of her appearances here, by the exceptional brilliancy of her playing, as well as her thorough musicianship.

Blessed from childhood by a marvelous talent for music, she rose rapidly to fame, having reached a high position as a concert pianist at the age of fourteen. Miss Madriguera was the favorite pupil of the great Spanish composer-teacher Enrique Granados, and plays his beautiful works with an unequalled charm and understanding.

**Paquita Madriguera plays at Aeolian Hall, Monday evening, May fifth. Hear this gifted young Spanish virtuosa play in person and then hear the Duo-Art's perfect duplication of her art.**

*The record-rolls of Paquita Madriguera or any of the other Duo-Art artists will be played at your request.*

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WINTER GARDEN B'way & 50th St. MATINEE TODAY AT 2. Evenings at 8. A Carnival of Travesty in 2 Acts and 16 Scenes. "The world's greatest entertainment."—Charles Darnton, Evg. World.

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CENTURY GROVE, Roof of Century Theatre. MORRIS GEST MIDNIGHT WHIRL at 11:30—A SENSATION—Phone Col. 8200

44TH ST. THEATRE, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Season's Brightest Musical Play. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:15. "TAKE IT FROM ME"

PLAYHOUSE West 48th. Evenings at 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. ALICE BRADY in FOREVER AFTER

SHUBERT Thea., 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:15. Good Morning, Judge. George Hassell, Mollie King, Charles Ruggles.

CLEF CLUB ORCHESTRA. E. GILBERT ANDERSON, Conductor. Special Features: CLEF CLUB QUARTET, COMEDY SONGS BY WILLIAM FARQUHARSON, TROMBONE MELODIES BY WILLIAMS & COVINGTON, GEORGIE HINES, ANDREW COPELAND, CHAS. WATERS, GEO. JACKSON.
SELWYN THEATRE SUN. NIGHT SEATS 75c to $2.00

TOBY'S BOW With NORMAN TREVOR at the COMEDY THEATRE Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Thurs.

48TH ST. Thea., E. of B'way. Evenings 8:30. Matinees Today & Thurs., 2:30. COME-ON CHARLEY

Plymouth 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:10 Sharp. Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:10. JOHN and LIONEL BARRYMORE in "THE JEST"

! EAST IS WEST With FAY BAINTER. ASTOR THEA. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed.

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S, W. 39th St. Evgs. 8:30. TEA for 3 The Comedy Hit. Matinees Today & Wednesday, 2:30.

GARRICK 35, E. of B'way. Greeley 1522. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:30. Theatre Guild Comedy. BONDS OF INTEREST

39th St. Theatre, near B'way. Evgs. 8:30. Matinees Today & Wed., 2:30. Smartest & Brightest of All Musical Successes. Oh, My Dear! GOOD SEATS, 75c, $1, $1.50, $2.00

LOEW'S 7th Ave. at 125 St. Evs. 25c to $1. Mats. Today, 25c to 75c. Marjorie Rambeau in "The Fortune Teller" Next Week: Courtenay & Wise in "Cappy Ricks"

SHUBERT-RIVIERA, B'way, 97th. Mat. Today. A BURGOMASTER OF BELGIUM Next Week—Melting of Molly. SUNDAY CONCERT—1:30 to 11:30 P. M.

THESE THEATRES GIVE SUNDAY NIGHT CONCERTS. SEATS NOW ON SALE.
Winter Garden B'way & 50th, at 7:15. Phone Circle 1270. A WONDERFUL ARRAY OF TALENT.
Nora Bayes THEA., 44th, W. of B'way. at 8:30. Phone Bryant 81. 3D OF SERIES OF SOPHIE TUCKER SPECIAL SUNDAY NIGHTS
Central THEATRE, B'way & 47th St. at 8:15. Phone Bryant 17. BIG ALL-STAR BILL
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BOOTH Thea., 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Today & Wed., 2:30. I LOVE YOU. A new farce comedy by WM. LE BARON. "Evokes Spontaneous and Rib-Warming Laughter."—Times. "Is a Promising Candidate for a Long Summer Run."—World.

Broadhurst 44th, W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:30. Rachel Crothers' Newest Comedy "39 EAST" With Henry Hull and Constance Binney

VANDERBILT 48th, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. Rachel Crothers' Brilliant Comedy. A LITTLE JOURNEY. With Cyril Keightley and Ethel Pane.

Nora Bayes Thea., 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:15. Musical Comedy Hit COME ALONG

SELWYN THEA., W. 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Today & Wed., 2:30. Musical Comedy Splash 'TUMBLE IN'

Central Broadway and 47th St. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Today & Wed., 2:30. Musical Play Somebody's Sweetheart

Casino THEA., B'way & 39th. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Today & Wed. 2:15. A Merry Musical Romance. SOME TIME. With ED WYNN

REPUBLIC W. 42nd St. Evenings at 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. THE WOMAN IN ROOM 13

ELTINGE WEST 42D ST. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. "UP IN MABEL'S ROOM"

HUDSON WEST 44TH ST. Evenings, 8:15. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. SAM BERNARD & LOUIS MANN FRIENDLY ENEMIES

FULTON West 46th St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. Oliver Morosco's Whirlwind Farce. PLEASE GET MARRIED with Ernest Truex & Edith Taliaferro

MOROSCO West 45 St. Last Matinee Today, 2:30. Last Time Tonight, 8:30. COURTENAY & WISE in "HAPPY RICKS"

"OUR PLEASANT SINS" With HENRIETTA CROSMAN. "Best Play since 'Paid in Full.'"—Eve. World.
BELMONT THEATRE, 48th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.

LYRIC 42d St., West of B'way. Evenings 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. THE SEASON'S HIT With RICHARD BENNETT 10TH BIG MONTH. Roland West's Thriller of Thrillers UNKNOWN PURPLE

BIJOU Thea., 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Today & Wed., 2:30. 3 FOR DIANA. Wit, Charm and Romance, with MARTHA HEDMAN

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES

EMPIRE Broadway & 40th St. Evs. at 8:30. Matinees TODAY & Wed., 2:20. "BARRIE AT HIS BEST."—Times. WILLIAM GILLETTE "Barrie's Best Play."—Herald. DEAR BRUTUS

GLOBE B'way, 46th St. Evs. 8:20. LAST 2 TIMES. LAST MAT. TODAY, 2:20. Times—"AN OVATION."—Herald. OTIS SKINNER IN THE HONOR OF THE FAMILY

NEXT MONDAY NIGHT—SEATS NOW. CHARLES DILLINGHAM'S SPRING GLOBE THEATRE PRODUCTION. SHE'S A GOOD FELLOW. A Musical Comedy by ANNE CALDWELL. Music by JEROME KERN. Company includes Joseph Santley, Anne Orr, Ivy Sawyer, Duncan Sisters, Scott Welsh, Olin Howland, and Globe Theatre Star Chorus.

Cohan & Harris' 4 Big Hits
COHAN & HARRIS Thea., W. 42d St. Evs. at 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15. Biggest Success Since "The Merry Widow." The Royal Vagabond. A Colossal Opera Comique

GEO. M. COHAN Thea., B'way & 43 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:30. GEO. M. COHAN'S GREAT CHARACTER COMEDY. A Prince There Was. with GRANT MITCHELL of "A Tailor-Made Man" fame

HENRY MILLER'S THEATRE, 124 W. 43d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30. Mrs. FISKE in "HIS" NELLY OF N'ORLEANS". A Comedy of Magnolias. Madness and Make Believe.

LONGACRE West 48th St. Nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. Most fascinating mystery play ever written. THREE FACES EAST with Emmett Corrigan and Violet Heming

LYCEUM West 45th St. Evenings at 8:30. Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:30. DAVID BELASCO Presents DADDIES

KNICKERBOCKER THEATRE, B'way and 38th St. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Today & Wed. 2:15. JOHN CORT'S NEW MUSICAL COMEDY. LISTEN LESTER!

LEXINGTON 51ST ST., LEX. AVE. Mat. Sat., 2:15. Ev. 8:15. THIS WEEK FRANCES FERNE AND BROADWAY PLAYERS. Next Week "Fair and Warmer." YES OR NO

GREENWICH Village Thea., 4th St. & 7th Av. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed. 7th Avenue Subway to Christopher Street. SHAKUNTALA The Great Hindu Love Drama

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LIGHTNIN GAIETY B'way, 46th St. MATINEE TODAY. Evs. at 8:30. Wed. & Thurs., 2:30. SMITH-GULDEN SUCCESSES. 3 WISE FOOLS.

CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.

LIBERTY West 42d St. Evenings at 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. Henry Miller, Holbrook Blinn in a new play by Philip Moeller. Blanche Bates, Estelle Winwood. "MOLIERE"

BELASCO West 44th St. Evenings at 8:30. Matinees Today & Thurs., 2:30. DAVID BELASCO presents A Comedy of Irish Life. DARK ROSALEEN

HARRIS W. 42d St. Evs. at 8:30. LAST 2 TIMES. Last Mat. Today, 2:30. Margaret Illington, Wilton Lackaye, Robert Edeson, Katharine Kaelred in the Dramatic Sensation "A Good Bad Woman." Next Week "Fires of Faith" Salvation Army Motion Picture Special.

CORT West 48th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. "Ulio: 'ere's a 'it." The Better 'Ole. With MR. and MRS. COBURN

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Aeolian Hall, Mon. Eve., May 5th, at 8:15. PAQUITA MADRIGUERA. Piano Recital. Mgt. Loudon Charlton.

AEOLIAN HALL, TONIGHT at 8:15. SONG RECITAL. GRAVEURE. Mgt. Antonia Sawyer, Inc. Steinway Piano.

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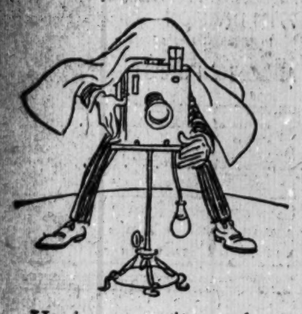

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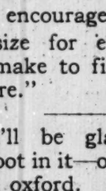

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### NEW YORK WINS, 14 TO 2

### Music, Flag-Raising, and Bouquets Enliven Harlem Scene—20,000 People Present.

The Giants' house-warming festivities with the Phillies at the Polo Grounds yesterday, which marked the opening of the home season for the National Leaguers, was an enjoyable, pleasant affair for everybody but the visitors from Philadelphia. Before the game the Giants and the Phils paraded around the field, and the Giants spent the rest of the afternoon parading around the Phils. The flags waved in the breezes, the band played, and the Giants won, 14 to 2. A crowd of 20,000 howled with glee as McGraw's revised 1919 edition celebrated their homecoming by giving Colby Jack Coombs and his band of Quakers a ridiculously embarrassing reception.

The Giants showed that they were glad to get back to Harlem by jolting Pitcher Mule Watson for sixteen hits. This mule had no more kick than a flagon of Bevo. Against the weak opposition McGraw's men went on a batting spree, and Lew McCarty helped himself to a home run. Ross Young plastered the Mule for three hits, one a two-bagger. Larry Doyle got a two-bagger, a single, a base on balls and made it a perfect day by being hit by a pitched ball. Johnny Cook of the Bronx, instigator of that remote country's wild admiration for Heine Zimmerman, threw eight kinds of fits when Heine got two hits. Every one of McGraw's regulars hit the ball and hit it hard. They flocked around the bases in droves, and the Giants' admirers had the time of their young, old and middle-aged lives.

Before the game started Manager McGraw and Treasurer Francis X. McQuade were each presented with enough flowers to stage a Lithuanian wedding. The ball players lined up at the home plate with the band, and paraded around the field to the flagpole, where Fletcher and Whitted, the rival captains, hauled the Stars and Stripes high among the zephyrs.

**Alderman Moran Tosses Well.**

Then the players paraded back and everybody was in step except about half of them. Alderman Bob Moran uncovered his auburn locks and threw out the first ball to Umpire Bill Klem, the orator of the baseball officials. Alderman Moran has been at two openings this season, has made two perfect tosses and has an average of 1000.

Lots of people who took Thursday off to see the Giants' opening couldn't come yesterday, but prominent folks from all over town were there. Manhattan's beauty and brains were well represented; its official and artistic celebrities were on hand. The women came forth in sartorial Spring finery. In every way, it was a five-star final opening.

It didn't matter even if the Phils didn't play any better than De Witt Clinton High School. Nobody was disappointed even if Jack Coombs didn't take out Mule Watson when he was being thumped all over creation. The Giants were winning, weren't they? What more could the Giants' fans ask? Jess Barnes pitched for McGraw's lads and gave the Phils a run now and then simply to show that he wasn't stingy. The Phillies rattled like a family skeleton and they were as loose as father's old suit on little Jimmy.

Hal Chase, in a new white Giants' uniform, received a glad hand, and he still keeps his wad of chewing gum on the button of his cap, just as he did in the old Yankee days on the Hilltop. As a player, Hal is still the prince of first basemen.

When the game was lost, Manager Coombs sent two substitutes, Wallace and Raymond, out to short and second. Right then the Phils went from bad to worse.

The Giants fell upon Mule Watson in the third, and after batting all the way around, with Burns coming up twice in the same inning, New York gathered five runs on three hits, two bases on balls, a hit batsman, an error and a sacrifice fly. It can easily be seen by this one inning that the Giants used every means known to the game in scoring and were not partial to any single plan of attack.

**First Run for Phils in Fifth.**

The Phils got their first run in the first of the fifth. Baird opened with a double and went to third on Whitted's single to centre. Benny Kauff fumbled the ball for a moment and Baird went right on home. In their portion of the fifth the Giants came back with five more runs. After Young whiffed, Chase singled to left and went to second on Bancroft's error. Doyle singled to right, sending Hal to third. Kauff pelted a sacrifice fly to centre, scoring Chase, while Doyle went to third. Zimmerman jarred a single to left and scored Doyle. After Sickling walked, Lew McCarty completed his day's work by rattling a home run into the left field bleachers. Coombs made no attempt to disturb Watson. He made him stick out there and take his medicine.

In the sixth two more runs came. With one out, Sickling singled and Earl Smith flied to centre. Earl is the new Giant catcher for whom McGraw paid a king's ransom, with five or six ball players thrown into the bargain. Earl became immediately familiar to the Bronx fans as "Oil." Barnes singled to left and George Burns came along with a two-base clap to left, which scored Sickling and Barnes.

Young singled in the seventh, went to third on Chase's out at first and scored on Baird's sacrifice fly to Meusel. The other run of the Phils came in the ninth. Luderus singled and so did Meusel. Doug Baird walked and filled the bases. Raymond rolled to Barnes, who forced Luderus at the plate. In trying to make a double play at first Smith hit the runner with the ball and Meusel scored.

The score:

| NEW YORK. (N.) | AB | R | H | Po | A | PHILADELPHIA. (N) | AB | R | H | Po | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Burns,lf | 3 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | Callahan,rf | 4 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 |
| Thorpe,lf | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Williams,cf | 3 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 |
| Young,rf | 5 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 0 | Bancroft,ss | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| King,rf | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Wallace,ss | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Chase,1b | 3 | 2 | 1 | 9 | 1 | Luderus,1b | 4 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 1 |
| Doyle,2b | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 4 | Meusel,lf | 4 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 0 |
| A.Baird,ss | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | D.Baird,3b | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 2 |
| Kauff,cf | 4 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | Whitted,2b | 2 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| Zimman,3b | 4 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | Raymond,2b | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Sicking,ss-2b | 4 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 0 | Cady,c | 4 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 2 |
| McCarty,c | 3 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 0 | Watson,p | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| Smith,c | 2 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | | | | | | |
| Barnes,p | 4 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 | Total | 33 | 2 | 8 | 24 | 12 |
| Total | 37 | 14 | 16 | 27 | 14 | | | | | | |

Errors—Kauff, Smith, Bancroft, Wallace, Luderus, Cady, Watson.

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| New York | 0 | 0 | 5 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | x | —14 |
| Philadelphia | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | — 2 |

Two-base hits—Meusel, Kauff, D. Baird, Burns, Young. Three-base hit—Doyle. Home run—McCarty. Stolen base—Burns. Sacrifice flies—Barnes, Kauff, A. Baird. Double plays—Sicking, Doyle, and Chase; Sicking and Chase. Left on bases—New York, 8; Philadelphia, 6. First base on errors—New York, 3. Base on balls—Off Barnes, 2; Watson, 5. Hit by pitcher—By Watson (Doyle). Struck out—By Barnes, 5; Watson, 2. Wild pitch—Barnes.

**Newtown High School Beats Bryant**

A determined attack on Schneider's pitching in the fourth inning gave the Newton High School baseball team a victory over the Bryant H. S. nine yesterday on the former's diamond, by a score of 4 to 3. Three singles, a double and a triple, with an error by Moley, the Bryant shortstop, gave Newton its four runs.

**Horace Mann Beats Dwight.**

Horace Mann's School baseball team defeated the Dwight School nine yesterday in a loosely played game on the former's diamond, by the score of 15 to 10. Eder and Stewart led the attack for the victorious schoolboys, each getting four hits.

## BASEBALL

**Yesterday's Results.**

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York, 14; Philadelphia, 2.
Brooklyn, 3; Boston, 0.
Chicago, 4; Pittsburgh, 2.
St. Louis, 8; Cincinnati, 1.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York, 3; Boston, 1.
Washington, 7; Philadelphia, 2.
Detroit, 14; Cleveland, 6.
St. Louis, 11; Chicago, 4.

**Standing of the Clubs.**

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

| | Won. | Lost. | P. C. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Cincinnati | 1 | 0 | .875 |
| Brooklyn | 5 | 1 | .833 |
| New York | 4 | 2 | .667 |
| Chicago | 4 | 3 | .571 |
| Philadelphia | 3 | 3 | .500 |
| Pittsburgh | 2 | 4 | .333 |
| St. Louis | 2 | 7 | .222 |
| Boston | 0 | 6 | .000 |

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

| | Won. | Lost. | P. C. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Chicago | 6 | 2 | .750 |
| New York | 4 | 2 | .667 |
| Boston | 4 | 3 | .571 |
| Cleveland | 3 | 3 | .500 |
| Washington | 3 | 4 | .428 |
| Detroit | 3 | 4 | .429 |
| Philadelphia | 2 | 4 | .333 |
| St. Louis | 2 | 5 | .286 |

**Where They Play Today.**

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Philadelphia at New York.
(Game starts at 3 P. M.)
Boston at Brooklyn.
(Game starts at 3 P. M.)
Cincinnati at St. Louis.
Chicago at Pittsburgh.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York at Boston.
Washington at Philadelphia.
Detroit at Cleveland.
St. Louis at Chicago.

## PLAN FOR SUNDAY GAMES.

### Giants and Dodgers Have Contests Scheduled for Tomorrow.

The National League has approved of the change in schedule which has been made necessary by the new ordinance permitting Sunday baseball at the Polo Grounds and at Ebbets Field. The Giants will play the Phillies tomorrow, the game starting at 3 o'clock. Over in Brooklyn the Dodgers will play Boston at 3 o'clock. Both games have been moved forward from Monday, so Monday will be "dark" at both the Polo Grounds and Ebbets Field.

On Sunday, May 11, the Giants will play Brooklyn at Ebbets Field while the Yankees will play at the Polo Grounds against Washington. These are the only Sunday dates that have been decided upon thus far.

President Heydler of the National League said yesterday that a committee of the National League would hold a meeting within a short time and would allot the eleven Sunday dates which the league has at the Polo Grounds and those at Ebbets Field. At this meeting a new schedule will be arranged to include these Sunday dates and the revised draft of the season's games will be published in a new schedule. It is not likely that all the Sunday dates will be fixed by moving up the Monday games, but games at the end of the schedule will be moved forward wherever practical. Open dates at the season's end can be used to play off postponed games.

Under the new schedule, some of the players will be in games seven times a week, but the players are under contract to play 140 games and this number will not be increased. Players will not mind playing seven games a week because practically all the major league clubs now play exhibition games on their off days.

**INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.**

AT JERSEY CITY.

| | | | | R. | H. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Jersey City | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | —10 | 14 | 0 |
| Buffalo | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1— | 5 | 5 |

AT NEWARK.

| | | | | | | | | | | R. | H. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Newark | 0 | 0 | 6 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | —10 | 12 | 3 | |
| Toronto | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 4— | 10 | 2 | |

AT BALTIMORE.

| | | | | | | | | | | R. | H. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Baltimore | 1 | 6 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | —15 | 9 | 4 | |
| Rochester | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0— | 8 | 11 | 1 |

AT READING.

| | | | | | | | | | | R. | H. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Reading | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1— | 2 | 4 | 4 |
| Binghamton | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1— | 1 | 4 | 0 |

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

| | Won. | Lost. | P. C. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Reading | 2 | 0 | 1000 |
| Jersey City | 1 | 1 | 500 |
| Newark | 1 | 1 | 500 |
| Baltimore | 1 | 1 | 500 |
| Buffalo | 1 | 1 | 500 |
| Rochester | 1 | 1 | 500 |
| Toronto | 1 | 1 | 500 |
| Binghamton | 0 | 2 | 000 |

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Toronto at Jersey City.
Buffalo at Newark.
Binghamton at Baltimore.
Rochester at Reading.

## BIG JEFF PFEFFER SHUTS OUT BRAVES

### Brooklyn Pitcher Twirls Robins to 3 to 0 Victory in Opening Game.

With plenty of pomp and ceremony the Brooklyn Robins usheerd in their after-the-war championship baseball season yesterday at Ebbets Field. Spurred on by the enthusiastic shouts of a crowd of 10,000, the Dodgers batted out a 3 to 0 victory over the Boston Braves and sent the fans home joyous in the knowledge that the season was well begun.

Everything in connection with the opening went off like clockwork. The players, in their bright new white uniforms, cavorted about the field like a championship aggregation. There was snap and dash in every play and the crowd didn't overlook a chance to cheer.

As if to add solemnity to the occasion there was a total absence of signs advertising alcoholic beverages. This manner of acquainting Brooklyn's citizens with the various blends was discarded, evidently, because of the near approach of July 1. In the place of the once gaudy "ticker" signs there were brightly painted advertising mediums informing the multitude of the benefits of one or another special brew of water.

Before the game the usual flag raising festivities were held. The players of each club lined up on both sides of the home plate, the Robins stringing out toward first base and the Braves toward third. In this formation the players stood with bared heads while Old Glory was flung to the breeze atop the flagstaff in centre field. Tom Shannon's band, an institution with Brooklyn baseball openings, struck up "The Star-Spangled Banner." Then Al Mamaux was summoned to the plate and was presented with a traveling bag by his Brooklyn admirers. Al said "Thanks." With this ceremony over, Surrogate George A. Wingate threw out the first ball and the 1919 season was on full blast.

Big Jeff Pfeffer drew the pitching assignment for Brooklyn and he was in mid-season form. Four hits were all the Braves collected, but they were discounted through snappy fielding plays whenever the situation became dangerous. Lew Malone and Ernie Krueger contributed wallops which sent home the runs giving Pfeffer a shut-out victory over Dick Rudolph after an interesting pitchers' duel.

Mamaux endeared himself to Brooklyn's fandom in the fourth inning when he sent across the first run. Zach Wheat drew a pass and advanced on Myers's sacrifice. After Big Ed Konetchy had walked, Malone scored Wheat with a single to right, while Konetchy moved along to third. Ed was left stranded, however, when Rudolph fanned Krueger and Pfeffer.

Rudolph went along without danger until the eighth, which started with Wheat beating out a hit to Herzog. Myers again sacrificed and Konetchy sent a grounder to Smith at third. Smith made a play for the second but Herzog dropped the ball and both runners were safe. Malone popped to Maranville and then Krueger sent Wheat and Konetchy riding home on his triple to left centre.

Boston runs threatened in the fifth and sixth sessions, but each time were turned back. In the fifth, after he had forced Holke at second, Rabbit Maranville went to third on Arthur Wilson's single to right. The Rabbit tried to squeeze through Pfeffer's legs at the plate on Rudolph's roller to the box, but was caught.

Herzog singled to centre in the sixth, but was forced at second by Powell. This play aroused the ire of "Lena" Blackbourne, coaching at third, and he protested so vehemently with Umpire Rigler that the official banished him. Smith then drew a pass and on Rigert's long fly to Zach Wheat both runners advanced. Holke was thrown out by Magee and Boston's chance to score was gone.

The score:

| BROOKLYN. (N.) | AB | R | H | Po | A | BOSTON. (N.) | AB | R | H | Po | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Olson,ss | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 4 | Kelly,lf | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Magee,2b | 4 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 2 | Herzog,2b | 4 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 3 |
| Griffiths,rf | 3 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 0 | Powell,rf | 4 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| Wheat,lf | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | Smith,3b | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| Myers,cf | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | Riggert,cf | 4 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Konetchy,1b | 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 0 | Holke,1b | 4 | 0 | 1 | 7 | 2 |
| Malone,3b | 4 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 1 | M'ville,ss | 4 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 5 |
| Krueger,c | 4 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 2 | Wilson,c | 4 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 |
| Pfeffer,p | 4 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | Rudolph,p | 3 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Total | 30 | 3 | 8 | 27 | 11 | Total | 33 | 0 | 4 | 24 | 14 |

Errors—Olson, Pfeffer, Herzog, Smith.

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Brooklyn | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | —3 | |
| Boston | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0— | 0 |

Two-base hits—Rudolph, Griffith. Three-base hit—Krueger. Stolen bases—Riggert, Malone. Sacrifice hits—Olson, Myers. (2.) Left on bases—Boston, 7; Brooklyn, 5. First on errors—Boston, 2; Brooklyn, 1. Bases on balls—Off Rudolph, 3; Pfeffer, 1. Struck out—By Rudolph, 3; Pfeffer, 5.

**Chief Meyers Appointed Manager.**

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 2.—Announcement was made tonight that John (Chief) Meyers, former catcher of the New York Giants, has been appointed manager of the New Haven Club of the Eastern League, which was recently purchased by George M. Weiss of this city. Meyers will take charge of the club next week.

## REDS FINALLY DEFEATED.

### Lose to Cardinals by 8 to 1 After Winning Seven Straight.

ST. LOUIS, May 2.—Three St. Louis pitchers allowed Cincinnati but two hits and the locals won today's game, 8 to 1. Tuero, who pitched six and one-third innings, was largely responsible for the victory, scoring two runs and driving in three more.

The score:

| ST. LOUIS. (N.) | AB | R | H | Po | A | CINCINNATI. (N.) | AB | R | H | Po | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Shotton,lf | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 0 | Rath,2b | 4 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| Smith,rf | 3 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 1 | Neale,rf | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Heathcote,cf | 4 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | Groh,3b | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 4 |
| Hornsby,ss | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | Rousch,cf | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Stock,3b | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | Magee,lf | 3 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Paulette,1b | 3 | 1 | 1 | 14 | 0 | Daubert,1b | 2 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 2 |
| Miller,2b | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 | Kopf,ss | 4 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Snyder,c | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | Rariden,c | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| Horstman,p | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Wingo,c | 1 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| Goodwin,p | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Ruether,p | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
| Tuero,p | 3 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | Ring,p | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Total | 31 | 8 | 9 | 27 | 14 | Total | 29 | 1 | 2 | 24 | 11 |

Errors—Miller, Groh, (2.) Daubert, Ruether.

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| St. Louis | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | —8 | |
| Cincinnati | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1— | 1 |

Three-base hit—Snyder. Sacrifice hits—Smith, Paulette. Double play—Smith and Paulette. First base on errors—Cincinnati, 1; St. Louis, 1. Bases on balls—Off Ruether, 2; Horstman, 6. Hits—Off Ruether, 5 in 5 innings; Horstman, none in 2 2-3; Goodwin, none in none, (two out in third.) Struck out—By Ruether, 1; Ring, 3; Horstman, 1. Winning pitcher—Horstman, and Loser, Ruether.

## PIRATES VICTIMS OF CUBS.

### Chicago Nine Saddens the Opening Game for Pittsburgh Fans.

PITTSBURGH, May 2.—The Chicago Cubs defeated Pittsburgh in the opening game here today by a score of 4 to 2. Each side used three pitchers.

Mayer's hand was split by a liner from Hollocher's bat in the first inning, and he gave way to Evans whose wildness in the fourth and fifth innings, coupled with timely hitting by the visitors, scored all their runs.

The score:

| CHICAGO. (N.) | AB | R | H | Po | A | PITTSBURGH. (N.) | AB | R | H | Po | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Flack,rf | 5 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | Terry,ss | 5 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Hollocher,ss | 3 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | Carey,cf | 4 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 0 |
| Barber,lf | 4 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 0 | Stengel,rf | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Paskert,cf | 5 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | Cutshaw,2b | 3 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 1 |
| Merkle,1b | 3 | 1 | 1 | 13 | 1 | Boeckel,3b | 4 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Pick,2b | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 4 | Bigbee,1b | 4 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Deal,3b | 3 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 4 | Mollwitz,1b | 1 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 |
| Killifer,c | 3 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 0 | Saier,1b | 2 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 |
| Tyler,p | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 5 | Schmidt,c | 3 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 2 |
| Martin,p | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Mayer,p | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Douglas,p | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | Evans,p | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | | | aSweeney | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | | | Adams,p | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 32 | 4 | 9 | 27 | 16 | Total | 32 | 2 | 8 | 27 | 11 |

a Batted for Evans in eighth.
Error—Hollocher.

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Chicago | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | —4 | |
| Pittsburgh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | —2 | |

Two-base hit—Hollocher. Three-base hit—Bigbee. Stolen bases—Barber, Terry, Carey, Cutshaw. Mollwitz. Boeckel. Sacrifice hits—Killifer, Carey. Sacrifice flies—Deal, Tyler. Double plays—Martin, Pick, and Merkle; Hollocher, Pick, and Merkle. Left on bases—Chicago, 9; Pittsburgh, 10. First base on error—Pittsburgh, 1. Bases on balls—Off Tyler, 3; Martin, 1; Douglas, 1; Evans, 5. Hits—Off Tyler, 3 in 4 1-3 innings; Martin, 3 in 2-3; Douglas, 2 in 4; Mayer, 0 in 2-3; Evans, in 7 1-3; Adams, 1 in 1. Struck out—By Tyler, 1; Douglas, 2; Evans, 4. Winning pitcher—Tyler. Losing pitcher—Evans.

**Southern Association.**

Birmingham, 14; Mobile, 0.
Chattanooga, 5; Little Rock, 2.
Nashville, 9; Memphis, 4.
Atlanta, 2; New Orleans 2.
(16 innings; darkness.)

**American Association.**

Indianapolis, 2; Minneapolis, 0.
Columbus, 3; Milwaukee, 2.
St. Paul, 7; Toledo, 2.
Kansas City, 4; Louisville, 3.

**Other College Games.**

At Newark, Del.—Delaware College, 3; North Carolina State, 2.
At State College, Penn.—State, 2; West Virginia, 1.

## RUSSELL SUBDUES HAUGHTY RED SOX

### Holds Champions to Six Hits and Yankees Win by 3 to 1, Going Into Second Place.

*Special to The New York Times.*

BOSTON, May 2.—The Yankees moved into second place in the pennant race this afternoon when they made it two in a row over the world's champion Red Sox, winning by the score of 3 to 1. Huggins's men did not do very much with the stick, but little was needed in this encounter, as Allen Russell was making the Red Sox sluggers play dead whenever a runner got withing scoring distance. The only misplay charged against the New York team made possible the one run which saved the champions from a shutout.

Russell set the Red Sox down with four clean hits and a brace of scratches and retired five batsmen on strikes. Only two Sox runners passed second base during the game. Hooper reaching the final turn in the first inning and Scott getting there in the seventh just before Ruel made the throw which allowed him to register. In the opening inning the home team got to Russell for two hits, and Ruth toed the plate with runners on first and second and none out. He grounded out while the runners advanced, and McInnis ended the inning with a roller to Pratt.

Scott was the only player who had any success against the sidearm spitballer. He got a double and two clean singles, half of the hits made by the Boston team. In the ninth, after Scott had made his third hit, Manager Barrow called upon Wally Schang to hit for Al Walters, and Russell fanned the slugger. Then Caldwell came on as a pinch hitter for Jones and got the same treatment. Russell worked easily, had good control, and was always master of the situation. Ruth, McInnis, and Vitt, hitting in the middle of the Boston batting order, did not get to first base during the game.

Jones was not hit hard, but he was ineffective in the pinches. In the opening inning he forced in a run with a pass to Pratt after the Yanks had filled the bases on two singles and a pass. In the second Vick got to him for a clean single which scored another run. A pass, a double, and a long sacrifice fly accounted for the third.

The Yankees pushed one run over in the first inning. With one out, Peck singled to centre, Pipp repeated, and Baker walked, filling the bases. A pass to Pratt forced Peck over the plate with a run. Barry then grabbed Lewis's hot smash, got Pratt at second base on a throw to Scott, and the latter's throw doubled Lewis at first.

The score:

| NEW YORK. (A.) | AB | R | H | Po | A | BOSTON. (A.) | AB | R | H | Po | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Vick,rf | 5 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | Hooper,rf | 4 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| P'paugh,ss | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 2 | Barry,2b | 3 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| Pipp,1b | 4 | 1 | 1 | 11 | 1 | Strunk,cf | 4 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 0 |
| Baker,3b | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | Ruth,lf | 4 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Pratt,2b | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 5 | McInnis,1b | 4 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0 |
| Lewis,lf | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | Vitt,3b | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| Rodie,cf | 3 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | Scott,ss | 4 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| Ruel,c | 4 | 1 | 0 | 6 | 0 | Walters,c | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Russell,p | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | Jones,p | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| | | | | | | aSchang | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 31 | 3 | 6 | 27 | 14 | bCaldwell | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | | | Total | 32 | 1 | 6 | 27 | 15 |

a Batted for Walters in ninth.
b Batted for Jones in ninth.
Errors—Ruel, Jones.

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| New York | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | —3 | |
| Boston | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0— | 1 |

Two-base hits—Baker, Scott. Stolen bases—Vick, Ruel. Sacrifice hits—Russell, Barry. Sacrifice fly—Pratt. Double Play—Barry, Scott, and McInnis. Left on bases—New York, 7; Boston, 8. First base on error—New York, 1. Bases on balls—Off Russell, 3; Jones, 4. Struck out—By Russell, 5; Jones, 3.

## BROWNS HOLD BATTING BEE.

### Make Sixteen Hits Off Chicago Pitchers and Win, 11 to 4.

CHICAGO, May 2.—St. Louis inaugurated the American League season here today with an 11 to 4 victory over the White Sox. Gallia held the home team to five hits while the Browns batted three Sox pitchers for sixteen safeties, seven of them for two bases. The opening day ceremonies were featured by the presence of a squad of marines, who hoisted a new United States flag, assisted by Eddie Collins, Captain of the White Sox, who enlisted in the Marine Corps at the end of last season.

The score:

| ST. LOUIS. (A.) | AB | R | H | Po | A | CHICAGO. (A.) | AB | R | H | Po | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Tobin,lf | 5 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 0 | Leibold,rf | 4 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Gedeon,2b | 5 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | Weaver,3b | 4 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 4 |
| Sisler,1b | 4 | 0 | 2 | 10 | 1 | E.Collins,2b | 4 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 5 |
| K.Will'ms,cf | 5 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | Jackson,lf | 4 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Jacobson,rf | 4 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 0 | Felsch,cf | 4 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 |
| Bronkie,3b | 5 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 | Gandil,1b | 2 | 1 | 1 | 13 | 2 |
| Gerber,ss | 4 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 5 | Risberg,ss | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 |
| Severeid,c | 5 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 0 | Schalk,c | 1 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 1 |
| Gallia,p | 4 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | Lynn,c | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | | | C.Will'ms,p | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Total | 41 | 11 | 16 | 27 | 12 | Danforth,p | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| | | | | | | aMurphy | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | | | Benz,p | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| | | | | | | bJ.Collins | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | | | Total | 32 | 4 | 5 | 27 | 19 |

a Batted for Danforth in seventh.
b Batted for Benz in ninth.
Errors—Leibold, Gandil, C. Williams.

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| St. Louis | 1 | 5 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1—11 | |
| Chicago | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0— | 4 |

Two-base hits—Gedeon, (2,) Severeid, (2,) Sisler, Jackson, Jacobson, Felsch. Home run—Gandil. Sacrifice hits—Sisler, Tobin, Gerber. Sacrifice fly—Gallia. Left on bases—St. Louis, 8; Chicago, 5. First on errors—St. Louis, 3. Base on balls—Off Gallia, 4; Danforth, 1. Hits—Off Williams, 5 in 1 2-3; Danforth, 9 in 5 1-3; Benz, 2 in 2. Struck out—By Williams, 1; Danforth, 2; Gallia, 2. Wild pitches—Gallia, (2.) Passed ball—Lynn. Losing pitcher—Williams.

## GAME EASY FOR SENATORS.

### Athletics Beaten by 7 to 2 in Opening Clash at Washington.

PHILADELPHIA, May 2.—Washington beat Philadelphia 7 to 2 in the opening game of the American League here today. A reception to Admiral Sims in connection with the Liberty Loan campaign caused the cancellation of the exercises originally intended to open the local season.

The score:

| WASHINGTON. (A.) | AB | R | H | Po | A | PHILADELPHIA. (A.) | AB | R | H | Po | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Judge,1b | 3 | 1 | 1 | 8 | 0 | Shannon,2b | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 |
| Foster,3b | 4 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | Kopp,lf | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| Milan,cf | 3 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | Roth,rf | 4 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 |
| Rice,rf | 3 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | Burns,1b | 4 | 1 | 1 | 12 | 1 |
| Shanks,ss | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 5 | Witt,cf | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| Gharrity,lf | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | Thomas,3b | 4 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Menosky,lf | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | Dugan,ss | 3 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 4 |
| Janvrin,2b | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | Perkins,c | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Picinich,c | 4 | 0 | 2 | 11 | 1 | McAvoy,c | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Shaw,p | 3 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 1 | Kinney,p | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 |
| Johnson,p | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Seibold,p | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | | | Anderson,p | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| Total | 33 | 7 | 9 | 27 | 9 | aWalker | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | | | bGrover | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | | | Total | 32 | 2 | 6 | 27 | 14 |

Errors—Shanks, Roth, Thomas, McAvoy.
a Batted for Per

# PLUM TAKES THE LEAD IN PRELIMINARY OF TITLE SHOOT DEFEATING BIG FIELD

## PLUM HIGH GUNNER AT TRAVERS ISLAND

### Defeats Field of 119 in Preliminary of Annual Title Shoot with Score of 194.

### TEAMS IN CLOSE CONTEST

### Chicago Nimrods Are Victors Over New York A. C. Entries When Spotts and Lewis Miss Targets.

Fred Plum of Atlantic City, N. J., a member of the New York Athletic Club, winner of the amateur championship at clay birds last year, took the preliminary shoot to the fourteenth annual title race at the Travers Island traps of the New York Athletic Club, yesterday. He defeated a field of 119 gunners from all sections of the country by the excellent score of 194 out of a possible 200 targets.

In addition to the individual shoot there was shot the first leg of a team event between the New York and Chicago Athletic Clubs. To the surprise of the gallery, the Western marksmen won by 950 to 945 targets. Ten men were on each team, the best five scores to count. The scores:

**Preliminary Shoot—200 Targets.**

Fred Plum, 100, 94—194; J. Clarke, Jr., 97, 96—193; C. H. Newcomb, 97, 96—193; G. S. McCarthy, 98, 94—192; F. S Wright, 96, 96—192; B. S. Donnelley, 94, 98—192; G. L. Becker, 96, 94—190; Chan Powers, 97, 93—190; W. H. Patterson, 97, 93—190; H. J. Prendergast, 95, 95—190; Mark Arie, 97, 92—189; J. B. Fontaine, 94, 95—189; G. A. Smith, 93, 96—189; J. L. Snow, 93, 96—189; S. G. Vance, 92, 96—188; L. H. Davis, 95, 92—187; W. H. Yule, 96, 91—187; C. Burmeister, 93, 94—187; N. Boyleston, 94, 93—187; A. L. Burns, 92, 94—186; T. H. Lawrence, 90, 96—186; E. E. Reed, 91, 95—186; M. McVey, 93, 90—185; F. S. Tomlin, 92, 93—185; H. H. Shannon, 94, 91—185; D. I. Bradley, 90, 95—185; G. Nicholas, 95, 90—185; G. Roll, 90, 95—185; A. H. Winkler, 94, 91—185; A. P. Bennett, 95, 90—185; S. H. Croft, 92, 93—185; G. L. Osborn, 91, 94—185; M. S. Hootman, 92, 92—184; C. Z. Vaughan, 93, 91—184; O. C. Grinnell, 92, 92—184.

G. W. Blake, 89, 94—183; R. McIntyre, 96, 87—183; S. L. Wing, 93, 90—183; R. L. Spotts, 95, 88—183; A. E. Ranney, 93, 90—183; J. R. Johnson, 89, 94—183; F. E. Staples, 88, 95—183; W. Wolstencroft, 93, 89—182; B. V. Covert, 89, 93—182; J. Hendrickson, 90, 92—182; J. N. McLaughlin, 92, 89—181; F. Healey, 85, 96—181; J. P. Donovan, 91, 90—181; F. O. Williams, 89, 92—181; D. M. Barclay, 92, 89—181; J. H. Wolstencroft, 91, 89—180; C. L. King, 89, 91—180; D. L. Culver, 86, 94—180; O. C. Funderbunk, 84, 95—179; Dr. H. J. Thielman, 87, 92—179; B. E. Eldred, 87, 92—179; L. F. Emann, 90, 89—179; G. J. Corbett, 91, 88—179; E. Jennings, 95, 82—177; H. O. Allyn, 90, 87—177; W. B. Short, 86, 91—177; D. F. McMahon, 89, 88—177; C. W. Billings, 89, 88—177; N. Webb, 87, 89—176; T. H. Lewis, 89, 87—176; G. H. Martin, 88, 88—176; A. E. Conley, 84, 91—175; W. E. Phillips, 88, 87—175; R. O. Judd, 91, 84—175; F. A. Jaskson, 88, 87—175; R. D. Morgan, 85, 89—174; H. P. Helman, 85, 89—174; F. Hall, 87, 87—174.

W. R. Lewis, 86, 87—173; W. W. Peabody, 82, 91—173; L. H. Page, 89, 84—173; F. A. Siebert, 89, 83—172; W. H. Beers, 87, 84—171; H. A. Galt, 86, 85—171; C. M. Haskell, 87, 84—171; W. Posey, 87, 84—171; D. Windsworth, 86, 84—170; W. G. Allen, 81, 89—170; E. H. Morse, 86, 84—170; W. B. Ogden, 87, 83—170; V. Blake, 84, 86—170; W. H. Mathews, 86, 83—169; F. B. Stephenson, 86, 83—169; W. E. Crane, 87, 82—169; E. Melrath, 89, 80—169; F. W. Finch, 80, 89—169; E. L. Bartlett, 87, 81—168; W. D. Hinds, 87, 81—168; R. Sinclaire, 87, 80—167; H. B. Knight, 87, 80—167; G. Brown, 91, 76—167; Dr. A. P. Gray, 82, 85—167; O. H. Hassell, 84, 83—167; J. A. McLaughlin, 83, 83—166; E. D. Anderson, 83, 83—166; R. R. Dobescher, 83, 83—166; A. E. Atherton, 77, 88—165; H. Wiley, 84, 79—163; C. C. Watson, 77, 85—162; F. M. Foster, 85, 76—161; John Philip Sousa, 78, 83—161; G. Gray, 74, 87—161; J. Bauer, 75, 86—161; H. L. Gillespie, 87, 72—159; R. S. Smith, 78, 80—158; G. H. Bates, 79, 77—156; P. Sidebotham, 81, 74—155; L. A. Bell, 78, 74—152; H. G. Vogel, 78, 69—147; F. W. Mathews, 86, 76—162; W. Gross, 78, 69—147; W. J. Barry, 71, 64—135; F. A. Johnson, 75, 58—133; G. W. Dereck, 49, 61—110.

**Prize Winners.**

First Prize.—Fred J. Plum, Atlantic City, N. J.

**Shootoff for Second Prize; 20 Targets.**

J. Clarke, Jr., Worcester, Mass.—19; C. H. Newcomb, Philadelphia, Penn.—18.

Matched for Fourth Prize.—Ben S. Donnelley, Chicago, Ill.; F. S. Wright, Buffalo, N. Y., and G. S. McCarthy, Philadelphia, Placed in order, as given.

**Shootoff for Seventh Prize; 20 Targets.**

G. L. Becker, Ogden, Utah—20; Chan Powers, Decatur, Ill.—20; W. H. Patterson, Buffalo, N. Y.—19; H. J. Prendergast, Phoenix, N. Y.—18.

Second Shootoff for Seventh Prize; 20 Targets.—Becker, 19; Powers, 18.

**Team Shoot; 20 Targets.**

| CHICAGO A. C. | Total | NEW YORK A. C. | Total |
|---|---|---|---|
| S. S. Donnelley | 192 | C. H. Newcomb | 193 |
| Mark Arie | 189 | D. I. Bradley | 185 |
| C. M. Powers | 190 | Fred Plum | 194 |
| G. A. Smith | 189 | A. L. Burns | 186 |
| G. L. Becker | 190 | W. H. Yule | 187 |
| Total | 950 | Total | 945 |

## MURCHISON AT TOP SPEED.

### St. Louis Sprinter Wins Two Races at Samaclar A. A. Meet.

Loren Murchison, the St. Louis A. A. flash of lightning gave another demonstration of his sprinting ability last night at the third annual indoor athletic meet of the Samaclar A. A. in the Seventy-first Regiment Armory. The Missouri sensation scored a brace of victories and in convincing fashion.

In a 60 yards handicap sprint, in which he started from the honor mark, Murchison conceded handicaps ranging up to ten yards, but won the final heat by about two feet from Hugh Behr, a Dickinson H. S. athlete, who had an allowance of seven yards. Murchison's time was 6 3-5 seconds.

Murchison's other victory came in the special 300 yards invitation race, in which three of the leading local sprinters opposed the St. Louis athlete. Murchison went to the front with the starting gun and remained in the van to the finish, winning by about four yards from Eddie Hosmer of the Glencoe A. C., the local furlong champion. A. Rothchild, Brooklyn A. A., and Arthur Reilly, Knights of St. Antony, were the other starters, and finished in the order named. Murchison covered the distance in the fast time of 33 seconds.

These two races were the chief attractions in an extensive program which attracted a crowd of 2,000 spectators. Races for hotel employes, members of the association, furnished interesting and keen competition.

## ZBYSZKO DOWNS LINOW.

### Polish Wrestler Wins Bout in Less Than Hour.

Wladek Zbyszko, a Polish wrestler, threw Ivan Linow of Russia in 51 minuets 53 seconds last night in their catch-as-catch can wrestling bout at the Second Field Artillery Regiment Armory in the Bronx. A double arm lock and back heave earned the bout for Zbyszko.

Previous to the time he secured his effective hold Zbyszko was under torture for about four minutes in two toe holds. The Pole broke the holds, however, and threw Linow almost immediately upon regaining his feet. Linow was stunned for several minutes as a result of being thrown heavily to the mat. A large crowd witnessed the match.

**Wounded Sailors See Bouts.**

About five hundred wounded bluejackets, convalescing at the U. S. Naval Hospital, Brooklyn, witnessed a series of nine interesting bouts between amateurs last night. The contests were conducted under the auspices of the New York A. C. and marked the second of a series of such tournaments which the Winged Foot officials will promote for Uncle Sam's wounded heroes. Nine bouts in all were contested, each of three rounds' duration.

## FORDHAM'S LEAD IS FUTILE.

### Boston College Stages Rally in Eighth and Takes Game.

*Special to The New York Times.*

NEWTON, Mass., May 2.—Scoring four runs in the eighth inning, Boston College came from behind today and triumphed over Fordham for the second time this year, 5 to 3.

The visitors took a lead of two tallies in the opening frame after McLaughlin and Eustace had fanned. Tight fielding kept the game scoreless then until the sixth, when Fordham added another tally, Halloran scoring on two errors. Boston came back with a tally in its part of the sixth on the second baseman's error, a sacrifice, and Boyce's slashing two-bagger.

The score:

| BOSTON COLLEGE. | Ab | R | H | Po | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Dempsey,cf | 4 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| Mulcahy,lf | 5 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| Halligan,1b | 3 | 2 | 0 | 10 | 0 |
| Urban,c | 3 | 1 | 1 | 7 | 2 |
| Boyce,rf | 4 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| O'Doherty,3b | 3 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 4 |
| Bond,ss | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Cody,2b | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Dooley,2b | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| F'pat'k,p | 3 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Wholley,lf | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 31 | 5 | 9 | 27 | 10 |

| FORDHAM. | Ab | R | H | Po | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| McL'lin,1b | 3 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 |
| Eustace,lf | 4 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 |
| Halloran,p | 3 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Frisch,ss | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 6 |
| Burkley,cf | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Gleason,2b | 4 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| Lefevre,3b | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Sweetland,c | 3 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 0 |
| Keough,rf | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 32 | 3 | 5 | 24 | 11 |

Errors—Bond, Cody, Gleason, (2.)

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Boston College | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 4 | —5 |
| Fordham | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | —3 |

Two-base hit—Boyce. Three-base hits—Sweetland, Boyce. Stolen bases—Halloran, Boyce. Sacrifice hit—Urban. Bases on balls—By Fitzpatrick, 2; Halloran, 1. Struck out—By Fitzpatrick, 5; Halloran, 4. Double plays—Dooley, Bond, and Halligan; Eustace and McLaughlin. Time—1 hour 50 minutes. Umpire—Mr. McLaughlin.

## RALLY FAILS FOR C. C. N. Y.

### Lavender Nine Loses to Cathedral College by 5 to 3 Score.

Cathedral College made enough runs in the first stanza of their diamond tussle with the College of the City of New York at the Lewisohn Stadium yesterday to clinch the encounter by a score of 5 to 3. A belated rally in the ninth by the Lavender nine failed to tie the game. Boyle, the Red and White moundsman, was in fine form, fanning seven of the Heights lads and allowing only six hits.

The first inning was the doom of the City College men, for their opponents made four runs off Garvey. After that Cathedral was held to a single tally.

The score by innings:

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cathedral | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | —5 |
| City College | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2—3 |

## COLUMBIA BLANKS CORNELL

### Meany Pitches Well, Striking Out Fifteen—Score Is 7 to 0.

Columbia turned back the invasion of Morningside Heights by Cornell yesterday with little difficulty. In a well-played game, in which Cy Meany took the leading role, the Columbia nine overwhelmed the Ithacans and shut them out by a score of 7 to 0.

Meany was never in better form and his pitching was superb in every respect. He struck out fifteen men, gave only two bases on balls, and yielded but three hits. Three times he struck out the side, and appeared to get better as the game went on.

Columbia treated Needle roughly, combing him for a dozen hits and in addition getting three bases on balls from him.

The score:

| COLUMBIA. | Ab | R | H | Po | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Schnaars,cf | 4 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Houlihan,lf | 5 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Hauck,ss | 4 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Ackerman,c | 3 | 2 | 3 | 17 | 2 |
| Goodman,rf | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Lane,1b | 3 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 0 |
| Canapery,3b | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| Weinstein,2b | 4 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| Meany,p | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Total | 33 | 7 | 12 | 27 | 7 |

| CORNELL. | Ab | R | H | Po | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cross,cf | 4 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Corwin,2b | 4 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 1 |
| Ensworth,rf | 4 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Molinet,1b | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 1 |
| Quinlan,ss | 3 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| Spiers,lf | 4 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 |
| Fritz,3b | 4 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 |
| Minier,c | 3 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 1 |
| Needle,p | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| Total | 32 | 0 | 3 | 24 | 10 |

Errors—Schnaars, Hauck, (2.) Canapery, Quinlan, Needle.

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cornell | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | —0 |
| Columbia | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | x—7 |

Three-base hit—Schnaars. Stolen base—Ackerman. Sacrifice hit—Goodman. Left on bases—Columbia, 5; Cornell, 3. First base on errors—Columbia, 2; Cornell, 4. Struck out—By Meany, 15; Needle, 4. Bases on balls—Minier, (2.) Ackerman. Time—1 hour balls—Minier, (2); Ackerman. Time—1 hour 55 minutes. Umpire—Mr. Connolly.

**Fordham Prep Wins at Net.**

Fordham Prep School's tennis team defeated the Horace Mann players yesterday on the Maroon courts by 4 matches to 1. Horace Mann's only victory was scored in the singles by H. Snow, who defeated F. Walsh after three keenly contested sets by scores of 7—5, 3—6, 7—5.

## GOVANS HANDICAP FOR WESTY HOGAN

### Six-Furlong Dash at Pimlico Won by Stablemate of Omar Khayyam.

PIMLICO, Md., May 2.—Wilfrid Viau's Westy Hogan, the stable companion of Omar Khayyam, followed the example of his distinguished playmate by making his first appearance today and capturing the Govans Handicap from a small field. Westy Hogan was set the easiest task of all the successful comebacks, for, though he carried top weight of 129 pounds, he was opposed by only two horses and only one of these had faced the starter before this season.

Westy Hogan, however, performed in a manner that indicates he will be worthy of consideration for the big handicaps and had the purse at his mercy from the start of the six furlong dash. Kummer, who rode Westy Hogan, allowed Mrs. J. E. Davis's Ophelia to lead for the first quarter of a mile and then easily moved up alongside the filly. Ophelia did her best to keep close to the leader and was able to do so until Westy Hogan was let down in the stretch. The race was over then and Westy Hogan galloped on to win easily with nearly three lengths to spare.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE—For two-year-olds; selling; four furlongs. Griffwood, 114 pounds, (Ambrose,) $122.10, $50.60, and $21.80, won; Hello Pardner, 114, (Nolan,) $4.80 and $3.10, second; Cauberen, 111, (Williams,) $4.40, third. Time—0:51. Drusilla Little One, Pirate McGee, Silex II., Lutl Alexander, Enrual, and Cormorant also ran.

SECOND RACE—For maiden three-year-olds; one mile. Natural Bridge, 115 pounds, (Fairbrother,) $6.40, $4.70, and $4.10, won; Clean Gone, 115, (Ambrose,) $4.80 and $2.70, second; Pastoral Swain, 115, (A. Collins,) $19.50, third. Time—1:44. Somerled, John Cullinan, Beaucaire, Melancholia, Auctioneer, Somewhere in France, Blaircora, Mother in Law, Saddle Rock, and Delaware also ran.

THIRD RACE—Patapsco Selling Steeplechase; for four-year-olds and upward; two miles. Warlock, 143 pounds, (Crawford,) $5.40, $3.80, and $2.90, won; Syosset, 140, (Powers,) $3.30 and $2.80, second; Infidel II., 145, (Byers,) $3.80, third. Time—4:01. Early Light, Melos, Meshach, Otto Floto, and Superhuman also ran. Bruin Bells and Ocean Prince fell.

FOURTH RACE—For two-year-olds; four furlongs. *Paul Jones, 117 pounds, (Lyke,) $7.60, $2.90, and $3.40, won; Virginia L., 100, (Rice,) $7.70 and $5.50, second; *Oceanna, 109, (Mergler,) $3.40, third. Time—0:49 4-5. †Miss Shackleton, Murray, †Langolien, J. Al Clark, and Merry Sinner also ran. *Coupled as Hal Parr entry; †B. Ross entry.

FIFTH RACE — Govan Handicap; for three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Westy Hogan, 129 pounds, (Kummer,) $2.40 and out, won; Ophelia, 108, (Walls,) out for place, second; Grundy, 110, (Lapallie,) out for third, third. Time—1:15. Only three starters.

SIXTH RACE—Severn Claiming Handicap; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile. Broom Peddler, 110 pounds, (Sande,) $3.20 $2.20, and out, won; Queen Apple, 116, (Ensor,) $2.70 and out, second; Belarlo, 93, (Carswell,) out for third, third. Time—1:43. Daddy's Choice also ran.

SEVENTH RACE—For four-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Firing Line, 115 pounds, (Stapleton,) $21.70, $5.70, and $4.80, won; Midnight Sun, 110, (Q. Preece,) $3.40 and $3, second; The Decision, 115, (Walls,) $5.70, third. Time—1:15. Currency, Indian Chant, James, Bellringer, Hello Jane, and Cormorant also ran.

## PIMLICO ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE.—Claiming, for two-year-olds; four and a half furlongs. Locust Leaves, 105 pounds; Waking Dream, 101; *Sedgegraas, 90; *Le Bleuet, 98; My Dear, 105; Edith K., 95; Hidden Ship, 111; Who Cares, 110; Mush, 100; *Fanny Cook, 101.

SECOND RACE.—Selling, for three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. *Thistledon, 105 pounds; Out of the W., 120; Ballast, 113; *Assumption, 105; Dottie Vandiver, 95; Q. of the Sea, 105; Wawbeek, 105; Woodtrap, 115; Bettie Bluff, 100; *The Duster, 100; Tommywaac, 100; *Irene, 100; Camaflouge, 110; *Onico, 100; Murphy, 115; Kohinoor, 115; *Mahony, 110.

Queen of the Sea and Irene, Forman entry.

THIRD RACE.—Steeplechase, four-year-olds and upward; about two miles. The Brook, 159 pounds; Capt. Parr, 154; Shade, 133; Bet, 157; *Royal Arch, 131; Brand, 141; Slipshod, 144; *Bughouse, 131.

Royal Arch and Bughouse, Parr entry.

FOURTH RACE.—The Pimlico Nursery, two-year-olds; four and one-half furlongs. Shoal, 112 pounds; Who Cares, 112; Oceanna, 109; Kinnoul, 117; Guess Again, 109; On Watch, 112; Doughboy, 112; Ralco, 112; His Choice, 109; St. Azlan, 112; Carmandale, 111; First to Fight, 112; C. S. Grason, 112; Cobwebs, 109.

Oceanna and Ralco, Parr entry. Guess Again and Cobwebs, Whitney entry.

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Terentia, 122 pounds; Ground Swell, 115; Bally Connell, 112; Ballet Dancer II., 112; Chimney Swift, 115; Milkmaid, 122; Bettie Bluff, 115; Duchess Lace, 115; Cancelles, 112; Stickling, 112; High Born Lady, 118; Merry Princess, 120; Looking Up, 115.

SIXTH RACE.—Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward; one and one-sixteenth miles. Be Frank, 111 pounds; Crimper, 104; Franklin, 105; Yurucari, 108; Balustrade, 101; Debadon, 112; L'Effaire, 100; Bondage, 110; Foreground, 110; Omar Khayyam, 125.

SEVENTH RACE.—Three-year-olds and upward, claiming; one mile. Marianao, 113 pounds; *Romeo, 102; Celto, 113; Antoinette, 102; Cadillac, 123; N. K. Beal, 113; Houdini, 102.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Weather clear; track slow.

Sosius, Burglar, and Orlando of Havana also ran.

## RACING AT BELMONT PARK.

Entries for Today's Events—Weather Clear, Track Fast.

FIRST RACE—Selling; for three-year-olds; five furlongs.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Sir Hugh | 110 | Sir Gallahad III. | 110 |
| Sir Barton | 110 | Sir Martin | 110 |
| Sir Cleges | 110 | Sir Wrack | 110 |
| Sir Dixon | 110 | Sir Wrack | 110 |
| Sir Gallahad III. | 110 | Sir Wrack | 110 |

SECOND RACE—Selling; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and seventy yards.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Sir Hugh | 110 | Sir Gallahad III. | 110 |
| Sir Barton | 110 | Sir Martin | 110 |
| Sir Cleges | 110 | Sir Wrack | 110 |
| Sir Dixon | 110 | Sir Wrack | 110 |
| Sir Gallahad III. | 110 | Sir Wrack | 110 |

THIRD RACE—Selling; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and seventy yards.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Sir Hugh | 110 | Sir Gallahad III. | 110 |
| Sir Barton | 110 | Sir Martin | 110 |
| Sir Cleges | 110 | Sir Wrack | 110 |
| Sir Dixon | 110 | Sir Wrack | 110 |
| Sir Gallahad III. | 110 | Sir Wrack | 110 |

FOURTH RACE—Selling; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and seventy yards.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Sir Hugh | 110 | Sir Gallahad III. | 110 |
| Sir Barton | 110 | Sir Martin | 110 |
| Sir Cleges | 110 | Sir Wrack | 110 |
| Sir Dixon | 110 | Sir Wrack | 110 |
| Sir Gallahad III. | 110 | Sir Wrack | 110 |

FIFTH RACE—Selling; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and seventy yards.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Sir Hugh | 110 | Sir Gallahad III. | 110 |
| Sir Barton | 110 | Sir Martin | 110 |
| Sir Cleges | 110 | Sir Wrack | 110 |
| Sir Dixon | 110 | Sir Wrack | 110 |
| Sir Gallahad III. | 110 | Sir Wrack | 110 |

SIXTH RACE—Selling; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and seventy yards.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Sir Hugh | 110 | Sir Gallahad III. | 110 |
| Sir Barton | 110 | Sir Martin | 110 |
| Sir Cleges | 110 | Sir Wrack | 110 |
| Sir Dixon | 110 | Sir Wrack | 110 |
| Sir Gallahad III. | 110 | Sir Wrack | 110 |

SEVENTH RACE—Selling; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and seventy yards.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Sir Hugh | 110 | Sir Gallahad III. | 110 |
| Sir Barton | 110 | Sir Martin | 110 |
| Sir Cleges | 110 | Sir Wrack | 110 |
| Sir Dixon | 110 | Sir Wrack | 110 |
| Sir Gallahad III. | 110 | Sir Wrack | 110 |

## SQUASH TITLE FOR COREY.

### Wins Championship of Yale Club by Beating Johnson.

Alan Corey won the squash championship of the Yale Club yesterday when he defeated Stewart H. Johnson in the final match, 15—12, 15—10, 10—15, 15—8. Corey played his usual hard, driving game, and his terrific smashes brought him many aces. His drives around the court kept his opponent on the jump, and although Johnson played a stiff uphill game he was not able to match Corey except in the third game.

Corey had been going at such a fast clip in the first two games that he tired in the third, and when there was a let-up in his playing Johnson grasped the opportunity and in a pretty rally took the game at 15—10. In this game Johnson was superior through his accurate, well-placed drives, which frequently made Corey hit the ball too low into the tell tale.

Corey came back in the fourth game, however, and his swift attack overwhelmed his opponent at 15—8. Johnson tired noticeably in the final game.

## ROW ON HOUSATONIC TODAY.

### Yale and Princeton 'Varsity and Freshman Crews to Race.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 2.—Interest in college rowing will centre tomorrow on the meeting between the Yale and Princeton 'Varsity and freshman crews, which will row over a two-mile course on the Housatonic, near Derby, Conn. As this is regarded as one of the big features of the rowing season, arrangements have been made to take care of a large crowd which is expected to view the regatta.

The regatta will start at 3:30 o'clock when the freshman crews will take to the water. The 'Varsity eights will follow according to schedule. Special trains will be provided for those wishing to see the races and travel by train, trolley, and automobile will be directed toward Shelton. The observation train will follow the crews along the Western bank of the river, while arrangements have been made for the parking of automobiles along the course.

## REAL TEST FOR MIDDIES.

### Navy Crews Will Meet Eights from Syracuse Today.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., May 2.—The Navy's 'Varsity and Freshman crews are in for a real test tomorrow when they meet the eights from Syracuse. The Middies have been comparatively easy victors so far this year, but Syracuse presents the most formidable crew in point of weight the Navy has yet met.

Both crews were out today for practice spins and are in readiness for the meeting.

**Kingsley Wins from Glen Ridge.**

Kingsley School's baseball team pounded out a victory over the Glen Ridge H. S. nine yesterday on the former's diamond at Essex Fells, N. J., by the score of 11 to 2. Hunt, the Glen Ridge pitcher, was walloped for twelve hits. Marsh, twirling for Kingsley, held the opposing batsmen to five hits. Kingsley's big inning was the seventh, when four runs were registered.

Men's
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Oxfords
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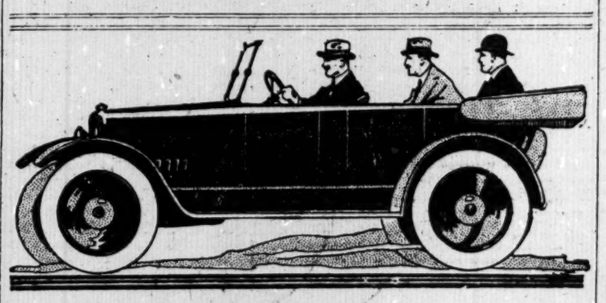

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Orlando
The Sign of a Good Cigar

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Orlando is sold only in United Cigar Stores—"Thank you"

CIGARS UNITED

CIGARS UNITED

UNITED CIGAR STORES

# The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY. ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President. B. C. Franck, Secretary.

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## TRUST THE CONFERENCE.

The disposition to expect the worst seems to be ingrained in some of the correspondents at the Peace Conference and some of the commentators on its labors. As the German delegation arrives, to the accompaniment of the long-expected German bombast about signing no "hard peace," (which, it may be noted, comes not from the German delegates, but from gentlemen back home who are perhaps less in the presence of realities,) we see in some quarters a firm conviction that of course the Conference is going to yield, to give the Germans what they ask, to betray the world.

But what is its record? The Conference was going to recognize LENIN, but it has not done so; indeed, it seems well on the way to recognizing KOLCHAK. The Conference was going to fall helpless before the Bolsheviki of Budapest, but it has sent against them armies which seem on the point of ending Soviet rule west of the Carpathians. It was going to betray Poland; but it seems to have arranged a settlement which, while not wholly devoid of the element of compromise, gives the Poles the substance of what they want. It was going to betray France and leave her at the mercy of a rising Germany; but France gets the Sarre Valley and the disarmament of the Rhine provinces, besides whatever expression Mr. WILSON may have given to the universal American feeling that a new attack on France would be a challenge to the world which the world would have to meet by prompt action.

The Conference has compromised, may compromise still more; but its notable compromises have dealt with differences between the Allies. There is no reason for believing that it has entertained thoughts of yielding to the enemy. Perhaps it has been held to the strait and narrow path only through the fear of public opinion as it might be aroused by these indefatigable guardians who watch every move. If that is so, these gentlemen have no reason for less faith in themselves in the future; if they have kept the Conference right so far, they can do it to the end. On the other hand, if the Conference has been right of its own accord, we may perhaps be able to trust it a little longer. No doubt there have been a few events, and a great many surmises, in Paris which caused grave apprehension; but prophecies of surrender have remained unfulfilled. It may conceivably be that the representatives of the nations are quite as well aware of the fatal consequences of letting the enemy win the peace as are their critics.

## CIVIL SERVICE REFORM EXTENSION.

In The Boston Transcript Mr. RICHARD H. DANA, who drafted the Massachusetts Civil Service Reform act in the eighties, and has been a steady and intelligent advocate of the reform for many years, takes advantage of the recent telephone strike to ask if the Government is in a position to consider scientifically and intelligently employment conditions. Great business establishments employ experts to consider those conditions carefully. Thus they hope to draw a better class of workmen into their service and to stimulate in them a friendly and co-operative spirit. In short, the city, the State, the National Government should be able, by means of the study of experts, to secure progressive and efficient methods in the civil service. There, as in the factory, the best means of doing the various kinds of work, of saving labor, of avoiding or redressing grievances, of making the employés satisfied and ambitious should be used.

It is not enough that the merit system has been established. It is not enough to fight continually for the protection of that system against the spoilsmen, and for its enlargement. As Mr. DANA writes, "it is practically "impossible to make large extensions "in the merit system unless that system is such as to commend itself "to all concerned—the Governme-" "the employé, and the public. It is "not enough that the merit system "is far better than the antiquated, "two-cylinder spoils methods still in "use in backward communities; it "must be up to the best models that "are known, if it is to be generally "used."

The National Civil Service Reform League is now campaigning to "educate public opinion to demand such "improvements." It has been a part of its program "to give civil service "commissions efficiency functions "and authorize them to employ scientific business experts, to standardize "work and pay, arrange suitable "titles, get rid of unnecessary duplication of work and supernumeraries, to study employment methods, "teach foremen modern ways of co-operating with employés, hear complaints of both citizens and employés, and otherwise to bring in "the most modern and useful business methods." Civil service reform cannot rest on its abundant laurels. It must keep up with the times. Indeed, it must look ahead and prepare for new conditions and situations. This the League is trying to do.

## INVEST TODAY.

The Victory Loan is now less than 1 per cent. behind the proportion of subscriptions which had been taken at the corresponding stage of the Fourth Loan. Such a difference as that is hardly worth mentioning when the difference in the campaigns is considered. The slogan on the Fourth Loan was "borrow and buy." The slogan now is "invest." The difference between the two methods is that what is now sought is as much subscribers as subscriptions. It is harder to get 25,000,000 subscribers of their own money to $4,500,000,000 than to get subscriptions for $6,000,000,000 with bank money. The results are enough better to pay for the greater trouble. The six billions taken on the "borrow and buy" method were not really sold to those who wanted them. Millions are still carried in bank loans, and inflate prices as the Victory Loan would if taken in the same way. More millions were sold, and account for the discount which discourages some subscribers now.

Those who "invest" with their own money care nothing for discounts. Nothing worse can happen to them than receiving more than savings bank interest, and the repayment of the principal in full when it is due. It costs only $2 to register and to cast a $50 vote for Victory in the very best manner. The payments of $1 a week for forty-eight weeks will come from savings and will be true investment. It will not inflate bank credits and help to raise the cost of living, but, just the contrary, will help to reduce them both. Capitalists can cast $100 votes for Victory on what is called the Government plan of payment by six installments. That way is about as good as the forty-eight-payment plan, although it will lessen the votes for Victory because the amounts are larger.

The city's ratio of subscriptions will not long be below the country's average if it continues its daily reports of increases in the amount of overnight subscriptions. Other districts go backward, but never New York. Dallas is now at the bottom of the list, and Chicago has been displaced as second by Minneapolis. St. Louis' leadership is the mark at which all the other districts aim, and soon it must solace itself for the loss of primacy by remarking that it is a credit to have led for so long. The days are fast passing toward the end of the time when it will be possible to invest in Victory bonds on the partial payment plan. Soon they must be paid for in full by those who want them, and then they may have to pay a premium for them.

## THE PAN AMERICAN AERONAUTIC SHOW.

The WRIGHT brothers taught the world to fly; in the white heat of a world war invention rapidly forged the airplane into a terrible instrument of destruction, at the same time pointing the way to victories of peace in the air; and now at Atlantic City the Pan American Aeronautic Convention, which is to last a month, will show the world how wonderful has been aeronautical progress and how those victories of peace can be realized by adapting the uses of the airplane to industrial transportation.

There has never been such a show as the Atlantic City convention promises to be. It should have the patronage and support of the American people. The seaside resort is an ideal place for the enterprise. All forms of aeronautical display are possible—seaplane races along the shore, landplane contests, dirigible exhibitions, balloon ascensions, parachute descents, and demonstrations of tricks that can be performed by skilled and daring aviators. But the associated clubs have more to offer. There are to be daily exhibits of planes, motors, and accessories on the Steel Pier; also a regular air passenger service for visitors; in addition, moving pictures and lectures by specialists upon the mechanics of aircraft and their development for business purposes and for pleasure.

The daily program for the month is rich in promise. The show is the most ambitious undertaking in aeronautics ever conceived. The convention opened with greetings from distinguished men, and messages of congratulation came from every part of the world. The British Air Ministry has been invited to send over a great dirigible, and it has intimated that one may arrive during the convention. The success of the exhibition, of course, depends upon the energy and ability of the promoters, but there is every incentive to their enterprise in the future undoubtedly lying before commercial aviation.

## MR. TAFT.

Mr. WILLIAM HOWARD TAFT has done a great deal of useful service to his country in office and out of it. In particular, since the war began, he has shown a broad, generous patriotism with very little consideration of partisanship. His work for the League of Nations is another evidence of his superiority to the ideas and tactics of the mere partisan. With his countrymen in general he has always been popular. It used to be said that the South would love to vote for him if he only bore the proper party label. In the North, despite the unflattering verdict of 1912, he has long been respected by all parties. Since his reconciliation with Mr. ROOSEVELT he may have been forgiven by the Progressives except those enthusiasts or irreconcilables whom Mr. ROOSEVELT loved to call "the lunatic fringe."

Even with all these things in mind one is hardly prepared for the fervor and the certainty with which The Milwaukee Journal sees him recovered from the disaster of seven years ago and the favorite of Republican public sentiment:

> A most astonishing thing has happened. Mr. TAFT has "come back." He stands out today as one of the greatest of American leaders. The largest following in the Republican Party today is his. He is one of the very few men of the country who possess to any great degree the confidence of the people.
>
> It is certain that if a Republican National Convention representing the true sentiment of that body were to meet tomorrow to nominate a candidate for President, Mr. TAFT would receive many more votes than any of the other gentlemen who are being groomed or are grooming themselves for the nomination. The Republican politicians may or may not realize this, but it is plain to men who rub elbows with other men.

It would be a great good fortune for the country, indeed for the Democratic Party itself, which should be kept up to high standards, if Mr. TAFT, with his moderation, his solid judgment, his unselfish patriotism, his ample and varied experience of affairs and men, were to be the Republican candidate in 1920. Yet, even if there is such a general Republican desire for his nomination as our Badger contemporary sees or fancies, what chance of nomination will he have? Even if 1912 were wholly forgiven and forgotten, 1918 and 1919 could not be. Mr. TAFT has not regarded blind, instinctive opposition to Mr. WILSON as a first duty of Republican statesmen. He has dared to advocate the League of Nations. He is even said to have spoken impatiently of certain Republican Senators habituated to regard Mr. WILSON as the source and fount of all evil. Mr. TAFT has many engaging qualities, of which a steady magnanimity is not the least; but he is taboo to many, and not the least powerful, Republican politicians. To strive to provide the machinery and means of maintaining the peace of the world seemed to him more necessary, more momentous, than feeding fat the Republican grudge against Mr. WILSON.

## CAPITAL AND THE PHILIPPINES.

"We are here to invite American capital," says Senator QUEZON, leader of the Philippine Mission, "and we "can assure capital that it will be "just as safe under an independent "sovereignty in the islands as it is "now." While waiting for the session of Congress to consider their plea for immediate independence, the delegates are conferring with financiers and representatives of business interests. Unprecedented prosperity in the Philippines and remarkable growth of foreign trade have been due largely to investment of American capital there. More is needed now for further expansion of industries and development of natural resources. One of the delegates has pointed out that "of 120,000 square miles of rich "tropical land only 14,000 have been "touched."

But he and his associates have not been encouraged to expect additional investment of American capital if the independence they seek is now to be granted. They are told that a part of the capital now in the islands will be withdrawn. This is the substance of reports in trade journals concerning their conferences and the attitude of business interests. There is no lack of commendation for what the Filipinos have done and are doing, but capital is cautious. It prefers that the present relations between the islands and the United States shall continue, fearing that immediate independence might change conditions to its disadvantage. And so we have reports that needed additions will be withheld and that a favorable response by Congress to the mission's plea would cause decrease of investment.

Great progress has been made under what Professor Bocobo, one of the delegates, calls "a trusteeship that "commands the admiration of the "world." Last year's foreign trade, $234,000,000, almost two-thirds of which was with the United States, showed a gain of nearly 50 per cent. In five years the money in circulation has been multiplied by two and one-half. The resources of the Philippine National Bank have grown from $5,000,000 to $124,000,000. In the last few years 365 new domestic corporations were organized, with a capital of $452,000,000, and 95 American companies have established agencies or branches. Prosperity has permitted large appropriations for education. There is no labor unrest. At the recent session of the Legislature provision was made for a geological survey of the 100,000 square miles of land which remain, as a delegate said, "in their primeval state," in order that deposits of minerals and oil may not be neglected. This survey will increase the demand for capital.

All this growth has taken place and these preparations for development have been made under governmental conditions which give no ground for just complaint. These conditions have promoted the great advance. If the delegates are told by competent authority that the proposed change may impose restraint, and possibly check the forward movement, owing to the attitude of American capital, this is something which they and their Government at home should carefully consider.

## THE RIGHT DETECTIVES.

A few years ago there lived in this town a man in whom EDGAR ALLAN POE would have delighted. His name was HENRY KLOTZ, and he worked in the Bureau of Highways. All his friends and acquaintances gave him the finest sort of character. He was a quiet man, rather shy, not easily disposed to make acquaintances, and always went home as soon as his work was done. If anybody had any criticism to make of HENRY KLOTZ, it was that he was too little interested in what went on around and about him, rather than too much. He was the last man who by any possibility could have been thought of as a bomb sender. Nevertheless, that was HENRY KLOTZ'S amusement and dissipation. When he went to that quiet home of his he went there to make bombs and send them, sometimes to persons of eminence, but more often to obscure people whom he happened to have met, not necessarily to have had a grudge against. Murder was his amusement, and he did not have to have any special grievance against the person to whom he sent his bombs.

In 1906 a fellow-employé of the Bureau of Highways in Brooklyn received a bomb which blew a finger off. Then the bombmaker rested. In 1912 he sent a bomb to a woman of the name of GRACE WALKER, which blew her to pieces. The police were unable to solve the mystery. Then KLOTZ sent a bomb to Judge OTTO ROSALSKY, whom he did not know, but who had figured in the newspapers as the Judge who had sent FOULKE BRANDT, the blackmailer, to prison. This bomb blew off several fingers of Inspector OWEN EAGAN of the Bureau of Combustibles, and wrecked part of the Judge's house. The police by this time were driven nearly to desperation. There was nothing whatever to indicate the author of the Rosalsky bomb, although it was evident that both bombs came from the same hand. At that time Inspector EAGAN delivered his opinion that the bombmaker would never be found by the police, unless in trying to make a bomb he should happen to injure himself. The prediction was fulfilled.

In February, 1913, a bomb was sent to an apartment house in the Bronx, two blocks away from KLOTZ'S home, which exploded and killed Mrs. MADELINE HERRERA, the janitor's wife, and injured two other persons. So far as is known, KLOTZ had only a speaking acquaintance with the HERRERAS. On March 22 KLOTZ tried to make another bomb and blew himself up. EAGAN'S prediction had come true. KLOTZ lived long enough to enable the police to make sure that he was the criminal, and, indeed, the man had been foolish enough to keep a diary, and had recorded the failures and successes of his diabolical attempts.

This is almost enough to show that police attempts to discover bomb-senders are not very likely to be successful. On July 4, 1914, ARTHUR CARON and CARL HANSEN, two anarchists, were killed by the bursting of a bomb made by CARON on the sixth floor of a tenement house at 1,626 Lexington Avenue, and three women and four men were seriously injured by the explosion. A short time before this CARON and several other anarchists had been up at Tarrytown trying to make speeches against JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER, and had been chased away by the police. There is no reason to doubt that the bomb was intended for Mr. ROCKEFELLER.

But the most famous bomb case of all was the Haymarket explosion in Chicago in May, 1886. A force of police attempted to disperse a mass meeting. A man named RUDOLPH SCHNAUBALT threw a bomb at the policemen which killed seven of them. The Chicago police made many arrests. They did not catch SCHNAUBALT. They did catch the man who made the bomb, LOUIS LINGG, who was sentenced to death, but who anticipated the execution by blowing his head off with a bomb of his own making.

These instances do not give us much confidence in the ability of city detectives to catch a criminal of this type. For one thing, a police detective is taken off the case very often as soon as interest in it dies down. His duties are largely of a routine character and must be attended to without regard to half-forgotten murder cases. But it is different with the Secret Service and the Post Office Inspectors. It is nothing uncommon for one of them to be kept on a case for seven or eight years, during which his whole business is to hunt down the criminal against whom he is engaged. The brightest pages in the annals of these two detective organizations deal with long hunts, conducted often over a period of many years, for the purpose of making all criminals feel that they cannot flout the power of the United States Government.

## TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

**Not All the Perfumes of Araby.**

It is indeed a matter of great interest that the first desire of the German delegates upon arrival at Versailles should have been the acquisition of unlimited quantities of soap; but it is to be feared that a moral interpretation of this tendency would be somewhat premature. There has been very little out-damned-spotting in Germany. The general sentiment has been quite the contrary; there has been almost a glorying in Germany's maculation. Nevertheless, all encouragement should be given to the German desire for soap. In the university city of Heidelberg the excellent public baths used to be advertised by a poster which set forth as the far-distant ideal toward which public-spirited citizens should work the attainment of a weekly bath for every German. No foreigner who feels that the world will not be wholly safe till Germany has been reformed will begrudge the Germans any amount of soap that they may be able to take back home; there will only be a fervent hope that in this case at least cleanliness may be the near neighbor of godliness.

Perhaps not so much sympathy can be accorded to the ladies of the German peace delegation, who set forth from their hotels as soon as they had their hair arranged to buy as much candy as the Versailles confectioners would sell them. No doubt it has been a sorely felt deprivation to have no chocolates and other pleasurable condiments for the last four years; but the populations of certain other countries, France among them, have suffered somewhat more serious misfortunes, through Germany's fault. Strange as it may seem to Germans, there are some things that are not easy to forget.

**Taxes the Treasury Does Not Get.**

Everybody knows that luxury taxes are now due, but not everybody knows what the luxury taxes are. Candy and ginger ale are examples of articles on which luxury taxes are collected in some places, perhaps because shopkeepers thought they were on the luxury list, and perhaps because they took a chance that shoppers did not know they were not and would pay what they were asked. The articles named are among those on which it was intended that the manufacturers should pay the tax, rather than the buyers. The manufacturers must pay whether or not the buyers pay, and if the buyers pay it will profit the shopkeepers rather than the Treasury.

It is not even sure that the double payment of the tax will end the list. It is not unknown that some sellers are fond enough of round numbers to take the fractions or odd penny themselves, or even to collect some multiple of the tax and let the customer think that the Treasury is to blame for the increased cost. Candies in particular are sold for more than the tax justifies, and there are many articles which have been sold below the luxury limit that can be marked up for the sake of adding the tax which ought to go to the Treasury.

Buyers will hardly take a copy of the law along, and distinguish between the articles on which they ought to pay and others not taxed. The opportunity puts a strain on the patience of the buyer, and on the honesty of the dealer, and the tax is an example of the manner in which a tax ought not to be laid, if it ought to be laid at all. The ground is being laid for a movement for a repeal when the Kitchin law is reconsidered.

**Lively at Eighty-five? What of It?**

The liveliest speaker at the dinner to Lord READING was CHAUNCEY M. DEPEW, and for some reason the reporters, commenting on the fact, make the totally irrelevant observation that Mr. DEPEW is 85 years of age. He doesn't look a day over 60, and it is about time that people generally come to a realization of the fact that in 1919 age is not a thing of years, but of the way you feel. Twenty-five years ago it was necessary for a woman past fifty to assume a different garb from other women and to spend her time in knitting. Times have changed. You are now as young as you feel, whatever your sex. There is no such thing as being old unless you feel that you are old. As RICHARD LE GALLIENNE said in his "Vanishing Roads": "It is the fashion to be young, and the age of romance both for men and women has been indefinitely extended. No one gives up the game, or is expected to, until he is genuinely tired of playing it. Mopish conventions are less and less allowed to restrict that free and joyous play of vitality dear to the modern heart, which is the essence of romance." As for Mr. DEPEW, what relation has his age to his vitality? For that matter, what relation has his age to his youth? He has always been the youngest of men except in that wisdom that comes with middle age, and he will never be any younger or any older.

### Prohibition a Stigma.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

It seems a pity that just after the splendid showing of the American people in the war they should be exposed in the eyes of the whole world to the imputation which "prohibition" implies, namely, that the development of the character of most of them is too deficient to be relied upon when it comes to the most primitive exercise of judgment and self-control. From the fact that their Government deems it imperative to forbid all alcoholic drinks down to the mildest, only one inference can be drawn, which is that the majority of American individuals lack the rudimental degree of character and judgment enabling them to enjoy harmlessly a convivial glass of wine or beer as all civilized people do, and that if left to their own individual judgment they will overindulge in alcohol to the point of endangering the progress of their great nation.

Prohibition is really a stigma justified only by the actual presence of what it implies, and if so justified it justifies also other equally paternal, coddling measures arresting the development of the forces of self-preservation in the free individual of the U. S. A. PIERRE TROUBETZKOY.

New York, April 21, 1919.

## SLAVONIC FEDERATION.

**Prospects of a Union of Poles, Lithuanians and Ukrainians.**

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

In liberal circles the proposition is again being advanced that Poland and the Ukraine be united in a federated State—not for the special interests of the Polish aristocracy, represented by Polish absentee landlords in the Ukraine, but for the benefit of the majority of both these Slavic peoples, and to create a barrier against Bolshevism and German aggression. Such a State would also become an economic unit for the industrial development of Eastern Europe.

In this connection the question is being reiterated, why cannot the Ukrainians of Galicia and South Russia—hard-pressed as they are on both fronts—relinquish their demands for independence and offer to Poland direct connection with Odessa for the compensation of a joint front against Bolshevism and possible future attempts of the Teuton to dominate the Slav?

Such plans are in accordance with Polish political tradition, and they do not contradict on the surface the tendency of our times toward synthetic creation, which in the field of international policy is represented by championship of the freedom of nationality and the defense of unity of large political organisms of democratic character.

With stubborn assurance, unmindful of the new era in which we are living, many leaders of Polish political thought refuse to recognize the Ukrainian or Lithuanian movements as potential partners in a Slavonic Federation. What has been positive and natural in their own revolt against the arrogant domination of the Russian Slavs seems to them to be only the result of German intrigue in the case of the Lithuanians and the Ukrainians. What were called revolutionary outbreaks in the Polish opposition to Russian rule are called anarchy when similarly occurring in Lithuania or Galicia to the discomfort of the local Polish nobility.

It does not occur to these Poles of the old school to view the probable loss of Polish minorities in Eastern Galicia or in Lithuania as a necessary disadvantage which can be recompensed by the acquisition of Ukrainian or Lithuanian ethnographic islands in compact Polish territory. Not only are the motives of the Ukrainian and Lithuanian renaissance suspected, but very often they are unwilling to recognize even the existence of national feeling in these countries, although it has been manifested through centuries of adversity. They are still living in the conception of the absolute superiority of the Polish nation, a conception not dissimilar to the self-deceit of public opinion in Germany. An utterly unrealistic attitude toward Lithuania is being carefully maintained because Lithuania is the salient psychological feature of the Polish-Ukrainian relations.

It is a great pity that this is the case, but the causes are deeply rooted in Polish history and in the present political fabric of that great country. National pride, heightened by centuries of suffering and oppression, is partially responsible for this blindness—and there are economic causes, too. It must not be forgotten that Polish immigration into Western Ukraine, which started as long ago as the seventeenth century and ended in adding to the Ukrainian population in this district a foreign minority of from 5 per cent., in the Government of Kiev, to 25 per cent. in East Galicia, between Tarnopol and Przemysl, was composed largely of noblemen who received land grants from the Polish crown, and more recently, as officials under the Hapsburgs. All of them are of Catholic faith and, of course, unassimilated by the Ukrainian peasant population, which received its religion and culture from the Byzantine Empire. On this account, the feelings of the average Polish political writer toward the Ukrainians are those of a feudal aristocrat toward a rebellious serf. It was so at the time of the Ukrainian peasant revolt in Galicia in 1848, when the Ruthenians with the abolition or servitude in Austria awakened to a new political life, and it remains so to this day, when the futures of Poland and the Ukraine are about to be established for centuries.

In spite of everything, it seems that political traditions, nationalist feeling, historic misconceptions, lack of sympathy, the atmosphere of hatred, and incongruity of temper are just as important political facts as questions of railways, geography, or other economic factors. "As long as the River Ros (a tributary of the Dnieper) bears the name of Ros and the Dnieper flows into the sea, Polish and Ukrainian hearts will fail to beat together," says a Ukrainian poet.

Let us hope at least that American immigrants from Poland and the Ukraine will learn to disavow the ugly spirit of narrow prejudice and blinded and willful deception even for the purported good of a European motherland. It is our duty as Americans to face the issues fairly and to try to apply to Europe the principles of American common sense and fair play. And there is scarcely any reason from this American point of view why these principles cannot be applied to solve the problem of East Galicia. With this problem solved the way is cleared for Slavonic federation.

MIROSLAV SICHINSKY.

New York, April 29, 1919.

## THE LAST CALL.

Comes a message resounding again o'er the deep
And the duty it brings is our own;
For the greatest one thing to accomplish just now
Is to shoulder the Victory Loan.

Though we've answered four times while the war has been waged,
We should welcome the summons again.
There is nothing we've done, or we ever can do,
To compare with the work of our men.

Of the millions of men, on the land, on the seas,
And in skies, who have faced the proud foe,
Was there one who has measured his duty as done
When still forward the call came to go?

Can you dream of one lad who had fought at Cambrai,
And Verdun where Death trampled each dawn,
Belleau Wood, St. Mihiel—I name only these four—
Who would quit in the fifth—at Argonne?

Then shall we who, as David said, stayed by the stuff,
In the sunlight of safety and rest,
Far away from the dangers of shrapnel and shell—
Shall we falter at last in the test?

Then for what was the fight; why the wounded and lost;
Why the slaughter—the rivers of red?
If we fail our brave boys at this time, then, indeed,
Is the soul of America dead.

We may fight, if we will, till the long night is near;
We may work till we're ready to fall;
It is empty and vain; and it all goes for naught
If we lose in the test that means all.

NELSON H. BARNES.

## TO RID CHURCH OF 'MISFITS.'

**Speakers at Episcopal Congress Say Training Must Be Readjusted.**

At the session yesterday of the Protestant Episcopal Church Congress, held in Huntington Chapel of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, the Rev. Professor E. S. Drown, D. D., of the Episcopal Theological School, Cambridge, Mass., in discussing the topic of the day, "Necessary Readjustments in the Training of the Ministry," said that some expected much from psychology, but that psychology was a modern science and that he feared that its results would not become truly practical.

"Recently," he went on, "I heard it said that the Germans know more about psychology and less about human nature than any people on earth, and I am ready to believe that the former Kaiser, for one, realizes that there was some farce in that remark. A knowledge of human nature is of the utmost importance in the training for the ministry; it leads to the ability to understand and deal with men and women. I do not believe that any development of casuistry as a training for the confessional will be helpful.

"Above all things, a minister should be a man of faith. The present need of men is the need of theology, of the knowledge of God."

Bishop E. S. Lines of Newark, N. J., presided, and other addresses upon the demands of theological education were made by the Rev. Dr. Harry P. Nichols, rector of Holy Trinity Church, New York, and the Very Rev. Dr. George G. Bartlett, Dean of the Philadelphia Theological School.

"There is justifiable dissatisfaction with the present condition in teaching," Dr. Nichols said. "Long-suffering parishes seek ministers and get men who ought never to have been ordained. Rectors seek helpers and in seminaries they find candidates awaiting bids and discussing fat opportunities.

"The most unhappy condition which we face is the 'misfits.' Our requirements are outgrown, hidebound, inelastic, unchangeable, and unjust.

"Recent readjustments recognize cases of which the Church has long been conscious. But there has been a failure to face the facts. The protest against an uneducated ministry extends from Montana to Massachusetts. The question is how shall we secure the wanted readjustments. Two features condition success in the problem—an ideal that is worth while and an ideal that can be secured. The cause of theological education is at stake and it may be left stranded on a shore which our ship of the Church may see long in visiting."

"Our present requirements are too low and too yielding," Dr. Bartlett declared in the course of his remarks. "It is my conviction that the present training for the ministry deals too exclusively with the concerns of scholarship, when it ought to deal far more with the concerns of life. Our old religious methods are unequal to the task; our new vision is imperfect. We see the haven, but know not by what paths to reach it. It is man's special part in this great redemption work, in which God and man are co-partners, to deal with the application, to build an adequate body of methods—and then to use them. It is high time we were newly about this business, and the place to begin is in the training schools for the ministry."

## WOMEN UPHOLD DRY LAW.

**City Federation to Aid Government in Enforcing Amendment.**

Patriotism was the keynote of the day in the forty-ninth annual session of the New York City Federation of Women's Clubs at the Hotel Astor yesterday. Marcus M. Marks in a three-minute speech asked the women to stand for Americanism. A resolution passed by the federation at the morning session called upon all men and women "to give their best efforts, individually and through organizations, to the fighting of Bolshevism."

Mr. Marks began by saying that he believed all papers in America should be printed in English. "One thing the war has done has been to do away with the hyphen," he said. "We are all Americans, and I believe that any man or woman in this country who does not believe in its institutions should be given an immediate commission to go home. I believe in healthy evolution and progress, but we cannot stand for revolution. Liberty does not permit license."

The women put themselves on record as standing for the support of the prohibition laws, the resolution reading that the women would "stand for obedience to the law and aid the Government in enforcing the Eighteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution." Other resolutions presented to the convention had reference to the public library. One of these asking for an appropriation of more money by the city for the support of the library was passed.

## TO ENJOIN CALIFORNIA DRYS.

**Suit Filed Says That Prohibition Will Wipe Out $75,000,000 of Vines**

SAN FRANCISCO, May 2.—Permanent injunction to restrain Mrs. Annette A. Adams, United States Attorney, from enforcing provisions of the war-time prohibition act of Nov. 21, 1918, and the Sheppard prohibition amendment, was sought in the United States District Court here today in a petition filed by Theodore Bell, an attorney.

The petition, filed by a wine-maker and a vineyard proprietor, recites that, unless restrained by injunction, action under these laws will wipe out the product of 177,000 acres in California, valued at $75,000,000.

It alleges the war-time prohibition act, effective July 1, 1919, is unconstitutional and ineffective, since the President in an address before Congress stated that "the war now comes to an end."

The petition charges that Department of Agriculture agents and State agents have encouraged the production of wine grapes and have established an experimental vineyard to encourage other vineyard owners.

The action is based upon an agreement by the local vineyard proprietors, made today to furnish wine grapes to the wine-maker.

## PUPILS DEFEND GLASSBERG.

**Deny Accused Teacher Put International Flag Above American.**

The trial of Benjamin Glassberg, a teacher of European history in the Commercial High School, Brooklyn, on charges of alleged disloyalty, and of advocating Bolshevism, was continued yesterday before the Board of Education.

Evidence previously presented that Glassberg had said there were times when the flag of internationalism, in a sense, might be placed above the American flag, was contradicted and explained by three witnesses, students in the school. They said that one of the boys handed Glassberg a newspaper clipping in which Alderman Algernon Lee was quoted as having made the statement. Glassberg read it aloud and when asked for an opinion said that he did not believe Mr. Lee said it, and he did not care to discuss it.

Another witness testified that the accused teacher had encouraged the sale of Liberty bonds and had spoken in favor of the Fund for French Orphans. The testimony was closed by the presentation of Mr. Glassberg's record as a teacher. It was admitted. The hearing will be continued on Friday afternoon.

# CABLE LINES AGAIN IN OWNERS' HANDS

**Returned to Western Union and Postal by Burleson at Midnight.**

**COMPETITION IS RESUMED**

**Mackay Requests Postmaster General to Return Both Telegraph Lines to Their Owners.**

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Saturday, May 3.—The cables which have been under Federal control since November 16, 1918, went back to private ownership at midnight under Postmaster General Burleson's recent order. At the Post Office Department it was said yesterday that the process of transfer would be a perfectly simple one. Federal control, exercised yesterday by officers, including Newcomb Carlton of the Western Union, who constituted a liaison between the Government and the working forces of the cable companies, merely ceased to exist in relation to the cables.

Five Atlantic and Pacific cables are operated by the Postal Telegraph-Cable Company, eight Atlantic cables by the Western Union, and others to Latin-America by the Central and South American Telegraph Company.

Today the cable lines are out of the control of Postmaster General Burleson, and in control of the Postal and Western Union Companies. The chief difference in the change will consist in the resumption of competition between the two companies and in the automatic reinstatement of those officials of the Postal Company who were removed by order of Mr. Burleson because they were contumacious. These officials are Clarence H. Mackay, George G. Ward, and William W. Cook, President, Vice President and General Manager and General Counsel, respectively, of the Postal system.

Newcomb Carlton, President of the Western Union Company and late Federal Director of Cables, was asked yesterday what changes the return of the lines would bring about. He replied that hereafter he would not receive reports relating to Postal lines, and that the efforts to distribute the service between the two systems so as to avoid congestion would cease. Each company would now take care of its own business.

He also said that congestion of messages on cables had largely passed away, and that the greatest congestion reported lately was on the Pacific cable, operated by the Postal Company, where there was a delay of eight or more hours due to a break in the Manila-Guam line, which made a long detour necessary to get messages to Tokio. At the Postal Company it was said that this break was being repaired, but that it would probably take some time because at the point of interruption the cable lay 4,000 fathoms deep, or four miles, one mile less than the deepest part of the ocean.

It was also said that one reason for the congestion of messages was because many of the messages during the war and up to the present were in a code which had not been perfected, so the the number of words sent in this period in comparison to those sent in normal times, was in the proportion of thirty-two to nine and a half. It was explained that it frequently took a year to make a perfect code.

Concerning the allowance made to the two companies by the Government for the various lines owned by the Postal and the Western Union Companies, Mr. Carlton said, in reply to a question, that information concerning this matter must come from Mr. Burleson. He also said:

"If the Postal is not satisfied with the arrangement, it was a."

Mr. Mackay yesterday sent this telegram to Mr. Burleson in reference to the return to the Postal Company of its land lines:

"Hon. A. S. Burleson,
"Postmaster General,
"Washington, D. C.:

"Having no reply to my telegram to you of yesterday in regard to your refusal to turn back to us our telegraph lines on the ground that if you retain the Western Union lines alone you could not compete with us, I now request that you turn back the lines of both companies. That will enable competition to be resumed, something which public opinion throughout the country is demanding. Certainly if the Western Union could compete with us before you took possession, they should be able to do so now, because in the interim they have received full compensation from you, while we have received nothing. They will have to resume competition with us sooner or later anyway unless you are able to establish a monopoly of telegraphic communication in this country, which I believe impossible, and hence I see no reason why competition should not be resumed at once. The Western Union can hardly expect further assistance from Congress, in view of the tender way in which they have been treated by you, and whatever may be the situation as to the telephone lines, we can see no reason for your retaining any longer the control of the two telegraph systems.

"CLARENCE H. MACKAY,
"President, Postal Telegraph-Cable Co."

### Delays on the Cable Lines.

The Western Union Telegraph Company announced yesterday that the cable situation was substantially as follows: Delay to England, about twelve hours; to France, about twenty hours; to Italy and Switzerland, sixty-four hours; to the Far East, via Atlantic or Pacific, seven days. Central and South America and the West Indies communications are normal.

## GET ROOSEVELT REMINDERS.

**Mementoes of Former President Sent to Memorial Exhibition.**

Additional contributions have been received by the committee in charge of the Roosevelt Memorial Exhibition to be held in Avery Hall, Columbia University, from May 9 to June 4, it was announced yesterday. Among the interesting mementos of Colonel Roosevelt's life will be the original medallion of a bison's head, which he had designed for the decoration of the dining room of the White House. Colonel Roosevelt caused the medallion of the bison's head to be designed by A. Phimister Proctor to take the place of carvings representing a lion's head, which he thought not appropriate in the White House, as the lion was not an American animal. Several portraits of Colonel Roosevelt will be included in the exhibition, the largest of which will be the well known portrait by Lazlo, which has been lent to the exhibition by Robert Bacon, former Secretary of State.

Among the patrons of the Memorial Exhibition will be Elihu Root, Stephen Baker, Andrew Carnegie, William Hamlin Childs, Paul D. Cravath, Cleveland H. Dodge, General Coleman du Pont, Colonel George Harvey, A. Barton Hepburn, Charles E

# ENGINEERS OF 77TH IN TIME TO PARADE

## 302d Arrives, but Units on President Grant, Due Monday, Will Not March.

## TO WEAR OVERSEAS CAPS

### New York's Draft Division Will Carry Helmets During Procession on Avenue Tuesday.

New York welcomed home the 302d Engineers yesterday. The unit returned on the Nieuw Amsterdam, and the Mayor's Committee of Welcome, aboard the Patrol, Correction, and Bay Ridge, went down the bay to greet the ship, which docked at Hoboken shortly after 10 o'clock. The regiment was taken to Camp Mills, L. I., where the 77th Division is being quartered until next Tuesday, when it will parade here.

There were 45 officers and 1,490 men of the engineers, 2 officers and 84 men of the engineer train, and a headquarters detachment consisting of 6 officers and 62 enlisted men from the 77th Division on board. The 302d came back under the command of Colonel Frank Giesting. The Engineers were a combatant force, and when the men were not constructing bridges or building railroads they took their rifles and went after the Germans.

They built many bridges under heavy shellfire in the Vosges region and in the Alsne sector and also on the Vesle. They took part in the Oise-Aisne offensive and suffered a number of casualties. The heaviest fighting, the officers said, was on the Vesle River during July and August.

The President Grant, carrying the 302d Train Headquarters, the 77th Division Military Police Company, the 302d Supply Train, the 302d Sanitary Train, the 304th Machine Gun Battalion, and the Motor Transport and Railroad Detachment, is due to arrive in port on Monday. Major General Robert Alexander, commander, of the division, pointed out that there were necessary formalities to be undergone before the men could be released for a parade, and that there would not be sufficient time to permit this group to march. The friends and relatives of the men on the President Grant are to be supplied with tickets for the grandstand, however, he said.

**Tickets to Families.**

The Mayor's Committee announced yesterday that the ticket situation is causing the greatest concern. Members of the committee said that there were still many of the 31,000 members of the division who had not received their allotment of two seats each. The committee, however, will be able to take care of the friends and relatives of all the men, it was said, but there will be no tickets for others. The members of the local draft boards are not likely to receive tickets unless additional seating space is found somewhere along the line of march. Yesterday the committee obtained a few more seats in privately owned stands, but not enough to provide for the demand.

The committee conferred yesterday with police officials regarding the policing of the line of march. Major Gen. Alexander's contingent is made up almost entirely of men from this city, and the police expect even greater crowds than when the 27th Division paraded. At points such as the Victory Arch at Twenty-third Street, the Court of Honor in front of the Library at Forty-second Street, and at Fifty-ninth Street, where the crowds overflowed into the streets and interrupted the 27th's parade, the police are planning especial measures. The Mayor's Committee and the Police Department are joining with General Alexander in asking the co-operation of the public in maintaining the police lines. The military officials say that the 31,000 men will pass a given point in forty-five minutes, if there are no breaks in the line of march.

"I am anxious for the friends and relatives of the boys to witness a military spectacle, which I believe will be memorable," Lieut. Col. Douglas Campbell of the advance party said yesterday. "We particularly want to show the City of New York what splendidly disciplined soldiers we are returning to civilian life. We can only hope to accompish our plans if the public cooperates with us. Let everyone discourage showering gifts on the men as they march along. Such acts detract from the military character of the event."

**Will Carry Helmets.**

It has been decided to bar the steel helmets in the parade and permit the men to wear their overseas caps instead. General Alexander has questioned his men and found they would rather wear the more lighter headgear. The soldiers will carry their helmets slung over their shoulders.

The Argonne Players, composed of members of the division who were formerly on the stage, will give New Yorkers a chance to see the sort of show they gave under fire at Chane-Tondu in the Argonne, when they open at the Manhattan Opera House on Monday. Lieutenant Warren E. Dutenfond, in charge of the players, said yesterday that the men performed before President Wilson in Paris on Jan. 26. The President complimented the men after the performance. Many of the members in the cast wear wound stripes, and have been cited for bravery. Half of the show will be devoted to vaudeville sketches and the remainder to musical comedy.

There is little prospect of a parade of the Brooklyn members of the 77th Division in their home borough, according to Chairman J. J. Delaney of the Brooklyn Victory Celebration Committee, who conferred yesterday with General Alexander, Lieut. Col. Campbell, and Adjt. Gen. Charles W. Berry of the State Guard.

"Hope has not been abandoned, but it looks rather dubious," Mr. Delaney said. "The original plan of the War Department has been changed to permit a parade in New York, but it seems unlikely that we can induce the War Department to change its plan again and send the Brooklyn men to the borough to march there."

Mr. Delaney said that residents of the borough felt that the 77th should be given the same privileges as were accorded to the 27th, the Brooklyn members of which went across the Bridge to march before the main parade on Fifth Avenue.

## TWO MORE TROOPSHIPS IN.

### "Ma Burdick," Salvation Army's Champion Pie Baker, Home.

Among the troops arriving yesterday from Brest on the Nieuw Amsterdam were four officers and 260 men of the 303th Field Artillery, commanded by Lieutenant G. E. Putnam of Brookline, Mass., and a casual company of 17 officers.

Among the senior officers on the ship was Major Gen. William S. McNair, who went over as a Brigadier in command of the 153d Artillery Brigade of the 76th Division. He received his promotion last August and was made Chief of Artillery of the First Army. Before this he had made a trip to France and was returning on the troopship Antilles when she was torpedoed off the coast of France, and he was three hours in the water before a lifeboat picked him up. With him yesterday was his Chief of Staff, Lieut. Col. M. H. Thompson, who was in France twenty-one months.

There were a number of nurses and ambulance drivers on the Nieuw Amsterdam, and among the Salvation Army workers was Ensign T. Minnie Burdick of Houston, Texas, who achieved a reputation in France as the champion pie baker, and was known back of the American lines by the soldiers who ate her pies as "Ma Burdick." She is 60 years old, but was one of the most active workers in the Salvation Army forces and was always up first, listening to the skylark, when the roar of the artillery permitted it, and told all the women and girls with her that five or six hours was long enough to spend in sleep. Her record was making and baking, with the aid of her assistants, 350 pies in twenty-four hours. "Ma Burdick" also made flapjacks and doughnuts galore. She was assisted by her daughter Cecil, who is also in the Salvation Army, and remained at Bordeaux.

The transport Canonicus arrived yesterday from Brest with part of the First Army Artillery Truck Company D, consisting of 36 officers and 1,342 men, formerly the California Coast Artillery. The troops were mostly from San Francisco, Chicago, and the Middle West. The unit saw service at St. Mihiel, on the Meuse, in the Argonne, and on the Champagne and Verdun fronts. The only New York officer among them was Lieutenant Howard Hanson of 2,549 Decatur Avenue, the Bronx.

The Canonicus was formerly the Southern Pacific steamship El Cid, and was used first by the United States Navy as a mine layer between Norway and Scotland and was officially credited with putting down 9,874 mines, being 1,000 more than any other vessel there.

## WELCOME SIGNAL MEN.

### Bethel Tells Bell Workers Their Jobs Await Them.

The 407th Telegraph Battalion of the Signal Corps, most of them former employes of the New York Telephone Company of the Metropolitan District, which arrived from France last Tuesday on the Texan, were given a hearty welcome in the Seventh Regiment Armory last night by about 8,000 persons, the friends and relatives of men in the battalion. In his address of welcome, U. N. Bethel, President of the New York Telephone Company, told them that their jobs were waiting for them.

The battalion, which came up from Camp Upton after the formalities connected with their leaving the service had been completed, has seen constant service in France almost from the day they landed at St. Nazaire in August, 1917. They were mentioned in dispatches by General Pershing for efficiency in the work done in running telegraph lines from Chaumont, General Headquarters, to the Second Corps School at Chatillon - sur - Seine. Here, notwithstanding rain and other difficulties, the 407th strung 208 kilometers of wire in eight days with an average working force of thirty men.

In his speech Mr. Bethel said:

"A little more than two years ago, when General Squier came into my office and told me the needs of the Signal Corps, I gave him my promise that the Bell System would do the best it could for him. You and your associates have kept that promise. You have done it beautifully.

"Today in talking to Brig. Gen. Saltzman he told me that no arm of the service had done such efficient and satisfactory work as the Signal Corps, and he has been kind enough to say that the Signal Corps would not have accomplished what it did without the aid of you men of the Bell System.

"We are glad you are back and we give you welcome not alone because of what you have done, not because of your achievements, but because we need you. We need the courage, inspiration, and comfort which your return will give to the organization. The strength of the organization will come and always has come from the wells of inspiration of the mass. So it is hard to tell what the heart feels, but I bid you welcome. Your jobs are bright and burnished and waiting for you. We are glad to grasp you by the hand as you return. Officers and men, I welcome you."

After the speech the regimental colors were given back to the donors, and then Mahor F. Austin, the battalion's commanding officer, presented the men with their discharges.

## TO WELCOME EVERY SOLDIER

### Representatives of Each State Meet Troopships at Newport News.

NEWPORT NEWS, May 2.—Five hundred thousand troops are due to arrive here from overseas in the next few months, and beginning May 10 every soldier, no matter from what section of the country he comes, will find a personal welcome from his own State awaiting him at Newport News. Every State will have representatives in the States' Welcome Home headquarters; a small city of buildings on the Casino grounds, conducted by the War Community Service, and only a stone's throw from the pier where the overseas men debark from the transports.

In these buildings he will find daily newspapers from his own home town, letters from his relatives and friends, and every facility which will enable him to get in touch immediately with the business machinery necessary to his return to civil life.

Through the co-operation of the War Department the officials of the States' Welcome Home will receive cable advices of the sailing of transports from France, with the designations of the troops on board. Days before the transports arrive the folks back home through their local newspapers, will have been advised that their boys have returned. This will permit the soldier's relatives and friends to write in care of the regional manager of his own State at the buildings of the States' Welcome Home. These letters will be handed to the man the instant he puts his foot ashore.

Nine buildings house the States' Welcome project. Those buildings were originally intended for hospitals in France. They are spacious and sanitary. The forty-eight States will be divided into thirteen divisions. Each division will be in direct charge of a regional manager from the particular part of the country he represents.

## Duval to Receive Medal Today.

Archbishop Patrick J. Hayes announced last night that the Laetare Medal, awarded by the University of Notre Dame to George L. Duval of 25 Broad Street for philanthropic work in connection with the advancement of the Roman Catholic Church, its ideals, and its followers, will be presented at a reception in the Archbishop's residence this afternoon at 5 o'clock. The Apostolic Delegate, Archbishop John Bonzano, and Archbishop George W. Mundelein will be present with other notables of the Church.


**Free Synagogue**

CARNEGIE HALL—SUNDAY MORNING

MAY 4th, AT 10:45 O'CLOCK

DR. WISE:

"What Has America Won?"

ALL ARE WELCOME


# ROSEN SEES LIGHT IN DARKEST RUSSIA

## At Philadelphia Meeting of Science Academy He Declares Bolshevism Doomed.

## ELKUS ON FUTURE OF TURKS

### Readjustment in Middle Europe and Problems of Police Are Themes of Speakers.

PHILADELPHIA, May 2.—Problems of international reconstruction were discussed here by some of the country's leading statesmen and diplomats at the annual meeting of the American Academy of Political and Social Science today. Continuing tomorrow, there will be six sessions in all, each one devoted to a special topic. This morning "The Ottoman Turk and the Future of Turkey in Asia Minor" formed the subject of addresses by former Ambassador Elkus, Professors Jastrow of Pennsylvania and Talcott Williams of Columbia, as well as Henry W. Jessup of New York, whose father was for fifty-three years a missionary in Syria, and the Rev. Howard Bliss, head of the Syrian Protestant College at Beirut.

Speakers on "Readjustment in Middle Europe" this afternoon were Mme. Grouitch of Serbia, Charles Pergler, Commissioner to the Czechoslovak Republic; Stephen P. Duggan of the College of the City of New York, Professor George A. Barton, and V. R. Savic, a Jugoslav journalist.

Russia, present and future, was the theme of tonight's discussion by Baron Rosen, former Ambassador of that country here; William C. Huntington, who was commercial attaché at Petrograd; R. M. Story of the International Y. M. C. A., and A. J. Sack of the Russian Information Bureau, New York. Russia will be further discussed tomorrow by Col. Raymond Robins and Thomas D. Thacher, both of the American Red Cross, as well as by Santeri Nuorteva, representing the people's Republic of Finland, and Moissaye J. Olgin of New York.

Saturday's later sessions will take up "The Organization of Police," with addresses by Vice President Marshall, Senator Hitchcock, Assistant Attorney General Samuel Graham, Frank Morrison of the Federation of Labor, John Hays Hammond, John H. Latane, T. R. White, Walter E. Weyl, George Wharton Pepper, former Governor McCall of Massachusetts, and Dr. Felix Adler.

**Rosen's Cure for Bolshevism.**

The problem of Bolshevism can only be solved by all civilized mankind acting in concert to put it down with the strong arm, declared Baron Roman R. Rosen, in his address before the Academy tonight. The triumph of Bolshevism, said Baron Rosen, would mean the utter ruin not only of the "classes" but of the "masses." He laid bare many details of conditions in his country today.

Looking to the future of Russia, Baron Rosen said:

"No one can tell as yet when and how the time will come, when the world will again behold Russia reconstituted as a political entity, and able to resume her place in the family of nations and her status as one of the great powers. For the present, all one hopes is to live in the evolution out of the prevailing chaos of a military dictatorship, such as must always be the outcome of a prolonged state of anarchy, if the teachings of history are to be believed. Some indications of the possibility of a similar development are already discernible.

"Admiral Kolchak, the head of the Siberian Government, having secured the recognition of his authority by General Deviline and other commanders of loyal Russian troops, has, it seems, begun to use in his public utterances the first language of a dictator conscious of his power and determined to render his will supreme. The task awaiting him—the task of re-establishing the reign of law and order and reuniting the shattered nation—is one of colossal magnitude and unequalled difficulty.

**Russia Asks Aid of All Nations.**

"To cope with it successfully will require the strength of a giant, the strength of a Napoleon or a Peter the Great. In working it out he will sorely need the undivided moral support and such material assistance as may be found possible to extend to him from all well wishers of the Russian people and all those who desire that Russia should be enabled as soon as possible to resume the place belonging to her by birthright in the family of nations and her status as one of the great powers.

"This task once accomplished, it will be for the Russian people themselves to decide under what form of government they will desire to live. Now, in this connection, I would refer to an opinion one hears sometimes expressed by well-meaning people, namely, that the 'Soviet Government' after all represents the majority of the people of what was once the Empire of Russia. This delusion is a result of the mysterious fascination which the establishment of the autocracy of the proletariat in Russia exercises over the minds of the people totally ignorant of the condition of abject wretchedness to which Bolshevism and its organ the 'Soviet Government' have reduced a once great and prosperous nation.

"The fact, however, is," Baron Rosen concluded, "that this so-called government is bitterly hated by the overwhelming majority of the Russian people, and not the least so by those unfortunates who, to save themselves and their wives and children from starvation, are forcibly compelled to give it their reluctant services."

**Elkus on Future of Turks.**

"The Turks, left in their own country and shorn of power to extend their boundaries, would avail themselves of the opportunity to establish a republic there," declared Abram I. Elkus, former American Ambassador to Turkey, in his address on "The Ottoman Turk and the Future of Turkey in Asia Minor," at the opening session today.

Mr. Elkus said he favored a federation of small units for Turkey and the independence of Syria and Armenia. He was frank in opposing the claims of France in the former country. He also suggested an international directorate to manage affairs in Southeastern Europe until the individual countries could work out their own Governments.

Henry W. Jessup of New York, a son of the Rev. Henry Harris Jessup, referred to the unspeakable savagery and cruelty of the Turk. He explained how it was impossible to look for any real reform, declaring that "the Ethiopian cannot change his skin nor the leopard his spots."

Dr. Talcott Williams, director of the Columbia University School of Journalism, declared that unless the United States takes a sympathetic interest in Ottoman affairs, the world will be plunged into another war which will eclipse in horror anything that has gone before.

"The Eastern question is the ghost that stalks through the halls in which the nations are assembled in conference, and the United States is only one of the great powers that can address the ghost," declared Morris Jastrow, Jr., of the University of Pennsylvania.

"With the end of the war, another opportunity is presented for solving the Turkish question on the basis of principle instead of diplomatic expediency," Professor Jastrow concluded. "The obvious solution, to insure a more tranquil development in Asia Minor, is to split it up into a variety of States."

**Mme. Grouitch Speaks for Serbia.**

In the discussion of "Readjustment in Middle Europe" at the session this afternoon Mme. Slavko Y. Grouitch spoke for her country, which, as newly organized, will have a population approaching 13,000,000 souls.

"The Serbs, Croats, and Slovens," she said, "one people but with three names, who groaned under Austro-Hungarian misrule, were as eager for independence and for union with Serbia as those of the Turkish provinces had been, and their joy at finding themselves an intergral part of the free kingdom is beyond words to describe. Up to 1914 this idea of union had been an ideal rather than a political aim for the Serbs of the kingdom. The seemingly insuperable obstacles of a European war, in which they would, from the first stroke, find themselves cut off from the outside world, with enemies on all sides, and having no seaport of their own, daunted even their brave minds.

"The difficulties that would confront her when she would become an Adriatic power in addition to being a Balkan State were not unguessed by Serbian statesmen. Italy's claim to rule wherever an Italian peanut vender had trod was easily forecast. If Austrian hegemony in the Dual Monarchy had not been able to subdue the Hungarians into some semblance of neighborliness with other races of the empire, the spirit of a chauvinism dressed in socialistic sovietocracy gave little guarantee of peace on the Danube. The law and order loving Serb belongs much further west on the map than where history has planted him.

"The war has taught the whole world that one of the first conditions of a permanent European peace is a united Jugoslav State within its own natural frontiers. As such it will be the strong guardian of the gates of the East and natural filter between Europe and Asia. The natural industry of the people is second only to their loyalty to the allied cause. For centuries exposed to every outside bribe and influence, they have guarded their national name and traditions, never forgetting that they were all members of the same family, united that day when their army, a tiny unit of the allied forces on the Macedonia front, led the van against the common enemy.

"When the history of the world war is written," Mme. Grouitch concluded, "it will be seen that this honor and justification was given to the Serbian troops by the consent of the Fates as well as that of the allied commanders."

# ITALIAN DOORWAY, $4,900.

### Second Day's Sale of Tolentino Collection Yields $72,846.

There were many prices in four figures in the second day's sale of the Tolentino collection of Italian antiques at the American Art Galleries yesterday, and the returns for the day were $72,846, making a total to date of $106,986. A beautiful marble doorway of the early sixteenth century by Andrea Sansorin brought the highest price of the day, going to Leone Ricci for $4,900. To the same buyer went a carved and gilded bookcase of the sixteenth century by Venato for $2,900 and a Tuscan walnut cabinet of the sixteenth century for $2,700.

Among other purchases by Ricci were a Florentine walnut cabinet of the same period for $1,700; a Venetian carved walnut lectern, $1,250; an Italian walnut cabinet resting on lions' heads, $1,500; a Florentine walnut panca or bench, early sixteenth century, $1,800; a Florentine walnut door, $1,000; eight Venetian painted wall panels, $1,000; a Tuscan walnut cabinet with arms of the family of Prince Doria, $1,350, and a Venetian painted door and alcove screens of the eighteenth century, $1,900.

An interesting lot of old painted panels, fifty-two in all, portrayals painted in oils, some of members of noble families and others Biblical subjects, went to James L. Breese for $1,530. An interesting North Italian table of the early sixteenth century, with several drawers, went to L. Orselli for $1,300; a North Italian chest of the early fifteenth century went to Cattadori for $1,900; Seaman, agent, paid $1,225 for an Umbrian walnut cabinet; Cattadori $2,400 for a Florentine walnut cabinet with pilasters with caryatides, and $2,000 for a painted panel, "Virgin and Child," of the early Sienese school, fourteenth century. A Florentine walnut bookcase of the sixteenth century, 135 inches long and 111 inches high, went to Charles of London for $2,000.

A final lot of objects just received from abroad will be sold at the concluding sale this afternoon.

# SILVER CANDELABRA, $850.

### Sale of Venetian Antiques and Modern Art Reaches $79,194.

Returns to date for the sale of antiques and modern decorative art work for the benefit of the Association of Venetian Industries at Silo's, 40 West Forty-fifth Street, yesterday, amounted to $79,194, the returns for the day being $23,960. The finest things in the collection will be sold this afternoon, the concluding one of the sale, the room of Romeo and Juliet, designed by Professor Giuseppe Gerola, and with painted panels; the garden fountain in marble mosaic, the fountain proper, a bronze Cupid holding a crystal globe; the marble and mosaic garden bench, some fine old pieces of furniture, and a collection of jewelry, including many antiques.

A Florentine sixteenth century carved walnut library cupboard with a crest went yesterday to Leone Ricci for $650; R. L. Patterson paid $635 for a painted Venetian trousseau chest; an Aubusson tapestry carpet went to Mrs. J. F. Fader for $733; the Chevalier Alphonse Villa gave $850 for a pair of old repousse silver candelabra, and $510 for an antique chased silver tray.

An antique wrought iron three-fold screen went to J. J. Prenderville for $325 and a pair of wrought iron gates to W. M. Rumsey for $355. Ten sections of sixteenth century choir stalls went to J. F. Feder for $800 and a pair of wrought iron Venetian gates with bronze mounting went to J. E. Aldred for $350. A Louis XVI. cope in gold and silver threads went to Mrs. E. V. Irvin for $385 and a pair of carved gilt polychrome torcheres with alabaster globes to Gerli for $600. Miss M. Millheiser of the Biltmore paid $450 for an antique wrought iron jardinier and tree.

**K'ang-hsi Vase Sold for $500.**

A decorated vase, beaker form, 27½ inches high, K'ang-hsi period, peonies, plum flowers, and pheasants in the design, went to C. M. Crawford for $500 in the Saito sale of Chinese and Japanese objects of art at the Anderson Galleries yesterday afternoon. A pair of Ch'ien-lung powdered blue jars, with landscapes in circular reserve panels, birds, flowers, and sages, went to the same buyer, also for $500. A cloisonné koro of the Ming period, peony flower scroll on a turquoise blue background, went to F. P. Andrews for $250, and a pair of gold bronze Foo dogs, with enamel tops, went to Andrews also for $250.

The returns for the day were $4,478, with a total to date of $5,678. The sale will be concluded this afternoon.

**Unveil Gunnison Memorial Window.**

The Dr. Walter B. Gunnison memorial window given by members of the faculty, alumni and pupils of Erasmus Hall High School, was unveiled in the library of the school yesterday afternoon. Exercises preceding the unveiling were held in the auditorium. Speeches were made by Dr. William L. Ettinger, City Superintendent of Schools; Richard Young, member of the first committee of the school; Miss Kate E. Turner, Principal of Bay Ridge High School; Professor Clarence Skinner of the Erasmus faculty, and Miss Abigail Leonard, formerly a member of the faculty.

**Gray-Carro Engagement.**

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Gray of 788 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn, announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Ruth Shirley Gray, to Leon Julius Carro of Beachmont, Mass., who was recently released from active duty in the United States Navy, where he was an Ensign, and resumed his studies at the Harvard Law School. He was graduated from Tufts College, class of 1917, and was made a B. A. Miss Gray has been an active war worker.

# SCHIEFFELIN SUES HYLAN FOR $100,000

## Head of Citizens Union Says Mayor's Letter to Copeland Was Libelous.

## BRINGS CHARGE OF MALICE

### Declares That a Demand for a Retraction Has Been Ignored by Mayor.

William J. Schieffelin, head of the Citizens Union and also of the wholesale drug firm of Schieffelin & Co., carried out yesterday his announced intention of suing Mayor John F. Hylan for libel because of alleged false statements concerning the plaintiff and his drug firm contained in a letter by the Mayor to Health Commissioner Copeland. The plaintiff asks $100,000 damages. The papers were served on the Mayor at the City Hall yesterday afternoon and filed in the office of County Clerk Schneider immediately afterward. Grover Whalen, the Mayor's secretary, said that an answer would be filed "presumably by the corporation counsel."

Mr. Schieffelin, in his complaint, says that he has been a resident of the city for fifty years, and since 1906 President of Schieffelin & Co. Mr. Schieffelin refers to the Mayor's letter written to Commissioner Copeland on April 15, asking the Commissioner to continue his drug crusade and hoping that with the co-operation of the police he would reach the wholesalers and manufacturers of narcotics. The Mayor described the plaintiff's firm as "one of the chief narcotic drug manufacturers and dealers in cocaine, heroin, morphine, and opium in New York." The letter also referred to the Citizens Union as a "paper" and "bunk" organization. The letter concluded with the statement that "this administration compelled William Jay Schieffelin's drug company to comply with the law of this State."

Mr. Schieffelin contends that Mayor Hylan intended to charge him "with manufacturing and illegally dealing in narcotic drugs and manufacturing and selling for financial gain habit-forming drugs; and with the knowledge that such manufacture and sale caused insanity and crime and should be used not for legitimate medicinal purposes, but for illegal sale to drug addicts." He alleges that the Mayor not only sent the letter to the Health Commissioner, but gave out copies to the newspapers with the intention that the letter should be published.

The complaint asserts that the statements in the letter were wholly false and made by the Mayor "with actual malice, personal hatred, and toward the plaintiff "and the Citizens Union and with intent to injure plaintiff's reputation and business." He asserts that the Mayor has ignored a demand that the charges be retracted.

Concerning the filing of the suit, Clarence M. Lewis of Seligsberg, Lewis & Strouse, attorneys for Mr. Schieffelin, said:

"Mr. Schieffelin has already announced that this suit would not be secretly withdrawn, that there would be no compromise, and that it would be vigorously pressed for immediate trial."

# TO BUILD A NEW HOSPITAL.

### Structure to Cost $1,000,000 for Joint Disease Patients.

The Hospital for Deformities and Joint Diseases, it was announced at a dinner given by the Directors last night in honor of Louis F. Rothchild, the retiring Secretary, is contemplating the construction of a new building, to cost $1,000,000. The structure will provide for 300 patients.

Louis J. Vorhaus made the announcement at the dinner and gave a brief summary of the history of the hospital and clinic. Three times, he said, it had been found necessary to move to larger quarters, until now, at the hospital at 1,910 Madison Avenue and at the clinic on 123d Street, more than 500 patients were treated daily.

Among those who attended the dinner were Lewis Strauss, President of the Board of Directors of the hospital; Dr. I. Edwin Goldwasser, Director of the Jewish Federation of Charities, and Franklin Simon.

# GROSVENOR HOUSE BALL.

### A Brilliant Gathering at Springtime Dance at Sherry's.

A large and brilliant assembly attended the Springtime Ball, held last night at Sherry's, in aid of the Grosvenor Neighborhood House, 411 East Fiftieth Street. There was general dancing in the small ballroom, and supper was served at midnight in the main restaurant.

Miss Audrey Baker was head of the Dance Committee, and prominent society women acted as patronesses. Among those who were active in the affair were Mrs. Charles D. Dickey, Jr., Mrs. James L. Banks, Jr., Mrs. William K. Dick, Mrs. S. Sloan Colt, Mrs. Gillet Lefferts, Mrs. William P. Philips, Mrs. A. Chalmers Charles, and the Misses Caramai Carroll, Cornelia Van A. Chapin, Elizabeth R. Thompson, Mary S. Colt, Augusta P. Dixon, Francis P. Field, Alice W. Lawrence, Gertrude Mali, Christine M. Nichols, Juliet McM. Bartlett, Evelyn Scott, Caroline L. Wyeth, and Dorothy P. Wells.

# MISS ANDERTON TO WED.

### Junior League Member Engaged to Capt. Edward S. Bentley.

Mrs. William Bancroft Anderton of Cedarhurst, L. I., has announced the engagement of her daughter, Miss Dorothy Anderton, to Edward Salisbury Bentley, son of Mr. and Mrs. Edward M. Bentley of New York and Lawrence, L. I.

Miss Anderton is a daughter of the late Dr. Anderton and is a member of the Junior League. Mr. Bentley is a graduate of Yale and of the Harvard Law School. He has recently been discharged from the army, in which he served as Captain of infantry.

The wedding will take place in June, at Ridgefield, Conn.

# GOMPERS MUCH BETTER.

### Labor Leader Sits Up for a Time—Hears from Former Benchmate.

Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, continues to improve, it was announced at the Continental Hotel last evening. No anxiety is expressed by attending physicians and nurses. He sat up for a time during the warm part of the afternoon.

A cablegram conveying good wishes was received by Mr. Gompers from Bernard Baron of London, a wealthy cigar manufacturer, who worked on the same bench with the labor leader years ago.

**Duryea War Relief to Give Play.**

The Duryea War Relief is to produce a play called "Mrs. Drummond's War Relief" at the Waldorf-Astoria tomorrow night and Monday matinee. The scenes and incidents are largely drawn from life connected with the work of the organization in Paris and the liberated regions of Northern France. Mrs. Duryea is the author, and the play is being produced under the direction of Miss Hilda Spong, who has the leading part.

# ASHER C. HINDS DEAD.

### Washington's Authority on Parliamentary Law Killed by Overwork.

PORTLAND, Me., May 2.—The death in Washington yesterday of former Congressman Asher C. Hinds, Compiler of "Parliamentary Precidents of the House of Representatives," and for a number of years Clrk at the Speaker's table in Congress, was announced here today. Mr. Hinds had been in failing health for five years, since a physical and nervous breakdown, due to overwork, caused him to retire from Congress. The funeral will be held here on Sunday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

During his long service as Parliamentary Clerk and later as a Republican member from Maine, Mr. Hines was regarded by everybody in the House of Representatives as pre-eminently the American authority on parliamentary law. His "Parliamentary Precedents of the House of Representatives" is the only exhaustive explanation of the kind ever made.

He was born in Benton, Me., Feb. 6, 1863, and graduated from Coburn Classical Institute at Waterville in 1879, and from Colby College with the A. B. degree in 1883. The honorary degree of LL. D. was conferred by Colby College in 1905. He was a trustee of the college.

He went to Washington as clerk to Thomas B. Reed, when the latter was elected Speaker in 1889. Previously he had been engaged in newspaper work in Portland, first on th editorial staff of the Daily Advertiser in 1884-5, and then on the Portland Press in 1885 to 1902.

# WM. H. HUSSEY DIES AT 95.

### He Traveled 350,000 Miles in Commuting from New Jersey Here.

William Howland Hussey, 95 years old, said to be the holder of the longest commuting record in New Jersey, having traveled from his home in East Orange to his office in New York almost every day from 1857 to 1917, with the exception of three Winters which he spent in Nicaragua and two vacation trips to Europe, died yesterday at his home, 142 North Arlington Avenue, East Orange. Mr. Hussey was the oldest of the 433 Howland cousins, among whom the Hetty Green Trust Fund was divided. It is estimated that Mr. Hussey traveled more than 350,000 miles in commuting, or a distance greater than fourteen times around the world.

Mr. Hussey was born in Broome Street, New York City, Jan. 24, 1824, and was educated at Haverford College, Penn. He went into the whaling business with his father, Captain George Hussey, who had moved to New Bedford, Mass., and later he returned to New York as agent of his father's firm, Hussey & Mackay.

# CHILDREN ADRIFT ON BARGE.

### Thirty Rescued in Dark from Craft in the East River.

Afloat on an empty brick barge in the East River off Eighty-sixth Street last night thirty children of varying ages who had been staying during the afternoon and evening on the craft, were rescued with difficulty by two members of the Signet Boat Club after two of them had received a ducking.

The barge had been tied up at the foot of East Eighty-sixth Street since Wednesday. Last night, while the children were playing on it some one unfastened the lines which held it at the pier and the barge was carried out into the river by the tide.

When the children noticed that the barge was adrift they began to scream. Their cries attracted a boy on shore, who notified a policeman, and a police launch was started to the rescue from Harbor A. The fireboat Cornelius W. Laurence, stationed at East Eighty-ninth Street, also went to the rescue. In the meantime the cries of the children had been heard by members of the Signet Boat Club, at East Eighty-fifth Street, and two of the them, James Ryan of 149 East Eighty-ninth Street and George Sacks of 528 East Eighty-ninth Street, set out in rowboats for the barge.

Not any lights of any kind on the barge, and because of the darkness their work was hampered, but guided by the cries of the frightened children they finally reached the barge and got them into the rowboats. In the darkness two of the children fell overboard, but they were rescued with no serious consequences.

The children quickly scampered home on reaching shore, and the police and fire boats towed the barge back to the dock.

**Police Captain Place Buried.**

The funeral of Captain Charles A. Place, who had been in command of Traffic Precinct D, in Classon Avenue, Brooklyn, was held yesterday afternoon from his residence, 2,493 Valentine Avenue, the Bronx, attended by representatives from almost every police precinct in the city. A solemn high mass of requiem was celebrated at the Church of Our Lady of Mercy, Marion Avenue, near Fordham Road, where a short eulogy was delivered by the Rev. Father Coogan, Chaplain of the Police Department. Burial was in Woodlawn Cemetery.

## Obituary Notes.

JOHN BREMER, a retired Brooklyn grocer and an old-time member of Hanover Lodge, No. 359, I. O. O. F., died at New Paltz, N. Y., on Tuesday in his eighty-second year, and the funeral services will be held at St. Peter's Evangelical Lutheran Church, Brooklyn, this afternoon.

JOHN BURT, 80 years old, a retired lawyer of Manhattan, died in the Church Charity Home for the Aged, Brooklyn, on Wednesday. Mr. Burt was born in Leamington, England. He was for many years general secretary of the Chi Phi Fraternity of Hobart College.

Mrs. AUGUSTA STUTZ AUER, wife of John W. Auer, a builder and contractor in Brooklyn, died on Wednesday at her home, 1,276 President Street, Brooklyn, in her thirty-ninth year.

Mrs. ALICE PETERS, a resident of Brooklyn for half a century and widow of Edward Peters, died at the home of her daughter, 24 East Thirty-first Street, Flatbush, on Wednesday. She was 73 years old.

BENJAMIN SALTZSTEIN, President of the Standard Yarn Company in Manhattan, died on Thursday at his home, 535 Greene Avenue, Brooklyn. He was born in this city and was a Director of the Jewish Home for Convalescents at Grand View, N. Y.

JOHN AUGUSTUS BENNETT, formerly for twenty-five years with the Smith, Gray & Co., clothing store in Brooklyn, died yesterday at his home, 114 Ridgewood Avenue, Brooklyn, in his seventy-fourth year.

Police Sergeant JOSEPH B. COLEMAN, attached to the Seventy-sixth Precinct in Brooklyn, died in Bellevue Hospital yesterday of pneumonia. Sergeant Coleman never fully recovered from injuries received in an automobile accident several months ago. He was 36 years old. His brother, William A. Coleman, is a Police Inspector in the Fourteenth District in Brooklyn.

HARRY ADELBERT PARKER, a member of the firm of Thomas W. Dunn & Co., manufacturers of gelatin and glue in Front Street, Manhattan, died on Thursday at his home, 1,519 Albemarle Road, Flatbush.

JOHN SCOTT, for many years a lathing contractor in this city, died on Thursday at his home, 3,760 Marion Avegue, the Bronx, at the age of 77 years.

Mrs. JESSE CROSSWY, wife of Jesse Crosswy, correspondent of The Associated Press at Rio Janeiro, Brazil, died yesterday at Las Vegas, N. M.

Captain HUGH J. LEE of the Dudley Street Police Station, Boston, in whose district serious rioting occurred on Thursday as a result of the display of red flags in a parade of radicals, was found dead in bed at his home yesterday. Death, it is thought, is the result of the strain under which he worked during the disturbance.

E. W. RUNYON, formerly a banker of New Brunswick, N. J., died on Wednesday in Montecito, Cal.

JACOB DUNN, Superintendent of Police at the United Piece Dye Works at Lodi, N. J., died suddenly at the plant yesterday.

CHARLES WILLIAM WHEELER, for fifteen years the New England representative of the advertising department of The World, died suddenly Thursday midnight at his home, 20 Pierpont Street, Brooklyn, of acute ascending paralysis. He was 60 years old.

HARRIS W. HUEHL, member of the Chicago Board of Education, and designer of Medinah Temple and other important Chicago buildings, died at his home in that city yesterday. For many years he was a member of the firm of Huehl & Schmid, architects, and was prominent in Chicago Masonic circles. He was born in Chicago fifty-seven years ago.

RICHARD E. BROOKS, a sculptor of Washington and Boston, died yesterday in Boston. Mr. Brooks received honorable mention for his exhibits in the Paris Salon in 1895, and third class medal in 1899.

# COURT EXONERATES WILLIAM G. M'ADOO

## Says No Evidence Was Offered to Show Knowledge of Brother's War Employment.

## CARSE'S REMOVAL REFUSED

### Edward D. Duffield Made a Trustee of Electric Boat Co. to Succeed Stacy C. Richmond, Deceased.

In refusing to grant a petition for the removal of Henry R. Carse as a voting trustee of the Electric Boat Company, Vice Chancellor Lane in Newark yesterday declared that no evidence whatever had been introduced to show that William G. McAdoo, ex-Secretary of the Treasury, had any knowledge of the engagement of Malcolm R. McAdoo as an agent to obtain navy contracts for the boat company. The speech of the Chancellor freeing the ex-Secretary of the Treasury from implication was made before he heard the argument in the case and while he was telling counsel what burden of proof rested upon them.

"There has not been in this case a scintilla of evidence or anything shown from which any inference can be derived that, whatever the relations were between Mr. Carse and Malcolm Ross McAdoo, William G. McAdoo had knowledge or information about it," said Vice Chancellor Lane. "There is nothing in the case which indicates, or from which, an inference of that kind might be drawn."

Evidence had been introduced purporting to show that Carse, who is President of the boat company and of the Submarine Boat Corporation, had declared that he had paid $40,000 to M. R. McAdoo in 1915, with the stipulation that he was to keep $15,000, reserving the remainder "for his brother." President Carse denied this charge, and said he had hired M. R. McAdoo to go to Washington to find out from Secretary Daniels and other Navy Department officials whether there was a departmental prejudice against the Electric Boat Company and, if possible, to obtain contracts for submarines. He was to have received $1,000 commission on each submarine.

"Ross raised the question that if his brother did not approve he wouldn't take the job with the Electric Boat Company," said Mr. Carse, "and I suggested that he see his brother."

"Let's Finish *the* Job!"

***The* Obligations of Peace—**

To care for our soldier boys abroad.

To bring our soldiers home again.

To see demobilization through.

To pay every dollar of war insurance.

To give the soldier his pay envelope.

To rehabilitate the wounded men.

To sustain hospitals for our soldiers.

To pay our war debts.

To preserve a lasting peace.

Invest in the VICTORY LOAN to the full limit of your ability.

Government Loan Organization
Second Federal Reserve District
Liberty Loan Committee, 120 Broadway, N. Y.

*This Space Contributed to Help Finish the Job by*

A. H. Bickmore & Co.
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C. C. Kerr & Co.
Douglas Fenwick & Co.


# FINANCIAL MARKETS

## Speculation in Stocks Broadens, Taking in New Railroad Issues —Business Conditions Improve

The broadest dealings of the year in yesterday's stock market involved an exceptional number of railway issues for these times, and their progress forward was substantial throughout the day. Outside of this increased speculation in the rails the session was a replica of the many which had gone before since Feb. 10, marked by feverish buying of specialties and a strong advance of some of the petroleum, rubber, tobacco, and steel shares. All hint of the reaction of last Wednesday was absent. Net gains extending from 2 to more than 5 points were widely scattered through the list at the close of business, and near the end of the day the power of the rise was most in evidence. Million share days have become common enough this Spring, but it may be said that such headlong buyings as occurred in the first hour of trading suggested possibilities of greater daily turnovers in the future than have yet been recorded. Whether a faster peace would be accompanied by as much stability of the price list as has been noted so far is a moot question, which, by the way, is receiving considerable thought in banking quarters and probably would be the subject of serious attention if market loans were larger than they are.

The speculation in railroad shares extended to low priced stocks which carried none of the flavor of potential oil production, and appeared to reflect expectations of early Congress action on the situation of the carriers. This, if the dominent influence, could be considered much more healthy as a trading factor than blind grasping for a profit on the strength of rumor or enthusiastic surmise. Some of the issues bid upward pay dividends, most of them do not, but it would be a fair assumption that all of them would be aided if Congress, called in special session in a few weeks, sought immediately to devise a working plan for returning the major transportation system to its owners. There is small question but that the solution of the railroad problem will be pressed. At the same time, there are so many different ideas and proposals to be sifted before a concrete measure could reasonably be expected to get before the law makers that no one may say whether weeks or months will pass after Congress convenes before the way is made clear for legislation. First, of course, comes the necessity for providing the roads with funds to carry them along and the belief is general that this matter will be attended to quickly. Running parallel with the process of legislating an appropriation will be the effort to make a permanent disposition of the railways.

With the exception of the railroads and the steel and copper industries, the industrial and business horizon has become freer of clouds this week. Reports from manufacturing districts disclose an expansion of activity in textile lines, in the wholesale and jobbing trades. The commercial agencies comment on the increased demand for raw materials of various sorts. Bradstreet's report on failures during April shows the smallest number for the month in twenty-three years, with liabilities the lightest since June, 1918. In the first four months of this year the number of commercial insolvencies was 47 per cent. less than in the corresponding period last year, and the liabilities were the smallest for any like period since 1906. This showing is nothing short of impressive as applied to the underlying financial strength of business; it augurs well not only for the upbuilding of trade and manufacturing in the longer future but also for the final success of the Victory Loan campaign. The loan is lagging to a degree comparable with several preceding Government offerings at an equivalent point in the campaign, and it is essential that business in all its ramifications extend its efforts to outdo its previous work in distributing the notes.

The call money market denoted again yesterday an adequate amount of funds for current demands. Most loans were made at 5½ per cent., where 6 per cent. had lately ruled, and the rate eased late in the day to 4¾ per cent. Sterling exchange continued to advance, touching 4.67 for sight drafts, a rate which had not been reached for several weeks. Lire also improved slightly, while franc exchange displayed a rather soft tone.

### Prices Firm on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, May 2.—Prices were firm on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes 62 francs 90 centimes for cash. Exchange on London 28 francs 42 centimes. Five per cent. loans 88 francs 55 centimes. The dollar ranged from 6 francs 5 centimes to 6 francs 8 centimes.

## MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

**Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.**

MIXED COLLAT'L. ALL INDUSTRIALS.
High ..... 5½ | High ..... 6
Low ..... 4½ | Low ..... 4¾
Renewals ..... 5½ | Renewals ..... 6
Last ..... 4½ | Last ..... 5

**Call Loans on Acceptances.**

Prime eligible acceptances ..... 4½

**Time Loans.**

MIXED COLLAT'L. ALL INDUSTRIALS.
Sixty days ..... 5½ | Sixty days ..... 5¾
Ninety days ..... 5½ | Ninety days ..... 5¾
Four months ..... 5½ | Four months ..... 5¾
Five months ..... 5¾ | Five months ..... 5¾
Six months ..... 5¾ | Six months ..... 5¾

**Bank Acceptances.**

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 90 to 90 days ..... 4¼@4⅛
Nonmember and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days ..... 4¼@4⅜
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days ..... 5½@5⅝

**Commercial Paper.**

30 to 90 days ..... 5¼@5½
4 to 6 months ..... 5¼@5½

Other Names.

4 to 6 months ..... 5½

**FOREIGN EXCHANGE.**

**Range of Rates.**

| Sterling— | High. | Low. | Last. | Change. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Demand | $4.67¼ | $4.66¾ | $4.67¼ | +.00¼ |
| Cables | 4.68¼ | 4.67⅜ | 4.68 | +.00⅝ |
| Francs— | | | | |
| Demand | 6.08⅛ | 6.08½ | 6.08½ | —.01⅛ |
| Cables | 6.06⅝ | 6.06¼ | 6.06¼ | —.01¾ |

**Closing Rates.**

| Normal Rates of Exch. | Yesterday's Close. Demand or Checks. | Cables. |
|---|---|---|
| 4.8685 London | $4.67⅛ | $4.68 |
| 5.1813 Paris | 6.08¼ | 6.06¼ |
| 5.1813 Belgium | 6.42 | 6.39 |
| China— | | |
| Hongkong | $1.00 | $1.25 |
| Shanghai | 118.00 | 118.25 |
| Peking | 125.00 | 125.25 |
| 40.20 Holland | 40.125 | $0.3125 |
| 19.30 Greece | 19.25 | 19.30 |
| 32.44 India— | | |
| Bombay | 35.25 | 35.50 |
| Calcutta | 35.25 | 35.50 |
| 5.1813 Italy | 6.50 | 7.48 |
| Japan— | | |
| Kobe | 51.25 | 51.50 |
| Yokohama | 51.25 | 51.50 |
| 19.30 Spain | 20.35 | 20.35 |
| 50.00 Philippine Islands— | | |
| Manila | 49.65 | 49.75 |
| 26.80 Scandinavia— | | |
| Stockholm | 26.50 | 26.70 |
| Copenhagen | 24.75 | 24.95 |
| Christiania | 25.55 | 25.85 |
| South America— | | |
| Buenos Aires | 44.10 | 44.25 |
| Rio | 27.15 | 27.25 |
| 5.1813 Switzerland | 4.97 | 4.94 |
| 51.46 Russia (currency)— | Bid. | Asked. |
| 100 rubles | 11.10 | 11.20 |
| 500 rubles | 11.05 | 11.15 |

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

| Bankers. 60 Days. | Bankers. 90 Days. | Commercial. 60 Days. | Commercial. 90 Days. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Nominal. | | $4.63⅝ | $4.62¾ |

**Clearing House Exchanges.**

Clearing House exchanges, $837,241,678; balances, $64,998,847; Sub-Treasury credit balance, $1,150,404; Federal Reserve credit balance, $49,854,428.

**Domestic Exchanges.**

Rates on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis 25@15c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $26.87½ premium.

**Silver Quotations.**

Bar silver in London, 48 11-16d; in New York, $1.01⅛, official; Mexican dollars, 77½@80½c.

## EARNINGS.

PACIFIC COAST CO—

| | 1919. | 1918. | Decrease. |
|---|---|---|---|
| March gross | $418,839 | $518,848 | $104,008 |
| Net after exp. | 51,053 | 76,289 | 25,236 |
| 9 mos. gross | 4,184,756 | 4,407,531 | 222,775 |
| Net after exp. | 500,179 | 817,854 | 317,675 |

# NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, MAY 2, 1919.

| | 1919. | 1918. | 1917. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Day's sales | 1,571,595 | 334,373 | 573,793 |
| Year to date | 75,448,489 | 41,611,914 | 65,195,450 |

| Closing Bid. | Closing Ask. | Sales. | | First. | High. | Low. | Last. | Net Chge |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 30¼ | 31 | 830 | Adams Express | 30¼ | 30⅝ | 30¼ | 30½ | — ½ |
| 32 | 32¼ | 800 | Advance Rumely | 32½ | 32½ | 31⅞ | 32⅛ | |
| 69 | 69¼ | 600 | Advance Rumely pf | 69¼ | 69½ | 68¾ | 69½ | |
| 92½ | 93½ | 2,500 | Ajax Rubber | 94 | 94 | 92½ | 93 | + ¼ |
| 3⅝ | 3¾ | 200 | Alaska Gold Mines | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 38⅝ | 39 | 10,100 | Allis-Chalmers Mfg | 38¼ | 39¼ | 38 | 38¾ | + ⅝ |
| 93¼ | 94 | 200 | Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf | 94 | 94 | 94 | 94 | +1 |
| 112 | 112½ | 2,800 | Am. Agricul. Chem | 113⅝ | 113⅝ | 112 | 112 | —1⅝ |
| 81 | 81½ | 6,100 | Am. Beet Sugar | 81½ | 82½ | 81 | 81½ | + ½ |
| 54½ | 55 | 17,400 | Am. Can | 54½ | 55½ | 54⅜ | 54⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 102⅝ | 103½ | 100 | Am. Can pf | 103½ | 103½ | 102⅝ | 103½ | + ¼ |
| 95¾ | 95⅞ | 3,000 | Am. Car & Fdry | 94⅝ | 96 | 94½ | 95¾ | + ⅛ |
| 115⅞ | 116⅛ | 100 | Am. Car & Fdry pf | 116⅝ | 116⅝ | 116⅝ | 116⅝ | +1⅛ |
| 57⅞ | 57⅞ | 3,100 | Am. Cotton Oil | 58⅜ | 58⅜ | 57⅞ | 57⅞ | — ⅛ |
| 12⅝ | 13 | 800 | Am. Druggists | 13 | 13 | 12⅞ | 13 | + ⅛ |
| 27⅝ | 27¾ | 4,700 | Am. H. & Leather | 28 | 28¼ | 27¾ | 27⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 115⅜ | 116 | 3,600 | Am. H. & L. pf | 116⅝ | 116⅞ | 115⅝ | 116 | |
| 49½ | 50 | 2,300 | Am. Ice | 50 | 50⅞ | 49½ | 50 | + ¾ |
| 70 | 71 | 1,500 | Am. Ice pf | 70 | 71½ | 70 | 71½ | + 2 |
| 87½ | 87⅝ | 17,200 | Am. International | 88 | 88⅝ | 87¼ | 87⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 56 | 56¼ | 4,800 | Am. Linseed | 55⅝ | 56⅞ | 55⅞ | 56¾ | + 2⅝ |
| 96½ | 97 | 1,000 | Am. Linseed pf | 96⅛ | 96⅞ | 96⅛ | 96⅞ | +1⅛ |
| 76⅝ | 76⅞ | 12,100 | Am. Locomotive | 77 | 77⅝ | 76 | 76¼ | + ¼ |
| 105 | 107 | 800 | Am. Locomotive pf | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | + ¼ |
| 2½ | 2¾ | 3,400 | Am. Malting | 2¾ | 2¾ | 2½ | 2½ | — ⅛ |
| 72 | 72¼ | 3,400 | Am. Smelt. & Ref | 71¾ | 72⅜ | 71⅜ | 72⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 122 | 125 | 500 | Am. Snuff | 125 | 125 | 125 | 125 | +6½ |
| 104½ | 105 | 6,300 | Am. Steel Fdries | 106⅝ | 107¼ | 104¼ | 104½ | — ¼ |
| 130½ | 130⅝ | 2,300 | Am. Sugar Ref | 130⅛ | 130⅝ | 129⅞ | 130⅛ | +1½ |
| 107⅜ | 108 | 7,800 | Am. Sumatra Tob | 109 | 109⅛ | 107⅞ | 108 | —2 |
| 98 | 98 | 100 | Am. Sumatra T. pf | 95¾ | 95¾ | 95¾ | 95¾ | +1¼ |
| 103⅞ | 103⅞ | 3,000 | Am. Tel. & Tel | 103⅝ | 104 | 103⅝ | 103⅞ | — ⅛ |
| 208½ | 208¾ | 800 | Am. Tobacco | 208 | 208½ | 206¾ | 208½ | — ½ |
| 67⅝ | 67¾ | 1,300 | Am. Woolen | 67¾ | 67¾ | 67¼ | 67¼ | +1⅛ |
| 43⅝ | 45½ | 4,700 | Am. Writing P. pf | 44⅝ | 45¾ | 44⅝ | 45¾ | +1⅝ |
| 15½ | 16 | 3,500 | Am. Zinc, L. & S | 14 | 15⅝ | 14 | 15⅝ | +1⅛ |
| 48 | 50 | 400 | Am. Zinc, L. & S. pf | 48 | 49½ | 48 | 49½ | +1½ |
| 61⅝ | 62 | 2,500 | Anaconda Copper | 61⅝ | 62¾ | 61½ | 61⅞ | — ⅛ |
| 4 | 5 | 100 | Ann Arbor | 4½ | 4½ | 4½ | 4½ | — ⅛ |
| 42 | 43 | 600 | Ass. Dry Goods | 43⅞ | 43⅞ | 42¾ | 42⅞ | + ⅝ |
| 70 | 75 | 80 | Assd. D. 1st pf | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 | |
| 83 | 84½ | 200 | Associated Oil | 84 | 84 | 83½ | 83½ | —1½ |
| 94½ | 95 | 2,800 | Atch. T. & S. F. x d | 94 | 95¾ | 94 | 94⅝ | +1 |
| 85¾ | 86 | 1,100 | Atch., T. & S. F. pf | 85¾ | 85¾ | 85 | 85 | — ⅛ |
| 96⅞ | 97 | 300 | Atlantic Coast Line | 97 | 97 | 97 | 97 | |
| 150⅝ | 151 | 17,100 | At., Gulf & West I. | 149½ | 152 | 148¾ | 150½ | +1⅝ |
| 74 | 75¾ | 100 | At., Gulf & W. I. pf | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 | |
| 92 | 92⅝ | 35,700 | Baldwin Loco | 91⅞ | 93½ | 91¾ | 92 | + ⅛ |
| 49½ | 49¾ | 4,200 | Baltimore & Ohio | 48⅝ | 50 | 48⅝ | 49⅝ | +1½ |
| 53½ | 54 | 500 | Baltimore & O. pf | 53¼ | 53¾ | 53¼ | 53¾ | |
| 130⅝ | 131¼ | 300 | Barrett Co | 130⅜ | 131½ | 130⅜ | 131 | +2 |
| 1¼ | 1½ | 200 | Batopilas Mining | 1¼ | 1½ | 1¼ | 1½ | |
| 73⅛ | 73⅝ | 17,800 | Beth. Steel, class B | 72¾ | 74 | 72¾ | 73⅝ | + ⅝ |
| 22¾ | 22½ | 5,700 | Booth Fisheries | 21½ | 22½ | 20⅝ | 22½ | +1½ |
| 21 | 21½ | 800 | Brkln Rapid Tran | 20¾ | 21 | 20¾ | 21 | + ⅛ |
| 20⅝ | 21 | 200 | Do. cfs. of dep | 20⅝ | 20¾ | 20⅝ | 20⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 10 | 10½ | 700 | Bruns. Ter. & Ry. S | 10⅜ | 10⅝ | 10⅜ | 10⅜ | — ⅛ |
| 154 | 158 | 100 | Barns Brothers | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | |
| 7⅜ | 7¾ | 1,000 | Butte Cop. & Zinc | 7¼ | 7¼ | 7¼ | 7⅜ | + ⅛ |
| 22½ | 22⅞ | 3,000 | Butte & Superior | 21⅞ | 22 | 21⅝ | 22 | + ⅛ |
| 64¼ | 64½ | 5,800 | California Packing | 63⅞ | 64½ | 63⅞ | 64⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 27½ | 28 | 100 | California Petrol. | 28 | 28 | 27⅞ | 28 | +1 |
| 71½ | 71⅝ | 300 | California Pet. pf | 72¼ | 72¼ | 71½ | 71½ | — ⅝ |
| 164¾ | 164¾ | 5,000 | Canadian Pacific | 164 | 166¼ | 164 | 164½ | + ⅝ |
| 97 | 100 | 300 | Case (J. I.) Co. pf | 99 | 99 | 98½ | 98½ | +1½ |
| ... | ... | 100 | Central Fdry pf | 33 | 33 | 33 | 33 | +2½ |
| 80½ | 81 | 8,900 | Central Leather Co | 80½ | 81½ | 80½ | 80⅝ | +1⅛ |
| 111 | 113 | 200 | Central Leather pf | 112 | 112 | 112 | 112 | +1⅝ |
| 40 | 45⅜ | 200 | Certain-teed Prod | 46 | 46 | 45⅝ | 45⅜ | +2 |
| 39¼ | 39⅝ | 1,700 | Cerro de Pasco Cop | 40 | 40¼ | 39⅝ | 39¼ | +½ |
| 143 | 145 | 300 | Chandler Motor | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | +2 |
| 65⅞ | 66¼ | 21,800 | Chesapeake & Ohio | 62⅝ | 66⅞ | 62⅝ | 66 | +3½ |
| 10 | 11½ | 300 | Chicago & Alton | 10¼ | 11⅜ | 10¼ | 11⅜ | +2 |
| 12¼ | 14½ | 1,200 | Chi. & Alton pf | 14 | 14⅞ | 14 | 14⅜ | + ⅛ |
| 9½ | 9⅝ | 2,800 | Chi. Great Western | 9⅛ | 9⅝ | 9⅛ | 9⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 26½ | 26⅝ | 400 | Chi. Great West. pf | 26 | 26⅞ | 26 | 26⅝ | +1⅛ |
| 38¼ | 39½ | 5,200 | Chi., Mil. & St. P | 38 | 39⅝ | 38¼ | 39½ | +1⅛ |
| 69¾ | 69¾ | 4,200 | Chi., M. & St. P. pf | 69 | 69⅝ | 69 | 69¾ | +1⅛ |
| 96¼ | 96⅝ | 500 | Chi. & Northwest'n | 96⅛ | 97 | 96¼ | 97 | +1⅛ |
| 26⅝ | 26⅞ | 14,200 | Chi., Rock Isl. & P | 26 | 27½ | 26 | 26⅞ | +1⅛ |
| 78½ | 79 | 700 | C., R. I. & P. 7% pf | 78½ | 79 | 78¼ | 78½ | +1⅛ |
| 66¾ | 67¼ | 900 | C., R. I. & P. 6% pf | 66¾ | 67¼ | 66¾ | 67¼ | +1½ |
| 22½ | 22⅝ | 4,000 | Chile Copper | 22⅜ | 23 | 22⅜ | 22⅝ | +1½ |
| 36⅛ | 36¼ | 300 | Chino Copper | 36⅛ | 36¼ | 36¼ | 36¼ | |
| 41 | 42⅝ | 100 | Clev., C., C. & St. L | 42 | 42 | 42 | 42 | +1 |
| 65¼ | 68 | 200 | C., C., C. & St. L. pf | 66½ | 66½ | 66½ | 66½ | +1½ |
| 74 | 75 | 100 | Colorado Fuel & Iron | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 | +1½ |
| 42 | 43 | 1,000 | Col. Fuel & Iron | 41⅝ | 43¼ | 41⅝ | 43 | +1½ |
| 29½ | 30 | 4,400 | Col. & Southern | 29 | 30⅜ | 29 | 29½ | +1 |
| 45½ | 46 | 1,700 | Columbia Gas & El | 45½ | 46⅝ | 45½ | 45⅝ | +1 |
| 97 | 98 | 1,400 | Consolidated Gas | 97 | 99 | 97 | 97⅝ | +1 |
| 80½ | 80⅝ | 3,400 | Continental Can | 79⅝ | 81⅜ | 79⅝ | 81 | +2 |
| 62⅝ | 63 | 17,300 | Corn Products Ref | 62⅝ | 63½ | 62⅝ | 62⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 108½ | 109 | 500 | Corn Prod. Ref. pf | 108 | 108⅞ | 108 | 108½ | +1⅛ |
| 71 | 71½ | 8,600 | Cuba Cane Sugar | 71½ | 72⅝ | 70¾ | 71 | |
| 94⅝ | 97 | 100 | Crucible Steel | 95 | 95 | 95 | 95 | + ⅛ |
| 33⅞ | 34 | 24,400 | Cuba Cane Sugar pf | 32⅜ | 34 | 32⅜ | 34 | +1⅝ |
| 80 | 81 | 2,700 | Cuba Cane S. pf | 80 | 81 | 80 | 80⅝ | +1⅛ |
| 98 | 99 | 100 | Deere & Co. pf | 98 | 98 | 98 | 98 | +1 |
| 105¼ | 103½ | 100 | Delaware & Hud | 105½ | 105½ | 105½ | 105½ | |
| 182 | 185 | 200 | Del., Lack. & West | 180 | 182 | 180 | 182 | +1 |
| 6⅝ | 7 | 1,600 | Den. & Rio Grande | 6⅝ | 7¼ | 6¼ | 7 | + ⅛ |
| 10¼ | 10½ | 16,100 | Den. & Rio Gr. pf | 8 | 10½ | 8 | 10½ | +2½ |
| 14 | 14¾ | 1,400 | Dome Mines | 13½ | 14 | 13¼ | 14 | + ⅛ |
| 4¼ | 5 | 400 | Duluth, S. S. & A | 4 | 4½ | 4 | 4½ | + ⅛ |
| 9 | 10 | 200 | Dul., S. S. & A. pf | 9 | 9½ | 8½ | 9½ | +2½ |
| 17¼ | 17¾ | 4,500 | Erie | 17½ | 17¾ | 17⅜ | 17⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 27½ | 29¼ | 2,000 | Erie 1st pf | 28¾ | 29¼ | 28¾ | 29¼ | +1⅝ |
| 19½ | 20⅜ | 600 | Erie 1st pf | 19 | 20¼ | 19 | 20⅛ | +1⅝ |
| 38 | 39 | 100 | Federal M. & S. pf | 38¾ | 39¾ | 38¾ | 39¾ | +2¼ |
| 57 | 58½ | 100 | Fisher Body | 58⅝ | 58½ | 58⅝ | 58⅝ | +2¼ |
| 95 | 100 | 100 | Fisher Body pf | 98 | 98 | 98 | 98 | +1½ |
| 29¼ | 29½ | 700 | Gaston, W. & W | 29½ | 29¾ | 29¼ | 29½ | |
| 70¾ | 70¾ | 26,400 | General Cigar | 70 | 72¾ | 68 | 70½ | +1¾ |
| 104½ | 104¾ | 200 | General Cigar pf | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | — ⅛ |
| 161¼ | 162¼ | 400 | General Electric | 162 | 162¼ | 162 | 162 | +1 |
| 181¼ | 181⅝ | 6,400 | General Motors | 182¼ | 182¾ | 177½ | 180 | |
| 73½ | 73¾ | 15,300 | Goodrich (B.F.) Co | 72½ | 73¾ | 71½ | 73¾ | +1⅝ |
| 106¼ | 108 | 950 | Goodrich pf | 105¾ | 108 | 105¾ | 108 | |
| 65 | 66¼ | 100 | Granby Consol | 65 | 65 | 65 | 65 | — ⅛ |
| 93⅜ | 94½ | 3,400 | Great Northern pf | 93¾ | 94 | 93 | 93½ | + ⅛ |
| 43⅝ | 44 | 5,000 | G. N. ctfs. for O. P | 43¾ | 43¾ | 43¼ | 43⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 39¼ | 39¾ | 1,075 | Greene-Can. Cop | 39¼ | 39¾ | 39½ | 39¾ | + ⅛ |
| 97 | 99 | 600 | Gulf, Mob. & Nor | 99 | 99 | 99 | 99 | +1½ |
| 54½ | 55 | 8,900 | Haskell & Barker | 53½ | 55¼ | 53½ | 54½ | +1½ |
| 49 | 49½ | 2,200 | Inspiration Copper | 47½ | 49¾ | 47½ | 49½ | +1½ |
| 3⅞ | 4 | 700 | Interboro Consol | 4 | 4 | 3¾ | 4 | |
| 13 | 13¾ | 300 | Interboro Con. pf | 13¼ | 13¾ | 13¼ | 13¾ | + ⅛ |
| 23½ | 24½ | 5,400 | Int. Agricultural | 25 | 25¾ | 23½ | 24½ | +1½ |
| 80 | 80½ | 5,100 | Int. Agricultural pf | 79½ | 80 | 79½ | 80 | + ⅛ |
| 132¼ | 133 | 1,000 | Int. Harvester new | 133¼ | 133¼ | 131¾ | 131¾ | —1½ |
| 115½ | 117 | 30 | Int. Harv. pf new | 117½ | 117½ | 117½ | 117½ | |
| 41¼ | 41¾ | 15,900 | Int. Mer. Marine | 42 | 42 | 41¼ | 41¾ | |
| 110¼ | 110¼ | 16,700 | Int. Mer. Marine pf | 111¼ | 111¾ | 110¾ | 110⅞ | — ⅛ |
| 25½ | 26 | 13,500 | Int. Nickel | 25½ | 25⅞ | 25 | 25⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 51⅝ | 52 | 2,800 | Int. Paper | 52¼ | 52⅝ | 51¼ | 51⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 74¾ | 75 | 200 | Int. Paper pf. st | 75 | 75 | 74¾ | 74¾ | + ⅛ |
| 4 | 4¼ | 100 | Iowa Central | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 38¼ | 38¾ | 4,500 | Jewel Tea | 38 | 39¼ | 38 | 38⅝ | + ½ |
| 83 | 86 | 200 | Jewel Tea pf | 84 | 84 | 84 | 84 | + ⅛ |
| 23¼ | 23⅝ | 4,100 | Kansas City South | 23½ | 24 | 23¼ | 23⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 54 | 55 | 200 | Kansas City So. pf | 54 | 54 | 54 | 54 | |
| 127 | 127⅝ | 3,700 | Kelly Springf. Tire | 127 | 127⅝ | 126 | 127 | |
| 32 | 32¼ | 3,250 | Kennecott Copper | 32 | 32¼ | 32 | 32⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 98¼ | 98½ | 12,100 | Keystone Tire & R | 98½ | 98⅝ | 97 | 98⅜ | +1⅛ |
| 71 | 71½ | 1,200 | Lacawanna Steel | 71 | 71½ | 70¾ | 71 | +1 |
| 90 | 91 | 100 | Lake Erie & West | 91½ | 91½ | 91 | 91½ | + ½ |
| 18½ | 21 | 100 | Lake Erie & W. pf | 19½ | 19½ | 19½ | 19½ | |
| 36¾ | 37 | 6,100 | Lee Rubber & Tire | 37 | 37¾ | 36 | 36⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 55½ | 55¾ | 1,200 | Lehigh Valley | 55½ | 55⅝ | 55⅜ | 55½ | |
| 200 | 210 | 100 | Liggett & Myers | 210 | 210 | 210 | 210 | —2½ |
| 112 | 113 | 100 | Liggett & Myers pf | 111¾ | 111¾ | 111¾ | 111¾ | + ⅛ |
| 200 | 210 | 100 | Loose-Wiles Biscuit | 52½ | 52½ | 52½ | 52½ | + ⅛ |
| 156 | 160 | 1,300 | Lorillard, P. & Co | 153 | 159 | 153 | 159 | +7 |
| 113½ | 117 | 100 | Louis. & Nash | 114¾ | 114¾ | 114¾ | 114¾ | —2¼ |
| 74½ | 76 | 100 | Manhattan Elev | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 | +1 |
| 108 | 110 | 400 | Manhattan Shirt | 109 | 109 | 108 | 109 | —1 |
| 76½ | 78¼ | 100 | Marlin-Rockwell | 76½ | 76½ | 76½ | 76½ | + ⅛ |
| 38 | 40½ | 800 | Maxwell Motors | 40 | 40¾ | 40 | 40½ | + ⅛ |
| 68 | 69½ | 700 | Max. Motors 1st pf | 69¾ | 69¾ | 69 | 69 | |
| 31 | 32 | 100 | Max. Motors 2d pf | 32¼ | 32¼ | 31½ | 31½ | — ⅛ |
| 86 | 87½ | 2,400 | May Dept. Stores | 86½ | 88¼ | 86½ | 87⅜ | +1⅛ |
| 110 | ... | 100 | May Dept. St. pf | 110 | 110 | 110 | 110 | +1½ |
| 176¾ | 177¼ | 45,700 | Mexican Petroleum | 179½ | 181¾ | 176⅝ | 176⅝ | —3½ |
| 44¾ | 45 | 5,900 | Midvale Steel | 45 | 45¾ | 44¾ | 44¾ | — ⅛ |
| 14¾ | 15 | 18,300 | Minn. & St. L. new | 13¼ | 15½ | 13¼ | 15 | +1½ |
| 89 | 91 | 1,100 | M., St. P. & S. S. M | 89 | 90½ | 89 | 90¼ | +1¼ |
| 9¾ | 9¾ | 4,000 | Mo., Kan. & Texas | 9¾ | 10¼ | 9¾ | 9¾ | + ⅛ |
| 18¾ | 18¾ | 2,100 | Mo., Kan. & T. pf | 17¾ | 18¾ | 17½ | 18¼ | +2¼ |
| 30 | 30¼ | 60,800 | Missouri-Pacific | 29⅝ | 31½ | 29⅝ | 30 | +1 |
| 56 | 56 | 5,000 | Missouri Pacific pf | 54 | 57 | 54 | 56½ | +1⅝ |
| 66 | 69 | 600 | Montana Power | 70 | 70 | 69¾ | 70 | |
| 36¾ | 37 | 300 | Nat. Acme | 36¾ | 36⅞ | 36½ | 36⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 19½ | 19½ | 700 | Nat. Cond. & Cable | 19½ | 19½ | 19½ | 19½ | + ⅛ |
| 60¾ | 60¾ | 800 | Nat. Enam. & St | 60¾ | 60¾ | 60¾ | 60¾ | + ⅛ |
| 74⅜ | 75¼ | 3,000 | Nat. Lead | 74⅝ | 75¾ | 74⅛ | 75 | + ⅝ |
| 10¾ | 11¼ | 900 | N. Rys. of M. 2d pf | 10¾ | 11¼ | 10¾ | 11 | + ⅛ |
| 16 | 16¼ | 800 | Nevada Con. Cop | 16¾ | 16¾ | 16 | 16 | — ⅛ |
| 33 | 34 | 200 | N. O., Tex. & Mex | 31⅞ | 32½ | 31⅞ | 32½ | + ⅝ |
| 110 | 111 | 600 | N. Y. Air Brake | 109 | 112 | 109 | 110 | +1 |
| 73½ | 73¾ | 8,400 | N. Y. Central | 73¾ | 75¾ | 73¼ | 73¼ | + ⅛ |
| 28 | 28½ | 400 | N. Y., Chi. & St. L | 28¼ | 28 | 28¼ | 28 | —½ |
| 32 | 32¾ | 1,000 | N. Y. Dock | 32 | 32¾ | 32 | 32½ | +1½ |
| 50 | 53 | 100 | N. Y. Dock pf | 53 | 53 | 53 | 53 | +3½ |
| 30¾ | 30¾ | 3,900 | N. Y., N. H. & H | 30¾ | 31¼ | 30¾ | 30¾ | + ¼ |
| 21¾ | 21¾ | 2,200 | N. Y. Ont. & West | 20¾ | 21¾ | 20¼ | 21½ | +1 |
| 103⅝ | 103⅝ | 500 | Norfolk & Western | 103⅞ | 106 | 103 | 105 | |
| 83¾ | 84 | 2,200 | Northern Pacific | 83¾ | 86⅝ | 83½ | 86 | + ⅛ |
| 64 | 64¾ | 600 | Nova Scotia S. & C | 62¾ | 64½ | 62¾ | 64¼ | + ⅛ |
| 45¾ | 45¾ | 50,900 | Ohio Cities Gas | 45 | 46½ | 45 | 45¾ | + ⅛ |
| ... | ... | 300 | Ontario Mining | 7¼ | 7¾ | 7¼ | 7¾ | + ⅛ |
| 10¾ | 10¾ | 13,400 | Okla. Prod. & Ref | 10⅝ | 10⅞ | 10½ | 10⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 53½ | 53½ | 800 | Owens Bottle Mach | 53½ | 53½ | 53½ | 53½ | — ⅛ |
| 37½ | 38 | 800 | Pacific Mail | 38½ | 39 | 38 | 38 | |
| 92 | 96 | 1,200 | Pan-Am. Petrol. & T | 94½ | 96 | 94½ | 95½ | + ⅛ |
| 44¾ | 44¾ | 2,100 | Penn. R. R. | 44¾ | 44¾ | 44 | 44¾ | + ⅛ |
| 40¼ | 40½ | 500 | People's Gas, Chi | 40¼ | 40½ | 40¼ | 40½ | +1⅛ |
| 19 | 21¼ | 36,700 | Pere Marquette | 19 | 21¼ | 19 | 20 | +1⅝ |
| 61¾ | 61⅞ | 400 | Pere Marq. prior pf | 61¾ | 61¾ | 61¾ | 61¾ | + ⅛ |
| 45 | 45¾ | 200 | Pere Marquette pf | 45 | 45¾ | 45 | 45¾ | +2¼ |
| 41¾ | 42¼ | 15,500 | Philadelphia Co | 41¾ | 43 | 41¾ | 42¼ | + ⅛ |
| 51¼ | 51¼ | 4,300 | Pierce-Arrow | 50⅝ | 51¼ | 50⅝ | 50⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 25¾ | 25⅞ | 13,000 | Pierce Oil | 25½ | 26¾ | 25½ | 25¾ | + ⅛ |
| 51 | 51¼ | 1,500 | Pittsburgh Coal | 51 | 51¼ | 51 | 51¼ | + ¼ |
| 87 | 88 | 200 | Pittsburgh Coal pf | 87¼ | 87¼ | 87¼ | 87¼ | + ¼ |
| 36¾ | 37¼ | 6,100 | Pitts. & West Va | 36¾ | 37¾ | 36¾ | 36¾ | + ⅛ |
| 82¼ | 82¾ | 100 | Pitts. & W. Va. pf | 82¼ | 82¾ | 82¼ | 82¾ | + ⅛ |
| 15½ | 16¼ | 1,300 | Pond Creek Coal | 15½ | 16¼ | 15½ | 16¼ | +1⅛ |
| 73½ | 75¼ | 1,300 | Pressed Steel Car | 70 | 75¾ | 74¾ | 75¾ | + ⅛ |
| 100 | 102 | 100 | Pressed Steel C. pf | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | +1 |
| 110¼ | 110½ | 200 | Pullman Co | 110¼ | 110½ | 110¼ | 110½ | + ¼ |
| 58½ | 60 | 1,400 | Punta Alegre Sugar | 59 | 60 | 58½ | 59 | — ¼ |
| 87½ | 88 | 600 | Railway Steel Sp | 88¼ | 88¼ | 88 | 88 | |
| 107½ | 109 | 100 | Railway Steel S. pf | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | + ½ |
| 204 | 210 | 900 | Ray Con. Copper | 209 | 209 | 209 | 209 | |
| 85½ | 86¼ | 28,100 | Reading | 85¾ | 86¼ | 85¾ | 86¼ | + ⅛ |
| 35½ | 36 | 400 | Reading 1st pf | 35¾ | 36 | 35¾ | 36 | |
| 36 | 37 | 100 | Reading 2d pf | 37 | 37 | 37 | 37 | +1 |
| 82 | 82¼ | 600 | Rep. Iron & Steel | 81¾ | 82¼ | 81¾ | 82¼ | +1¼ |
| 103⅜ | 104 | 100 | Rep. Iron & S. pf | 103⅞ | 103⅞ | 103⅛ | 103⅞ | |
| 108 | 108½ | 3,500 | Royal D., Am. shs | 108 | 109¾ | 108 | 108 | —1 |
| 107½ | 108 | 26,500 | Do., N. Y. shs | 107½ | 109¼ | 107½ | 107¾ | — ⅜ |
| 23¾ | 24 | 44,300 

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# ROPER DEFINES TAX ON CAPITAL STOCK

## Returns Under Provisions of Act of 1916 to be Used in Assessments.

## BILLS FOR ADDITIONAL SUMS

### Domestic Corporations Taxable at $1 for Each $1,000 in Excess of $5,000 Exemption.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 2.—Commissioner Daniel C. Roper of the Internal Revenue Bureau made public today regulations relating to the capital stock tax as enacted by Section 1,000 of the Revenue law. They read:

"This tax applies to all corporations, joint stock companies, and associations, foreign and domestic, engaged in business in the United States, unless specifically exempted under the act.

"For domestic corporations the tax is at the rate of $1 for each $1,000 of average fair value in excess of an exemption of $5,000, and is based on the fair average value for the year preceding the taxable year.

"Foreign corporations engaged in business in the United States are taxed similarly to domestic corporations, except that the basis for the tax is the average amount of capital employed in the transaction of business in the United States during the year preceding the taxable year.

"The tax applies to domestic and foreign mutual insurance companies, in which case the basis for the tax differs from domestic and foreign corporations.

"This law is retroactive and effective as of July 1, 1918, and is in lieu of Section 407, Title IV., of the act of Sept. 8, 1916, which taxed corporations at the rate of 50 cents per thousand per year of the average fair value of the capital stock in excess of $99,000.

"As practically all corporations filed returns for the taxable period July 1, 1918, to June 30, 1919, under the provisions of the act of 1916, such returns will be used so far as practicable in assessing the tax under the revenue act of 1918. Corporations will be notified of the additional tax due and should be in a position to make prompt payment upon receipt of bills from the Collectors of Internal Revenue.

"Special taxes, of which this is one, become due on the 1st day of July in each year, or on commencing any trade or business on which such tax is imposed. This tax is payable in advance, but corporations may await bills from the Collectors before making payments.

"Returns for the taxable period July 1, 1919, to June 30, 1920, are due during July, 1919.

"The tax does not apply to any corporation which is not engaged in business during any part of the fiscal year preceding the year for which the tax is due, but if it was in business even one day it is subject to the tax. There is no relation between the amount of the tax payable and the length of time the corporation was in business.

"A corporation owning a railroad, controlled and operated by the Government, is exempt for a given taxable year only in case it does no business during such year.

"As corporations are organized for the purpose of doing business, all corporations will be held to be engaged in business and liable for capital stock tax unless positive proof is submitted to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue showing exemption of nonliability to such tax.

"A corporation which does business without having paid the tax is liable to a fine of $1,000. Penalties of not more than $1,000 for failure and not more than $10,000 for willful refusal to make return and pay the tax are provided in the bill.

"Any officer or employe of a corporation who in the course of his duty fails to make a return on time is liable for a fine of $1,000. For willful refusal, the penalty is a fine of not more than $10,000 or imprisonment for not more than one year, or both. Corporations showing willful intent to evade the tax are liable to penalty in an amount equal to 50 per cent. of the tax in addition to the penalties mentioned above.

"Corporations delinquent in filing returns are liable to a penalty in an amount equal to 25 per cent. of the amount of tax."

# FASTER TIME TO THE COAST.

## Canadian Pacific Railway to Put On a 93-Hour Train on June 1.

MONTREAL, Quebec, May 2.—A new transcontinental train, the Trans-Canada, connecting Montreal and Toronto with Vancouver in less than four days, will be put in service on the Canadian Pacific Railway beginning June 1. This cuts a full business day off the time of passage between eastern Canada and Winnipeg, Calgary, or Vancouver. The actual time from Vancouver to Montreal will be 92 hours and 15 minutes; from Montreal to Vancouver, 93 hours and 30 minutes. The best time from New York to the Pacific Coast now is 98 hours and 50 minutes, so that the new train will have the shortest transcontinental run. It will be operated without change of cars and will carry sleeping car passengers only.

# OLD POSTAGE BACK JULY 1.

## Letters to Travel for 2 Cents an Ounce, as Before.

Postmaster Patten called attention yesterday to the fact that on July 1 next the first-class postage rates in effect prior to Nov. 2, 1917, would be restored.

Effective on July 1 letters and other first-class matter will be subject to the old postage rate of 2 cents an ounce or fraction thereof, and postal or post cards 1 cent each.

## Lessen Restrictions on Bunkering.

WASHINGTON, May 2.—Bunker regulations were further modified today by the War Trade Board to permit the issuance of time fuel licenses to all vessels regardless of flag, good until revoked, in the place of trip licenses issued heretofore. The licenses will not be valid for ships engaged in trade with Germany or Bolshevist Russia without specific authorizations. The stipulation that ships, bunkered in American ports, must return to the United States has been discontinued. It also was announced.

## Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

*Special to The New York Times.*

Ill.—Showers Sat. and Sun.; cooler Sun.
Iowa—Showers Sat. and Sun.; cooler.
Wis.—Showers Sat. and Sun.; cooler; fresh, shifting winds.
Minn.—Rain Sat. and probably Sun.; cooler.
N. Dak.—Rain, cooler Sat.; clearing Sun.
S. Da.—Rain, cooler Sat.; Sun., clearing; cooler.
Neb.—Showers Sat., much cooler; Sun., unsettled; cooler.
Kan.—Showers Sat.; Sun., unsettled; much cooler.
La.—Sat., fair, warmer in n. Sun., fair, warm.
Okla.—Sat., cloudy; warmer in s. w. Okla.; partly cloudy.
Okla.—Sat., cloudy; warmer in s. Okla.; Sun., cloudy.
Texas—Sat., partly cloudy; warmer in interior; Sun., partly cloudy.
N. C., S. C., and Ga.—Fair Sat. and Sun.; mild temp rature.
Fla.—Fair Sat. and Sun.
Ala. and Miss.—Fair and warmer Sat. Sun., thunder showers.
Tenn. and Ky.—Partly cloudy and warmer Sat., Sun., showers and thunderstorms.
Ind.—Showers and warmer Sat. Sun., showers.
Ohio—Partly cloudy Sat., followed by showers Sat. night and Sun.; somewhat warmer.
Lower Mich.—Cloudy Sat., followed by showers by night. Sun., showers; not much change in temperature.

# MARKET AVERAGES.

## STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

| | High. | Low. | Last. | Net Ch'ge. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 25 railroads | 84.55 | 83.45 | 84.08 | + .63 |
| 25 industrials | 96.55 | 94.89 | 95.79 | + .84 |
| 50 stocks | 90.55 | 79.17 | 79.93 | + .73 |

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

| | High. | Low. | Last. | Net Ch'ge. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| May 1 | 79.30 | 78.50 | 79.20 | + .43 |
| April 30 | 79.57 | 78.04 | 78.77 | — .56 |
| April 29 | 79.93 | 78.81 | 79.33 | — .01 |
| April 28 | 79.91 | 78.75 | 79.34 | + .18 |
| April 26 | 79.44 | 78.42 | 79.16 | + .58 |
| April 25 | 78.96 | 78.12 | 78.58 | + .36 |
| April 24 | 79.10 | 77.88 | 78.25 | — .42 |

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

| | —High.— | | —Low.— | | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| *1919 | 80.55 | May 2 | 78.50 | May 1 | 79.93 |
| 1918 | 74.22 | May 16 | 67.58 | May 1 | 69.33 |
| 1917 | 85.78 | May 31 | 75.77 | May 9 | 82.77 |
| 1916 | 99.16 | May 25 | 82.29 | May 3 | 87.04 |
| 1915 | 72.94 | May 1 | 64.14 | May 10 | 67.06 |

*To date.

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

| | —High.— | | —Low.— | | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| *1919 | 80.55 | May 2 | 69.73 | Jan. 21 | 79.93 |
| †1918 | 70.95 | Feb. 11 | 64.12 | Jan. 15 | 68.45 |
| Full Years. | | | | | |
| 1918 | 80.16 | Nov. 13 | 64.12 | Jan. 15 | 73.39 |
| 1917 | 90.86 | Jan. 4 | 57.43 | Dec. 20 | 65.83 |
| 1916 | 101.52 | Nov. 20 | 80.91 | Apr. 22 | 88.22 |
| 1915 | 94.13 | Oct. 22 | 55.90 | Feb. 24 | 91.33 |

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

## BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

| | —Net Change.— Day. | Month. | Year. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 40 issues | 76.93 +.06 | +.07 | +.53 |

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| May 1 | 76.87 | —.02 | Apr. 24 | 76.92 | +.01 |
| Apr. 30 | 76.89 | —.12 | Apr. 23 | 76.91 | +.15 |
| Apr. 29 | 77.01 | +.06 | Apr. 22 | 76.78 | |
| Apr. 28 | 76.95 | +.02 | Apr. 21 | 76.76 | —.07 |
| Apr. 26 | 76.93 | +.00 | Apr. 19 | 76.83 | —.15 |
| Apr. 25 | 76.84 | —.08 | Apr. 18 | Exch. closed | |

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| *1919 | 79.01 | Jan. 3 | 76.60 | Mar. 31 | 76.93 |
| †1918 | 77.43 | Jan. 31 | 75.77 | Apr. 5 | 76.40 |
| Full Years. | | | | | |
| 1918 | 82.36 | Nov. 12 | 75.65 | Sep. 27 | 78.78 |
| 1917 | 89.48 | Jan. 20 | 74.24 | Dec. 20 | 74.54 |
| 1916 | 89.18 | Nov. 27 | 86.19 | Apr. 29 | 88.64 |

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

# COTTON PRICES FALL AGAIN.

## Market Suffers from Realizing Sales —Western Selling Causes Break.

The cotton market suffered yesterday from realizing sales, which appeared in fairly considerable volume after the firm opening and the early rise, which had carried values up 25 to 30 points above Thursday's closing. Liverpool was a good buyer here at the start and the Liverpool market came in considerably better than due, which encouraged a good many of the ring bulls to add to their holdings.

The West, however, seemed more careful than usual and did not participate to any great extent in the early buying. On the contrary, when the market was at the top the West started selling and prices promptly broke. The declines, which were rapid at times, soon completely offset the early gains, and by midday the market was just about where it left off on Thursday.

In the afternoon the selling seemed more scattered, but buying was very light and prices continued to fall. October selling down 35 points, with the rest of the market down 22 to 30 points. In the late dealings the market was erratic and prices fluctuated a good deal, but at the close the recovery had not gone far and the market finished 15 to 24 points down on the day.

The market, just now, appears to be suffering from its own strength. It has advanced so far and so rapidly that a good many bulls are becoming more or less fearful of a bad smash and are taking advantage of the bulges to lighten their loads. While this situation continues, or until a fresh bullish inspiration comes along, it is probable that the market will continue irregular and erratic.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

NEW CONTRACTS.

| | Open. | High. | Low. | Close. | Prev. Day. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| May | 28.00 | 28.92 | 28.35 | 28.40 | 28.63 |
| July | 27.05 | 27.13 | 26.57 | 26.68@26.70 | 26.88 |
| Oct. | 25.22 | 25.33 | 24.67 | 24.78@24.80 | 25.02 |
| Dec. | 24.70 | 24.82 | 24.25 | 24.30@24.33 | 24.54 |
| Jan. | 24.30 | 24.45 | 23.93 | 23.93@23.95 | 24.15 |
| March | 24.05 | 24.18 | 23.60 | 23.70@23.73 | 23.85 |

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, down 25 points to 29.15c for middling upland; sales, 1,000.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 29c; New Orleans, 28c; Savannah, 27.75c; Augusta, 28.25c; Memphis, 28c; Houston, 28.00c; Little Rock, 27c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

| | Yesterday. | Last Wk. | Last Yr. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Port receipts | 43,394 | 35,480 | 13,373 |
| Exports | 51,567 | 52,221 | 5,426 |
| Exports, season | 3,918,677 | 3,804,283 | 3,278,872 |
| N. Y. stock | 90,941 | 84,144 | 167,882 |
| Port stocks | 1,254,379 | 1,262,464 | 1,436,279 |
| N. Y. arrivals | 1,491 | 3,376 | |

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton enjoyed a fair business at 17.29d for middling. Sales, 5,000 bales, of which 4,000 were American. Imports, 19,000 bales, of which 16,000 were American. Futures opened steady, 16 to 19 points up, and closed steady, 12 to 33 points advance on the day. Prices: May, 17.11d; June, 16.88d; July, 16.66d; September, 15.92d. Manchester: Yarns and cloths were in good demand.

## THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 2.—Receipts and expenditures:

| | This Month. | Fiscal Year. |
|---|---|---|
| Customs | $20,141,486 | $142,180,932 |
| Internal revenue: Income and excess profits taxes | 107,696,034 | 1,996,473,681 |
| Miscellaneous | 135,050,064 | 1,049,317,056 |
| Miscellaneous rev. | 159,228,529 | 497,961,712 |
| Total receipts | $422,125,115 | $3,685,933,383 |
| Exc. of ord. disb. over ord. repts. | 581,737,007 | 9,614,576,617 |
| Exc. of tot. disb. over tot. repts. | 455,970,111 | 532,373,014 |
| Expenditures | 1,007,862,122 | 13,500,510,001 |

# BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

## FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds:

| | Bid. | Asked |
|---|---|---|
| Am. For. Sec. 5s | 99½ | 99¾ |
| Anglo-French 5s | 97¼ | 97½ |
| Argentine 5s | 82¾ | 83 |
| Dom. of Canada 5s, 1921 | 99¾ | 99½ |
| Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926 | 96¾ | 96¾ |
| Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931 | 96¾ | 96¾ |
| Chinese Government 5s | 71½ | 72 |
| Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1944 | 98½ | 99 |
| Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1949 | 91½ | 92½ |
| Republic of Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949 | 84½ | 86 |
| Dominican Republic 5s | 98½ | 99 |
| City of Bordeaux 6s | 99½ | 99½ |
| City of Lyons 6s | 99½ | 99½ |
| City of Marseilles 6s | 98½ | 98½ |
| City of Paris 6s | 98¾ | 98¾ |
| Japanese 4½s, A | 90½ | 91 |
| Japanese 4½s, second series | 91 | 91½ |
| Japanese 4s | 77 | 79 |
| City of Tokio 5s | 79½ | 80 |
| Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1919 | 99¼ | 99¾ |
| Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1921 | 98½ | 98¾ |
| Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1937 | 99½ | 99¾ |
| United States of Mexico 5s | 45 | 75 |
| United States of Mexico 4s | 47 | 60 |
| Russian Government 4s 1894 | 23 | .. |

## UNITED STATES ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

| | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|
| 2s, r. 1930 | 99¾ | 99¾ |
| 2d, c. 1930 | 99¾ | 99¾ |
| 3s, r. 1946 | 92 | 92 |
| 3s, c. 1946 | 80 | 92 |
| 4s, r. 1925 | 106¾ | 106¾ |
| 4s, c. 1925 | 106¾ | 106¾ |
| Pan 2s, r. 1936 | 98¾ | 99¼ |
| Pan 2s, c. 1936 | 98¾ | .. |
| Pan 2s, r. 1938 | 98¼ | 99¼ |
| Pan 2s, c. | | |
| Pan 3s, r. | 95¼ | |
| 1961 | 95¼ | 92 |
| Pan 3s, c. 1961 | 95¼ | 92 |
| P 1 4s, '54 | 90 | 96 |
| P 1 4s, '55 | 90 | 96 |
| P 1 4s, '56 | 90 | 96 |
| Dist of C 3-65s | 97 | 100 |

## STOCKS.

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

| | Bid. | Asked |
|---|---|---|
| Alaska J. | 1½ | 2 |
| Alb & Sus | 185 | |
| Am-Ag Ch pf | 100¼ | 101 |
| Am B Na | 39¼ | 41 |
| Do pf | 46½ | 50 |
| Am B Sug pf | 92 | 93 |
| Am Coal | 45 | .. |
| Am Cot O pf | 90 | 93 |
| Am Exp | 82½ | 83 |
| Am M 1st pf ctfs | 50 | 55 |
| Do 1st pf ctfs sts | 53 | 55 |
| Am Shipb | 115 | 142 |
| Am Sm pf A | 93¼ | 93¾ |
| Am S & R pf | 105¼ | 106¾ |
| Am Sn pf | 96 | 100 |
| Am S Ref pf | 118¼ | 118¾ |
| Am T & C | 58 | 63 |
| Am T pf | 100¾ | 101 |
| Am W pf | 99¾ | 100 |
| Ann A pf | 10 | 50 |
| Assets R | 1½ | 2 |
| Asso D G 2d pf, ex div | 75 | .. |
| A. B & S | 74½ | 81½ |
| Bald L pf | 103½ | 106½ |
| Barrett Co pf | 114 | 115 |
| B'ch Crk | 29¾ | .. |
| Beth Steel | 72¾ | 74½ |
| Do 7% pf | 97 | .. |
| Do 8% pf | 109¾ | 110 |
| B'klyn Ed | 97 | 99 |
| B. U. Gas | 78 | 80 |
| Brown Sh | 85 | 89 |
| Do pf | 99 | 101 |
| B. R & P | 60 | 66 |
| Do pf | 90 | 100 |
| Buff & S | 71 | 75 |
| Do pf | 50 | 52 |
| Burns Bros pf | 110 | 112 |
| Bush Ter | 80 | 87 |
| Bush Co | 23 | 24½ |
| Cal P pf | 100 | .. |
| Cal & Ar | 89½ | 90 |
| Can Sou | 45¾ | 48 |
| Cin-P pf | 104½ | 105 |
| C R & of N J | 201 | 230 |
| C & S A | 114 | 115 |
| C'alin-teed 1st pf | 88 | 90 |
| C & N W pf | 129 | 131 |
| Chi. St P. M & Om. | 66 | 75 |
| Do pf | 103 | 115 |
| Chi & Pitts | 87½ | 90 |
| Do spec | 38 | .. |
| Col F pf | 113 | 125 |
| C & S 1st pf | 53 | 55 |
| Do 2d pf | 45 | 50 |
| Comp T R | 42 | 45½ |
| C I C M | 5¾ | 7½ |
| Cont C pf | 109 | 112 |
| Cont Ins | 71¾ | 72 |
| Crex Carp | 44 | 54 |
| C-Am Sug | 190 | 198 |
| Do pf | 103 | 106 |
| Det Fd | 113 | 116 |
| Det U Ry | 63 | 65½ |
| Elec S B | 72 | 76 |
| Elk H C | 27¼ | 28½ |
| Do pf | 45 | 47 |
| Erie & | 69 | 70 |
| F M & S | 10¾ | 13 |
| Gen Chem | 174 | 180 |
| Do pf | 103 | 105¾ |
| Gen M pf | 91 | 92 |
| Do deb | 90 | 90½ |
| G M & N pf | 32½ | 34½ |
| Gulf S S | 53½ | 55 |
| Do 1st pf | 92¼ | 93½ |
| Hartman | 71 | 73 |
| Homestake | 88½ | 97 |
| Ill Cent | 100 | 101 |
| Int N pf | 96 | .. |
| Int Pa pf | 90 | 100 |
| Int Salt | 53 | 54 |
| Iowa Cent | 3½ | 4½ |
| K C Ft S & M pf | 58 | 65 |
| Kayser (J) | 110¼ | 125 |
| Do 1st pf | 103 | 120 |
| Kelly S T pf | 94 | 96 |
| Kelsey Wh | 99 | 99½ |
| Do pf | 90 | 94 |
| K & D M | 3 | 4 |
| Do pf | 30 | 50 |
| Kresge (SS) | 122½ | 155 |
| Do pf | 107¾ | .. |
| Kress (S H) | 65¾ | 70 |
| Do pf | 106 | .. |
| Lact Gas | 68 | 70 |
| L-W Mills 1st pf | 101 | 101½ |
| Do 2d pf | 102½ | 108 |
| Lorill'd Co pf | 109 | 110 |
| M'kay Cos | 76½ | 78 |
| Do pf | 64 | 65 |
| Man B'ch | ½ | 1½ |
| Math Alk | 31 | 38 |
| Miami C | 22¾ | 23 |
| Mich Ctrl | 85¼ | 90 |
| M St P & S S M pf | 104 | 110 |
| Do 1 | 61 | 68 |
| Mon P pf | 103 | 108 |
| Mor & Es | 70½ | 87½ |
| N C & St L | 114 | 117½ |
| Nat En pf | 100½ | 105 |
| Nat Bisc | 121 | 124 |
| Do pf | 118 | 120 |
| Nat C & S | 85 | 87 |
| Do pf | 103 | 106 |
| Nat Lead | 108 | 110 |
| Do pf | 116 | 120 |
| Nat Lib | 1st pf | 25½ |
| N Y C & St L 1st pf | 62 | 66 |
| Do 2d pf | 42 | 46 |
| N Y Air West | 92 | 98 |
| Norf So | 15½ | 18 |
| North Am | 50 | 52 |
| Nor Cent | 67 | 75 |
| Ohio F S | 48 | 49½ |
| Owens B M pf | 101 | 104 |
| Pac Coast | 45 | 55 |
| Do 1st pf | 88 | 100 |
| Do 2d pf | 50 | 80 |
| P T & T pf | 84 | 92 |
| Pan-Am P & T pf | 146 | 149 |
| P S Steel | 27 | 30 |
| Peo & E | 6 | 6½ |
| Pett-Mull | 25 | 45 |
| Do 1st pf | 96 | 102 |
| Pierce-A pf | 104 | 105½ |
| P. C. C & St L | 44 | 48 |
| Do pf | 99 | 100 |
| P W & C | 131½ | 137½ |
| Pitts S pf | 95 | 98 |
| P S, N J | 84 | 86 |
| R H Sec, 1 | 2 | 3 |
| C stk ctfs | .. | 73 |
| R-S S & I pf | 85 | 89 |
| Re P R S pf | 110 | 120 |
| Rid Mill | 140 | 149 |
| Do pf | 92 | 95 |
| Rup Sil 1st pf | 94 | 97 |
| Texas Co, f. paid | 225 | .. |
| Cob P pf | 100 | 101 |
| Sf St L & W pf | 10 | 18 |
| S C T | 44½ | 45 |
| Do pf | 81 | 124 |
| Und T pf | 111 | 120 |
| U B P | 75 | 81 |
| U Trac pf | 72 | 73 |
| Un Cig Sts pf | 111 | 117 |
| Un Drug | 120 | 123 |
| Do 1st pf | 84½ | 85 |
| Do 2d pf | 118 | 120 |
| Un Dyew | 59 | 61 |
| Do pf | 96 | 98 |
| U S Ind A pf | 107 | 108½ |
| U S Sm pf | 46½ | 50 |
| Va-Car Ch pf | 112 | 113 |
| Va I C & Coke pf | 60 | 61 |
| Va R & P | 45 | 48 |
| W Md 2d pf | 43 | 45 |
| W-Over pf | 35 | 38 |
| Wilson pf | 101 | 105 |
| W'ngh pf | 116 | .. |

# TO CONFER ON EQUIPMENT.

## Committee Appointed to Meet Railway Administration Officials.

Robert S. Binkerd, Assistant to the Chairman of the Association of Railway Executives, announced yesterday afternoon that following the recent conference with Swager Shirley on the question of railroad equipment, the following special committee has been appointed to go to Washington and discuss the situation with Railroad Administration officials:

Thomas De Witt Cuyler, Chairman; Alfred P. Thom, counsel; Howard Elliott, President Northern Pacific Railway Company; Julius Kruttschmitt, President Southern Pacific Company; W. H. Finley, President Chicago and Northwestern Railway Company; E. E. Loomis, President Lehigh Valley Railroad Company; Charles Hayden, President Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railway Company; Mark W. Potter, President Carolina, Clinchfield and Ohio Railway, and E. P. Ripley, President Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railway Company.

The date for the conference has not been set, and while several methods of dealing with the situation have been talked over among the railroad men it was stated yesterday that no specific plan had been decided upon.

# SHORT TERM NOTES.

Government and Municipal Loans.

| Security. | Rate. | Due. | Bid. | Ask. | Yield. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Argen. Gov. | 6 | May 15, '20 | 99⅜ | 99½ | 8.80 |
| Dom of Can. | 5 | Aug., 1919 | 99⅝ | 99⅝ | 6.00 |
| Dom. of Can. | 5 | April, '21 | 97⅝ | 97⅞ | 6.05 |
| Dom of Can. | 5 | April, '25 | 98½ | 98¾ | 5.80 |
| Gov. of N. F. | 6 | July, 1919 | 99¾ | 99⅞ | 5.40 |
| Norway Gov. | 6 | Feb., 1923 | 99¾ | 100 | 6.00 |
| Prov. of Que. | 5 | Apr., 1920 | 98 | 98¾ | 5.95 |
| Russian Govt. | 6½ | June, 1919 | 58½ | 60 | .. |
| Do rubles | 5½ | Feb. 14, '26 | 108 | 114 | .. |
| Russian Govt. | 5½ | Dec., 1921 | 48 | 51 | .. |
| Swiss Govt. | 5 | Mar., 1920 | 99 | 99½ | 5.51 |
| War F. Corp. | 5 | Apr., 1920 | 99¾ | 100 | 5.12 |

Company Issues.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| A. B. Mag. | 7 | Jan., '20-22 | 100 | 101 | 6.40 |
| Am. Cot. Oil | 5 | Sep., 1919 | 99½ | 99¾ | 5.50 |
| Am. Cot. Oil | 7 | Sep., 1919 | 100½ | 100½ | 5.75 |
| Am. S. & L. | 6 | Aug., 1921 | 94 | 98 | 7.80 |
| Am. Thread | 6 | Dec., 1928 | 101 | 102 | 5.75 |
| Am. T. & T. | 6 | Feb., 1924 | 99¾ | 100 | 6.00 |
| Am. Tob. Co. | 7 | Nov., 1919 | 100¾ | 101½ | 4.70 |
| Am. Tob. Co. | 7 | Nov., 1920 | 102 | 102¼ | 5.40 |
| Am. Tob. Co. | 7 | Nov., 1921 | 102¼ | 102½ | 5.80 |
| Am. Tob. Co. | 7 | Nov., 1922 | 103 | 103¼ | 5.85 |
| Am. Tob. Co. | 7 | Nov., 1923 | 103½ | 104¼ | 5.70 |
| Ark. Val. Ry., L. & P. | 6 | July, 1919 | 98 | 100 | 6.00 |
| B. & O. R. | 5 | July, 1919 | 99¾ | 99¾ | 5.50 |
| Beth. S. Corp. | 7 | July 15, '19 | 100 | 100¾ | 5.80 |
| Beth. S. Corp. | 7 | July 15, '20 | 101¼ | 101½ | 5.95 |
| Beth. S. Corp. | 7 | July 15, '21 | 101⅝ | 101¾ | 6.30 |
| Beth. S. Corp. | 7 | July 15, '22 | 101⅝ | 102 | 6.00 |
| Beth S. Corp. | 7 | July 15, '23 | 101¼ | 101½ | 6.35 |
| Can. Pac. Ry. | 6 | Mar., 2, '24 | 100⅝ | 101¼ | 5.75 |
| Gen. Arg. Rys. | 6 | Feb., 1927 | 88 | 90 | 7.90 |
| Chi. Pn. Tool. | 6 | Oct., 1920 | 99 | 100 | 6.00 |
| Chi. Pn. Tool. | 6 | Oct., 1921 | 96½ | 99½ | 6.20 |
| Chi. R. & Q. | 4 | July 15, '21 | 95¾ | 96¾ | 5.85 |
| C., R. I. & P. | 6 | Feb., 1922 | 98 | 98½ | 6.55 |
| Con. G. & P. Bal. | 7 | Aug., 1922 | 100¾ | 101 | 6.80 |
| Cub.-Am. Sug. | 6 | Jan., 1920 | 99¾ | 100¼ | 5.40 |
| Cub.-Am. Sug. | 6 | Jan., 1921 | 99¾ | 100¾ | 5.60 |
| Cudahy P. Co. | 7 | July 15, '23 | 102¼ | 102½ | 6.20 |
| Del. & Hud. | 5 | Aug., 1920 | 98¾ | 99 | 5.80 |
| Duq. Lt. Co. | 6 | July, 1921 | 99¼ | 100 | 6.00 |
| Fed. Sug. R. | 5 | Jan., 1920 | 99 | 99½ | 5.75 |
| Gen. Electric | 6 | July, 1919 | 100½ | 100⅝ | 5.45 |
| Gen. Electric | 6 | July, 1920 | 100¾ | 100½ | 5.60 |
| Gt. A. & P. | 6 | June, 1921 | 99 | 99½ | 6.25 |
| Gt. Nor. Ry. | 5 | Sep., 1920 | 98¾ | 99 | 6.00 |
| Hocking Val. R. R. Co. | 6 | Mar., 1924 | 97½ | 98 | 6.40 |
| L. G. & E. | 7 | Sep., 1920 | 96½ | 99½ | 8.60 |
| M. V. G. & E. | 5 | May, 1922 | 80 | 87½ | 9.25 |
| Met. Edison | 6 | Dec., 1920 | 92 | 97½ | 10.75 |
| N. Y. Cent. | 5 | Sep., 1919 | 99½ | 99¾ | 5.50 |
| Okla. G. & E. | 7 | Apr., 1920 | 99 | 99¾ | 7.70 |
| Ott. Ry. & L. | 7 | Dec., 1920 | 95 | 99 | 9.10 |
| Ott. Ry. & L. 1st & reg. | 5 | June, 1924 | 88 | 91 | .. |
| Pac. G. & E. | 7 | Apr., 1920 | 97 | 99¼ | 8.80 |
| Penn Co. | 4½ | June 15, '21 | 97 | 97¾ | 5.75 |
| Phila. Co. | 6 | Feb., 1922 | 96 | 96½ | 7.30 |
| Pitts. & S. R. A. | 6 | Mar., 1920 | 99⅜ | 100¼ | 5.90 |
| Proc. & Gam. | 7 | Mar., 1920 | 101¾ | 101¾ | 5.75 |
| Proc. & Gam. | 7 | Mar., 1921 | 102 | 102½ | 5.70 |
| Proc. & Gam. | 7 | Mar., 1922 | 102¼ | 103 | 5.90 |
| Proc. & Gam. | 7 | Mar., 1923 | 103½ | 104 | 5.80 |
| Pub. S. Corp. | 7 | Mar., 1922 | 98¼ | 97 | 8.00 |
| Roch. R. & L. | 7 | Sep., 1921 | 100 | 101 | 6.55 |
| San Diego C. G. E. E. | 6 | Dec., 1922 | 91 | 96 | 8.10 |
| Shawing W. | 6 | Dec., 1919 | 105½ | 107 | .. |
| St. G. & E. sec. | 7 | Sep., 1921 | 97 | 99 | 7.90 |
| Southern Ry. | 6 | Mar., 1922 | 99¼ | 99⅝ | 6.15 |
| Stude Corp. | 7 | Jan., 1921 | 100 | 100½ | 6.25 |
| Stude. Corp. | 7 | Jan., 1920 | 98¼ | 99¼ | 7.20 |
| United Lt. & Ry. Sec. | 6 | May, 1920 | 97 | 99 | 8.10 |
| U. L. & R. sec. | 7 | Apr., 1923 | 96 | 99 | 7.70 |
| Utah S. Corp. | 6 | Sep. 15, '22 | 91 | 93 | 8.55 |
| W. E. & M. | 6 | Feb 10, '20 | 100 | 100¼ | 5.90 |

# METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

| | Yesterday. Bid. | Asked. | Thursday. Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | c. | c. | c. | c. |
| Lead | | 6.12½ | | 4.00 |
| Spelter | 6.12½ | 6.87½ | .. | 6.87½ |
| Antimony | .. | 6.75 | .. | 6.75 |
| Quicksilver | 75.00 | .. | 75.00 | .. |
| Aluminium | 31.00 | 33.00 | 31.00 | 33.00 |
| Iron, No. 2 silicon | .. | 31.00 | .. | 31.00 |

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 15c and on the Metal Exchange at 14¾@15¼c.

London quotations were:

| | Yesterday. £ | s. | d. | Thursday. £ | s. | d. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Copper, spot | 75 | 15 | 0 | 76 | 0 | 0 |
| Copper, futures | 75 | 15 | 0 | 76 | 5 | 0 |
| Tin, spot | 226 | 5 | 0 | 226 | 15 | 0 |
| Tin, futures | 225 | 15 | 0 | 226 | 0 | 0 |
| Spelter, spot | 53 | 5 | 0 | 53 | 5 | 0 |
| Spelter, future | 35 | 10 | 0 | 35 | 10 | 0 |
| Lead, spot | 24 | 10 | 0 | 24 | 10 | 0 |
| Lead, futures | 24 | 0 | 0 | 24 | 0 | 0 

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

**PITTSBURGH ROLLS CORPORATION**

**Six Per Cent. First Mortgage Convertible Sinking Fund Gold Bonds.**

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned as Trustee under the First Mortgage and Deed of Trust dated July 20, 1917, of Pittsburgh Rolls Corporation, will receive written proposals up to 12 M. Saturday, May 24th, 1919, for the sale to it of bonds of the above issue up to an extent sufficient, at the lowest price obtainable, to exhaust the sum of $144,000.

Proposals should be placed in sealed envelopes, indorsed "Proposal for sale of Pittsburgh Rolls Corporation Six Per Cent. First Mortgage Convertible Sinking Fund Gold Bonds" and sent to the undersigned at its office, No. 415 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Bonds accepted must be delivered before June 2d, 1919, or satisfactory security furnished prior to that day that delivery will be made within ten days.

Payment for bonds accepted will be made on July 1st, 1919.

The undersigned reserves the right to reject in whole or in part any or all proposals.

Dated Philadelphia, May 3d, 1919.

PHILADELPHIA TRUST COMPANY,
By JOHN C. WALLACE, Treasurer.

TO THE HOLDERS OF

**Six Per Cent. Sinking Fund Bonds of THE SEN-SEN CHICLET COMPANY, Due 1929**

SINKING FUND NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, as provided in Article 7 of the Indenture, dated, June 14, 1909, securing the above bonds, that sealed offers will be received up to 10 o'clock A. M. Thursday, May 8, 1919, by the undersigned, at its office, No. 140 Broadway, New York City, for the sale to it as Trustee, at the lowest price at which such bonds shall be offered for sale, not exceeding the redemption price, 107½ of par and accrued interest, of sufficient to the above bonds to exhaust the sum of Fifty Thousand One Hundred and Twenty-two Dollars and Eighty-three Cents ($50,122.83).

Offers should be sealed and endorsed "Offers of Sen-Sen Chiclet Company Bonds to Sinking Fund" and should be addressed to the TRUST DEPARTMENT. The right is reserved to reject any and all offers.

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY
OF NEW YORK.
By CHARLES H. SABIN, President.
Dated New York, May 1, 1919.

**PRICE BROTHERS & CO. LIMITED**
INCORPORATED IN QUEBEC

**Issue of $6,000,000 5% First Mortgage Bonds**

To the Holders of the above Bonds:—

In compliance with the terms of the Trust Deed, the Trustees for the Sinking Fund are about to apply the amount of $152,421 towards redemption of the above Bonds. The Trustees invite holders desirous of selling their Bonds to submit the price, inclusive of accrued interest from 1st May, 1919, at which they are disposed to sell, for delivery on or after 15th May, 1919. The Trustees do not undertake to accept the lowest or any tender or to purchase the whole or any part of Bonds offered.

Tenders of Bonds in response to this advertisement should be address to The Trustees Corporation, Limited, Winchester House, London, E.C.2, or, alternatively, to their Agents, Messrs. George A. Touche & Co., Lewis Building, 17 St. John Street, Montreal.

Dated 1st May, 1919.

For and on behalf of
THE TRUSTEES CORPORATION LIMITED,
GILBERT TAYLOR, Secretary.

**POCAHONTAS CONSOLIDATED COLLERIES COMPANY, INCORPORATED**

**Fifty-Year Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds.**

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the terms of the Mortgage dated July 1st, 1907, that the undersigned, as Trustee, will receive sealed proposals up to 3:00 P. M. on the 6th day of May, 1919, for the sale to it of bonds as above described, sufficient to use the sum of $17,228.23. The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all tenders.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY,
Trustee. By B. G. CURTS, Secretary.
New York, May 1st, 1919.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

**HAVANA ELECTRIC RAILWAY, LIGHT & POWER COMPANY.**

**Notice of Annual Meeting of Stockholders May 15, 1919.**

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Havana Electric Railway, Light & Power Company will be held on the third Thursday in May, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon, at the principal office of the Company, No. 15 Exchange Place, Jersey City, State of New Jersey, registered with the Registrar & Transfer Company in charge thereof, being at No. 15 Exchange Place aforesaid, for the election of three Directors each to hold office for three years, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting including the considering of and voting upon the approval and ratification of the reports of the Officers and Directors, and of all the acts and proceedings of the Board of Directors and of the Executive Committee since the last annual meeting of the stockholders of the corporation.

The stock transfer books will be closed from April 23rd, 1919, to May 15th, 1919, both inclusive.

[illegible] this 10th day of April, 1919.
By order of the Board of Directors,
H. KRAEMER, Secretary.

A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the ELECTRIC VACUUM CLEANER COMPANY, INC., will be held at the office of the corporation, 70 Fifth Avenue, New York City, on May 17th, 1919, at 10 o'clock A. M., to vote on a proposition to increase the number of preferred shares of said corporation from forty-five (45) shares of the par value of One Hundred Dollars ($100) per share to Fourteen Thousand Four Hundred (14,400) shares of the par value of One Hundred Dollars ($100) per share; to increase the number of shares without nominal or par value from fifty (50) shares to twenty thousand (20,000) shares; and to increase the capital with which the corporation shall carry on business from Five Thousand Dollars ($5,000) to One Million Five Hundred and Forty Thousand Dollars ($1,546,000.)

JULIUS TUTEUR, President.
ALBERT A. CANNON, Secretary.
Dated May 2, 1919.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR PURCHASE OF BONDS.

Sealed proposals will be received at the Council Chamber in the Borough of Manchantville, New Jersey, until eight o'clock P. M. on Monday, May 12, 1919, for the purchase of an issue of $25,000 of Sewer Extension Bonds of said Borough, dated July 1, 1919, and drawing interest at the rate of five per cent., $17,500 of said bonds being of the denomination of $500 each and $7,500 of said bonds being of the denomination of $250 each, and maturing as follows: $500 of said bonds on July first of each year of the years 1920 to 1924 inclusive, and $750 of said bonds on July first of each year of the years 1925 to 1929, inclusive. All bidders shall be required to deposit a certified check for two per centum of the amount of bonds bid for, drawn upon an incorporated bank or trust company, to secure the municipality against any loss resulting from the failure of the bidder to comply with the terms of his bid. The amount necessary to be raised by the sale of these bonds is the sum of $25,000. The Borough reserves the right to reject all bids, but unless all bids are rejected, said bonds will be sold to the bidder or bidders complying with the terms of sale and offering to pay not less than the amount necessary to be raised, and to take therefor the least number of bonds offered for sale, commencing with the first maturity; and if two or more bidders offer to take the same number and amount of such bonds, then to the bidder or bidders offering to pay therefor the highest additional price. JOHN W. HICKLE, Borough Clerk.

DIVIDENDS.

**INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE COMPANY**

**Preferred Stock Dividend**

A dividend of ten per cent. has been declared by the Board of Directors, out of the net profits of the Company, on account of the unpaid back dividends accrued upon the Preferred Stock, payable May 15th, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business May 1st, 1919. Checks will be mailed.

H. G. PHILIPS, Treasurer.

**To the Holders of Stock Trust Certificates for Preferred Stock of the INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE COMPANY**

Notice is hereby given to holders of outstanding stock trust certificates for Preferred Stock of the International Mercantile Marine Company to present their certificates at the Agency of the Voting Trustees, 81 Newark Street, Hoboken, N. J., to be exchanged for definite stock of the Company.

Pursuant to the foregoing notice the undersigned, as Agents for the Voting Trustees, will be prepared, on and after May 15th, 1919, to distribute the dividend of 10% to holders of Preferred Stock issued in exchange for Stock Trust Certificates.

THE NEW YORK TRUST CO.
For the Voting Trustees.
New York, April 17, 1919.

**THE J. G. WHITE ENGINEERING CORPORATION**
ENGINEERS—CONTRACTORS,
43 Exchange Place, New York.

The regular quarterly dividend (Twenty-fifth Quarter) of One and Three Quarters per cent. (1¾%) has been declared on the Preferred Stock of this Corporation, payable June 1, 1919, to stockholders of record May 16, 1919.

C. F. CONN, Secretary.

**Liggett & Myers Tobacco Company**

St. Louis, Mo., April 29, 1919.

A quarterly dividend of three per cent. (3%) was this day declared upon the common stock of LIGGETT & MYERS TOBACCO COMPANY, payable on June 20, 1919, to common stockholders of record at the close of business on May 15th, 1919. Checks will be mailing.

F. T. ANDERSON,
Treasurer.

## NEW YORK CITY BONDS

| | Yester-day. Bid. | Thurs-day. Ask. | Bid. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 4½s July, 1967 | 101 | 101⅛ | 101 |
| 4½s June, 1965 | 101 | 101⅛ | 101 |
| 4½s Mar., 1963 | 101 | 101⅛ | 101 |
| 4½s Mar., 1957 | 101 | 101⅛ | 101 |
| 4½s Mar., 1957 | 101 | 101⅛ | 101 |
| 4½s Mar., 1960-30 | 96¼ | 96⅝ | 96¼ |
| 4½s Mar., 1964 | 96¼ | 96⅝ | 96¼ |
| 4½s Mar., 1963 | 96¼ | 96⅝ | 96¼ |
| 4½s Mar., 1966 | 96¼ | 96⅝ | 96¼ |
| 4½s Sept., 1960 | 96¼ | 96⅝ | 96¼ |
| 4s May, 1959 | 91¼ | 91¾ | 91¼ |
| 4s Nov., 1958 | 91¼ | 91¾ | 91¼ |
| 4s Nov., 1957 | 91¼ | 91¾ | 91¼ |
| 4s Nov., 1956 | 90¾ | 91¼ | 90¾ |
| 4s Nov., 1956 | 90¾ | 91¼ | 90¾ |
| 4s Nov., 1938 | 92¼ | 93¼ | 92¼ |
| 4½s Nov., 1955 | 81½ | | 81½ |

| | Yester-day. Bid. | Thurs-day. Ask. | Bid. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 3½s Nov., 1954 | 81½ | 82½ | 81½ |
| 3½s May, 1954 | 81½ | | 81½ |

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 4½s 1924-1931 | 4.65 | | 4.65 |
| 4½s 1920-1923 | 4.65 | | 4.65 |
| 4½s 1919-1923 | 4.60 | 4.40 | 4.60 |
| 4½s 1924-1933 | 4.60 | 4.40 | 4.60 |
| 4½s 1940-1958 | 4.65 | 4.50 | 4.65 |
| 4½s 1959-1939 | 4.70 | 4.55 | 4.70 |
| 4½s 1922-1929 | 4.70 | 4.55 | 4.70 |
| 4½s 1918-1921 | 4.70 | 4.55 | 4.70 |
| 4s 1940-1953 | 4.65 | 4.50 | 4.65 |
| 4s 1919-1925 | 4.70 | 4.55 | 4.70 |
| 4s 1926-1930 | 4.70 | 4.55 | 4.70 |

## PUBLIC UTILITIES

| Sales. | | High. | Low. | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1,165 | Cities Service | 362 | 359 | 361 | 364 |
| 1,825 | Cities Service pf | 79⅝ | 79⅛ | 79⅛ | 79⅝ |
| $158,500 | Cities Service deb. B | 7s. 129¾ | 128⅝ | 129 | 130 |
| 215,000 | Cities Service deb. C | 7s. 102⅞ | 101⅛ | 101⅛ | 102⅛ |
| Bid. Asked. | | | | | |
| Adiron Electric Power | | 14 | 16 | Miss River Power | 9⅜ 12 |
| Adiron Elec Power pf | | 74 | 76 | Miss River Power pf | 40 44¼ |
| Am Gas & Electric | | 150 | 151½ | Northern Ohio Electric | 18 20 |
| Am Gas & Electric pf | | 42 | 45 | Northern Ohio Elec pf | 55 58 |
| Am Light & Traction | | 260 | 265 | Northern Pow Co | 11 19 |
| Am Light & Trac pf | | 98 | 100 | Nor Ont Lt & Pow pf | 56 60 |
| Am Power & Light | | 58 | 62 | Northern States Power | 70 72 |
| Am Power & Light pf | | 74 | 77 | Northern States P pf | 89 91½ |
| Am Public Utilities | | 10 | 15 | Northern Texas Elec | 49 54 |
| Am Public Utilities pf | | 32 | 37 | Northern Tex Elec pf | 75 85 |
| Am W W & Electric | | 4¾ | 5½ | Pacific Gas & Electric | 56 57 |
| Am W W & E 1st pf | | 56 | 61 | Pacific Gas & Elec pf | 86½ 88 |
| Am W W & E partic | | 10 | 12 | Puget Sd Trac, Lt & P | 16 18 |
| Carolina Pow & Light | | 92 | 95 | Puget Sd T, L & P pf | 67 69½ |
| Colorado Power | | 23 | 25 | Ry & Light Secur pf | 62½ 63 |
| Colorado Power pf | | 97 | 101 | Republic Ry & Light | 20 22½ |
| Columbus Electric pf | | 70 | 75 | Republic Ry & L pf | 60 62 |
| Com Pow, Ry & Lt | | 23½ | 24 | Southern Cal Edison | 87 89 |
| Com Pow, Ry & Lt pf | | 48 | 49½ | Southern Cal Edison pf | 98 102 |
| Conn Power pf | | 73 | | Standard Gas & Elec | 40 41 |
| Consumers' Power pf | | 80 | 83 | Standard Gas & Elec pf | 44 45 |
| Eastern Texas Electric | | 55 | 60 | Tampa Electric | 110 112 |
| Eastern Texas Elec pf | | 75 | | Tenn Ry, Lt & Pow | 4½ 5 |
| El Paso Electric | | 95 | 100 | Tenn Ry, Lt & Pow pf | 20 21½ |
| Electric B & S pf | | 92 | 93 | United Light & Rys | 40 41 |
| Empire Dist Elec pf | | 70 | 75 | United Light & Rys pf | 71 72½ |
| Federal Light & Trac | | 10 | 11½ | Western Power | 16¾ 17¾ |
| Federal Light & Tr pf | | 40 | 49 | Western Power pf | 64½ 66 |
| Galveston-Houston Elec | | 15 | 17½ | West, Church & Kerr | 64 |
| Galveston-Hous El pf | | 65 | 68 | West, Church & K pf | 80 86 |

**Bonds.**

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Am W W & E col 5s | 65 | 68 | Gt West Power 6s, '25 | 89 | 92 |
| Appalach Power 1st 5s | 71 | 74 | Middle West U 6s, '25 | 87 | 90 |
| Arizona Pow 6s, 1933 | 84 | 88 | Miss Riv Power 1st 5s | 77 | 79 |
| Central Dist & Tel 6s, '46 | 90 | 95 | Nor Ont L & Pow 6s | 86 | 88 |
| Cin Gas & Elec 1st 5s, '56 | 93½ | 95½ | Nor States Pow 6s, '26 | 93¾ | 95¾ |
| Cities Fuel & P 7s | 99 | 99½ | Nor States Pow 5s, '41 | 87½ | 89½ |
| Col G & E deb 5s, '27 | 87 | 90 | Pac Gas & El 6s, 1931 | 88 | 96 |
| Col Power 5s, 1953 | 87 | 89 | Puget Sd Tr, L & P 7s | 99¾ | 100¾ |
| Comm Power 5s, 1963 | 94 | 96½ | Sn Cal Edison 1st 5s | 89 | 90½ |
| Dallas Electric 5s, '22 | 90 | 94 | S W Power 5s, 1945 | 80 | 85 |
| East Tex Elec col 5s | 85 | 88 | Twin C G & E 5s, '53 | 73 | 76 |
| East Tex Elec 7s, '31 | 94 | 96 | Un L & R 1st 5s, '32 | 84½ | 87½ |
| El Paso Elec col 5s | 85 | 90 | Un L & R deb 6s, '26 | 88 | 89 |
| Empire Dist El 5s, '52 | 86 | 86½ | Un Util cr 6s, '45 | 76 | 87 |
| Empire Refining 6s | 93 | 96 | U S Pub Svc 6s, '27 | 84 | 91 |
| Gt West Power 5s, '46 | 83½ | 84½ | Utah Securities 6s, '22 | 90½ | 91½ |

## OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

**BALTIMORE.**

**Stocks.**

| Sales. | | High. | Low. | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 10 | Am Zinc pf | 48¼ | 48¾ | 48¼ |
| 15 | Ahmeek | 70¼ | 70¾ | 70½ |
| 10 | Arundel | 34 | 35 | 34 |
| 75 | Anaconda | 61¾ | 61¾ | 61¾ |
| 390 | Ariz Com'l | 11¼ | 11¼ | 11¼ |
| 170 | Calu & Ariz | 60 | 60½ | 60 |
| 102 | Calu & Hec | 385 | 380 | 380 |
| 25 | Central | 12¾ | 12¾ | 12¾ |
| 115 | Cop Range | 42¾ | 42 | 42¾ |
| 100 | Davis-Daly | 5¾ | 5¾ | 5¾ |
| 20 | East Butte | 8¼ | 8¼ | 8¼ |
| 50 | Franklin | 23¾ | 23¾ | 23¾ |
| 65 | Hancock | 4¼ | 4¼ | 4¼ |
| 4,750 | Helvetia | 1¾ | .80 | 1¾ |
| 219 | Inspiration | 49¾ | 48¾ | 49 |
| 95 | Island Creek | 45 | 44½ | 45 |
| 10 | Do pf | 82 | 82 | 82 |
| 215 | Isle Royale | 25 | 25 | 25 |
| 100 | Mayflow-C | 4 | 4 | 4 |

**Railroads**

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 393 | Bos Elev | 76 | 74 | 75¾ | 40 | Pere Marq | 20½ 19¼ 19¾ |
| 280 | Bos & Me | 32¾ | 31 | 31½ | 10 | Rutland pf | 21 21 21 |
| 5 | Do pf | 45 | 45 | 45 | 145 | West End | 45½ 45 45½ |
| 6 | C & E 4s | 62 | 62 | 62 | 5 | Do pf | 55 55 55 |
| 100 | New Haven | 30¾ | 30 | 30¾ | | | |

**Miscellaneous.**

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 15 | Am Agr Ch | 114 | 113¾ | 113¾ | 31 | Do pf | 68½ 68¼ 68¼ |
| 107 | Do pf | 101 | 100¾ | 100¾ | 75 | Loew's | 9¼ 9¼ 9¼ |
| 80 | Amoskeag | 93 | 93 | 93 | 5 | Merg'thaler | 139 139 139 |
| 1,415 | Am Bosch | 85 | 82¾ | 84½ | 325 | Punta Sugar | 60 59 60 |
| 10 | Am Sug pf | 117½ | 117 | 117 | 25 | N E Tel | 93 92½ 92½ |
| 300 | Am Woolen of Mass | 33 | 33 | 33¼ | 111 | Reece Button | 15 15 15 |
| 45 | Am Wool pf | 100 | 99¾ | 100 | 3,300 | Stewart | 47¼ 46¾ 46¾ |
| 300 | Booth | 21¼ | 21 | 21 | 1,050 | Swift | 149 146 149 |
| 645 | CenturySteel | 14¼ | 14 | 14¼ | 1,420 | Do Int | 62 60½ 62 |
| 110 | CubanPortl'd | 16 | 15¾ | 16 | 447 | Torrington | 68 65 67¼ |
| 45 | Edmonston | 157 | 157 | 157 | 10 | Underwood pf | 115 115 115 |
| 200 | E Rol Land | 6 | 6 | 6 | 10 | United Fruit | 175¼ 174½ 174½ |
| 710 | Fairbanks | 63½ | 63 | 63 | 979 | United Shoe | 53¾ 53¼ 53½ |
| 90 | Gen Elec | 162½ | 161 | 162½ | 20 | Do pf | 27¼ 27¼ 27¼ |
| 4,000 | Gorton | 35 | 34 | 35 | 723 | U S Steel | 98¾ 97½ 98¾ |
| 25 | Int Bkbldr | 34 | 34 | 34 | 2,150 | Ventura | 12 11¾ 11¾ |
| 1,900 | IntPortCem't | 8¾ | 8 | 8⅜ | 195 | Walworth | 19¼ 19½ 19¼ |
| 60 | Do pf | 24 | 24 | 24 | 2,840 | Warren | 47 43 46½ |
| 475 | Island Oil | 6¾ | 6¾ | 6¾ | 43 | Do 1st pf | 72½ 72 72½ |
| 1,110 | Libby | 32¼ | 31¼ | 32 | 12 | Do 2d pf | 72 72 72 |
| 65 | Mass Gas | 78 | 77½ | 77¾ | | | |

**Bonds.**

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| $1,000 | A. G&W I 5s | 81 | 81 | 81 | $48,000 | PuntaSugCo | 96 98¾ 98¾ |
| 3,000 | Am T & T 4s | 84 | 84 | 84 | 1,000 | Swift 5s | 96½ 96½ 96½ |
| 3,000 | MissRiv P 5s | 78¼ | 78 | 78 | | | |

**CHICAGO.**

**Stocks.**

| Sales. | | High. | Low. | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 100 | Am Ship | 118 | 118 | 118 |
| 25 | Do pf | 86 | 86 | 86 |
| 620 | Armour pf | 103⅜ | 103⅜ | 103⅜ |
| 2,005 | Booth Fish | 22¾ | 20½ | 22¾ |
| 50 | Do pf | 80½ | 80½ | 80½ |
| 75 | Cal Pack | 50 | 49 | 50 |
| 1,496 | Cudahy | 123 | 121 | 121 |
| 325 | Com Edison | 112 | 111 | 112 |
| 3,745 | Cont Motors | 9¼ | 9¼ | 9¼ |
| 110 | Hi Brick | 84 | 84 | 84 |
| 6,656 | Libby | 32¼ | 31 | 31½ |
| 465 | Lindsay L | 21¾ | 21 | 21¾ |

**Bonds.**

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| $5,000 | Chi City & C | | | | $5,000 | Chi Ry 1st 5s | 72 72 72 |
| | Ry 5s | 41¼ | 41½ | 41¼ | 1,000 | ComEdis5s | 92¼ 92¼ 92¼ |

**PHILADELPHIA.**

**Stocks.**

| Sales. | | High. | Low. | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 100 | Am Can | 55 | 55 | 55 |
| 10 | Am T & T | 103⅝ | 103⅝ | 103⅝ |
| 50 | Corn Ex Bk | 380 | 380 | 380 |
| 20 | Cuban Cane | 34 | 34 | 34 |
| 126 | Elec & Pk | 75¾ | 74 | 75¾ |
| 100 | Gen Asphalt | 66¼ | 66⅛ | 66¼ |
| 13 | Int Nav | 67½ | 67½ | 67½ |
| 23½ | Lehigh Nav | 55¾ | 55¾ | 55¾ |
| 18 | Minehill | 51 | 51 | 51 |
| 100 | Mo Pac | 30¾ | 30⅜ | 30¾ |
| 420 | Penna R R | 44¾ | 44¼ | 44¾ |
| 5 | Pa Salt | 81½ | 81⅜ | 81¾ |
| 55 | Ph C cum pf | 36¼ | 36¼ | 36¼ |
| 280 | Pha Elec | 25¾ | 25¾ | 25¾ |
| 400 | Pha & West | 5¼ | 5¼ | 5¼ |
| 260 | Penn R T | 24¼ | 24 | 24¼ |
| 140 | Reading | 83¾ | 83¼ | 83¾ |
| 130 | Ton Belmont | 3¼ | 3¼ | 3¼ |
| 40 | Un Trac | 38¼ | 38¼ | 38¼ |
| 323 | U G I | 68¼ | 68¼ | 68¾ |
| 1,915 | U S Steel | 98¾ | 97¾ | 98¾ |
| 10 | West'house | 53¾ | 53¾ | 53¾ |
| 50 | W J & S | 42 | 42 | 42 |
| 15 | West Coal | 73¼ | 73¼ | 73½ |
| 1,884 | Wm Cramp | 127 | 122 | 127 |

**Bonds.**

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| $1,000 | Am T & T 4s | 102⅞ | 102⅞ | 102⅞ | $2,000 | Do 1st 5s | 100½ 100¼ 100¼ |
| 5,000 | E & P 4s | 69 | 69 | 69 | 6,000 | Ph E 1st 5s | 94 93½ 93½ |
| 3,000 | L V 6s | 102⅜ | 102¼ | 102½ | 2,000 | PB&Wist 4s | 86½ 86½ 86½ |
| 1,000 | L V C 5s | 100 | 100 | 100 | 5,000 | Rdg Gen 4s | 83¾ 83¼ 83¼ |
| 1,000 | P C con 5s | 86½ | 86¼ | 86¼ | 9,000 | Un Ry In 5s | 71¾ 71¾ 71¾ |

**PITTSBURGH.**

**Stocks.**

| Sales. | | High. | Low. | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 280 | Am Sew P | 28½ | 28 | 28 |
| 325 | Am W G M | 88 | 87 | 88 |
| 95 | Do pf | 85 | 85 | 85 |
| 68 | Lone S | 300 | 293 | 295 |
| 315 | Mfrs L & H | 53 | 52¾ | 53 |
| 2,145 | Nat Fireproof | 9¾ | 9 | 9¼ |
| 3,180 | Do pf | 18½ | 17 | 18⅛ |
| 480 | Ohio Fuel | 26 | 25½ | 26 |
| 475 | Ohio Fuel S | 49¼ | 48¾ | 49 |
| 495 | Okla Gas | 36½ | 36¼ | 36½ |
| 30 | Ohio Cits G | 45½ | 45½ | 45½ |
| 20 | Pit C 6% pf | 36½ | 36½ | 36½ |
| 150 | Pit Brew pf | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| 500 | Pit Jer Cop | 19 | 19 | 19 |
| 110 | Pit Mt. Sha | 356 | 356 | 356 |
| 270 | Pit Oil & G | 12¾ | 12¾ | 12¾ |
| 1,500 | River E Oil | 1¼ | 1¼ | 1¼ |
| 75 | Un Nat Gas | 135 | 134⅜ | 135 |
| 70 | U S Glass | 32¾ | 32 | 32 |
| 195 | U S Steel | 98¾ | 98 | 98¾ |
| 915 | West Alp B | 110 | 108¾ | 110 |
| 100 | West Elec | 53½ | 51¾ | 52¼ |

**Bonds.**

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| $11,000 | Hous Dly 6s | 115 | 112 | 115 |
| 6,000 | Un Ry Inc 4s | 48¾ | 48¾ | 48¾ |

## TOBACCO STOCKS

| | Yester-day. Bid. | Thurs-day. Ask. | Bid. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Am Cigar | 135 | 139 | 135 |
| Do pf | 98 | 99 | 98 |
| Conley Foil | 205 | 215 | 205 |
| Geo. W. Helme Co | 160 | 170 | 160 |
| Do pf | 106 | 111 | 106 |
| J. S. Young | 130 | 140 | 130 |
| Do pf | 100 | 107 | 100 |
| MacA & Forbes | 200 | 215 | 200 |
| MacA & Forbes pf | 90 | 100 | 90 |
| P. Lor. Am. Tobacco | 150 | 160 | 155 |
| R. J. Reynolds, A | 400 | 430 | 420 |
| Do B | 355 | 370 | 355 |
| Do pf | 111 | 114 | 111 |
| Weyman-Bruton | 170 | 175 | 170 |
| Do pf | 106 | 111 | 106 |

## MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS

| | Yester-day. Bid. | Thurs-day. Ask. | Bid. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Am Brass | 216 | 220 | 216 |
| Atlas Powder | 140 | 146 | 140 |
| Do pf | 89 | 92 | 89 |
| Babcock & Wilcox | 119 | 123 | 119 |
| Bliss | 250 | 350 | 250 |
| Do pf | 60 | 80 | 60 |
| Colt's Arms | 45 | 48 | 45 |
| Columbia Graph | 244 | 246 | 244 |
| Do pf | 95 | 96 | 95 |
| Du Pont | 270 | 280 | 270 |
| Du Pont deb pf | 93 | 96 | 93 |
| Hercules | 220 | 225 | 220 |
| Do pf | 107 | 109 | 107 |
| Ingersoll-Rand Co | 168 | 173 | 168 |
| Do pf | 103 | 105 | 103 |
| Niles-Bem't-Pond | 115 | 117 | 115 |
| Do pf | 93 | 100 | 95 |
| Scovill Mfg | 360 | 375 | 360 |
| Standard Screw | 330 | 340 | 330 |
| Yale & Towne | 225 | 235 | 225 |

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

St. Louis, Mo., May 1, 1919.
ELECTION NOTICE.

**MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY.**

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of Missouri Pacific Railroad Company will be held at the General Office of the Company, in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, on Tuesday, May 13th, 1919, at nine o'clock A. M., for the election of seventeen Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of any other business that may come before said meeting.

MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY
By HARRY BRONNER, President.
H. A. UTTER, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

**Pennok Oil Company**

The Board of Directors have declared an initial dividend of 2½%, payable June 5th, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business May 25d, 1919.

EDWARD A. BREAM, Secretary.

## CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

There was a strong tone to values at the close of an active market yesterday on the Consolidated Stock Exchange. Profit-taking in the final half hour made for recessions from previous high levels, but final quotations showed substantial net gains for a majority of the issues. The trend to higher levels was in evidence from the outset, and such reactions as occurred were usually followed by renewed buying. The demand for the standard issues had a beneficial effect on the general list. Railroad shares were in good demand.

| Sales. | | High. | Low. | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 310 | Allis-Chalm | 39¾ | 38¾ | 38¾ |
| 40 | Am Ag Ch | 115⅞ | 115⅜ | 115⅜ |
| 200 | Am B Sugar | 82¾ | 80¾ | 80¾ |
| 700 | Am Can | 55½ | 54¾ | 54¾ |
| 50 | Am C & F | 96¾ | 95 | 95 |
| 180 | Am Car Fdy | 97 | 96 | 96 |
| 30 | Am Druggists | 13 | 12⅞ | 12⅞ |
| 110 | Am H & L | 28½ | 27⅜ | 27⅝ |
| 100 | Do pf | 116⅛ | 115⅝ | 115⅝ |
| 190 | Am Ice | 50¾ | 50¼ | 50¼ |
| 2,150 | Am Internat | 57¾ | 56¾ | 56¾ |
| 110 | Am Linseed | 56¾ | 55¾ | 56¾ |
| 320 | Am Loco | 77¾ | 76 | 76¾ |
| 30 | Am Malting | 3¾ | 2¾ | 3¾ |
| 140 | Am S & R | 71¾ | 71¼ | 71¾ |
| 80 | Am St Fdy | 107 | 105¾ | 106 |
| 250 | Am Su Tob | 109¾ | 107¾ | 107¾ |
| 70 | Am T & T | 103¾ | 103¾ | 103¾ |
| 110 | Am Zinc | 15 | 14¾ | 15 |
| 60 | Anaconda Cop | 61¾ | 61¼ | 61¾ |
| 130 | A T & S F | 86 | 84¾ | 84¾ |
| 320 | A G & W I | 152 | 148¾ | 150¾ |
| 2,240 | Bald Loco | 93¾ | 91¾ | 92¾ |
| 80 | Balt & Ohio | 49¾ | 48¾ | 49¾ |
| 40 | Beth Steel | 81¾ | 79¾ | 79¾ |
| 230 | B'klyn R T | 21 | 20¾ | 21 |
| 100 | Butte & Sup | 23 | 22¾ | 23 |
| 100 | Cal Packing | 64 | 64 | 64 |
| 180 | Cal Petrol | 28¾ | 27¾ | 27¾ |
| 10 | Do pf | 74 | 74 | 74 |
| 80 | Can Pacific | 166¾ | 163¾ | 166¾ |
| 490 | Cen Leather | 81¾ | 80¾ | 80¾ |
| 310 | Ches & Ohio | 65¾ | 63¾ | 63¾ |
| 200 | Chi & N W | 96 | 94¾ | 94¾ |
| 515 | C, M & St P | 39¾ | 38¾ | 38¾ |
| 10 | Do pf | 69¾ | 69¾ | 69¾ |
| 680 | C R I & P | 27¾ | 26¾ | 26¾ |
| 25 | Chile Copper | 23¾ | 23¾ | 23¾ |
| 90 | Colo'mb Gas | 47¾ | 46¾ | 46¾ |
| 60 | Col F & I | 42¾ | 41¾ | 42¾ |
| 100 | Corn Prod | 63¾ | 62¾ | 62¾ |
| 480 | Crucible Steel | 72 | 71 | 71¾ |
| 1,128 | Cuba Cane | 34¾ | 33¾ | 33¾ |
| 20 | D & R G pf | 74¾ | 74¾ | 74¾ |
| 180 | Erie | 17¾ | 17¾ | 17¾ |
| 20 | Do 1st pf | 29½ | 29½ | 29½ |
| 10 | Gas & E W | 29¾ | 29¾ | 29¾ |
| 360 | Gen Cigar | 77 | 68¾ | 69¾ |
| 370 | Gen Motors | 183¾ | 176¾ | 181¾ |
| 210 | Goodrich Ca | 73¾ | 72¼ | 72¾ |
| 60 | Gt Nor pf | 94¾ | 93¾ | 94¼ |
| 20 | Gt Nor Ore | 44 | 43 | 43 |
| 20 | Inspir Cop | 49¾ | 48¾ | 48¾ |
| 50 | Int Agricul | 25¾ | 25¼ | 25¼ |
| 440 | Int Mer Ma | 42 | 41¾ | 41¾ |
| 570 | Do pf | 111¾ | 110 | 110 |
| 635 | Int Nickel | 25¾ | 25¼ | 25½ |
| 100 | Int Paper | 39¾ | 39¼ | 39¼ |
| 10 | Interb Cons | 4¾ | 4¾ | 4¾ |
| 30 | Jewel Tea | 35¾ | 35¾ | 35¾ |
| 410 | Kan City So | 23¾ | 23¼ | 23¼ |
| 59 | Kelly-S Tire | 127 | 127 | 127 |
| 6,000 | ‡Ang-Am Oil | 22½ | 21¼ | 22½ |
| 25 | ‡Buck P L | 102 | 102 | 102 |
| 100 | ‡Pral O & G | 754 | 725 | 750 |
| 600 | ‡Allen Oil | 3¼ | 3¼ | 3¼ |
| 15,000 | ‡Amal Oil | 2¼ | 1¾ | 1¾ |
| 1,000 | ‡Bar O & G | ⅞ | ⅞ | ⅞ |
| 400 | ‡Boone Oil | 7 | 6¾ | 6¾ |
| 38,000 | ‡Bost-Wyo | 50 | 48 | 49 |
| 35,500 | ‡Cad O & R | 48½ | 45¾ | 48¾ |
| 30,000 | ‡Cal Oil D | 15⅜ | 11¾ | 13⅝ |
| 4,000 | ‡C'wealth P, w i | 49¼ | 48¾ | 48½ |
| 400 | ‡Cont Petrol | 3¾ | 3¾ | 3¾ |
| 4,200 | ‡Cont Ref | 9¾ | 9¾ | 9¾ |
| 4,000 | ‡Cos & A | 97 | 94 | 94 |
| 2,000 | ‡Crystal Oil | 1¼ | 1¼ | 1¼ |
| 450 | ‡Curr Petrol | 1¼ | 1¼ | 1¼ |
| 2,500 | ‡Elk B Pet | 9¾ | 9¾ | 9¾ |
| 50,000 | ‡Emmett Oil | 1¼ | 1¼ | 1¼ |
| 4,000 | ‡Federal Oil | 3½ | 3¼ | 3¾ |
| 6,500 | ‡Glenrock Oil | 7¼ | 7¼ | 7¼ |
| 1,500 | ‡Hercul Pet, w i | 1¼ | 1¼ | 1¼ |
| 30,000 | ‡Hum Oil | 36 | 31 | 36 |
| 1,500 | ‡Home O R, w i | 19 | 18¾ | 18¾ |
| 3,000 | ‡Houston Oil | 132 | 127 | 132 |
| 1,000 | ‡Hudson Oil | 3¾ | 3¾ | 3¾ |
| 1,700 | ‡Inter Pet | 20¾ | 20 | 20¾ |
| 3,500 | ‡Isl'd O & T | 8¾ | 8¼ | 8¾ |
| 3,500 | ‡Kenova Oil | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| 6,000 | ‡Lou O & R | 44¾ | 44¾ | 44¾ |
| 6,000 | ‡Merrit Oil | 32 | 31⅜ | 31¾ |
| 5,000 | Met Petrol | 8¼ | 8¼ | 8¼ |
| 5,000 | Midw Ref | 186 | 175 | 184 |
| 15,000 | ‡Mid-T Oil | 1¼ | 1¼ | 1¼ |
| 1,000

# DEFENDS BURLESON IN PHONE RATE CASE

### Government Brief Says State Suits Are in Reality Brought Against United States.

### ASKS THEIR DISMISSAL

### South Dakota Contends Congress Did Not Confer Arbitrary Powers on President.

WASHINGTON, May 2.—Increase of intrastate telephone toll rates by the Postmaster General was defended in a brief filed by the Government today in the Supreme Court in connection with pending appeals from South Dakota and Massachusetts courts. The State authorities in their appeals have contended the increase was an undue interference with their police powers. Arguments in the proceedings will be heard next Monday.

The Government in its brief declares the suits instituted by the South Dakota and Massachusetts authorities to restrain the Postmaster General from increasing the rates were in reality brought against the United States without its consent and should be dismissed.

The Government also contends that in taking over control of the telephone systems of the country the President "placed them in the hands of the Postmaster General as his representative, under the broad power given him by the resolution to manage as he saw fit," and they thus were in effect added to the postal service and "became as much a part of the means of conveying news or communication as the mail."

"The regulation of rates," the brief said, "as an exercise of power is the assertion of a right to control a private business, affected with a public interest and subject to a public use, so as to subject the private property to the public service upon the payment of just compensation. To this end, in order that the private right may not be asserted to extort undue compensation for use, the power is exercised to regulate the price for use just as it might be to regulate the price for the property itself if the fee was being taken.

"The Government brief, prepared by Solicitor General King, denies that State police powers are impaired or affected by not submitting the rates fixed by the officers of the United States to State control, because not only the police regulations of the State do not affect rates made by the Government itself, but the police power does not extend to such a subject.

"The public," the brief adds, "has acted and fixed the rate when the public officers of the United States fixed it.

"It seems clear that if Congress had intended to confer upon the States the power to regulate the rates at which the United States will furnish telephone service, it would not have expressed that intention by a reservation to the States of their 'police regulations.'

"When a private corporation leases, for however short a time, the property of another such corporation it is certainly with the expectation of making enough from its operations to pay the rental and even a profit to itself. It was therefore to be supposed that the Government would expect to charge in the operations of these properties sufficient rates to pay for the increasing expenses of operation and discharge the rental which it was to pay. It would have been legitimate to have even contemplated some additional sum to reimburse the Government for the time of public officers consumed in this work."

The Government contends that State public utility commissions were never authorized when created by the States nor since to deal with the rates of public utilities operated by Government agencies.

Counsel for North Dakota also filed their brief today. The brief asserts that Congress in enacting the Railroad Control Act had no intention of giving Federal officials authority to interfere with intrastate freight and passenger rates and asserted that the statute did not confer arbitrary power upon the President.

"Under the Control Act," it says, "the President is authorized to make only such orders as are necessary and proper to carry out the objects of Federal control, namely, the use of the railroads for war and other purposes connected therewith. Clearly the State law's upon these subjects are not inconsistent with the act of Congress and cannot be abrogated or superseded by an order of the President."

## RESTORE LIGHTER SERVICE.

### Chamber of Commerce Announces Revival of Pre-War Facilities.

The Chamber of Commerce of the State of New York announced yesterday that it had received notice from the Railroad Administration that the free lighterage service in this port, suspended when the Government took over the railroads, would be restored on May 5. This service covers the hauling of freight between New Jersey freight terminals and Manhattan, Brooklyn, and all piers within the New York freight zone.

Local shippers, exporters and importers, have been making efforts since the signing of the armistice to have this service restored, and a committee representing all the civic, trade, and commercial organizations in the city have had several conferences with the Railroad Administration officials, both here and in Washington. John F. Wallace, of the Chamber of Commerce of the State of New York was Chairman of the committee, the other members of which were James C. Lincoln of the Merchants' Association; Charles J. Austin, New York Produce Exchange; Hugh Miller, Board of Trade and Transportation; E. J. Tarof, Queens Chamber of Commerce, and Harry A. Handbury, Brooklyn Chamber of Commerce.

## TROLLEY DISORDERS CEASE.

### Yonkers Passengers Pay Increased Fare—May Appeal to Courts.

For the first time since the increase of fare from 5 to 10 cents on the trolley line connecting the 242d Street subway station with Getty Square, at Yonkers, the traffic moved without disorder last night. Spokesmen for the opponents of the increased fare said they had not abandoned their fight to have the 5-cent fare restored, but had decided to proceed in a legal way and had counseled patrons of the road to pay and to refrain from acts of violence.

In the rush hours last evening twenty policemen were stationed in the vicinity of Southern Broadway and McLean Avenue, where the additional 5 cents fare is collected, and where most of the trouble between conductors and passengers had occurred.

Some of the organizers of the Five Cent Fare Association of Yonkers held a protest meeting in Van Cortlandt Park, about 100 feet from the transfer point to the trolley.

## OPPOSES BUS MONOPOLY.

### Hylan Criticises Fifth Avenue Conditions at Board Meeting.

Mayor Hylan told William H. Page, counsel for the Fifth Avenue Coach Company, at yesterday's meeting of the Board of Estimate, that there were too many buses on Fifth Avenue at present. He also thought that the Fifth Avenue Coach Company should not have a monopoly. Mr. Page replied that his company was perfectly willing to run some of its buses on Park Avenue.

The argument arose over the application of the New York Motor Bus Company for a temporary permit to operate stages for public use between the Pennsylvania Station and the New York Central Terminal. Mr. Page wanted the application denied without prejudice, but the Mayor ruled that the application should be referred to the Franchise Committee, telling the lawyer that if his company made a similar application it would be referred to the same committee. Mr. Page did not say whether his company would make such an application.

# ARMY ORDERS AND ASSIGNMENTS

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 2.—The War Department published the following orders today:

**Medical Corps.**

Abbott, Lt. Col. A. C., A. E. F., promoted to be a Col.

Following of A. E. F. promoted to be Lieut. Cols.:

MAJORS.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Speed, K. | Phillips, C. | Hutton, L. |
| Briggs, L.V. | Pim, L.T. | |

Following of A. E. F. promoted to be Majors:

CAPTAINS.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Shimek, A.J. | Whitehouse, W.J. | Flood, H.C. |
| Martin, J.L. | Wilson, L.E. | Harris, A.E. |
| Rose, C.H. | Blatchford, F.W. | Littlefield, H.A |
| Singewald, A.C | Blumberg, J. | McPheeters, G.C.H. |
| Staats, C.O. | Dobson, W.M. | Madigan, J.J. |
| Strough, G.W. | Moore, T.V. | |
| Waller, G.P.Jr. | | |

Following of A. E. F. promoted to be Capts.:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Murray, F.H. | Ott, L.S. | Streather, C.W. |
| Parmer, C.H. | Perkins, R.S. | Suchoff, L.M. |
| Shohl, A.T. | Perry, J.M. | Tipton, J.W. |
| Osincup, G.S. | Robertson, W.B. | Todd, L.N. |
| Parramore, J.O | Robinson, H.A. | Turney, M.L. |
| Noland, E.S. | Roucovieri, L.D | Ulrich, A.J. |
| Cuozzo, J.A. | Rosenthal, G.W | VanPaten, C.L. |
| Eaton, R.C. | Rose, J.T. | Waff, J.J. |
| Hedrick, H.B. | Scarboro, E.R. | Heller, E.P. |
| Lewis, M.S. | Snyder, J.R.T. | |
| Osborne, V.W. | | |

Peters, Lt. Col. D. P., to Boston.

Squires, Maj. C. A., and Sweet, Capt. W. C., to Hosp. 22 at Philadelphia.

Goodman, Maj. A. R., detailed as asst. to the Mil. Attache at Mexico City.

Mills, Maj. E. H., and Hirschman, Capt. I. L., to Hosp. 42 at Spartanburg, S. C.

Wiseley, Capt. A. N., and Christofferson, Capt. E. A., to Hosp. 28 at Ft. Sheridan.

Kirby, Capt. H. C., hon discharged.

Griffen, Capt. H. A., and Marsden, Capt. T. B., to Hosp. 36 at Detroit.

Adams, Capt. C. B., and Lawrence, 1st Lt. H. H., to Camp Dix.

Ranz, Capt. W. E., to Hosp. 27 at Ft. Douglas.

Flynn, Capt. J. M., will report to Surg. Gen. for temp. duty.

Dennis, Capt. F. L., will report to Chief Surg.

Schoen, Capt. E., to Ft. Moultrie.

De Valling, Capt. J. R., and Kesmodel, Capt. K. F., to Army Med. School for instruction.

Appleberry, Capt. D.; Brown, Capt. S. E., and Myers, Capt. D. A., to Hazelhurst Field.

McCoy, Capt. W. R., to Camp Benning.

Ayer, Capt. J. B., and McGovern, Capt. E. F., to Hosp. 10 at Boston.

Myers, Capt. S. M., to Ft. Riley.

Flak, Capt. J. C., to Hosp. 3 at Colonia, N. J.

Buckner, 1st Lt. H. T., to Hosp. 26 at Ft. Des Moines.

McCarthy, 1st Lt. F. P., to Hosp. 35 at Detroit.

Mingos, Maj. J. D.; Heskel, Maj. F. K.; Moore, Capt. J. J.; Miss 1st Lt. C. S.; Murphy, 1st Lt. J. H.; Riggin, 1st Lt. C., and Seaman, 1st Lt. M. C., to Army Med. School.

Robbins, 1st Lt. C. W., to Bolling Field.

Rotter, 1st Lt. J. C., to Hosp. No. 28 at Ft. Sheridan.

Dodge, 1st Lt. W., and Kornfeld, 1st Lt. G., to Camp Dix.

White, 1st Lt. A. A., 3d, will report to Surg. Gen. for discharge.

McBride, 1st Lt. J. T., to Rich Field.

Chambers, 1st Lt. F. S., to Walter Reed Hosp.

Lutz, 1st Lt. J. F., to Camp Humphreys.

Smith, 1st Lt. H. MacV., to Payne Field.

Carruthers, 1st Lt. F. W., to Camp Pike.

**Infantry.**

Clark, Lt. Col. B. C.; Bare, Lt. Col. W. E., and Donovan, Lt. Col. W. J., A. E. F., promoted to be Cols.

Following of A. E. F. promoted to be Lt. Cols.:

MAJORS.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Peatross, J.L. | Gill, R.J. | Smith, E.G. |
| Meehan, T.F. | Anderson, A.E. | Lemmon, F.L. |
| Gaylord, C.W. | Wood, E.F. | Winn, C.D., Jr. |
| Sammons, E.C. | Segarra, R.A. | |

Following of A. E. F. are promoted to be Majors:

CAPTAINS.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Thomas, T.H. | Remington, T.H. | Heeman, J.A. |
| Medley, C.W. | Warshaw, D. | Wilson, H.W. |
| Meaney, M.H. | Winters, W. | Greason, S.Jr. |
| Clark, R.E. | Robbins, W. | Patterson, R.P. |
| Schrants, W.L. | Cammack, H. | Lindley, A.L. |
| Ward, F.G. | Harris, J.W. | Hoyle, D. |
| Marsh, J.B. | Peacock, E.J., Jr. | Wagner, C.B. |
| Dodge, W.E. | Stangier, T.J. | White, W. |
| Stone, T.E., Jr. | | Coulter, C.S. |
| Yagle, H.A. | | |

Following of A. E. F. promoted to be Capts.:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Connelly, E.J. | Cleaver, G.C. | Dugan, E.J. |
| Moore, W.W. | Boberg, R.H. | Lewis, J.S. |
| French, R.E. | Robinson, P.K. | Morgan, G.M. |
| Dunn, C.E. | MacIlvaine, J.A. | Sanders, F.K., Jr. |
| Stockhill, R.H. | Ralph, H.W. | Shipman, W.S. |
| Bisbee, F.D. | Burns, B.M. | Wheeler, A.R. |
| Tibbets, P.W. | McGann, H.K. | Shamburger, P.D. |
| Billig, F.H. | Hunter, V.D. | Campbell, S.D. |
| Murphy, W.M. | Howen, J. | Pool, E.H. |
| Green, S. | Morgan, V.A. | Forster, G.J. |
| Foster, I.K. | Welsh, F.B. | Ewing, S. |
| McDonnell, A.V. | Baker, G.D. | O'Brien, J.P. |
| Barr, J.H., Jr. | Saye, S.D. | Haines, E.I. |
| Devereux, F.R. | Tyler, F.E. | Bissel, P.S.G. |
| Elwell, E.R. | Cowan, J.M. | Stockton, R. |
| Marshall, C.A. | Gaines, H.W. | Morris, R.W. |
| Robinson, D.D. | Donohue, L.J. | McGuire, D.S. |
| Schaus, M.C. | Butterfield, E.A. | Gilbert, F.W. |
| Westfall, C.C. | Joslyn, W.W. | Cabell, H.F. |
| Waltz, W.P. | Streeter, H.S. | McBride, R. |
| Phipps, G.T. | Pfinle, A.M. | LaDriere, R.E. |
| Horn, W.E. | Hoover, C.F. | McNulty, H.L. |
| Fullerton, C.B. | Smith, L.D. | Champeny, A.S. |
| McKnolly, C. | Bacon, S.N. | Gunn, C.H. |
| Bullock, E.J. | Cox, W.E. | Pickrell, C.U. |
| Robinson, C.A. | Crump, W.W. | Tyler, C.L. |
| Riferschneider, W. | Collins, J.A. | Belmont, R. |
| Morris, J.A. | Pennoyer, P.G. | Wells, C.H. |
| Chapman, C.S. | Dunn, J.K. | Younger, W.H., Jr. |
| Thayer, T.C. | Fall, F. | Vaughn, H.H. |
| Crawford, J.W. | Pastorius, W. | Kanaga, C.W. |
| Ryan, R.R. | Putnam, R.B. | |
| O'Brien, K. | | |

Haley, Capt. T. E. T.; Kennedy, Capt. B. R.; Wallace, 1st Lt. K. S., and Wilson, 1st Lt. R. W., from 4th to the Unassigned List.

McWhorter, Capt. T., to Ft. Monroe.

Daugherty, Capt. L. A.; Dowd, Capt. B. S.; Tupper, Capt. M. W.; Glover, Capt. C. W., Camp. 1st Lt. H. F.; Estabrook, 1st Lt. J. R.; Miller, 1st Lt. A. W.; Voorhies, 1st Lt. M. I., and Cabot, 1st Lt. C. R., to Camp Meade, for assignment to Overseas Replacement Depot.

**Quartermaster Corps.**

Day, Maj. L. G.; McPeak, Maj. R. S., and Porter, Maj. J. A., A.E.F., promoted to be Lt. Cols.

Charlton, Capt. P. H.; Pugh, Capt. M. H.; Loeb, Capt. C. H., and Kidwell, Capt. A. E., promoted to be Majs.

Loomis, 1st Lt. A. T.; Thomas, 1st Lt. W. H.; Mallon, 1st Lt. F.; Kittle, 1st Lt. J. C., and Brinton, 1st Lt. W. B., promoted to be Captains.

Moeller, Maj. E. H., assigned to Const. Div., and in addition to duties as Const. Qm., is assigned as off. in charge of operation of utilities at Disciplinary Barracks, Fort Leavenworth, Kansas.

Aleshire, Maj. J. P., will report to Asst. Chief of Staff, Director of Purchase, Storage, and Traffic.

Crane, Maj. J. S., to South Amboy, N. J., and assume charge of const. of the auto truck warehouse there.

Healey, Maj. F. F., to Washington.

Sears, Capt. J. A., will turn over to his successor, 1st Lt. H. A. Fish, Qm. C., all funds, &c., pertaining to construction work at Fort Howard.

Flournoy, Capt. A. H., will, in addition to his present duties, assume duty as Const. Qm. and Disbursing Off. for Camp Dix, with station at Washington.

Termini, Capt. J. A., will turn over to Capt. A. H. Flourney all funds, &c., pertaining to construction work at Camp Dix.

Miller, 1st Lt. G. E., to Army War College, as Asst. to Const. Qm.

Schall, 1st Lt. A. K., to Watertown Arsenal.

**Cavalry.**

Martin, Lt. Col. I. S., to Ft. Riley mounted service school.

McDonnell, Maj. J. C., detailed with Motor Transport Corps.

O'Keefe, Capt. D., relieved from 82d and placed on unassigned list.

Harris, Capt. K. M., hon. discharged as Capt. U. S. A. only.

Crawford, 1st Lt. D. C., and Lawrence, 1st Lt. C. C., promoted to be Capts.

Carl, Capt. G. R., 8th, Morledge, Capt. R. V., 10th; Shelle, Capt. J. E., 14th; Williams, Capt. A. W., 7th; Wyant, Capt. L. B., 18th; Angel, 1st Lt. L. B., 11th; Bellinger, 1st Lt. E. B., 14th; Gibson, 1st Lt. H. B., 1st; Mertz, 1st Lt. L. M., 16th; Van Auken, 1st Lt. W. B., 14th, and Sibert, 1st Lt. E. L., (P.A.) to Camp Meade for assignment to overseas replacement depot.

**Ordnance Department.**

Long, Capt. J. A., A.E.F., promoted to be a Maj.

Weeks, Maj. P., transferred to Hosp. No. 20, at Whipple Barracks, sick.

Gressang, Capt. D. S., A.E.F., promoted to be a Major.

Barry, 1st Lt. D. S., promoted to be a Capt.

Grant, 1st Lt. G. F., to Camp Dodge as Small Arms Inspector.

Sayer, 1st Lt. R. S., Jr., to Aberdeen Proving Ground.

Austin, 1st Lt. C. G., appointed as acting motor trans. officer for Nitro, W. Va.

Following of A. E. F. promoted to be Capts.:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Scheffler, E.C. | Rose, E.C. | House, C.N. |
| Tipping, C.H. | Wheless, E.L. | Taggart, M.R. |

**Signal Corps.**

Gale, Maj. H. G., A. E. F., promoted to be a Lt. Col.

Brass, Maj. T., to Presidio of San Francisco.

Way, 1st Lt. W. M., to Ft. Sam Houston, for discharge.

**Coast Artillery.**

Foote, Col. S. M., to Ft. Monroe, for temp. duty, then to Ft. Warren and command coast defenses of Boston.

Williford, Col. F. E., will report to Director of Finance for temp. duty, then to Atlanta, as Zone Finance Off.

Raymond, Col. W. H., detailed under Director of Purchase, Storage, and Traffic, and will proceed to Washington for temp. duty, then to San Francisco, as Zone Finance Off.

Stovall, Maj. H. W., to coast defenses of Southern New York, at Ft. Hamilton.

Kemble, Maj. F., to Ft. H. G. Wright.

Holmes, Maj. B. B., will report to Chief of Ordnance for temp. duty.

Wood, Capt. D. McC., A. E. F., promoted to be a Maj.

Meyers, 1st Lt. P. D., A. E. F., is promoted to be a Capt.

Wright, 1st Lt. B. S., A. E. F., promoted to be a Capt in Air Service.

**Air Service.**

Menoher, Maj. Gen. C. T., and Jones, Lt. Col. B. Q., detailed as members of the Joint Army and Navy Board on Aeronautic Cognisance, vice Col. W. L. Kenly, and Col. H. H. Arnold, relieved.

Horton, Capt. H. M., transferred to Hosp. No. 20, at Plattsburg, N. Y., sick.

Cotton, Capt. C. S., and Jones, Capt. N. R., to Camp Pike.

Harn, 1st Lt. J. F., to Presidio of San Francisco.

Knight, 1st Lt. W., will report to Director of Air Service, for discharge.

Baucom, 1st Lt. B. V. A. E. F., promoted to be a Capt.

Swaab, 1st Lt. J. M.; Brooks, 1st Lt. A. R., and Stenset, 1st Lt. M., A. E. F., promoted to be Capts

**Dental Corps.**

Gunckel, Lt.Col. G. L., to Hosp. No. 21, at Denver, sick.

Wagoner, Maj. J. B., A. E. F., promoted to be a Lt.-Col.

Bushler, Capt. H. H., and Spencer, 1st Lt. P. G., to Camp Pike.

Ray, 1st Lt. R., A. E. F., promoted to be a Capt.

White, 1st Lt. J. F.; Ballinger, 1st Lt. R. J.; Bayliss, 1st Lt. M. L., and Keltner, 1st Lt. C. C., A. E. F., promoted to be Capts.

**Veterinary Corps.**

Bishop, 1st Lt. C. P., and Butin, 1st Lt. G. E., A. E. F., are promoted to be Capts.

Meisner, 1st Lt. F., in addition to duties assigned him in orders of March 29, he will perform duties of Vet. and Meat Insp. for troops on the Ft. McPherson Reservation.

**Sanitary Corps.**

Day, 1st Lt. R. O., and Chase, 1st Lt. G. P., A. E. F., promoted to be Capts.

**Chemical Warfare Service.**

Joly, Maj. C. L.; Corry, Maj. E. E., and Robbs, Maj. E. A., A. E. F., are promoted to be Lt.-Cols.

Conover, Capt. F. L., (Engs.) and Russell, Capt. A. Le B., A. E. F., promoted to be Majs.

Brown, 1st Lt. W. L., and Noyes, 1st Lt. C. R., A. E. F., promoted to be Capts.

O'Meara, 1st Lt. E. L., to Hoboken, under direction of Director of Purchase, Storage and Traffic.

**Miscellaneous.**

Landis, Lt.Col. J. F. R., advanced to grade of Col. on retired list.

Dekyne, Brig. Gen. H., upon arrival in United States, to Washington and report to Chief of Engs.; he is also hon. discharged as Brig. Gen. only.

Strong, Maj. Gen. F. S., to Camp Kearny and assume command.

Carleton, Maj. W. S., hon. discharged as Maj. only.

Thickstun, Maj. D. W.; Boothe, Maj. E., and Wyrick, Maj. T. J., A. E. F., Adjt. Gen.'s Dept., promoted to be Lt. Cols.

Beals, Maj. W. B. and Howell, Maj. J. A., Judge Adv. Gen.'s Dept., A. E. F., promoted to be Lt. Cols.

Palmer, Maj. H. C., Judge Adv., to San Francisco for transportation to Philippines as Judge Advocate of the China Expedition.

Butler, Maj. H. L., Adjt. Gen., to Hoboken.

Steumenberg, Maj. G., relieved from further active duty.

Hill, Maj. W. P., to Aux. Remount Depot 329, at Camp Travis, as Veterinarian.

Canon, Capt. F. F.; Meese, Capt. C. F.; Pinder, Capt. W.; Daugherty, 1st Lt. W. F.; Lawbon, 1st Lt. W. A.; Marston, 1st Lt. W.; Meddinus, 1st Lt. E. E., and Speegle, 1st Lt. O. H., all of U. S. Guards, to Presidio of San Francisco.

Anderson, Capt. R. M., Army Service Corps, to Camp Shelby, as Camp Judge Adv.

Russ, Capt. J., Philippine Scouts, retired from active duty.

Miller, Capt. E. L., Motor Transport Corps, transferred to Letterman Gen. Hosp., sick.

Hodnett, 1st Lt. L. P., Adjt. Gen's. Dept., promoted to be Captain.

Matthews, 1st Lt. W. M., to Hoboken, under Judge Adv. of Maritime Affairs.

Smith, 1st Lt. F. E., 108th Machine Gun Bat., transferred to Gen. Hosp. 22, at Philadelphia, sick.

**Resignations.**

Kelly, C. B., Inf., as temp. Capt. and prov. 1st Lt.

Driggs, E. H., Jr., Cav., as temp. 1st Lt. and prov. 2d Lt.

Jobson, E. R., Inf., as temp. 1st Lt. and prov. 2d Lt.

Le Gardeur, prov. 1st Lt. R. J., Jr., F. A.

Rader, C. B., C.A.C., as temp. Capt. and prov. 1st Lt.

**Leaves.**

Batsman, Lt.Col. H. H., F.A., 14 days' extension.

Lenihan, Brig.Gen. M. J., 14 days.

Chisolm, Maj. E. N., Jr., 10 days.

Hartwell, Maj. C., Air Serv., 14 days.

Hartwell, Maj. J. A., M.C., 14 days.

Leland, Capt. C. A., Jr., C.A.C., 1 month's extension.

Close, Capt. G., 15 days, then to Camp Grant for discharge.

Day, Capt. H. S., Engrs., 14 days, for purpose of securing employment, then report to Cmdg. Gen. Camp Grant for discharge.

Ayer, Capt. J. B., M.C., 10 days.

Shields, Capt. E., Inf. Corps, 10 days.

Dick, Capt. J. P., C.A.C., 1 month.

Montgomery, Capt. J. R., M.C., 2 months.

Farabee, Capt. W. C., U.S.A., 15 days.

Jopson, 1st Lt. A. R., 4th Mach. Gun Bat., 14 days' extension.

Hea, 1st Lt. J. J., Inf., 14 days.

Hall, 1st Lt. R. K., Air Serv., 1 month.

Rosenthal, 1st Lt. L. S., C.A.C., 14 days' extension.

## Naval Orders.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 2.—Bureau of Navigation issued the following orders today:

Cooke, Cmdr. H. D., to continue duty in command of the Harding.

Valz, Cmdr. R. V., from the receiving ship at New York to the Mt. Vernon.

Kail, Cmdr. A. C., to the Blackhawk.

Koester, Lt. Cmdr. G. B., from the South Dakota to the Virginia as Eng. Off.

Windsor, Lt. Cmdr. C. C., from the New York to the Mobile as Exec. Off.

Cothran, Lt. Cmdr. W. B., discharged from Naval Hosp. at Charleston, S. C., and assigned to the South Dakota as Eng. Off.

Lammers, Lt. Cmdr. H. M., detached as Aid and Fleet Gunnery Off. to Cmdr. in Chief of Pacific Fleet and assigned to Navy Operations Bureau.

Smith, Lt. Cmdr. O., Jr., discharged from Naval Hospital at Charleston, S. C., and assigned as Naval Insp. of Ord. at Dayton, Ohio.

Reeves, Lt. Cmdr. John W., will relieve Capt. Train as Naval Attache at Rome.

Lines, Lt. C. E. S., to the Vestal.

Hart, Lt. F. H., to the K-4.

McNiernan, Lt. R. L., to the Marine.

Kalter, Lt. G. E., to the Kaiserin Augusta Victoria.

Sinton, Lt. A. C., to the Minnesota.

Frazier, Lt. G. M., to the Pittsburgh.

Paddock, Lt. H. E., to the Maury.

Parker, Lt. W. R., and Jalbert, Lt. H. H., to headquarters at London.

Lawrence, Lt. M., to N. P. O. at Marseilles.

Lindall, Lt. A. L., to the Liverpool.

Huffman, Lt. A. D., to Base Hosp. No. 5.

Eckert, Lt. G. A., to the Bobolink.

Blue, Lt. J. J., to the Ouriew.

Hodgdon, Lt. A. D., to the New Mexico as Aid on Staff of Vice Admiral Henry B. Wilson.

Hazard, Lt. G. J., to Newport Nav. War College.

## Police and Fire News.

**Police Department.**

Transfers and Assignments.—To take effect 8 A. M., May 3: Patrol. R. E. O'Connor, from 4th to 67th, assignment to clerical duty discontinued; D. W. Callahan, from 90th to Headquarters Div., in department storehouse; Samuel Whitaker, from 92d to 90th, assigned to bicycle duty. To take effect 8 A. M. May 4: Patrol. J. F. Kramer, 74th, assigned to dog squad, kennel duty.

Leave of Absence.—(Without pay.): Patrol. Stanley Krupski, 21st, for 1 day, from 4 P. M. May 3.

**Fire Department.**

Appointed 4th grade firemen, with compensation each at the rate of $1,200 a year, to take effect 8 A. M. May 3: H. G. Schneider, Eng. 9; C. G. Nardt, Eng. 279.

The following uniformed firemen will report to the Chief Medical Officer, at these headquarters, at 11 A. M. Monday, May 5: C. C. Roche, Eng. 11; Alfred Hitz, Eng. 12; Thomas Kelly, Eng. 15; T. W. Donigan, Eng. 16; J. R. Deacon, Eng. 24; David Winthrop, Eng. 32; C. J. O.Keefe, Eng. 65; C. J. Murphy, Eng. 91; F. F. Ulschmid, Eng. 202; J. J. Finneran, Eng. 205; Patrick Walsh, Eng. 210; Henry Vonah, Eng. 212; Thomas Finnigan, Eng. 234; Armando Casamassa, Eng. 226; Otto Claus, Eng. 279; W. F. Rudloff, Eng. 279; G. F. Kelly, Eng. 280; G. A. Kebrich, H. & L. 5; O. W. Merk, H. & L. 6; J. A. McCabe, H. & L. 9; James McTernan, H. & L. 21; James Murray, H. & L. 26; T. C. McLaughlin, H. & L. 101; J. B. Anderson, H. & L. 119.

The following will report at the School of Instruction, No. 157-159 East 67th Street, Manhattan, at 9 A. M. Monday, May 5, to complete test: Fireman 4th grade J. H. Woods, Eng. 65.

Resignation of Fireman 4th grade J. P. Donohue, Eng. 24, is hereby accepted, to take effect 8 A. M. May 5.

The members of the Department Band will report to Fireman A. Muir as follows: At the Hotel Astor, Broadway and 45th Street, Manhattan, at 7:30 P. M. Mon., May 5; at the official reviewing stand, 83d Street and 5th Avenue, Manhattan, at 9:30 A. M. Tuesday, May 6. The Fire Department Band having been assigned to the Mayor's Committee of Welcome to Homecoming Troops, the members of the band are excused from reporting to their companies until 6 P. M. Tues., May 6.

Special leaves of absence: Fireman 3d grade Fred Brownworth, H. & L. 111, for 48 hours, from 8 A. M. May 3; ununiformed Fireman H. A. Reichert, Eng. 202, for 24 hours, from 8 A. M. May 3.

## The Civil Service.

**City.**

Applications for fireman, Fire Department, will be received until 4 P. M. on June 2. The subjects and weights of the examination will be: Physical development and strength, 50; mental test, 50. Candidates must be 21 years of age on or before the date of the mental test, and not more than 35 on the date of filing applications. Applicants must be not less than 5 feet 8 inches in height, and must weigh at least 140 pounds stripped. The mental examination will be held July 9.

**United States.**

The commission announces for May 7, at the New York Custom House, an examination for United States Game Warden, for men. Vacancies in the Bureau of Biological Survey, Department of Agriculture, for duty in the field, at $1,500 a year. Competitors will be examined in birds and mammals, 15; State game laws, 15; Federal game laws, 20; education and experience, 50. Applicants must have had at least the equivalent of a common school education, and have had experience aggregating at least one year in some outdoor occupation or pursuit requiring a knowledge of the use of firearms and giving a knowledge of the kinds, habits, and haunts of game. They must have reached their twenty-first but not their fiftieth birthday on the date of the examination.

## Education Notes.

Teachers of home economics are trying to get a war bonus of $100. All teachers in Schedules B1 and B2 received such an increase, but the teachers of cooking, who are paid under Schedule L3, were not included.

The Board of Estimate has authorized the acquisition of the following sites: Northwest corner of 176th Street and Washington Avenue as an addition to P. S. 55; Charlotte Street and Astoria Park East, northerly side of Longwood Avenue, between Beck and Fox Streets, for building space for P. S. 59; 124th Street, south of Curtis Avenue, Queens, adjoining P. S. 57.

The Teacher Clerks' Association of the elementary schools will hold a meeting at 10:30 A. M. today in the Wanamaker Auditorium.

Frederick Z. Lewis, a candidate for reelection as a member of the Teachers' Retirement Board, was re-elected as pension representative at the Boys' High School on Thursday.

The Association of History Teachers of the Middle States and Maryland will hold a meeting at the State Normal School, Trenton, N. J., on May 9.

A pageant will be given by the pupils of P. S. 54, Manhattan, 104th Street and Amsterdam Avenue, under the auspices of the Parents' Association this evening at 8 o'clock. A Victory Loan rally will follow the entertainment, and an admission of 25 cents will be charged. The entertainment may be repeated sometime next week.

## Will for Probate.

McCABE, JAMES J., of the James J. McCabe Lathe and Machinery Co., 420 West 147th Street. Jan. 17, 1. Estate valued at nearly $500,000. To his wife, Marcella A. McCabe, the testator bequeaths a trust fund of $130,000, his real estate at Peal, N. J., and the family home. He also named as the beneficiary of one-fifth of residue of the estate. His son, James J. McCabe, gets $20,000 in cash, ten $1,000 bonds, stock in the lathe and machinery company, and one-fifth of the residuary estate. Another son, Raymond J. McCabe, receives $10,000 in cash, five $1,000 bonds, stock in the lathe and machinery company and one-fifth share of the residuary estate. A third son, Robert, $5,000 in cash, one $1,000 bond, stock in the company and another fifth of the residuary estate, while a daughter, Marcella McCabe, receives $5,000 in cash, two $1,000 bonds and the remaining fifth of the residuary estate. Patrick F. Sheeran of 279 Wyckoff Avenue, Brooklyn, a friend, gets $50,000, while a trust fund of $50,000 is also provided, the income from which is to be distributed among such charitable institutions as shall be selected by a majority of the executors. The Rev. Joseph H. McMahon, pastor of the Church of Our Lady of Lourdes, on West 142d Street, receives $10,000. Bequests of $10,000 each are made to his sister, Celia McCabe of New Rochelle and Fred G. Kompass of Jersey City. Seven bequests of $5,000 each are distributed as follows: Marie C. Finnan of 437 East 141st Street, Katie E. Finnan of the same address, Mary G. Mooney of 123 West 188th Street, Kate Kaly of 302 West 145th Street, Jane Daly of the same address, Patrick Rohan of 637 St. Nicholas Avenue, and Minnie Fleming of Morris Avenue, the Bronx. Mary Johnson of 39 West Sixteenth Street, receives $2,000, and Mary T. McLaughlin of 149 Broadway $1,000.

### AMBASSADORS ON BOLSHEVISM.

Our Russian Ambassador, David R. Francis, and the British Ambassador, Sir George Buchanan, are represented by two notable articles in the May CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE, in which they express their opinions of the Bolshevist Government and the method of treating it. Another feature is a Declaration of the Bolshevist Doctrines by a noted Bolshevist, also two character sketches of Lenin and Trotzky, 40 big features, 192 pages; published by The New York Times Company, on news stands 25c.—Advt.

## THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, May 2.—The storm over the Great Lakes Thursday night is now passing down the St. Lawrence Valley, and the weather has cleared generally east of the Mississippi River, although there were rains during the last twenty-four hours throughout the Atlantic States, the Ohio Valley and the lake region and snow near Lake Superior. Another storm is over the Rocky Mountain region, and it is already causing rains in the Missouri and upper Mississippi Valleys and snow in western Montana.

Temperatures have risen generally over the south and middle parts of the United States, and readings are now above normal in those regions.

The weather is colder in the lake region and the Far Northwest.

In the Atlantic States the weather will be generally fair with mild temperatures Saturday and Sunday, but it will become unsettled by Sunday night in the Middle Atlantic States.

In the East Gulf States, Tennessee, and the Ohio Valley fair weather Saturday will be followed by scattered thunderstorms Saturday night or Sunday with mild temperature.

In the lake region the weather will be cloudy, with rains by Saturday night and Sunday in the upper lake region and on Sunday in the lower lake region.

Winds for Saturday and Sunday along the North Atlantic Coast will be fresh southwest and west, with generally fair weather; Middle Atlantic Coast, moderate southwest, fair; South Atlantic Coast, generally variable, fair.

FORECAST TODAY AND SUNDAY.

Eastern New York, Southern New England, New Jersey, and Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair Saturday and probably Sunday, mild temperature.

Western New York—Partly cloudy Saturday. Sunday cloudy, with probably showers and warmer.

Northern New England—Partly cloudy Saturday and Sunday, not much change in temperature.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

| 1918. | 1919. | | 1918. | 1919. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 3 A. M. | 44 | 50 | 4 P. M. | 62 | 66 |
| 6 A. M. | 43 | 50 | 6 P. M. | 64 | 67 |
| 9 A. M. | 48 | 52 | 9 P. M. | 61 | 63 |
| 12 M. | 59 | 63 | 11 M. | 58 | 60 |

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 58; for the corresponding date last year is was 53; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 55.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 50, at 8 P. M. it was 64. Maximum temperature 67 degrees at 6 P. M., minimum 50 degrees at 5 A. M. Humidity 100 per cent. at 8 A. M., 40 per cent at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.88 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.96 inches.

## Fire Record.

| A. M. | Loss. |
|---|---|
| 12:10—Broadway and 42 St.; Rialto Theatre | Not given |
| 4:45—108 Attorney St.; Reader Brothers | Not given |
| 9:05—793 Amsterdam Av. | Not given |
| 10:40—448 Amsterdam Av.; not given. | Slight |
| P. M. | |
| 12:33—104 E. 97 St. | Not given |
| 2:30—348 W. 55 St.; M. Casey | Slight |
| 6:20—153 West Broadway; H. B. Claflin & Co. | Slight |
| 7:00—Front 633 E. 13 St., (motor cycle); Bernard J. Hayes | Slight |
| 8:10—1,534 Washington Av.; S. Amundwitz | Not given |
| 8:20—705-17 Rutgers St.; Silverman Woolen Stock | Slight |
| 9:35—550 W. 157 St.; George Sensen | Slight |
| 10:25—32 New Bowery; Tony Campbell | Not given |
| 11:15—428 E. 67th St.; Mrs. — Cann | Slight |

### Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 7 A. M. May 3, SS Adriatic.

France—Close at 7:30 A. M. May 3, SS Chicago.

Italy and Gibraltar—Close at 7 A. M. May 3, SS Du

# NEW METHOD TO BE USED BY COLUMBIA

## Annual Announcement of University Shows Influence of War Upon Many Courses.

## CHANGE IN HISTORY COURSE

### Bible is Entrance Subject—Proof of Brain Power Made an Entrance Requirement.

Columbia University has devised a new method of studying history, and the old freshmen courses in modern history and philosophy have been dispensed with; Spanish has taken on new dignity; the English Bible has been added to the list of entrance subjects; two sets of admission requirements, one requiring proof of brain power rather than possession of a stock of knowledge, have been adopted and military training is officially recognized as a part of a liberal education.

These changes are set forth in the annual announcement of Columbia College for 1919-1920, which has just been issued from the office of Secretary Frank D. Fackenthal. They reflect the influence of the war on higher learning, and especially the stimulus to solve practical problems resulting from the commingling of military and academic training during the months preceding the signing of the armistice.

Spanish is now one of a group of three modern languages, the others being French and German, which a student may offer in satisfaction of the entrance requirements as well as of the prescriptive program of undergraduate studies. In other words, it is explained that so far as the student's program of studies is concerned Spanish ranks with French or German in fulfilling the requirements for the degree of A. B.

A new method of admission to undergraduate schools and courses is described as embodying several features which belonged to the old method but introduces one which is entirely new and which involves the so-called psychological tests, officially termed a "test of mental alertness and power."

Two methods of admission are now employed. The first involves the old entrance examinations. The second bases a candidate's qualifications on his school record, his character and promise, and his standing on the test of mental alertness. This test, or, more accurately, series of tests, are like those given in the United States Army. They are designed to select the students qualified by general ability to profit by a college course. They are not examinations in the subject matter of the secondary school course. They are designed to test common sense and fitness for college work rather than preparation in specific subjects. Samples of these tests, it was said yesterday at the university, will not be furnished. They will be given for the first time this June.

The Bible requirements, to go into effect this year, are based on the recommendations of the Committee of Fifteen, composed of Biblical instructors in American colleges and secondary schools. In part, they comprise the epic narrative of the Old Testament, the memorizing of some of the more notable passages of Biblical prose and poetry, Hebrew history from the Egyptian period to the destruction of the Jewish commonwealth in 70 A. D., early Christian biography, and introductions to the English Bible.

The course in Contemporary Civilization is the result of a frank attempt by Dean Herbert E. Hawkes and his associates to work out a new scheme of history study as a consequence of the lessons taught by the war. The announcement of Columbia University Summer School for 1919 shows that hundreds of courses covering the higher branches, industrial, and household arts, and educational methods will be taught by more than four hundred instructors drawn from the leading colleges, universities, and high schools, and preparatory schools of the nation.

## FOXSKINS SELL WELL.

### About $1,250,000 Taken In Yesterday at St. Louis Auction.

*Special to The New York Times.*

ST. LOUIS, May 2.—The high prices that rule at the Spring sale on the International Fur Exchange are the sole topic among both buyers and sellers. Echoes of the excitement over record prices for Russian sables and Hudson Bay sables continue to be heard. It is said that the high prices are evidence of general prosperity.

The general opinion is that the very high-priced lots are sold before bought, which means that the buyer has his customer ready for the goods, and that they will be marketed readily at fair profit. Nevertheless, general prosperity in fur and other trades has been potent in the continuous advances of prices at this sale, aided by the high qualities of the furs displayed.

The buyers assert that the high prices are not invariably speculative, but based on increased sales of high-priced goods in practically every line of merchandise, and that furs are staples rather than luxuries.

The day opened with 1,200 Swift fox, which went to $4.25 highest and $1.10 lowest, most selling around $3. The collection brought $3,500. Keen bidding on cross foxes was due to the superlative quality, many being almost of the silver fox class. The highest price was $240, next $236, and $220. New York dealers obtained the choicest skins. Small and pale went around $50, and even damaged pelts were sold above $10. Paris bought well, London also, with New York the heaviest buyer.

One thousand cross fox brought over $78,000, several lots changing hands privately immediately after the sale at increased prices. Thirty-two thousand red fox brought a big market, brisk bidding and high prices. The top price was $74, next $66, next $65, the bulk of selling from $35 to $50, with seconds and thirds running $20 to $30. Fine Kamchatkas and Alaskas ruled around $60. The red fox totaled almost $952,000. Thirty thousand Austrian foxes sold quickly for around $145,000. Karagon fox went quickly for over $4,000, and 6,300 Macedonian fox brought approximately $35,000.

The official market announcement quotes Swift fox advanced 25 per cent., cross fox advanced 60 per cent., and red fox advanced 30 per cent. The total sales today were $1,250,000. The sales to date total $4,800,000.

## 5-Day Plan for Seattle Builders.

SEATTLE, May 2.—Beginning tomorrow, a five-day week will be enforced, according to announcement today by the Building Trades Council, representing 6,000 workers. No work will be done on Saturday and Sunday. The change was said to have been made in the belief that it will give more men employment in the building trades.

## Strike Ties Up West Virginia Road.

CUMBERLAND, Md., May 2.—Freight traffic on the Cumberland & Pennsylvania Railroad, the main feeder of the Georges Creek region, running between Cumberland and Piedmont, W. Va., was tied up today by a strike of trainmen. Two trainmen who refused to move coal consigned to the plant of the West Virginia Pulp and Paper Company at Luke, where a strike has been in progress three months, were laid off and the strike of the railroad men followed.

## TAFT LAUDS NEGRO SCHOOL.

### Says Hampton Institute Is a New System of Education.

*Special to The New York Times.*

HAMPTON, Va., May 2.—William Howard Taft, President of the Hampton Institute Board of Trustees, spoke today at the school's semi-centennial exercises on "Hampton's Contribution to American Education." He also paid a warm tribute to the three Principals of Hampton, General S. C. Armstrong, Dr. H. D. Frissell, and Dr. James E. Gregg.

"Hampton Institute is," he said, "the mother of a new system of education. Armstrong, with the problem of fitting thousands of a backward race for life and progress, conceived the possibility of uniting mental training with that of the hand in useful trade. The chief glory of Hampton is the missionary spirit with which its education methods are instinct."

Dr. Gregg announced the following gifts: From the family of Captain Charles G. Wilder, $20,000 for the General Education Board and $25,000 for the maintenance of Ogden Hall; from the family of Mr. Ogden, suitable platform furniture for the completion of the Robert C. Ogden Auditorium, and from the Hampton Alumni Association, $35,000 to be used for scholarships.

Dr. Robert R. Moton, Principal of the Tuskegee Institute, declared the Hampton type of education has more than proved its worth and justified its place in the scheme of national progress. The South is no longer willing, he said, to tolerate ignorance, awkwardness, or frowning stupidity in either black or white, which retards human progress and hampers national prospects.

## SCORED BY CHICAGO JURY.

### Judge Hazen and Aldermen Cited in Crime Wave Charge.

*Special to The New York Times.*

CHICAGO, May 2.—Two Aldermen and a Municipal Court Judge of this city, whose names were at first withheld, were scathingly condemned for alleged attempts to win the release of an arrested crook, as charged in a presentment to Judge Marcus Kavanagh in the Criminal Court today by the April Grand Jury.

The Municipal Court Judge referred to is Judge Irwin R. Hazen, who was Judge Hazen also said in his state-elected last Fall and is a Republican. He issued a statement tonight, assuming responsibility for the discharge of the man referred to by the Grand Jury. ment that Alderman Matz and Alderman Foch were the two members of the City Council with whom he consulted on the matter.

The Grand Jury report declared the Judge and Aldermen had held a meeting in the chambers of the jurist, with members of the Police Department, and arranged the release of the prisoner, who, the report said, should have been prosecuted. The Grand Jury has now indicted the man.

This case is further cited by the Grand Jury as one instance of official activities which are held responsible for the epidemic of crime in Chicago.

## MANY AID SALVATION DRIVE.

### Army Has Long List of Acceptances from Prominent Men.

The New York Campaign Committee of the Salvation Army which is to conduct its drive for funds announced yesterday that Charles H. Sabin, President of the Guaranty Trust Company, had accepted the Treasurership of the committee, of which Brig. Gen. Cornelius Vanderbilt is Chairman. Those who have sent their acceptances to date are:

John G. Agar, Louis Annin Ames, S. B. Bertron, Cornelius N. Bliss, Jr., George F. Baker, Jr., George W. Burleigh, John McE. Bowman, George Gordon Battle, Ellis Parker Butler, William C. Breed, R. Fulton Cutting, Paul D. Cravath, Bruce Campbell, General George R. Dyer, Lieut. Col. J. J. Daly, Eugene V. Daly, Joseph P. Day, Abram I. Ekus, Otto M. Eidlitz, Joseph N. Francolini, Colonel Michael Friedman, J. G. Fanning, Judge John J. Freschl, Herbert Gunnison, Charles Gehring, Thomas D. Green, O. J. Gude, Colonel William Hayward, Timothy Healy, R. W. Higbie, Samuel S. Lewisohn, Lawrence McGuire, W. W. Marble, the Rev. Dr. William T. Manning, Frank Oliver, Major Gen. John F. O'Ryan, Nathaniel Phillips, John J. Pulleyn, Theodore Rousseau, Charles H. Sabin, Treasurer; John A. Sleicher, N. A. Smyth, Jacob H. Schiff, Finley J. Shepard, the Rev. Stephen H. Wise, Major Cornelius Wickersham, George T. Wilson, General George A. Wingate.

# CALENDARS AND DECISIONS

(c) This character means *versus* or *against*.
CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.

### FEDERAL.

**Supreme Court.**

WASHINGTON, May 8.—John C. Robinson of New York was admitted to practice.

395—Maryland Casualty Co., aplt., v. the U. S.—Passed.

397—H. M. Sanger, plain., v. the People of the State of New York—Continued, per stipulation.

399—E. F. Magon and R. F. Magon, pets., v. the U. S. of America—Petition for writ of cert. submitted.

400—The Ayer-Ford & Co., pet., v. C. R. Heye—Continued.

401—H. Peters, et al., plain., v. T. Veasey—Continued.

402—Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe Rd. Co., et al., plain., v. G. H. Bowles—Continued.

403—F. P. McCloskey, plain., v. J. W. Tobin, Sheriff of Bexar County, Texas—Continued.

405—H. Turner, et al., executors, &c., plains., v. J. P. Wade, Sheriff of Brooks Co., Georgia—Continued.

368—Capital Trust Co., admr., &c., plain., v. C. C. Allen—Argument commenced for plaintiff, continued for deft. and concluded for plain.

396—The New York, New Haven and Hartford Rd. Co., aplt., v. the United States—Argued. Leave to counsel for appellee to file brief in ten days, and five days to aplt. to file reply.

Adjourned until Monday next.

The assignments for May 5—Nos. 976, 967, 957, 31 original, and 1006.

### NEW YORK COUNTY.

**Supreme Court.**

APPELLATE DIVISION—First Department. DECISIONS.

In the matter of James S. Meng, as exer., &c., of Henry Bischoff, deed.—Decree affirmed, with costs to special guardian, respondent, payable out of the fund. Opinions by Page and Shearn, JJ. (Shearn, J., dissenting in part.) Order filed.

Cornelia T. Komoll, respt., v. Shults Bread Co., aplt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to aplt to abide event. Opinion by Page, J. Order filed.

In the matter of Leopold Cohn, decd.—Decree affirmed, with costs and disbursements to respondents, executrix, and trustees, and disbursements of special guardian, respondent. Opinions by Shearn and Page, JJ. (Dowling and Page, JJ., dissenting. Order filed.

Globe and Rutgers Fire Ins Co., aplt., v. Warner Sugar Refining Co., respt.—Judgment reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to aplt to abide event. Opinions by Page and Shearn, JJ. (Smith and Shearn, JJ., dissenting.) Order filed.

Frank Hawkins, aplt., v. Union Trust Co. of N. Y., &c., respt.—Judgment reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to aplt. to abide event. Opinion by Smith, J. (Dowling and Page, JJ., dissenting.) Order filed.

Frederick E. Hastings for himself, &c., aplt., v. International Paper Co. et al. respts.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. Opinion by Merrell, J. Order filed.

J. Frederic Kernochan, as executor, &c., respondent, v. Farmers' Loan and Trust Co. et al., respondents.; Board of Foreign Missions of the Methodist Episcopal Church, impld., &c., appellant.—Judgment so far as appealed from affirmed, with costs to appellant, payable out of the estate, and judgment directed in favor of appellant, with costs. Opinion by Laughlin, J. (Page, J., dissenting.) Settle order on notice.

New York Title and Mortgage Co., respondent, v. Title Guarantee and Trust Co., impld., &c., appellant.—Order reversed with $10 costs and disbursements and motion denied with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion denied, and denials stricken from the answer reinstated. Opinion by Merrell, J. Order filed.

In the matter of Joseph E. Tucker et al., (re Tucker v. Bingman, matter of Dept. of Public Works.)—Order affirmed, with costs. Opinion by Page, J. Order filed.

Proctor & Gamble Co., plaintiff, v. Peters', White & Co., defendants.—Exceptions sustained and motion for new trial granted, with costs to plaintiff to abide event. Opinions by Laughlin and Smith, JJ., (Smith, J., dissenting in part.) Settle order on notice.

Herbert F. Rawll, respondent, v. Baker-Vawter Co., appellant.—Judgment reversed, with costs, and complaint dismissed, with costs. Opinions by Clarke, P. J., and Merrell, J., (Laughlin, J., and Merrell, J., dissenting.) Settle order on notice.

Edwin Gould, on behalf of himself, &c., respondent, v. Lida M. Fleitmann, individually and as administratrix, &c., appellant.; impld. with Walter A. Fullerton, as administrator, &c., respondent.—Judgment affirmed, with costs, on opinion of the referee, (Smith and Merrell, JJ., dissenting.) Dissenting opinion by Smith, J. Order filed.

W. S. Job & Co., appellants, v. N. B. Cook Oil Co., Inc., respondent.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. Opinion by Merrell, J. Order filed.

N. Y. Mercantile Trading Co., aplt., v. Louis B. Prahar, Inc., respt.—Judgment reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to aplt. to abide event. Opinion by Merrell, J. Order filed.

Morris S. Trop et al., aplts., v. Gramercy Chocolate Co., respt.—Determination and judgment reversed, with costs in this court and in the Appellate Term, and judgment of City Court entered on verdict affirmed. Opinion by Morrell, J. Order filed.

Samuel G. Siegel et al., respts., v. Henry M. Huebshman, aplt.—Judgment and order reversed, with costs, and complaint dismissed, with costs. Opinion by Laughlin, J. Order filed.

Albert Beck, aplt., v. Abraham Bauman, respt.—Determination reversed, with costs in this court and in the Appellate Term, and judgment of City Court affirmed. Opinion by Merrell, J. Order filed.

Max Shilman, aplt., v. Lizza Shilman, respt.—Judgment affirmed. No opinion. (Clarke, P. J., dissenting.) Dissenting opinion by Clarke, P. J. Order filed.

Kuningunda Schwemmer respt., v. Supreme Council Catholic Benevolent Legion, aplt.—Determination and judgment reversed, and new trial ordered, with costs to aplt. in all courts to abide event. Opinion by Laughlin, J. Order filed.

Walter R. Burrows, respt., v. Maritime Warehouse Co., aplt.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion granted. Order filed.

Zerelda W. Beaty, aplt., v. Walter S. Bacon et al., as exrs., &c., respts.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion denied and the case transferred to the Trial Term for trial. Opinions by Dowling and Laughlin, JJ., (Laughlin, J., dissenting.) Order filed.

In Re Simon Goldenberg, deed.—Order reversed with $10 costs and disbursements and proceeding remitted to the Surrogate's Court for further action in accordance with opinion. Opinion by Shearn, J. Order filed.

William M. Alberti, aplt., v. Otto Heinemman, respt.—Judgment and order reversed with costs and the verdict reinstated. Opinion by Smith, J. Order filed.

People ex rel. Sarah T. Cockroft as extx., &c., rel., v. Rudolph P. Miller et al., respts.—Order, in so far as it dismisses writ to review orders for installation of fire signal system and for fire drills, reversed and the matter remitted to the Board of Appeals for rehearing before the full board; in so far as it sustains order for installation of automatic sprinkler system, affirmed, without costs. Opinion by Shearn, J. and Clarke, P. J. Settle order on notice.

Harry Bauman, aplt., v. Norfolk and Western Ry. Co., aplt.-respt.—Order of March 12, 1918, so far as appealed from by defendant reversed and new trial ordered with costs to defendant to abide event; appeal of plaintiff from said order dismissed; appeal of defendant from order of March 21, 1918, dismissed. Opinion by Smith, J. (Laughlin and Shearn, J.J., dissenting.) From reversal on defendant's appeal and voting to modify order by granting a new trial unless plaintiff stipulates to reduce recovery to $50,000.) Order filed.

Joseph Nagler, respt., v. Cornell University, aplt.—Order reversed with $10 costs and disbursements and motion denied with $10 costs, with leave to plaintiff to serve amended complaint upon payment of said costs. Opinion by Smith, J. Order filed.

Louis Kaplan, as exr., &c., aplt., v. Max Goodman, respt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to aplt. to abide event. Opinion by Merrell, J. Order filed.

Bond and Mortgage Co., respt., v. Upland Realty Co. et al., defts., impleaded, with Clarence A. Sparks, aplt., and Title Guarantee and Trust Co., respt.—Judgment so far as appealed from reversed, with costs, and judgment directed for defendant Sparks. Opinion by Smith J. Settle order on notice.

Henry R. Barnard, aplt., v. Golden Gate Mfg. Co., respt.—Judgment reversed, with costs, and verdict directed for plaintiff for $5,561.70, and judgment ordered to be entered thereon, with costs. Opinion by Laughlin, J. Order filed.

Isaac Goodman, as guardian ad litem, respt., v. George H. Robinson, aplt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to aplt. Opinion by Shearn, J. Order filed.

Thomas Ennis, as admr., &c., respt., vs. Horn & Hardart Co., aplt.—Judgment and order affirmed with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

John W. McKinnon, as agent, &c., aplt., v. the City of N. Y., respt.—Judgments affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Orders filed.

William A. Ellis, respt., v. Feeney & Sheehan Bldg. Co., aplt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to aplt. to abide event. Opinion by Page, J. Order filed.

Gale-Nat Realty Co., aplt., v. Louis M. Jones et al., respts.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Lyonette Silka, Inc., respt., v. K. Wilbur Delson Co., aplts.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion denied with $10 costs, with leave to plaintiff to serve an amended complaint upon payment of said costs. Opinion by Smith, J. (Dowling, J., dissenting.) Order filed.

James J. Kelly, aplt., v. Michael King et al., respts.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to aplt to abide event. Opinion by Page, J. Order filed.

Samuel Lipschitz et al., aplts., v. W. R. Grace & Co., respt.—Determinations affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Orders filed.

Jay B. Smith, aplt., v. Banco Nacional de Cuba, respt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Siamon Krohnberg et al., aplts., v. Federal Insurance Co., respt.—Determination affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

The Equitable Life Assurance Society of the U. S., aplt., v. Judson B. Wilds, as exr., &c., respt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs, on the authority of Equitable Life Assurance Society of the U. S. v. Wilds, 184 App. Div. 435. Order filed.

K. & A. Film Co., aplt., v. William A. Brady, respt.—Determination affirmed, with costs and judgment absolute ordered against plff. pursuant to its stipulation, upon the authority of Broadway Photoplay Co. v. World Film Corporation, 225 N. Y. 104. Order filed.

Lekas & Drivas, aplts., v. Albert Schwill & Co., respt.—Judgment and order reversed, with costs, and motion denied, with $10 costs. Opinion by Page, J. Order filed.

Sigmund Ullman Co., respt., v. J. L. Mott Iron works, aplt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to aplt. to abide event. Opinion by Shearn, J. Order filed.

Same, respt., v. same, aplt.—Appeal dismissed, without costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Frances Di Maria, an infft., &c., respt., v. Dry Dock, East Broadway & Battery R. R. Co., aplt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to aplt. to abide event upon the ground that the verdict was against the weight of the evidence as to defendant's negligence. Order filed.

Tony Carfagne et al., respts., v. the City of N. Y., aplt.—Order reversed, with costs, the verdict set aside, and complaint dismissed, with costs. Opinion by Page, J. Order filed.

American Analine Products, aplt., vs. D. Nagase & Co., Ltd., respt.—Judgment and order affirmed with costs with leave to plaintiff to serve amended complaint on payment of said costs and $10 costs at special term. Opinions by Shearn, J., and Clarke, P. J. Order filed.

David Sokolsky et al., respts., vs. Peter Spinell, aplt.—Order affirmed with costs. No opinion. (Page and Shearn, J. J., dissenting.) Order filed.

Osgood Hungerford, respt., vs. U. S. Fidelity and Guaranty Co., impld., &c., aplt. —Judgment affirmed with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

George J. Bell et al., aplts., vs. N. Y. Central R. R. Co., respt.—Determination affirmed with $10 costs and disbursements. Opinion by Shearn, J. Order filed.

Guaranty Trust Co. of N. Y., respt., vs. Fritz L. Schmidt, Jr., aplt.—Order reversed and motion granted on conditions stated in opinion. Opinion by Shearn, J. Order filed.

Michael Bladus et al., aplts., vs. Hartford Fire Insurance Co., respt.—Order affirmed with $10 costs and disbursements. Opinions by Clarke, P. J., and Shearn, J. (Smith and Shearn, J. J., dissenting.) Order filed.

Allen H. Stem, indy., &c., vs. Whitney Warren et al.—Motion granted; questions certified. Order filed.

Robert Holmes et al., respts., vs. Hugh N. Camp et al.—Motion granted; questions certified. Order filed.

**Supreme Court.**

APPELLATE DIVISION.—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM, Part II.—Mullan, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Ex parte business.

**Surrogates' Court.**

CHAMBERS—Fowler, S.—No day calendar.

**City Court.**

SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—Smith, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Ex parte business.

**Referees Appointed.**

SUPREME COURT—Gavegan, J.—Biggs< Steinway & Sons—Thomas J Brady.

SUPREME COURT — Weeks, J.—Turner< Turner—Phoenix Ingraham. Equitable Life Assur Socy<Augustine—Harold S Rankin.

SUPREME COURT—Mullan, J.—Duffy<Beard Oscar Smith.

**Receiver Appointed.**

SUPREME COURT—Mullan, J.—Y Everit Macy<Fed Land Realty Co—Niles R Becker.

### BRONX COUNTY.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Tierney, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

**Surrogate's Court.**

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.

**County Court.**

CHAMBERS—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

**Receiver Appointed.**

SUPREME COURT—Tierney, J.—Louis Valente<Joseph Dondero—Joseph L. Murphy.

### QUEENS COUNTY.

**Supreme Court.**

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Cropsey, J.—At 10 A. M.—Lunz<Lunz.

Highest number reached on the calendar is 783.

# REAL ESTATE FIELD

Another big Bronx deal, the second of the week, was closed yesterday, when Vincent Astor sold to Frederick Brown, operator, the two blocks fronting on Grand Boulevard and Concourse, now known as Woodrow Wilson Parkway, on the east side of Grand Boulevard and Concourse, from 171st Street, taking in the block front from 171st to 172d Street, and part of the block from 172d to 173d Street.

The property comprises in all about twenty-four lots, including three corners, and was held at $200,000. It is the buyer's intention to subdivide the property and resell it to builders. Leitner, Brener & Starr negotiated the sale. Mr. Brown also purchased through the same brokers from C. Gabriel the southeast corner of Grand Boulevard and Concourse and Weeks Avenue, fronting 80 feet on Grand Concourse and 164 feet on Weeks Avenue.

**Resale of Fletcher Court.**

Fletcher Court, a six-story elevator apartment on the northwest corner of 173d Street and Audubon Avenue, has been resold by Rudolph Schroeder to the Foro Realty Company. The property was held at $200,000. The Nehring Company negotiated the sale.

**Building for Sohmer & Co. on West Fifty-seventh Street.**

The Sohmer Company, piano manufacturers, has leased through L. J. Phillips & Co. from Adolph Lewisohn for a long period the property at 31 West Fifty-seventh Street, where a six-story building will be in process of erection within six weeks, for the exclusive occupancy of the lessees. Plans are being prepared for the new structure by R. H. Almiroty.

**Broadway Taxpayer Sold.**

James F. McGarry, represented by Joseph L. Fargis, attorney, sold the Taypayer, with five stores, 76.6 by 81.3 by 75 by 96.8, at 4,202 to 4,210 Broadway, through L. J. Phillips & Co. The seller purchased the property in 1908 from the same brokers.

Angelo A. Frumento sold the four-story building on lot 24.6 by irregular, at 2,259 Crotona Avenue, near 183rd Street.

Nelton Realty Corporation bought the apartment, held at $55,000, at 1,826 Bathgate Avenue, from George Mandel. The seller took back a first mortgage.

**Uptown Apartments Sold.**

The three five-story apartment houses, each 56.8 by 100, at 464 to 468 West 150th Street, were sold by the 470 West 150th Street Corporation, represented by Weschler, Kohn & Roeder, to a client of Samuel H. Golding through William S. Baker.

A corporation representing Sonn Bros. has purchased Trinity Court Terrace, a six-story elevator apartment house at the southwest corner of Broadway and 152d Street. The property, covering a plot 100 by 150, and valued at $300,000, was sold by the Deed Realty Company.

The Isaac Lowenfeld Realty Corporation has bought from a client of L. J. Greenberger the six-story twenty-family apartment at 545 West 129th Street, on plot 37.6 by 100. It was held at $50,000 and rents for about $7,000.

**Buys Two Houses as Residence Site.**

The Becker Estate sold a four-story high-stoop stone front dwelling, on lot 16.10 by 100.5, at 115 East Fifty-fourth Street, near Park Avenue; and the Shearer estate sold the adjoining similar dwelling at 117 East Fifty-fourth Street, to a client of Douglas Gibbons & Co., who will erect a new residence for his own occupancy on the site.

**Church Increases Holdings.**

St. Mark's Church bought from Frances A. Roesch for a consideration of $57,250 the three three-story dwellings, on a plot 63.6 by 94.6, at 109 to 113 East Tenth Street, between First and Second Avenues, a few hundred feet west of the church edifice. The church has recently been acquiring various properties in the vicinity and remodeling them to improve the housing conditions of residents of the neighborhood.

**Private Dwellings.**

The Merit Realty Company (Marcus L. Oak) sold the three-story dwelling, 17 by 100, at 212 West 112th Street, to Charles Cohen for occupancy. Maxwell Moser negotiated the sale.

**Tenement Deals.**

David Lion resold the five-story tenement on lot 25 by 100 at 332 East 109th Street, recently purchased from Frederick Brown; to F. Palo for investment.

Irving Bachrach bought the five-story tenement, 25 by 100, at 9 East 113th Street, through Rosenfeld & Co.

The Pocomo Realty Corporation sold the five-story double flat, held at $30,000, at 130 West 109th Street, to an investing client of Charles S. Kohler, Inc. and Porter & Co.

W. K. Gronholz bought from E. Sharum 226 Avenue A, a five-story tenement 24 by 95.6.

**The Bronx Market.**

Heller & Sussman sold the five-story new law house, 50 by 100, at 946 Hoe Avenue, for $53,000.

Crausman Realty Company sold the southwest corner of 156th Street and Grand Avenue, a five-story apartment house, 48 by 100, renting for $9,000 and held for $55,000, to Bernard Fuchs.

Crausman Realty Company and the Dixie Realty Company sold the two five-story apartment houses, 100 by 100, at the northeast corner of Faile and Aldus Streets, through M. Rubin to Jacob Abrams. The properties rent for $20,000 and were held at $130,000.

Williamson & Bryan sold to a Mr. Davis the two-family frame house, 25 by 100, at 1,229 Tinton Avenue, near 169th Street.

Daniel B. Freedman and Lawrence Davies have increased their holdings in the Fordham Heights section by a purchase involving the plot, 50 by 140 by 55 by 155, on the north side of Fordham Road between Kingsbridge Road and Valentine Avenue. The acquisition, which includes a dwelling and stable, was from an estate through Hall J. How & Co.

**Brooklyn.**

Henry Schwanewede sold the three-story brick store and flat building, on lot 20 by 100, at 7,504 Third Avenue, between Seventy-fifth and Seventy-sixth Streets, to Isadore Moskowits, the present tenant, through the Bulkley & Horton Company.

Meister Builders, Inc., sold the two-and-one-half-story dwelling, on a plot 30 by 100, at 1,792 Seventy-ninth Street to a client for occupancy.

L. Werberowsky sold the one-family cottage, on plot 40 by 100, at 1,674 Forty-ninth Street to J. Reznik through I. Salzberg.

**Queens Borough Sales.**

The Kew Gardens Corporation sold to C. Wooley a plot 162 by 376 on the north side of the Union Turnpike east of Austin Street, Kew Gardens.

K. Lange sold to E. Reinhart a plot 75 by 100 on the east side of Twelfth Street north of Sixth Avenue, Whitestone.

S. Katz sold to the T. Le Beau Realty Company the plot 40 by 92 on the east side of Walnut Street north of Belmont Avenue, Richmond Hill.

H. Jockers has sold to the Jamaica Homes Providing Company a plot 95 by 580 on the west side of Madison Street north of First Street, Jamaica.

W. Failing has sold to W. Kaiser a plot 70 by 100 on the east side of Walling Street north of Jamaica Avenue, Richmond Hill.

G. England has sold to J. Supel a plot 68 by 212 at the northeast corner of Grand Street and the Fresh Pond Road, Evergreen.

**Real Estate Division Passes $3,000,000 Mark in Loan Drive.**

The Real Estate Division yesterday reached the first half of its quota of $6,000,000 with a grand total of $3,105,050. The total for the day was $293,450 to which the largest subscribers were S. W. Straus & Co., $50,000; New York County National Bank, $10,000; Consolidated Stock Exchange, $5,000; Bradish Johnson Estate, $10,000; Equitable Trust Company, $12,000; Brown Brothers, $5,500; National Cloak and Suit Company, $25,000; Robert W. Goelet, $50,000, and Dunlevy, Milbank Company, $15,000. From the Rockaway district a subscription of $5,000 by James N. Rosenberg and one of $4,000 by B. G. Meyer were reported.

**Suburban Sales.**

Robert Teller, Sons & Dorner sold to Frederick W. Von Thaden & Meyer the residence and garage, on plot 60 by 180, at 39 Brunswick Road, Montclair, N. J., held at $11,500, through the Frank Hughes-Taylor Company.

Herbert B. Brush bought the residence of Bernard Whitfield, on Palisade Avenue, Riverview Manor, Dobbs Ferry, N. Y., through George Howe.

Mrs. M. Carey sold her house, on Farrington Avenue, Philipse Manor, Tarrytown, N. Y., to James Munroe through the Robert E. Farley Organization.

Robert Schmitt sold a tract of eight acres at Germonds, Rockland County, N. Y., through Howard Goldsmith.

Stanley C. Willey bought three-fourths of an acre facing Osceola Avenue, Ardsley Park, N. Y., from the Lorena Company through its President, Anson F. Robinson.

The Red Roof Realty Company sold for the Mount Vernon Homes, Inc., a two-story stucco house and garage, at 671 South Seventh Avenue, Mount Vernon, to Miss Pitt. Also, the house 673 South Seventh Avenue to W. P. Mackridge, for immediate occupancy.

William Leggett sold in White Plains, for John Rotondo to S. Ruggiero, the two-family house 4,554 Richardson Avenue, and for Joseph S. Wood the private dwelling, 30 by 100, 4,421 Carpenter Avenue.

Mrs. James T. McCue sold a house on a large corner plot in Hamilton Park, New Brighton, S. I., to Mrs. Mabel Heal, through the office of W. S. E. Hall.

Irving Park, familiarly known as "Sugar Loaf Field," Grymes Hill, Stapleton, recently purchased by a syndicate of Staten Island business men, headed by Carl P. Schober, has been resold at a substantial profit. The property comprises about sixty lots on the corner of Howard Avenue, Louis Street, and Richmond Turnpike, in the Grymes Hill section, and overlooks the new Oliver Lake reservoir. Moffatt & Schwab and Cornelius G. Kolff were the brokers in the resale.

**Commercial Leases.**

Sydney S. Cohen, President of the Motion Picture Exhibitors' League of the State of New York, has leased the Bronx Strand Theatre at Westchester, Union and Prospect Avenues, for a long term of years at an aggregate rental of about $175,000.

The United Cigar Stores Company leased the building at the northeast corner of Third Avenue and Fourteenth Street for a long term at an aggregate rental of $100,000. The property was leased from Edward Sullivan through Harris & Vaughn.

## RESULTS AT AUCTION.

By Joseph P. Day.

Stanton St., 179, e s, 75 ft w of Attorney St, 23x98.9x25.2x98.11, three-story tenement and stores and 3 story rear brick loft; Central Union Trust Co. against Flora Stone et al; Larkin & P., attorneys; due $18,789.17; taxes, &c., $318.50; to the plaintiff for $17,000.

2d St, 218 and 220, n s, 134.9 ft e of Avenue B, 60x111.10x irregular, 2 four-story tenements and stores, and two-story rear hall; Dry Dock Savings Institution against The Isler et al.; M. M. Richenor, attorney; due, $52,099.35; taxes, &c., $310.50; withdrawn.

Jennings St, 820, s e corner of Bristow St, 1,344, 27.5x78.9, one and three-story tenement and one-story rear; Lillian against Louis Davidson et al.; House, G. & V., attorneys; due $9,331.95; taxes, &c., $560; to Victor Koffman for $9,000.

By Samuel Marx.

Ludlow St, 16, e s, 48.8 ft n of Canal St, 19x87.6, five-story tenement and stores; also Clinton St, 180, e s, 143.11 ft n of Division St, 25x100, two and three-story brick theatre; also Lafayette St, 183, e s, 116.6 ft s of Broome St, 20.6x80.6x20.6x85.2, three-story brick building; Mollie Goldstein against P. P. Cappel et al.; Isidor Cohn, attorney; partition; 16 Ludlow St, to defendants for $13,700; 180 Clinton St, to the plaintiff for $13,500; 183 Lafayette St, to the plaintiff for $5,500.

By Henry Brady.

78th St, 436 to 440 East, s s, 194 ft w of Avenue A, 50x102.2, three three-story and basement dwellings; City Real Estate Co. against A. O. Schuster et al.; Harold Swain, attorney; due, $13,178.18; taxes, &c., $585; to the plaintiff for $13,500.

Parkside Place, w s, 240 ft n of 200th St, 50x90, vacant; City N. Y. against J. J. Duffy et al; W. P. Burr, attorney; due, $2,853.43; taxes, &c., $361.26; to the plaintiff for $900.

## THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

5th Av, 446; for a two-story garage, 19.6x46.6; J. W. T. Nichols, 11 Thomas St, owner; J. J. Diemer, 1 Madison Av., architect, cost, $4,000.

167th St, n w corner Grand View Place; four-story brick telephone exchange, 113.8x102.2; New York Telephone Co., 15 Dey St, owners; McKenzie, Voorheis & Gmelin, 1,122 Broadway, architect; cost, $391,000.

St. Lawrence Av, e w corner Randall Av; three 2½-story frame dwellings, 20x34.1 each; Philip Dietrich, Sound View Av, owner; Anton Pirner, 2,069 Westchester Av, architect; total cost, $12,000.

Walton Av, e s, 100 ft n of 176th St; one-story brick garage, 25x20; Geo. H. Read, 10 East 170th St, owner; J. A. O'Connor, 118 East 170th St, architect; cost, $5,000.

Beach Court, w s, 275 ft n of Lacombe Av; one-story frame dwelling, 21x16x25; Giovanni Pruschillo, 627 Leland Av, owner; M. W. Del Gaudio, 1,812 Gleason Av, architect; cost, $1,000.

**Alterations.**

Items under $3,000 omitted.

75th St, 4 East, fo a four-story dwelling; S. Mortimer, 6 East 72d St, owner; Carrere & Hastings, 53 Vanderbilt Av, architects; cost, $25,000.

Lexington Av., 172, to a four-story dwelling; M. E. Kimball, 204 East 58th st, owner; H. Wilkin, 204 East 58th St, architect; cost, $5,000.

23d St, 71 West, and 24th St, 46 to 54 West, to a 19-story offices, lodge rooms, &c.; Trustees of the Masonic Hall and Asylum Fund, premises, owner; H. F. Knowles, 32 Vanderbilt Av, architect; cost, $35,000.

Prospect Av, N, corner Westchester Av; two-story brick stores, 112x119; Henry T. Phillips, 148 West 72d St, owner; Irving Mayron, 355 East 149th St, architect; cost, $10,000.

## ASSIGNMENTS OF MORTGAGES.

**Manhattan.**

ACADEMY ST, 674, mtg. $12,500; Arthur P. Beckert to Isaac Schorsch, 28 West 97th St; attorney, Fred Rose, 35 Nassau St...$100

CATHEDRAL PARKWAY, 9-11, mtg $700; Public Square Realty Co to Abr. Shapiro, 361 Vernon Av, Brooklyn; attorney, S. S. Kogan, 302 Broadway.....$1

LUDLOW ST, 48, m

# REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

## Manhattan.

ACADEMY ST., 674, w s, 125 ft n of Broadway, 58x129.7x50.7x121.8; Arthur P. Beckert to Malex Realty Corp., 170 Broadway, mtg $37,000; all liens, April 30; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

SAME PROPERTY; Malex Realty Corp. to Jacob Reuttee, 30 Church St, mtg $50,000; April 30; attorney, same.

AMSTERDAM AV, 1,692, w s, 25 ft n of Ernest A. Adickes, on the premises, mtg $35,000; all liens, April 8; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

AUDUBON AV, n w corner of ....$100
100; Longdale Realty Corporation to Fern Realty Corporation, 145 Audubon Av; mtgs $165,600; attorney, Richard R. Schroeder, 54 Washington St, Brooklyn.

BLEECKER ST, 126, s s, 25 ft w of Hester St, 25x100; 125 Bleecker St, Inc., to Bleecker St, 130, s s, 100 ft e of West Broadway, 25x100; Bleecker St, 128, s s, 125 ft e of West Broadway, 25x 100; White St, s s, 100 ft w of Church St, 45.10x100.5; 1st av, s s, 77.6 ft s of 16th St, 94x51.8; irregular, 9th Av, 200, s s, 73.10 ft s of 23d St, 24.11x100; Alurion Realty Corp. to Listowel Realty Co., 27 Cedar St; attorneys, Morris & McVeigh, 32 Liberty St.

BROADWAY, 4966, s s, 33 ft s of 125th St, 32.6x irregular; to Shenk R. & C. Co., 118 West 120th St., mtg $22,500; all liens, May 1; attorneys, Morrison & Schiff, 320 Broadway.

BROADWAY, n e corner of 71st St, 110.5x105.5x irregular; George Noakes to Transit Realty Co., 140 Church St; mtg $632,000; all liens, April 26; attorneys, Stoddard & M., 32 Broadway.

1-ROADWAY, s e corner 181st St, 133.2x80.4x125x126.5; Julius Lyon and Aug. Kuhn to Adolph Lewisohn, 881 Fifth Av, mtg $130,000; all liens, May 1; attorneys, Simpson, Thacher & B., 60 Cedar St.

ESSEX ST, 116, e s, 16x80; Jacob Kerner to Morris P. and Louis Kerner, Elmhurst, L. I., mtg $10,000, April 30; attorneys, Koppelman & W., 144 Rivington St.

EXCHANGE PLACE, s w corner of Hanover St, 85.3x103.8 to n w of Beaver St x98.5 to the Dominion Properties Co. to Exchange Place, mtg $300,000, all liens, April 29; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway.

FRONT ST, 52, n s, 30.6x80; Ross W. Wells & Co. to Pitner-Atwood Co., 15 Whitehall St, mtg $25,500, 3 and a., April 30; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

INTERIOR LOT at centre line of block between 140th and 141th Sts and 250 ft w of Broadway, w s; John Brown to Lucania Realty Corporation, 1,060 West End Av; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway.

LEWIS ST, n s, 80 ft s of Rivington St, 20x50; Celia and Morris Stern to Fanny Shapiro, 66 Lewis St, mtg $5,000, all liens, May 1; attorney, same.

LISPENARD ST, 11, n s, 25x100; Alfred C. Coxe, Jr., et al., executors, to Harry M. Grigg, Mount Vernon, N. Y., mtg $18,000; attorneys, Middlebrook & B., 46 Cedar St.

MADISON AV, 1,631, s e corner of 109th St (54 East,) 25.6x80; Lina O. C. Prescott to Fannie Levy, 45 West 115th St, mtg $40,937.50, all liens, April 30; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

OLIVER ST, n e s, 278, map of A. Rutgers, F. Walsh, 10 East 130th St, and another, 26.2x100; William W. Barbour to Michael mtg $14,000, b. and s., April 28; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

SAME PROPERTY; Jos. H. Warren to same, mtg $14,000, quite claim, April 15; attorney, same.

ROOSEVELT ST, 57, w s, 20.7 ft n of ....$1
Chambers St, 18.1x22x irregular; Julia Mahoney and another to Pietro Palumbo, 58 Roosevelt St, mtg $2,000, 1 day; attorneys, Palmieri & W., 63 Park Row.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 116, 22x97; Charles E. and Julia K. Coffey to Alentour Realty Co., 27 William St, pt, ¼ part, mtg $18,750, s. t., b. and s., May 1; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

SAME PROPERTY; Charles E. Coffey, as Commissioner, to same, ¼ part, mtg $18,750, s. t., b. and s., May 1; attorney, same.

WILLETT ST, 5, w s, 27.1x100; David Kohler to Jacob Cutler, 218 Rodney St, Brooklyn, mtg $27,750, ½ part, all title; attorney, E. Bittner, 277 Broadway.

WOOSTER ST., 68, e s, 40.4x100; Wooster St, 64-66, e s, 41.8x100; Greene St, 67-68, w s, 100x100; Greene St. Realty Co. to Max W. Meyer and wife, 13 West 55th St, all liens, May 1; attorneys, Lachman & G., 35 Nassau St.

AV A, 1,420, e s, 25x80; Emma C. Orr to Lillie Myers, 719 5th Av, b. and s., all liens, May 1; attorney, William C. Orr, 31 Chambers St.

2d AV, 881, n w corner of 22d St, 24.4x64; Alice A. Reilly et al. exrs, to John Bensur, 160 Claremont Av, mtg $700, April 30; attorney, Ernest Schaefer, 111 Broadway.

2D AV, n w corner of 102d St, 25.4x78.10; Samuel Lawinson et al. to Samuel B. Rubin, 169 East 101st St, mtgs $22,500, all liens, April 26; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

3D AV, n w corner of 78th St, 25.8x100; Thomas L. Stahlmann to Emma Albert, 1,585 7th Av, mtg $24,000, all liens, April 30; attorneys, Norwood, A. & W., 52 East 44th St.

7TH AV, 2,465 and 2,467, e s, 118.11 ft s of 144th St, 85x100; Dorothy Liebman to Betty Halem, 2,645 7th Av, mtg $35,000, all liens, April 30; attorney, Samuel Kahan, 63 Park Row.

7TH AV, w corner of 115th St, 100.11x70; 1,800 7th Avenue Corporation to Whitty Realty Syndicate, 346 Broadway, mtg $170,000, all liens, May 1; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

8TH AV, 2,457, w s, 309.3 ft s of 153d St, 25.2x100; 561 D. Silverstein et al. to Isaac J. Silverstein, 2d West 72d St, all title b. and s., all liens, May 1; attorney, Joseph Rosenzweig, 99 Nassau St.

8TH AV, 2,447, w s, 256.7 ft n of 150th St, 26.5x20, foreclosure April 3, 1919; Phoenix Savings Bank, 656 5th Av; to May 1; attorney, W. M. Powell, 7 Wall St.

9TH AV, 2,449, w s, 283 ft n of 130th St, 25.8x120, foreclosure April 30, 1919; Phoenix Savings Bank, 656 5th Av; to May 1; attorney, same.

10TH AV, n e corner of 55th St, 100.5x100; William A. Chanler to Winwilla Realty Corp., 32 Liberty St, mtg $40,000, all liens, April 4; attorneys, Morris & McVeigh, 32 Liberty St.

11TH ST, 533-35 East, 2 lots, each 25x90.10; same to Adolph and Elizabeth Kuhn, 225 Union Av, Belleville, N. J., as tenants by the entirety, April 28; attorney, same.

6TH ST, 529 East, n s, 400 ft e of 1st Av, 25x90.10; James R. Roosevelt et al., executors of the will of William Astor, to Frank Gens, Henry C. Drayton et al., to Frank Gens, 230 Grand St, April 24; attorney, M. A. Rabinowitch, 230 Grand St.

8TH ST, 531 East, n s, 25x90.10; same to Herbert Winderlich, 102 Av A, et al., all liens, April 28; attorney, Isidor Frey, 49 Wall St.

16TH ST, 314 East, s s, 14x78; Madeline A. Lasaar to Bertha M. Carnesale, 350 East 18th St, mtg $10,500, all liens, May 1; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

19TH ST, 428-430 West, s s, 400 ft e of 10th Av, 50x92; Fred Pierson to 428 West 19th Street Corporation, 60 Broadway, all liens, April 30; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway.

35TH ST, s s, 141.10 ft e of Madison Av, 26.8x98.9; Henry W. De Forest to Gordon Woodbury, 24 East 35th St, mtg $36,000, 3 and a., c. a. g., all liens, April 30; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

36TH ST, s s, 200 ft w of 2d Av, 50x98.9; Mary J. and Jos. P. Ryan to Blanche B. Newkirk, 18 East 71st St, mtg $12,000, all liens; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

37TH ST, s s, 250 ft e of 3d Av, 50x98.9; Bottlers' and Manufacturers' Collecting and Distributing Co. to Peter C. Lee, 254 St, $55,000, all liens, April 8; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

AUDUBON AV, n w corner of 173d St, 100x100; Longdale Realty Corporation to Fern Realty Corporation, 145 Audubon Av; mtgs $165,600; attorney, Richard R. Schroeder, 54 Washington St, Brooklyn.

BLEECKER ST, 126, s s, 25 ft w of Hester St, 25x100; 125 Bleecker St, 130, s s, 100 ft e of West Broadway, 25x100; Bleecker St, 128, s s, 125 ft e of West Broadway, 25x 100; White St, s s, 100 ft w of Church St, 45.10x100.5; 1st av, s s, 77.6 ft s of 16th St, 94x51.8; irregular, 9th Av, 200, s s, 73.10 ft s of 23d St, 24.11x100; Alurion Realty Corp. to Listowel Realty Co., 27 Cedar St; attorneys, Morris & McVeigh, 32 Liberty St.

BROADWAY, s e corner of 125th St, 32.6x75; J. M. Richard Co. to Shenk R. & C. Co., 118 West 120th St., mtg $22,500, all liens, May 1; attorneys, Morrison & Schiff, 320 Broadway.

BROADWAY, s e corner of 71st St, 110.5x105.5x irregular; George Noakes to Transit Realty Co., 140 Church St, mtg $632,000, all liens, April 26; attorneys, Stoddard & M., 32 Broadway.

1-ROADWAY, s e corner 181st St, 133.2x80.4x125x126.5; Julius Lyon and Aug. Kuhn to Adolph Lewisohn, 881 Fifth Av, mtg $130,000; all liens, May 1; attorneys, Simpson, Thacher & B., 60 Cedar St.

ESSEX ST, 116, e s, 16x80; Jacob Kerner to Morris P. and Louis Kerner, Elmhurst, L. I., mtg $10,000, April 30; attorneys, Koppelman & W., 144 Rivington St.

EXCHANGE PLACE, s w corner of Hanover St, 85.3x103.8 to n w of Beaver St x98.5 to the Dominion Properties Co. to Exchange Place, mtg $300,000, all liens, April 29; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway.

FRONT ST, 52, n s, 30.6x80; Ross W. Wells & Co. to Pitner-Atwood Co., 15 Whitehall St, mtg $25,500, 3 and a., April 30; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

INTERIOR LOT at centre line of block between 140th and 141th Sts and 250 ft w of Broadway, w s; John Brown to Lucania Realty Corporation, 1,060 West End Av; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway.

LEWIS ST, n s, 80 ft s of Rivington St, 20x50; Celia and Morris Stern to Fanny Shapiro, 66 Lewis St, mtg $5,000, all liens, May 1; attorney, same.

LISPENARD ST, 11, n s, 25x100; Alfred C. Coxe, Jr., et al., executors, to Harry M. Grigg, Mount Vernon, N. Y., mtg $18,000; attorneys, Middlebrook & B., 46 Cedar St.

MADISON AV, 1,631, s e corner of 109th St (54 East,) 25.6x80; Lina O. C. Prescott to Fannie Levy, 45 West 115th St, mtg $40,937.50, all liens, April 30; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

OLIVER ST, n e s, 278, map of A. Rutgers, F. Walsh, 10 East 130th St, and another, 26.2x100; William W. Barbour to Michael mtg $14,000, b. and s., April 28; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

SAME PROPERTY; Jos. H. Warren to same, mtg $14,000, quite claim, April 15; attorney, same.

ROOSEVELT ST, 57, w s, 20.7 ft n of ....$1
Chambers St, 18.1x22x irregular; Julia Mahoney and another to Pietro Palumbo, 58 Roosevelt St, mtg $2,000, 1 day; attorneys, Palmieri & W., 63 Park Row.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 116, 22x97; Charles E. and Julia K. Coffey to Alentour Realty Co., 27 William St, pt, ¼ part, mtg $18,750, s. t., b. and s., May 1; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

SAME PROPERTY; Charles E. Coffey, as Commissioner, to same, ¼ part, mtg $18,750, s. t., b. and s., May 1; attorney, same.

WILLETT ST, 5, w s, 27.1x100; David Kohler to Jacob Cutler, 218 Rodney St, Brooklyn, mtg $27,750, ½ part, all title; attorney, E. Bittner, 277 Broadway.

WOOSTER ST., 68, e s, 40.4x100; Wooster St, 64-66, e s, 41.8x100; Greene St, 67-68, w s, 100x100; Greene St. Realty Co. to Max W. Meyer and wife, 13 West 55th St, all liens, May 1; attorneys, Lachman & G., 35 Nassau St.

AV A, 1,420, e s, 25x80; Emma C. Orr to Lillie Myers, 719 5th Av, b. and s., all liens, May 1; attorney, William C. Orr, 31 Chambers St.

2d AV, 881, n w corner of 22d St, 24.4x64; Alice A. Reilly et al. exrs, to John Bensur, 160 Claremont Av, mtg $700, April 30; attorney, Ernest Schaefer, 111 Broadway.

2D AV, n w corner of 102d St, 25.4x78.10; Samuel Lawinson et al. to Samuel B. Rubin, 169 East 101st St, mtgs $22,500, all liens, April 26; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

3D AV, n w corner of 78th St, 25.8x100; Thomas L. Stahlmann to Emma Albert, 1,585 7th Av, mtg $24,000, all liens, April 30; attorneys, Norwood, A. & W., 52 East 44th St.

7TH AV, 2,465 and 2,467, e s, 118.11 ft s of 144th St, 85x100; Dorothy Liebman to Betty Halem, 2,645 7th Av, mtg $35,000, all liens, April 30; attorney, Samuel Kahan, 63 Park Row.

7TH AV, w corner of 115th St, 100.11x70; 1,800 7th Avenue Corporation to Whitty Realty Syndicate, 346 Broadway, mtg $170,000, all liens, May 1; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

8TH AV, 2,457, w s, 309.3 ft s of 153d St, 25.2x100; 561 D. Silverstein et al. to Isaac J. Silverstein, 2d West 72d St, all title b. and s., all liens, May 1; attorney, Joseph Rosenzweig, 99 Nassau St.

8TH AV, 2,447, w s, 256.7 ft n of 150th St, 26.5x20, foreclosure April 3, 1919; Phoenix Savings Bank, 656 5th Av; to May 1; attorney, W. M. Powell, 7 Wall St.

9TH AV, 2,449, w s, 283 ft n of 130th St, 25.8x120, foreclosure April 30, 1919; Phoenix Savings Bank, 656 5th Av; to May 1; attorney, same.

10TH AV, n e corner of 55th St, 100.5x100; William A. Chanler to Winwilla Realty Corp., 32 Liberty St, mtg $40,000, all liens, April 4; attorneys, Morris & McVeigh, 32 Liberty St.

11TH ST, 533-35 East, 2 lots, each 25x90.10; same to Adolph and Elizabeth Kuhn, 225 Union Av, Belleville, N. J., as tenants by the entirety, April 28; attorney, same.

6TH ST, 529 East, n s, 400 ft e of 1st Av, 25x90.10; James R. Roosevelt et al., executors of the will of William Astor, to Frank Gens, Henry C. Drayton et al., to Frank Gens, 230 Grand St, April 24; attorney, M. A. Rabinowitch, 230 Grand St.

8TH ST, 531 East, n s, 25x90.10; same to Herbert Winderlich, 102 Av A, et al., all liens, April 28; attorney, Isidor Frey, 49 Wall St.

16TH ST, 314 East, s s, 14x78; Madeline A. Lasaar to Bertha M. Carnesale, 350 East 18th St, mtg $10,500, all liens, May 1; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

19TH ST, 428-430 West, s s, 400 ft e of 10th Av, 50x92; Fred Pierson to 428 West 19th Street Corporation, 60 Broadway, all liens, April 30; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway.

35TH ST, s s, 141.10 ft e of Madison Av, 26.8x98.9; Henry W. De Forest to Gordon Woodbury, 24 East 35th St, mtg $36,000, 3 and a., c. a. g., all liens, April 30; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

36TH ST, s s, 200 ft w of 2d Av, 50x98.9; Mary J. and Jos. P. Ryan to Blanche B. Newkirk, 18 East 71st St, mtg $12,000, all liens; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

37TH ST, s s, 250 ft e of 3d Av, 50x98.9; Bottlers' and Manufacturers' Collecting and Distributing Co. to Peter C. Lee, 254 St, $55,000, all liens, April 8; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

42D ST, 123-5 East, s s, 75x102.2; David Dons & Co. to Charles M. Brooks, 114 East 55th St, b. & s., mtg $200,000, all liens, April 28; attorney, Lawyers' Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.

84TH ST, 306 East, s s, 16.8x102.2; Sethena Mayer and another to Concourse Estates Corp., 135 Broadway, mtg $2,000, May 1; attorneys, Eisman, L. C. & L., 135 Broadway.

SAME PROPERTY; Concourse Estates Corp. to Harris Mandelbaum, 13 West 87th St., and another, b. and s., c. a. g.; attorneys, same.

85TH ST, s s, 125 ft e of 1st Av, 17.10x102.2; Ferdinand Siegbardt; to Celestine Mollinger, 214 East 58th St, mtg $3,000, April 30; attorney, Howard C. Kelly, 36 Park Row.

87TH ST, 116 West, s s, 17.4x100.8; George Raymond to John F. Galvin, 840 Riverside Drive, mtg $12,000, all liens, April 30; attorney, Lawyers' Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.

97TH ST, n s, 23 ft w of West Park Av, 25x100.11; Lincoln Trust Co, executor, &c., to Bene Berkin, 1,494 Brook Av, Bronx, mtg $14,000, all liens, May 1; attorneys, Strasbourger & L., 512 Brook Av.

CLINTON AV, e s, 132 ft n of 181st St, 66x irregular; Emma C. Orr to Regina Stutnik Corp. to Harris Mandelbaum, 13 West 87th St, and another, b. and s., c. a. g.; attorneys, same.

80TH ST, s s, 125 ft e of 1st Av, 17.4x100.8; George Raymond to John F. Galvin, 840 Riverside Drive, mtg $12,000, all liens, April 30; attorney, Lawyers' Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.

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ELTON AV, n w s, 115.3 ft s of 162d St, runs w 74.2 n 15x w 52.1x s 60x e 83.1x e 15.5 to avenue x x s 15 to beginning; Charles T. Streeter Construction Co. to Malon Sullivan Realty Co., 841 Broadway, mtg $85,000, May 1; attorneys, Beardsley, H. & T., 84 Wall St.

FOREST AV, 861, w s, 36.3x100; Rich Trading Co. to Beckie King et al., 540 West 143d St, mtg $8,400, April 30; attorney, Leo Feiman, 302 Broadway.

FORDHAM ROAD, s e corner of Elm Place, 159.4x115.6x144.7x37.6; Blanche B. Newkirk, Inc., to Fordelm Realty Co., 158 East 30th St, mtg $85,000, May 1; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

FORDHAM ROAD, s e corner Croton Aqueduct, runs s 88.11 ft, w 77.3 ft to Aqueduct ..agner to Realty Managers, Inc., 200 Broadway, mtg $65,000, April 29; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

GARRISON AV, 1,002, s e corner, 70.2ft, 6ix 62x45.2x irregular; Golda Botoshansky to Morris Shachow, 986 Av St John, et al, mtg $38,000, April 30; attorney, A. Gross, 261 Broadway.

GLEASON AV, 1,807, Lot 159, as amended map of Gleason property; Bernardena F. E. Hake to Sadie C. Sutler, 436 East 136th St, mtg $3,000, May 1; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

HOE AV, 1,465, Lot 418, map of Section A, Vyse Estate; Bridget Donnelly to Jacob Felcher, 1,275 Stebbins Av, mtg $7,000, April 4; attorney, Jacob Felsher, 1,275 Stebbins Av.

HOE AV, 1,492, e s, 25x100; Clara W. Verga to Harry Karnbluth, 1,491 Daly Av, mtg $4,000, May 1; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

JEFFERSON ST, n w s, 125 ft n of Samuel St, 75x195, except part for avenue; Fanny Lomas to Thomas D. Kreuter, 1,882 Grand Boulevard, June 14, 1916; attorney, George S. Woolley, 216 East 179th St.

SAME PROPERTY; Thomas D. Kreuter to George S. Woolley, 216 East 179th St, April 29; attorney, same.

KELLY ST, 851, w s, 33.4x100; Annie Dubrin to Joseph Polak, 1,376 1st Av, mtg $14,125, May 1; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

LONGFELLOW AV, 1,447, w s, 25x100; Margaret S. Nilsson, 560 East 236d St, to Harry L. Smith, 1,447 Longfellow Av, April 30; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

LONGFELLOW AV, s e corner of 173d St, 50x100; Systell Holding Co. to Samuel Abramowitz, 1128 St, mtg $37,000, May 1; attorney, Harry Staekel, 200 Broadway.

LOT 47, map of N. Y. Cath Protectory; John T. Dooling to Annie Rufer, 1,946 Benedict Av, mtg $5,000, April 29; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

AV, April 21; attorneys, Breen, A. & M., 32 Liberty St.

SAME PROPERTY; Augusta Musterer to Harry H. and Florence E. Abbott, 129; East 70th St, tenants by entirety, April 29; attorneys, same.

82D ST, 123-5 East, s s, 75x102.2; David Dons & Co. to Charles M. Brooks, 114 East 55th St, b. & s., mtg $200,000, all liens, April 28; attorney, Lawyers' Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.

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## Bronx.

AMUNDSON AV, e s, 300 ft s of Jefferson Av, 37.6x100; Per A. Nelson to Alma M. Nelson, his wife, 2,114 Daly Av, May 1; attorney, E. J. Crandall, 103 Park Av.

AVENUE ST. JOHN, n w corner of Fox St, 50x100; Terminal Manufacturing to Ida Fernsbach, 51 East 97th St, mtg $42,000, April 30; attorney, Max Monfried, 299 Broadway.

BEEKMAN AV, 856-900, e s, 50x96.9x46.9x 95.1; Francis M. Scarlett to Dora Barsky, Barsky & L., 912 Brook Av.

BROOK AV, 1,251-1,253, w s, 56.11x s 0.2x w 38x n 41.4x e 90 to avenue x s 41.9 to irregular; Annie Bernstein to Ida Bernson, 1,645 Forest Av, mtg $34,500, May 1; attorney, Louis Rosenberg, 116 Nassau St.

CLINTON AV, e s, 132 ft n of 181st St, 66x150; Mark Building Co. to Regina Stutnik and another, 879 Elsmere Place, mtg $5,700, May 1; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.

CONCORD AV, e s, 19.8x100; James C. Green to Sarah Rankin, 1,999 Trinity Av, mtg $6,000, May 1; attorney, Lawyers, Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.

DECATUR AV, 3/323, w s, 25x100; George Gikkas to J. C. Ruggier, 423 East 118th St, May 1; attorney, N. Zilver, 2,703 Decatur Av.

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BEEKMAN

## APARTMENTS TO LET.

### Unfurnished—West Side.

**118TH**, 152 WEST.—Very fine third floor four rooms; parquet floors; all conveniences.

**125TH**, 560 WEST.—Seven-room apartment to let; fireproof building; immediate possession. Diehl.

**150TH**, 707 WEST.—Five rooms and bath, first floor, $50; second floor, $55; very desirable apartments; all modern improvements.

**150TH**, 716 WEST.—Five rooms and bath; $60; beautiful apartments; all modern improvements.

**151ST ST.**, WEST.—5-6 rooms, 260 up; elevator; unobstructed view. Telephone 9238 St. Nicholas.

AMSTERDAM AV., 2,386, (179th.)—Elevator apartment; refined section; excellent service; 6 elegant front rooms; $66; immediate possession.

BROADWAY, 3,657.—Six beautiful rooms, foyer, two baths; view of Hudson; immediate possession. Apt. 9B.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 333, (Corner 93d St.)—The Turin, highest type apartment building; 6, 7, 8, 9 rooms and 2 and 3 baths; rent $1,800 to $2,700. Apply owner, on premises. Telephone Riverside 3521.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 294.—To sublet, 8-room apartment, overlooking park, furnished or unfurnished, year and half lease, responsible people. Apply Superintendent. Riverside 8843.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 478.—7 rooms, corner apartment; suitable doctor; $125 monthly.

EDGECOMBE AV., 291, Near 145th St.—Six rooms, elevator apartment, unfurnished, $75.

MORNINGSIDE AV., 40, (Corner 118th.)—Five extra large, light rooms; $75-$85. Coleman.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 414.

High-class apartments, two rooms and bath; (new building;) rent moderate. Apply on premises or Leopold Weiss, 2,517 7th Av. Phone Audubon 4017.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 448, Just North of 116th St.—10 large rooms, 4 baths; immediate possession; $3,600; high class; references required. Hillenbrand, 1,050 Amsterdam Av.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 528, (opposite Grant's Tomb.)—4, 5, 6, 7 rooms, every modern improvement; $70 to $100. Apply premises.

TIEBOUT AV., 2307, (Near 183d St.)—High-class, modern, sunny apartments; steam heat, electric light, hot water, telephone, &c.; 4 rooms $45; 3 rooms $38.

WASHINGTON SQUARE.—Two rooms and bath, new fireproof house; elevator and hall service; $80; business and social references required. See Supt. on premises, Van Voorst Apartments, 123 Waverly Place.

WEST END AV., 924.—Eight rooms and three baths; possession May 1 to Oct. 1, with privilege of three years' renewal; references absolutely essential. Academy 2940, extension 31.

## APARTMENTS WANTED.

### Furnished.

Responsible party, 3 adults, wants furnished apartment below 80th, 7-9 rooms, 3 baths, to October. $150-$175 month. Phone Clark Realty, Vanderbilt 1450.

## FURNISHED ROOMS.

### East Side.

**21ST**, 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Front hall room; references.

**50TH**, 163 Lexington Av.)—Rooms, sunny; telephone, elevator; well furnished; excellent service; $10 weekly up; including elegant meals, $16 weekly; front rooms, with running water, $18 weekly; with bath, $23 weekly; refined women. Hotel Rutledge.

**45TH**, 16 EAST.—Handsome rooms, private bath; also room with piano; references.

**50TH**, 228 EAST. — Small room; private house; gentleman; references. Call until 3:30.

72D, 243 EAST.—Large parlor room, suitable for studio; kitchenette, bath; private house. Telephone 4218.

LEXINGTON AV., 159, (30th St.)—Attractively furnished large room and bath; gentleman only. Call 3 to 6 P. M.

LEXINGTON AV., 791, (bet. 61st and 62d sts.)—large room, own bath; private house.

MADISON AV., 785, (67th.)—Beautiful back parlor, private bath, newly decorated, electricity; large front rooms; running water; gentlemen.

MADISON AV., 768, (66th.)—Beautiful, large room; all improvements. Hoban, 8,518 Plaza.

MADISON AV., 529.—To sublet, elegantly furnished room; private bath; telephone.

### West Side.

**12TH** ST., 146 WEST.—Nicely furnished room for gentleman; reference.

**81ST**, (near 5th Av.)—Comfortable furnished third-floor hall room, near bath, private house, $10 per week; bachelor only; permanent. Tel. 239 Circle.

52D, 224 WEST.—Newly furnished large front room; desirable tenants required. Apply.

52D, 61 WEST.—Large room, second floor; private bath; $12.

62D, 113 WEST.—Private home, large room, private hall, 2d floor, $20 for two; large room, adjoining bath, 3d floor, $16.

**64TH** ST., 149 WEST.—Parlor floor, attractively furnished; large bedrooms, sitting room, private bathroom; telephone, electricity; select house.

**65TH** ST., 142 WEST.—Parlor, alcove; twin beds; also housekeeping room.

**68TH**, 16 WEST. — Attractive, large room; bath; small room; for exclusive people.

**70TH** ST., 20 WEST.—Newly decorated rooms; also electricity.

**70TH** ST., 255 WEST.—Handsomely furnished front room, bath, Sohmer piano, exclusive library; suitable 2 gentlemen. Telephone Columbus 3795.

**71ST**, 62 WEST. — VERY BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED LARGE ROOMS; PRIVATE BATH, LAVATORY, SHOWER, ELECTRICITY; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; COMPLETE HOUSEKEEPING; WEEKLY OR MONTHLY.

**71ST**, 126 WEST. — Large, attractive room; all conveniences; electricity.

**71ST**, 29 WEST, (Near Park.)—Newly furnished large, small rooms; electricity; $10-$15.

72D, (Central Park West.)—Large room, tile bath, parquet floor; gentleman; reasonable; phone before 11 A. M. Columbus 1242.

**73D ST.**, WEST.—Very attractive double room, with bath, $20 a week; two connecting rooms, with running water, near bath; single room, near bath, $8 a week; newly furnished private residence; complete service; quiet location; electric light, elevator. Phone Columbus 658.

73D, 242 WEST.—Large and small rooms, bathroom floor; references.

**73D**, 110 WEST. — LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOM, ADJOINING BATH; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; REASONABLE.

**74TH**, 33 WEST.—ENTIRE SECOND FLOOR, PRIVATE BATH; ALSO ONE LARGE ROOM; PERFECTLY APPOINTED HOME; BREAKFAST.

**74TH**, 327 WEST.—Large room, handsomely furnished, with or without kitchenette privileges.

**76TH**, 149 WEST.—Newly furnished residence, large rooms, private bath, electricity; $10-$15.

**76TH**, 55 WEST.—Elegant parlor, bath; electricity; telephone; refined residence; gentlemen only; $15.

**76TH**, 180 WEST.—Room, private bath; electricity; parquet floor; private house; reference.

**76TH**, 111 WEST.—Large, well-furnished room, running water; gentlemen.

**76TH**, 104 WEST.—Attractive, large, cheerful rooms, with, without private bath; electricity; refined.

**77TH**, 102 WEST.—Small, comfortable room, adjoining bath; electricity; phone.

**77TH**, 168 WEST.—Attractive suite, private bath; electricity, telephone, maid service; gentlemen.

**77TH** ST., 170 WEST.—Clean room, southern exposure, running water near bath, electricity; references.

**78TH**, 112 WEST. — Cheerful, medium-size room, private house. Tel. Schuyler 4039.

**78TH**, 149 WEST.—Very desirable front basement room, $7 weekly; business people.

**79TH** ST., 216 WEST.—Near Broadway, large front room, running water, bath same floor.

**79TH** ST., 177 WEST.—Room or suite, one or two; phone, private. Schultz.

**81ST**, 29 WEST, (Facing Parks.)—Exceptional, large, elegant room; private bath; 4 windows on porch; modern; private house.

82D, WEST.—Room, select apartment, private family; conveniences. Phone Schuyler 6588.

83D, WEST, (Riverside.)—Exceptional living, 2 bed rooms; elevator apartment. Schuyler 1988.

**84TH** ST., 301 WEST.—Beautifully furnished large double room; gentlemen willing to share large room.

**84TH** ST., 45 WEST.—Nice front room, with lavatory, bath adjoining.

**85TH**, 164 WEST.—Attractive large room, bath adjoining; board optional; references exchanged.

**86TH**, 174 WEST.—Beautiful room with bath; reasonable.

**86TH**, 341 WEST.—Elegant large front room; bath, electricity; suitable for two gentlemen; reference.

**87TH**, 108 WEST.—Beautiful front room, private bath, electricity; also single; conveniences; references.

**87TH** ST., (near Riverside Drive.)—Large front parlor bedroom, private dressing room, electricity, telephone. Schuyler 1321.

**87TH** ST., WEST.—Attractive, large, two-room suite, southern exposure, private bath, elevator apartment; strictly private family. Schuyler 1426.

## FURNISHED ROOMS.

### West Side.

**89TH**, 55 WEST.—High-class room, single or double; all modern conveniences; private.

**89TH**, 320 WEST.—Large, cheerful back parlor, bath; kitchenette privilege; electricity.

**90TH**, 34 WEST.—Large, well-furnished rooms, running water, electricity; reasonable; board optional; references.

92D, 214 WEST.—Room, bath adjoining; refined private home; gentlemen; reference. Apt. 2D.

93D ST., 305 WEST.—Single room, adjoining bath, in high class house.

93D, 254 WEST.—Double room, newly renovated; private bath; references. Riverside 9170.

95D, 115 WEST.—Large south front room, alcove, running water; also medium room, running water, second floor.

97TH, 64 WEST.—Large front parlor, adjoining bedroom; running water; $9.

99TH AND BROADWAY.—Front, running wafer; no other roomers; $10 weekly. E 394 Times.

105TH ST., 229 WEST.—Charming outside room adjoining bath; call before 3. Morton.

107TH, 260 WEST.—Beautiful, large room, well furnished, hot water, near Broadway; gentleman.

107TH, 222 WEST, (Overlooking Riverside.) —Cool, spacious, double, single rooms, $6-$12.

109TH, 229 WEST, (Apt. 92.)—In high-class elevator apartment, outside room, near Broadway and 110th St. subway; no other roomers; gentleman. Call between 12 and 5 Saturday.

111TH ST., 130 WEST.—Pleasant room, one or two gentlemen, in private family.

113TH, 544 WEST.—Large front room, with dressing room; suitable couple; private house.

113TH, 526 WEST.—Three comfortable rooms, suitable couple, two gentlemen. Apt. 24.

**115TH** ST., 400 WEST.—Large, sunny, front room, facing Morningside Drive. Apt. 5.

**115TH**, 419 WEST.—Attractive room, elevator; gentlemen preferred. Apt. 3B.

**115TH** ST., 401 WEST.—Connecting rooms, piano, use kitchen, overlooking Morningside Park. Apt. 34.

**118TH**, 480 WEST.—Comfortable, large, front room; handsomely furnished. Apt. 21.

**118TH**, 425 WEST.—Attractive, light, comfortable room; all conveniences; Columbia. Apt. 6B.

**120TH**, 408 WEST.—Large, sunny room, elevator, references required. Telephone 6229 Morning. Crantson.

**126TH**, 618 WEST. — American family; no other roomers; $4. Apt. 18.

**130TH**, 619 WEST.—Room, suitable one, two gentlemen. Ross, Apartment 18.

**141ST**, (3,456 Broadway.)—Immaculate outside room, elevator apartment; gentleman. Gancel, 12A.

**145TH**, (3,544 Broadway.) — Large outside sunny room; modern conveniences; elevator; gentleman. Mayer.

**148TH**, 601 WEST, (corner Broadway.) — Apartment 7E; two bedrooms, beautifully furnished; view of Broadway; telephone, elevator; singly or en suite; $7.50 weekly, each.

**152D ST.**, 511 WEST.—Large front room, with kitchenette, suitable for one or two gentlemen of refinement or young couple; private house.

**156TH ST.**, WEST.—Single room, modern; elevator. Seen appointment, Audubon 4475, Apartment 41.

178TH, 752 WEST.—Two attractive, sunny, front rooms, suitable for one or two gentlemen; after 8 P. M. Kirstein.

CLAREMONT AV., 195, (127th St.)—Two private rooms, well furnished; suitable for couple or two gentlemen, reasonable; restaurant.

CLAREMONT AV., 130, (122d St.)—Beautiful, sunny rooms; light housekeeping. Apt 53.

EXCEPTIONAL, comfortable, large front room, bath; ground floor; private apartment. Riverside 3875.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 222, (94th St.)—Handsomely furnished corner suite, overlooking Hudson; also room, private bath. Riverside 9881, Apt. 53.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 549, (127th St.)—Attractive front room, overlooking Hudson; another large room; housekeeping; references; after 11, 4B.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 92, (81st.)—Large front room, top floor, in refined modern house; just opened; newly furnished.

SHERMAN AV., 79.—Comfortable room, neatly furnished, double bed; near Dyckman subway station; rent reasonable. Apt. 2A.

SOMETHING choice; lavatory in room, bath adjoining; strictly private; references; $10 week; gentleman only. Telephone 6231 Cathedral.

WEST END AV.—Lovely, light room; private apartment; reasonable; refined, quiet. Schuyler 8283.

WEST END AV., 940.—With refined home, will rent large room elegantly furnished, private bath; gentlemen. Apt. 2A.

WEST END AV., 700.—Non-housekeeping suite, first floor, 5 windows, fine piano, immediate possession, shower. 96 St. subway.

WEST END AV., 896.—Large front, private bath, $12 weekly. Phone 2607 Academy.

WEST END AV., 790.—Large, small rooms; private baths; electricity; bachelors.

WEST END AV., 613.—Large front room; private bath; telephone.

WEST END AV., 613.—Beautiful furnished room, with bath; first floor.

## BOARDERS WANTED.

### East Side.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, 163 Lexington Av., (50th St.)—For refined women. Why not live at a hotel if you can do as lower cost than boarding or keeping house? Outside rooms, telephone, elevator, complete service, homelike; including meals, $16 weekly up.

### West Side.

72D, 267 WEST.—Desirable double room, single room; table guests accommodated.

73D, 154 WEST.—Attractive room, private bath; electricity; smaller room; references.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (wide, parked street.) —Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tearoom and lounge; steam heat; booklet.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—Attractive, modern; steam heat; references; table guests; booklet.

82D, 29 WEST.—Large room, well furnished; electricity, use steam heat, back parlor dining room; excellent table; references.

85TH, 130 WEST.—Medium-size room, all conveniences; excellent board; references.

86TH, 164 WEST.—Large rooms, single, suite; bath adjoining; excellent meals; references.

92D, 60 WEST.—Two-room suite with private bath and meals for two persons; $36 weekly; exceptional board.

93D, 21 WEST.—Front rooms; L; excellent cuisine; permanent guests desired.

94TH ST., 38 WEST.—Table boarders accommodated; exceptional meals; excellent service.

104TH, 320 WEST, (near Riverside Drive.)—Attractive room; private, refined house; electricity.

106TH, 314 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; private residence, service; surroundings unusual.

120TH ST., 116 WEST.—Double room with private bath; excellent Jewish table. Brody, Morningside 2123.

152D, 502 WEST.—Private family; desirable large room, adjoining bath; select accommodations.

CONVENT AV., 414, (Near 148th St.)—Three large rooms; American family.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Ocean Traffic Passing Windows.
Charming Family House of High Standard
20 Min. Delightful Sail Downtown N. Y.
50 Lovely Rooms. Excellent Chef & Service.
Parlors, Porches, Lawns, Comforts.
Weekly, $17 Up Per Adult, with Meals.
Ten Years Under One Management.
71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

WEST END AV., 301, (74th.)—Large double rooms, private baths, meals; one flight; singles; facing park; electricity; all conveniences.

## BOARD WANTED.

Southern lady desires single room, two meals, refined boarding house. A 378 Times.

## COUNTRY BOARD.

### New Jersey.

Mountain House, Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.; city comforts; country sports; private baths; 45 minutes from 42d St.; $12 up. Cap. 150. Booklet. Phone 1165 W. Plains.

Resthaven—Care of invalids and elderly; beautiful location. 504 North Broadway, Yonkers; $12 up. Phone Yonkers 1964.

Maple Hill Health Resort, Madison, N. J. Specialists nervous and rheumatic diseases; booklet.

### Connecticut.

Beautiful rooms, single or en suite; weekend; permanent; tennis court, near bathing beach; excellent board, 50 minutes Grand Central, New York; reference. Mrs. I. M. Stebbins, Tower House, Round Beach, Conn.

Exclusive, modern equipped farmhouse in the Berkshires; Southern home cooking; fishing, hunting; rate $15. M. H. R., Chapinville, Conn.

### Country Board Wanted.

Refined couple, little girl, (Hebrews,) desire two rooms; board; protracted stay, with highly refined family; preferably no other boarders; commuting distance; particulars. P 349 Times.

Lady and child want board in country within commuting distance; also care for child during day; must be good home. B 823 Times Annex.

## COUNTRY BOARD.

### Westchester County.

Will accomodate a few paying guests in a modern, private home, in the Rye section of Westchester Hills, along the Sound, adjacent to golf course, with tennis; directly on property is a hand ball and squash court, shower baths, dressing room, gymnasium; few minutes ride from bathing beach at Rye, fine train service, forty minutes out; automobile for use of guests on occasions; garage; only those reply who can and will pay for exceptional privileges. F 324 Times.

### Staten Island.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Facing Bay, 20 Min. Sail Downtown.
Lovely, Furnished. Excellent Chef & Service.
Parlors, Porches, Lawns, Comforts.
$17 up; Eleventh Season; Capacity 75.
71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

### Long Island.

Freeport couple, alone; large grounds, luxurious home; garage; French cuisine, desire couple or 2 gentlemen. "Exceptional," Y 78 Times Annex.

### New York State.

Teacher with large Catskill residence will take limited number of girls for Summer; every advantage; best references; terms moderate. H, 3,201 Broadway.

## SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

ACCOUNTANT, executive, 29 years of age; managed and directed large enterprise; thoroughly familiar with all modern angles of commerce; ten years' practical experience; accomplished big things. "Reliable," 10a Times.

BOOK CLERK, young lady, educated, neat, desires position, doctor's office. C 965 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, five years' experience; salary $20; desirable position preferred. E 688 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, executive ability, with commercial experience; first class references. X. Y., 1,418 5th Av.

COLLEGE STUDENT wishes out-of-town position for Summer, clerical work. Write E. S. P., 155 82d St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

GOVERNESS, experienced, English, seeks position in October; all English subjects, French, German, elementary Latin; age of children preferred, 8 to 11; excellent testimonials; salary $600 and passage. Apply first to Gerald F. Stewart, Trinity House, Watertown, N. Y.

MASSAGE, licensed graduate; facial, scalp treatment. Florence Russell, 565 Broad St., one block Hudson tubes. Tel. Market 2543. Newark, N. J.

MASSEUSE, licensed; can take additional patients; references. Brook, 211 West 88th. Riverside 3329.

MASSEUSE, licensed, desires patients; late methods. La Rue, 17 South St., Newark, N.J.

NURSE.—Lady wishes to recommend excellent trained nurse seeking summer engagement; would take entire charge of adult or child (not infant). Write Trained Nurse, 7 East 86th St., or telephone mornings, 456 Lenox.

NURSE, trained in mental and physical cases; willing and obliging; best references. Post Office Box 83, Goshen, N. Y.

NURSE, experienced, wishes care patient for Summer. W. Y., 827 Pleasant St., East Weymouth, Mass.

OFFICE MANAGER OR SECRETARY, 10 years' business experience; not a stenographer but touch typist, capable of handling correspondence; executive ability; A1 reference. A. H., 605 Arbuckle Bldg., Brooklyn.

PRIVATE SECRETARY, lady, expert verbatim stenographer, cultured, well-educated, formerly high school teacher, desires position beginning in June with professional man, preferably writer or lecturer; references. Roberts, 547 West 149th.

SEAMSTRESS.—Young lady, competent, wishes sewing by the day. Answer E 375 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Capable, conscientious; executive ability; six years' experience; high school education; minimum salary, $22; unqualified references. E 608 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Highly experienced; for busy law office; state qualifications and salary desired. 467 Times. 2 Rector Av.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, accurate, reliable, neat. Annette Feder, 202 West 116th St. Morningside 1480.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, 18; neat, competent, refined. Miss Lester, 453 Tremont Av. Telephone 6263 Tremont Av.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPIST, 18, competent; references. Miss Brody, 1,972 Honeywell Av. Tremont 6872.

STENOGRAPHER, willing, competent, experienced; permanent. A. Bokor, 1,719 Washington Av.

STENOGRAPHER, six years' experience, wishes position; mornings; expert. F 296 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; three years, law, mercantile, reliable, conscientious. P. Rosner, Tremont 1530.

TEACHER, Saturday, private tuition in elementary work. A 230 Times.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR, busy plug board; pleasant voice; four years' experience. C 68 Times.

TYPIST, with knowledge of stenography, 4 years' experience; salary $15-$18 per week; financial district preferred. V 587 Times Downtown.

WOMAN wishes washing, ironing; $3 a day. 326 East 74th St. Zeakhar.

YOUNG WOMAN, refined, educated, practical nurse, seeks position attendant of elderly lady; highest references. C 964 Times Harlem.

### Employment Agencies.

COLORED HELP, city, country; references. Hope Agency, 452 Lenox Av., Harlem 5049.

## SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

### ACCOUNTANT—EXPERT.

Books opened, audited, systematized; spare-time bookkeeping arrangements; tax reports; reasonable. Greene, 12 West 27th St. Telephone Chelsea 3954.

ACCOUNTANT, experienced, Spanish, with fair knowledge of English, wants position, head bookkeeper or cashier; references upon request. Address R. M., 32 South Elliott Place, Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT.—Arrangements firms without bookkeepers; $2.50 weekly; books opened; systems; tax reports. Goldwater, 152 Nassau. Telephone Beekman 7300.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed; tax reports; bookkeeping arrangement, $2.50 weekly; service, not fat fees. Alpert-Barst, Barclay 8448.

ACCOUNTANT.—Your books kept or audited evenings, spare time; reasonable. V 561 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Accountancy trained, thorough bookkeeper, tact, executive ability, desires connection. A 354 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, office manager, experienced; discharged soldier. O. Ch, 198 New Jersey Av., Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT, part time; accounting, bookkeeping; $1.50 hour; books opened, closed. D 717 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Bookopened, audited, and operated; tax reports; reasonable; expert advice. Gillen, 393 Lenox Av.

ACCOUNTANT will keep books for firm not employing bookkeeper a few hours each day. S 564 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, C. P. A. experience, seeks part or full time connection. S 91 Times.

ART DIRECTOR in school department of city of 60,000 population, seeks position requiring organizing and executive ability and initiative; young man, 32, married, graduate of Columbia University; nine years' experience; first-class references. X 458 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER or assistant, 19, knowledge of Spanish, stenography, typewriting, accounting student at New York University; salary $18. S 587 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, 36, executive ability, takes charge, controling accounts, financial statements, corporation accounting, factory cost; $35. S 182 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, double entry, sales ledger, posting, trial balance; 4½ years' experience; reference; state salary. C 967 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER, 19, experienced, C. C. N. Y. accountancy student; capable; reliable references; $20. V 597 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and assistant credit man, 23, experienced; initiative, results; $2,000. C 98 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 29, thoroughly experienced modern methods; 10 years; moderate salary. W 405 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR, WITH FIFTEEN YEARS' EXPERIENCE ON ROLLS-ROYCE, CADILLAC, PIERCE-ARROW, PACKARD CARS; AGE 30; EX-NAVY CHIEF MACHINIST; EXCELLENT REFERENCES. N 19 TIMES.

CHAUFFEUR.—We have several good men, who tried 3 to 9 years' reference on last position; this is not an employment bureau. Society of Professional Auto Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Tel. Columbus 10276.

CHAUFFEUR, experienced driver and mechanic, 5 years in last position; highly recommended, strictly temperate, married, city or country. Kohler, 17 West 60th St. Phone Col. 2820.

CHAUFFEUR, (28,) single, thoroughly experienced driver, able mechanic, neat, clean and courteous, wishes position; private, city or country; best references. F 815 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Good, all-around married man, 12 years' experience, suburban position preferred; would take charge of estate. F 308 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, good mechanic; six years chauffeur; good driver; city or country; good references from private family. N 17 Times.

CHAUFFEUR. — Thoroughly experienced; highly recommended; able mechanic; strictly temperate; neat; pleasing personality; city or country. Tel. Greeley 4952.

## SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

CHAUFFEUR, (27;) 9 years driving own car in renting business; am at present employed, but desire to change position; salary $30. C 971 Times Harlem.

CHAUFFEUR, 29, married; 19 years' experience; expert driver, mechanic; excellent private references. Man, 128 West 91st. Riverside 4427-J.

CHAUFFEUR wants position, city only; 20 months last place; salary $35. Frank German, 1,227, Lexington Av.

CHAUFFEUR, 26, single, experienced, desires position as second man, country. T 29 Times.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position; any car, seven years' experience; best references; will go to country for Summer. C 89 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, experienced, reliable, wishes position; long term references to ability. J. R., 182 East 73d. Phone Rhinelander 9080.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic; 6 years' experience; 5 years at one place; best references; city or country. A 372 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, own repairs; good reference; go anywhere. C967 Times Harlem.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, wishes position private family. Abel Tyrbon, 107 E. 126th.

COLLEGE MAN, experienced in banks, law and insurance offices; eight years' farming experience; references given. A 530 Times Downtown.

COUPLE, young, Finnish, wish position, country preferred; wife cook or housework, man chauffeur-useful. Call home Saturday and Sunday, Hans Lindberg, 206 East 126th.

COUPLE.—Chauffeur, 7 years' experience; wife chambermaid and waitress. Melch, Rhinelander 2240.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical, would like to do work in spare time. V 579 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE.—ADVERTISING MAN, SALES ORGANIZER; JUST BACK FROM FRANCE; 27 YEARS OF AGE; COLLEGE EDUCATION, TECHNICAL; BUSINESS EXPERIENCE, GENERAL MERCHANDISE; RECORD OF PAST PERFORMANCES WILL SATISFY THE MOST EXACTING MAN OF BUSINESS; SALARY $3,500. T 28 TIMES.

EXECUTIVE. — ENERGETIC YOUNG AMERICAN; ABLE ORGANIZER, ORATOR AND EXECUTIVE; DIRECTOR OF MANY OF THE LARGE PUBLIC MEETINGS AND PATRIOTIC DEMONSTRATIONS, RECENTLY HELD IN NEW YORK; NOW SERVING AN ORGANIZATION OF INTERNATIONAL IMPORTANCE, DESIRES ENGAGEMENT IN A PUBLIC OR PRIVATE CAPACITY; HIGHEST CREDENTIALS. F 814 TIMES.

EXECUTIVE OR ASSISTANT.—Young attorney, just released from naval service; have the pep, ambition, ability; have produced results and can continue to do so. Will you help me? N 13 Times.

EXPORT MANAGER.

Executive, energetic, 20 years in export business, long years in Latin America; speaks Spanish fluently; wishes to connect with large export firm or manufacturer; has developed for present firm larger business all over the world than it can handle; absolutely reliable; salary $5,000 and share in profits. Y 66 Times Annex.

GOLF, horsemanship, tennis, dancing instructor, chauffeur, wants place with Summer hotel or country club. F 352 Times.

HEAD WAITER.—Wanted, by a first-class head waiter, a position for the coming season in a resort hotel; can furnish A1 references. Address Prescott Crosby, 84 Franklin St., Lynn, Mass.

HEADWAITER, English, for club; city or country; first-class references; just demobilized. Call, A. L., 508 W. 142d St.

MASSEUR, licensed; electrical treatments gentlemen's residence. Nicholson, 112 West 125th. Morningside 9046.

MECHANICAL and electrical engineer, technical graduate, desires connection with industrial plant or shipyard as mechanical Superintendent or Superintendent of power and plant; 21 years' experience; expert combustion engineer; good organizer and handler of labor. Y 10 Times Annex.

OFFICE CLERK.—Man 35; conscientious, faithful, worker. 1394 Times.

PHYSICIAN, young licensed physician, class 1918, B. S., desires position medical laboratory. Fletcher Store,, 362 Lenox Av.

PURCHASING AGENT or assistant, young man, technical graduate, experienced in steel, mill practice, and sales, familiar with sources of supply, desires position, preferably with established export firm located in New York; just returned from 18 months' service in France. Y 64 Times Annex.

REAL ESTATE. — Experienced all details; management of houses. Wall, phone Academy 2220.

RENTING EXPERT.—Am 36, married, and thoroughly familiar with all details of the transient and apt. hotel business; 6 years in full charge of 200 high-class suites; would I be worth my present salary to you, $32? S 140 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced, specialty work, desires good selling proposition with progressive concern; city territory preferred; best references. S 169 Times.

SALESMAN, 24, city and road drug specialties, experience, seeks connection with reliable concern; salary or commission. Harold L. Fein, 691 Wales Av., Bronx.

SALESMAN, (23,) EX-LIEUTENANT, proved selling ability; possessing enthusiasm and perseverance; city or road. S 164 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced, grocery trade, desires good paying proposition; any line. S 168 Times.

SOMETHIN' REAL IN PRINTDOM WANTED.

Newspaper and magazine man, after two years' army service, very soon to be discharged, wants to connect with the real thing; prior to enlistment had two years' training with city dailies and one year with magazine syndicate; in service detailed on most exclusively to same line of work, which encompassed all phases from magazine material and wire stories out of Washington to editing a soldier weekly. C 71 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, Christian, recently a field clerk in service, wants part time situation with reliable concern; attending college preparatory school 12 to 2:30 in afternoon; best references. S 569 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school graduate, experienced; fluent knowledge of Spanish; export connection preferred. C 72 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, Christian, 23; six years' commercial experience; $25. "B.," 604 East 168th St., Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man, with export experience, desires position; references furnished. S 572 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, office assistant, Underwood operator, young man, American, desires position. F 254 Times.

TYPIST.—(26;) NIGHT WORK, CLERICAL; EX-SOLDIER. F 326 TIMES.

TYPIST, (21,) night or day clerical work; ex-war worker. F 327 Times.

VALET.—Young man, Japanese, wishes position with gentleman going country, mountain, as valet or private house manager; not to beach; best city reference. Hara, 843 West 172d St., Apartment 25, care Frauers.

YOUNG MAN, 25, splendid references, correspondent, other qualifications, desires position where initiative will merit advancement. P 37 Times.

YOUNG MAN, recently released from navy, energetic, seeks opportunity to make good; management and selling ability. D 741 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN (20) wishes position at anything with advancement; references; not afraid of work. S 601 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 18, wishes position stock reliable house. Bernstein, 1,411 Longfellow Av.

YOUNG MAN, 18, reliable, desires position; mail clerk or junior office assistant. Robert Sperans, 94 East End Av.

YOUNG MAN, experienced salesman, stenographer, shipping clerk; high school graduate. S 215 Times.

## HELP WANTED—Female.

ARMATURE WINDERS, thoroughly experienced on small six bolt motors. Apply in person to Bijur Motor Appliance Co., 15th and Garden Sts., Hoboken, 5 minutes' walk from West 23d St. Ferry.

BILLING CLERK on Smith machine; must be a rapid worker and have excellent references. Apply Pathe Exchange, Inc., 1,600 Broadway, City.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, must be thoroughly experienced and familiar with cost accounting system; also accustomed to handling details; furnish full particulars first letter, with salary desired. C 88 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT; state salary and experience. R. K. W., 263 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER for import house; experience and references required. John Sheffi, 81 Washington St.

BOOKKEEPER and typist, thoroughly experienced in double entry; good salary. Empire Motor Car Exchange, 1,700 B'dway.

BOOKKEEPER and typist; must be competent, also able to answer correspondence. Crescent Cap Co., 22 West 4th St.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, experienced, in garment manufacturing. K 89 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER and typewriter wanted. Colin & Sarna, 113 4th Av.

BRASSIERE OPERATORS wanted; must be experienced and able to instruct others; permanent position. Apply Weingarten Brothers, 47 West 34th St.

CLERKS, between the ages of 16 and 18, in the office of a large corporation; experience unnecessary; hours 9 to 5; half day Saturday throughout the year; vacations with pay; salary $10 per week to start; rapid advancement to higher paid positions. Write, stating age, education, experience, if any, &c., H 483 Times Downtown.

CLERK, knowledge bookkeeping, also typist; knowledge Elliot Fisher preferred, though not essential; bright, active; give full particulars, experience, religion, salary, references, &c. Box C 840 Times Annex.

## HELP WANTED—Female.

CLERICAL work. Call at office, 104 5th Av., ninth floor. Ask for Mr. Higgins.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR, experienced, wanted, for cost work; must be an expert operator and good at figuring; answer, stating fully your experience; furnish references and state salary you have been earning. Y 22 Times Annex.

COOK, CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—Mother and daughter or sisters wanted; small family; country in Summer. Apply, before 11 o'clock, 783 West End Av. Phone Riverside 1537.

DENTAL ASSISTANT.—State age and salary expected. K 45 Times.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR.—Large advertising agency desires the services of an experienced, rapid, and accurate dictaphone operator; good salary, advancement. E 818 Times Annex.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR, with knowledge of shorthand, wanted by engineering firm; give references, age, salary and religion. K 74 Times.

ELLIOTT FISHER OPERATORS WANTED BY A LARGE FINANCIAL INSTITUTION. PERMANENT POSITION AND GOOD OPPORTUNITY. ADDRESS, GIVING EXPERIENCE, REFERENCES, AND SALARY DESIRED. S 584 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

GIRLS—GIRLS

for clerical work; experience unnecessary; permanent position; excellent opportunity for advancement; $30-$35 monthly start. Write or call all week. Mr. Foley, 2 Albany St., N. Y. City.

GIRL.—General housemaid, in small family; small apartment. Call or phone Mrs. White, 255 West End Ave., Columbus 2341. References required.

GIRL for general housework; good references required. Victorian Apartments, 92d St. and Riverside Drive. Telephone Riverside 2493, Apt. 62.

GIRL to trim satin boxes with ribbon; steady work. Magee Art Co., 544 Broadway.

HOUSEKEEPER, CAPABLE AND THOROUGHLY DEPENDABLE, TO TAKE COMPLETE CHARGE OF 3-ROOM APARTMENT, FOR A BACHELOR; HOUSEKEEPER'S SLEEPING QUARTERS SEPARATED; MUST HAVE SATISFACTORY REFERENCES; WRITE, GIVING FULL PARTICULARS. F 323 TIMES.

HOUSEWORKER, general, wanted in a family of two, living in a corner apartment; light kitchen, no laundry expected, but must be willing to sleep in good room on top floor. Telephone before 1 o'clock, 5677 Columbus.

HOUSEWORKER, general, experienced; good cook; neat and clean; no laundry, good salary to right party; call between 10 and 12. Mrs. J. B. Schusser, 309 West 90th. Apartment 6A.

HOUSEWORKER, white, with cooking experience; no washing; small family; good wages. Porter, 73 Hamilton Terrace, near West 144th St.

LADY wanted to superintendent kitchen and cooking in home for girls near New York; small salary; references. Home, Y 19 Times Annex.

### LUNCHROOM WORKER.

Cook, not over 35, in employes' lunchroom for girls; cafeteria service; good working conditions; good salary; 8 hour day. R 411 Times Downtown.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATORS, EXPERIENCED; $20 WEEKLY. PHONE COLUMBUS 9400.

NURSE, capable, for 3 small boys; English or Scotch preferred. Phone Stamford, 38, ring 5, or write Mrs. E. P. Sharretts, Norwalk, Conn.

NURSE, practical, not over 50, to

## HELP WANTED—Male.

SALESMAN wanted, for medium line pocketbooks and bags; commission basis. K 58 Times Annex.

SECRETARY for managing director of advertising agency; one living in Manhattan and subject to call at all hours; must possess secretarial experience; the right salary will be given to the right man; give particulars. F 340 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, Spanish-English, is wanted by large export and import house, offering excellent opportunity for advancement; salary $25 week up, depending upon experience; state age, nationality, positions held, and reference. V 591 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — APPLY BY LETTER ONLY, STATING EXPERIENCE, AGE, SALARY DESIRED, AND WHERE LAST EMPLOYED. PITTSBURGH PLATE GLASS CO., 205 HUNTERS POINT AV., LONG ISLAND CITY.

STENOGRAPHER.—Must be thoroughly competent and experienced; state age, experience and salary expected. Address P, O. Box 88, Hempstead, Long Island.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR AND TYPIST. —Experienced; good penman; neat appearing; strictly businesslike; unquestionable references; hours 9-5:30. M. Heineman, 9th floor, 114 5th Av.

TEACHER for Catholic school; Vergil, geometry, civics; state experience. C 950 Times Harlem.

TEMPLATE MAKERS, experienced, for structural shop. Harris Structural Steel Co., New Market, N. J., apply 1,490 Broadway.

TRUCKING FOREMAN, well acquainted with export work; excellent opportunity for right man; give full details as to qualifications; in reply state age and salary expected. D 713 Times Downtown.

TYPIST wanted, young man, desiring permanent position with large house; advancement rapid; salary to start, $10. A 509 Times Downtown.

WINDOW TRIMMER, first-class; good pay; steady position. Marienthal's Department Store, 1,681-91 Broadway, Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN TO ASSIST IN STOCK OF WHOLESALE DRY GOODS HOUSE; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY; STATE AGE, REFERENCES, AND SALARY EXPECTED. A 490 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG MAN wanted by a downtown bank; a youth of good character and appearance; must be a good writer and accurate at figures. Apply in own handwriting, stating salary expected, to W. P. O. Box 822, City Hall Station, New York.

YOUNG MEN, 18 years old, wanted, in a large office, to work in supply dept.; must be willing and anxious to learn the business; answers should state age, salary and experience if any to Industry, S 543 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, ASSIST IN SHIPPING DEPARTMENT, ABOUT 18 YEARS OLD; GOOD CHANCE ADVANCEMENT. PITTSBURGH PLATE GLASS CO., 205 HUNTERS POINT AV., LONG ISLAND CITY.

YOUNG MAN, bright, about 20 years of age, for domestic forwarding department; excellent chance for right man. International Forwarding Co., 470 Greenwich St.

YOUNG MAN to enter orders in stock book; must be rapid and accurate; high school graduate preferred; $11 start. Langsdorf, 72 Spring.

YOUNG MAN to take charge of stock and cappble of filling orders; one with experience preferred; opportunity for advancement. Crescent Cap Co., 22 West 4th St.

YOUNG MEN wanted, between the ages of 18 and 19, as messengers by downtown bank. Address S 539 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, American-born, to assist window trimmer in high-class gents' furnishing and clothing house. C 57 Times.

YOUNG MEN over 16, all-around helpers, shipping room. D 730 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN as apprentice, learn auto repairing. 20th Century, 250 West 54th.

YOUTH over 16, begin mercantile training, starting care stocks. D 729 Times Downtown.

### Instruction.

GOOD ENGLISH BUILDS BUSINESS. Good English is a basic requirement for business success; most men and women need training in English—sentence building, vocabulary enlargement, report and letter writing. Do you? Write or telephone (Cortland 1468) for free bulletin, "Your English," and full details of a new early evening class now forming. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

BOOKKEEPER.—Get out of the rut; become a certified public or cost accountant; go into business for yourself; demand for expert accountants exceeds the supply; our graduates earn over $5,000 yearly; learn at home in spare time by our easy system; send for booklet and special offer. Thirrseal Business Institute, 1,400 Pulitzer Bldg., New York.

COMPLETE SECRETARIAL COURSE, also stenography, bookkeeping, penmanship, &c.; individual instruction by specialists, day or night; begin any time; graduates assisted to investigated situations; send catalog. Walworth Institute, (founded 1858,) Broadway, at 72d St.

AMBITIOUS MEN ought to know what an exceptional future is in store for the ACCOUNTANCY-TRAINED man. Send for "Your Market Value" and Bulletin 25, which gives details of training needed. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR.—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

## AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

ALEXANDER G. HARRIS.
AUSTRIAN DAIMLER SPORTING 4.
CADILLAC 4-PASS. PHAETON, 1917.
CADILLAC TOURINGS, 1918 AND 1917.
MERCER SPORT MODELS, 1918, 1917, 1916.
PACKARD CHUMMY, 1918.
OLDSMOBILE SPECIAL 4-PASS., Victoria Top.
STUTZ 4-PASS., 1918 AND 1917.
STUTZ 4-PASS., Victoria Top.
STUTZ SPECIALLY BUILT SPEEDSTER.
All of the above cars and many others look like brand new, have been thoroughly overhauled, and are guaranteed for 90 days; you are cordially invited to inspect my service station; my overhead is so far the smallest of any high-class dealer on Broadway, enabling me to pay more for your car if you wish to sell, or save you money if you wish to buy; before purchasing elsewhere an inspection of my salesroom will convince you. 1,700 BROADWAY. CIRCLE 1582.
BE SURE IT'S HARRIS.

BUICK coupe, 1918, car for sale; perfect condition. Telephone Far Rockaway 1735 after 5:30 evenings.

BUICK 1918 runabout for sale, in excellent condition. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

BUICK 1918-1917 TOURINGS.
roadsters. Flack, 1,700 Broadway, 3d floor.
BURRELLE'S
AUTO SHOW
of RECONSTRUCTED MOTOR CARS.
ROLLS-ROYCE Collapsible Landaulet.
ROLLS-ROYCE 4-PASS. SPORT.
CADILLAC 1919 VICTORIA.
CADILLAC 1919 4-PASS. PHAETON.
CADILLAC 1918 4-PASS. TOURING.
CADILLAC 1917 TOURING.
CADILLAC 1917 VICTORIA.
CADILLAC 1917 ROADSTER.
DANIELS 1918 4-PASS. SPORT.
DANIELS 1918 COUPE.
DANIELS 1917 SPORTING ROADSTER.
DANIELS 1918-COLLAPSIBLE BROUGHAM
DANIELS 1917 7-PASS. TOURING.
PACKARD 1918 4-PASS. SEDAN.
PACKARD 1918 3-25 CHUMMY ROADSTER.
PACKARD 1918 3-35 TOURING.
PACKARD 1917 FLEETWOOD TOWN.
PIERCE-ARROW Collapsible Sedan, Series 4.
KISSEL 1919 SPEEDSTER.
CHANDLER 1918 CHUMMY ROADSTER.
MARMON 1917 "34" CHUMMY ROADSTER.
MARMON 1917 LIMOUSINE.
MARMON 1917 BROUGHAM-LANDAULET.
DUPLEX 4-PASS. FLEETWOOD SPECIAL.
MERCER 1918 4-PASS. SPORT.
MERCER 1917 ROADSTER.
MERCER 1917 SPECIAL SPEEDSTER.
STUTZ 1918 SPORTING FOUR.
STUTZ 1917 BULLDOG SPECIAL.
STUTZ 1917 6-PASS. TOUR.
OWEN MAGNETIC 1917 LANDAULET.
MURRAY 1918 BROUGHAM.
MURRAY 1917 7-PASS. TOURING.
HUDSON 1917 SEDAN.
ISOTTA-FRASCHINI SEDAN, LATEST Imp.
FIAT FLEETWOOD, LATEST Importation.
MANY OTHERS, OPEN EVENINGS.
1,680 Fifth Ave. Entire Bldg., Formerly Iceland.
The MOTOR TRANSPORT CORPS moves the army. Enlist in the M. T. C.

BENZ touring car, flash self-starter and electric lights. Victoria top, wire wheels, and 2 spare wheels with tires. Kaplan, 214 West 65th.

CADILLAC 1919 VICTORIA.
CADILLAC 1918 LIMOUSINE.
COLE 1918 ROADSTER.
HUDSON 1918 SUBURBAN SEDAN.
MERCER 1918 RUNABOUT.
MERCER 1917 4-Pass. Touring.
PACKARD 1918 FLEETWOOD SEDAN.
PACKARD 1918 Fleetwood Town Car.
STUTZ 1918 TOURING.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOD,
1,700 Broadway.

CADILLAC 5-passenger touring, late 1915; perfect condition; recently completely overhauled, repainted by Cadillac Co.; good rubber, additional unused shoe, shock absorbers, chains, &c.; $1,000. Inquire Mr. Lewis's car, Corvan Garage, 122 West 54th St.

CADILLAC 1918 landaulet; upholstery, paint and tires in good condition. W. A. Trock, 411 West 55th.

CADILLAC Sedan 1918 model; very good condition; bargain. W. A. Trock, 411 West 55th.

CADILLAC 1916 touring cars; 4 and 7-passenger; fully equipped. W. A. Trock, 411 West 55th.

CADILLAC 1918 limousine; mechanical condition first-class; bargain. W. A. Trock, 411 West 55th.

CADILLAC 1917 sedan; 1918 touring; 1918 coupe; bargains. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1916 Touring. Price reasonable. 1,778 Broadway, (5th fl.) one flight. Circle 1417.

CADILLAC 1917 touring; wire wheels. 1,778 Broadway, (5th fl.) one flight. Circle 1417.

CADILLAC 1917 TOURING.
WALLACE, 236 WEST 59TH ST.

CADILLAC, 1918, 7-Passenger Touring.
Cadillac 1917, 7-Passenger Touring.
Cadillac 1917, 4-Passenger Phaeton.
Cadillac 1917, Victoria.
Cadillac 1917, Brougham Limousine.
Hudson 1917, 4-Passenger Sport.
Lancia 1915, 4-Passenger Sport.
Mercer 1917, 4-Passenger Sport.
Marmon 1917, Club Roadster.
National 1918, Newport Club Roadster.
Packard 1918, 6-Pass. Judkin Sedan.
Packard 1917, 4-Pass. Phaeton, Fleetwood.
Overland 1917, Club Roadster, Continental.
Stutz 1917, Bearcat Speedster, (16 valve.)
Stutz 1915, Bearcat Speedster.
HERMAN N. KARP, INC., EST. 1902.
1,676 Broadway, Circle 62. Open Evenings.

CADILLAC 1917 7-PASSENGER.
CADILLAC 1917 ROADSTER.
STUTZ 1918 SPEEDSTER, 16 VALVES.
OLDSMOBILE 1917 SEDAN.
HUPMOBILE 1917 SEDAN.
CADILLAC 1917 VICTORIA.
HUDSON 1917 SPEEDSTER, WALTON SP.
OLDSMOBILE 1917 SPEEDSTER.
WHITE 1917 TOURING, 16 VALVES.
CHANDLER 1918 7-PASSENGER.
NATIONAL CHUMMY, WIRE WHEELS.
MANY OTHERS.
LOBELL-ABORN, 239 WEST 55TH ST.

CADILLACS, 1918, sport model, also touring; like new. Campbell, 235 West 50th.

CADILLAC 1917 and 1918 touring cars; 7-passenger; in first-class mechanical condition. Wm. A. Trock, 411 West 55th.

CHALMERS SEDAN, 1917, excellent condition, refinished and ready for the road; $975. Studebaker Corp., 1,751 Broadway.

CHALMERS Cabriolet 1917. Behrman, 2,178 Broadway. Schuyler 3531.

CHANDLER chummy roadster, 1918. Behrman, 2,178 Broadway. 8531 Schuyler, Open Sunday.

CHANDLER, sport, like new. Hudson Boulevard Garage, Jersey City, N. J.

CHEVROLETS, 1919, all models; small initial payment; long and easy payments for balance arranged; no extra charge; immediate delivery. H 1201 Times Bronx.

COLE 1919 "AERO-EIGHT" SEDAN. Like new throughout; small mileage; wire wheels, extra cord tire; immediate delivery; offered at substantial reduction.
COLE USED CAR DEPT.,
226 West 56th St. (Broadway.)

FIAT, 35 H. P., thoroughly overhauled, electric starter, &c.; A1 condition. A. Wilkinson, 107 East 126th, City.

FORD LANDAULET.
Very nice car for taxi; used privately; 1918; bargain for $550. Blommaert, 1,828 Webster Av. (176th.) Tremont 4440.

FORD 1918 touring; excellent condition; good tires; repainted; at Boonton, N. J.; phone Edwards, 120, Reetor, before 12 today for demonstration this afternoon or tomorrow.

FORD specially built brougham body; genemotor starting system; Lee puncture proof tires; cost $1,800. Topping, Academy 760.

FORD.—Runabout, any demonstration, cheap. Inquire Westerfield's car, Branning's garage, 1,823 Sedgwick Av., Morris Heights.

FORD cars on an easy payment plan; small amount down, balance $10 week; prompt delivery. P 1271 Times Bronx.

FRANKLIN runabout, series 8, used very little; has all original equipment; tires, tools, &c.; 2 brand-new Cord tires; many extras; guaranteed mechanically perfect. Garage, 155 West 56th St.

FRANKLIN sedan, series 9; new nonskid tires; excellent condition; sell reasonable. Williams, 335 Washington Av., Belleville, N. J.

HIGHEST prices paid for used cars in good condition. Jameson, Room 1,985. 150 Nassau St.

HUDSON SPORT MODEL, 1919.
Four-pass.; run 2,040 miles; almost new; cord tires, bumper, extra tire; immediate delivery; bargain. Rippeth, Hotel Cumberland.

HUDSON Super Six, sedan, 1917; wire wheels, bumpers, 8 new Kelly shoes, shock absorbers, other extras, $1,800; no dealers. O'Connor, 155 Weirfield St., Brooklyn.

HUDSON 1918 four-passenger speedster; almost new; bargain. Telephone Meyer, 2797 Columbus.

HUDSON 1919 touring; almost new; 1,778 Broadway, (37th,) one flight. Circle 1417.

JEFFERY, mechanically perfect, new tires; call Sunday morning. Korniker, 1,081 Intervale Av.

KISSEL 1916 5-passenger, in perfect condition. Call Odell, Telephone 5637 Tremont.

LANCIA 1914 Touring, electrical equipment and starter. Holbrook body. Superintendent, Goerke-Kirch Co., Elizabeth, N. J.

LEXINGTON ALL-YEAR CAR.
Glass and curtain sides, 1917 model, five-passenger; condition comparable to new; a real bargain for $900. Blommaert, 1,828 Webster Av. (176th.) Tremont 4440.

LOCOMOBILE.—S 1-48 custom roadster, low mileage. Circle 3337.

LOZIER TOURING $575.
Late model, seven passenger; starter and lights; good condition throughout. Blommaert, 1,828 Webster Av., 176th St., Bronx. Tremont 4440.

MARMON, brand new, model 34, seven-passenger car with limousine Winter top; price $5,000. Apply Room 1102, World Building, 63 Park Row.

MARMON, 1917, 7 passenger touring; newly painted; excellent condition. Phone Vanderbilt 5464.

MERCEDES; bargain; 18-22; strictly up to date. Kaplan, 214 West 65th.

MERCER 1916, four-passenger touring; A-1 condition; sport model, very attractive, with excellent tires, some extras; 22-72 H. P.; no dealers. Telephone Bryant 6538.

MERCER 1917 touring; absolutely perfect condition; any demonstration. Telephone Meyer, 2797 Columbus.

MERCER ROADSTER, BARGAIN.
WALLACE, 236 WEST 59TH ST.

MERCER 1917, 4 passenger, A1 condition. 1,778 Broadway, one flight. Circle 1417.

OAKLAND, 1917, five passenger; excellent condition; spare tire and rim; newly painted. Phone Riverside 7739.

OLDSMOBILE Chummy Roadster; cannot be told from new; has many extras; any demonstration; must be seen to be appreciated. Scharlin Bros., 238 East 20th.

OVERLANDS
AND WILLYS-KNIGHTS;
RECONDITIONED AND GUARANTEED.
Willys-Overland, Inc., Broadway and 50th.

PACKARD twin six roadster, in finest condition, must be seen to be appreciated, for sale; no dealers. Seen at 121 West 52d St.

PACKARD 1917 touring; everything in perfect order; bargain. Telephone Meyer, 2797 Columbus.

PACKARD Twin Six, five-passenger phaeton; perfect condition. Mrs. Shufeldt, Fordham 2024.

PACKARD 1916 Twin Touring; almost new. 1,778 Broadway; one flight. Circle 1417.

PAIGE sedan, extraordinary car; perfect condition; V-shaped windshield; very latest model; all new tires; cost $3,000; will accept any reasonable offer. 250 Stuyvesant Av., Brooklyn.

PIERCE-ARROW town brougham, Series C-4, delivered June, 1917; perfect condition, newly painted; little use; Westinghouse shock absorbers. Netherland Hotel, Room 407.

PIERCE ARROW 1913 "6-48" 7-Pass. Modern, rebuilt, one man top, slanting windshield, repainted; beautiful car and a bargain for $775. Eagle Auto Painting, 176th and Park Av., Bronx.

PIERCE-ARROW (1918) Suburban Sedan. CADILLAC (1917) Town Car; like new. F. Turner, 20 Broad. Phone 4473 Rector.

PIERCE 1916, '48 touring; condition equal to new, slip covers. 57th St. Garage, 154 East 57th. Cowles, Chauffeur.

PIERCE ARROW 1917, 48, seven-passenger touring; condition perfect. Phone Circle 5692.

RENAULT landaulet brougham town car. Mr. Davis, 2809 Vanderbilt.

REO 6 touring, 1918, for sale; 7-passenger; excellent condition; extra equipment; owner abroad. Phone Mr. Hibbard, Broad 6389.

REO roadster, excellent condition, shock absorbers, &c. 419 East 23d St. Telephone Gramercy, 1414. No dealers.

REO 6-cylinder, 7-passenger; like new; perfect mechanical condition; bargain. Bowman & Meyer, 352 East 149th St.

REO 4-passenger roadster; perfect. Hudson Boulevard Garage, Jersey City, N. J.

ROLLS-ROYCE touring, sport type; latest importation; absolutely perfect. Hygrade Auto Exchange, 1,657 Broadway. Tel. Circle 2667.

SAXON touring, 1918; excellent condition. Mr. Vernon, 1,790 B.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH ROADSTER. $400.
COLE USED CAR DEPT.
226 West 56th St., (Broadway.)

SELECT USED CARS.
1918 NATIONAL TOUR., (HIGHWAY SIX.)
1918 CHALMERS TOURING.
1917 NATIONAL LIMOUSINE 6 CYLINDER.
1917 STUTZ 4-PASS. SPORT TOURING.
1918 BUICK LITTLE-6 ROADSTER.
INTERNATIONAL AUTO EXCHANGE,
150 WEST 58TH ST. PHONE CIRCLE 1808.

STANDARD, 1918.—Eight-cylinder, seven-passenger touring; runs 5,000 miles; two spare cord tires brand new and steady monthly paying $450 goes with car. Price $2,500. Phone 5999 Bryant, Whalen.

STANLEY steam car, 7-passenger, 1918; perfect condition; $2,000; owner buying runabout. C 86 Times.

STUDEBAKER, '18, light six touring, economical family car; equipped with 2 extra auxiliary chairs accommodating seven passengers; an exceptionally comfortable and economical family car; rebuilt, refinished, and fully guaranteed; new model costs $2,127; this car offers exceptional value at $985; that you cannot duplicate elsewhere. Studebaker Corporation, Broadway and 56th St., second floor.

STUDEBAKER CABRIOLET, 1917, three-passenger. "Six" cyl., rebuilt, refinished, fully guaranteed, and in perfect condition throughout; a practical open or closed roadster for all-weather use; exceptional value, at $985. Studebaker Corporation, 1,751 Broadway. See Mr. Christie.

STUDEBAKER automobile for sale, 4-cylinder touring; like new; fully equipped. Rothheim, 1,795 Broadway, Circle 4184.

## AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

CADILLAC 1918, 7-Passenger Touring.
Cadillac 1917, 7-Passenger Touring.
Cadillac 1917, 4-Passenger Phaeton.
Cadillac 1917, Victoria.
Cadillac 1917, Brougham Limousine.
Hudson 1917, 4-Passenger Sport.
Lancia 1915, 4-Passenger Sport.
Mercer 1917, 4-Passenger Sport.
Marmon 1917, Club Roadster.
National 1918, Newport Club Roadster.
Packard 1918, 6-Pass. Judkin Sedan.
Packard 1917, 4-Pass. Phaeton, Fleetwood.
Overland 1917, Club Roadster, Continental.
Stutz 1917, Bearcat Speedster, (16 valve.)
Stutz 1915, Bearcat Speedster.
HERMAN N. KARP, INC., EST. 1902.
1,676 Broadway, Circle 62. Open Evenings.

CADILLAC 1917 7-PASSENGER.
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STUTZ 1918 SPEEDSTER, 16 VALVES.
OLDSMOBILE 1917 SEDAN.
HUPMOBILE 1917 SEDAN.
CADILLAC 1917 VICTORIA.
HUDSON 1917 SPEEDSTER, WALTON SP.
OLDSMOBILE 1917 SPEEDSTER.
WHITE 1917 TOURING, 16 VALVES.
CHANDLER 1918 7-PASSENGER.
NATIONAL CHUMMY, WIRE WHEELS.
MANY OTHERS.
LOBELL-ABORN, 239 WEST 55TH ST.

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CHALMERS Cabriolet 1917. Behrman, 2,178 Broadway. Schuyler 3531.

CHANDLER chummy roadster, 1918. Behrman, 2,178 Broadway. 8531 Schuyler, Open Sunday.

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FORD.—Runabout, any demonstration, cheap. Inquire Westerfield's car, Branning's garage, 1,823 Sedgwick Av., Morris Heights.

FORD cars on an easy payment plan; small amount down, balance $10 week; prompt delivery. P 1271 Times Bronx.

FRANKLIN runabout, series 8, used very little; has all original equipment; tires, tools, &c.; 2 brand-new Cord tires; many extras; guaranteed mechanically perfect. Garage, 155 West 56th St.

FRANKLIN sedan, series 9; new nonskid tires; excellent condition; sell reasonable. Williams, 335 Washington Av., Belleville, N. J.

HIGHEST prices paid for used cars in good condition. Jameson, Room 1,985. 150 Nassau St.

HUDSON SPORT MODEL, 1919.
Four-pass.; run 2,040 miles; almost new; cord tires, bumper, extra tire; immediate delivery; bargain. Rippeth, Hotel Cumberland.

HUDSON Super Six, sedan, 1917; wire wheels, bumpers, 8 new Kelly shoes, shock absorbers, other extras, $1,800; no dealers. O'Connor, 155 Weirfield St., Brooklyn.

HUDSON 1918 four-passenger speedster; almost new; bargain. Telephone Meyer, 2797 Columbus.

HUDSON 1919 touring; almost new; 1,778 Broadway, (37th,) one flight. Circle 1417.

JEFFERY, mechanically perfect, new tires; call Sunday morning. Korniker, 1,081 Intervale Av.

KISSEL 1916 5-passenger, in perfect condition. Call Odell, Telephone 5637 Tremont.

LANCIA 1914 Touring, electrical equipment and starter. Holbrook body. Superintendent, Goerke-Kirch Co., Elizabeth, N. J.

LEXINGTON ALL-YEAR CAR.
Glass and curtain sides, 1917 model, five-passenger; condition comparable to new; a real bargain for $900. Blommaert, 1,828 Webster Av. (176th.) Tremont 4440.

LOCOMOBILE.—S 1-48 custom roadster, low mileage. Circle 3337.

LOZIER TOURING $575.
Late model, seven passenger; starter and lights; good condition throughout. Blommaert, 1,828 Webster Av., 176th St., Bronx. Tremont 4440.

MARMON, brand new, model 34, seven-passenger car with limousine Winter top; price $5,000. Apply Room 1102, World Building, 63 Park Row.

MARMON, 1917, 7 passenger touring; newly painted; excellent condition. Phone Vanderbilt 5464.

MERCEDES; bargain; 18-22; strictly up to date. Kaplan, 214 West 65th.

MERCER 1916, four-passenger touring; A-1 condition; sport model, very attractive, with excellent tires, some extras; 22-72 H. P.; no dealers. Telephone Bryant 6538.

MERCER 1917 touring; absolutely perfect condition; any demonstration. Telephone Meyer, 2797 Columbus.

MERCER ROADSTER, BARGAIN.
WALLACE, 236 WEST 59TH ST.

MERCER 1917, 4 passenger, A1 condition. 1,778 Broadway, one flight. Circle 1417.

OAKLAND, 1917, five passenger; excellent condition; spare tire and rim; newly painted. Phone Riverside 7739.

OLDSMOBILE Chummy Roadster; cannot be told from new; has many extras; any demonstration; must be seen to be appreciated. Scharlin Bros., 238 East 20th.

OVERLANDS
AND WILLYS-KNIGHTS;
RECONDITIONED AND GUARANTEED.
Willys-Overland, Inc., Broadway and 50th.

PACKARD twin six roadster, in finest condition, must be seen to be appreciated, for sale; no dealers. Seen at 121 West 52d St.

PACKARD 1917 touring; everything in perfect order; bargain. Telephone Meyer, 2797 Columbus.

PACKARD Twin Six, five-passenger phaeton; perfect condition. Mrs. Shufeldt, Fordham 2024.

PACKARD 1916 Twin Touring; almost new. 1,778 Broadway; one flight. Circle 1417.

PAIGE sedan, extraordinary car; perfect condition; V-shaped windshield; very latest model; all new tires; cost $3,000; will accept any reasonable offer. 250 Stuyvesant Av., Brooklyn.

PIERCE-ARROW town brougham, Series C-4, delivered June, 1917; perfect condition, newly painted; little use; Westinghouse shock absorbers. Netherland Hotel, Room 407.

PIERCE ARROW 1913 "6-48" 7-Pass. Modern, rebuilt, one man top, slanting windshield, repainted; beautiful car and a bargain for $775. Eagle Auto Painting, 176th and Park Av., Bronx.

PIERCE-ARROW (1918) Suburban Sedan. CADILLAC (1917) Town Car; like new. F. Turner, 20 Broad. Phone 4473 Rector.

PIERCE 1916, '48 touring; condition equal to new, slip covers. 57th St. Garage, 154 East 57th. Cowles, Chauffeur.

PIERCE ARROW 1917, 48, seven-passenger touring; condition perfect. Phone Circle 5692.

RENAULT landaulet brougham town car. Mr. Davis, 2809 Vanderbilt.

REO 6 touring, 1918, for sale; 7-passenger; excellent condition; extra equipment; owner abroad. Phone Mr. Hibbard, Broad 6389.

REO roadster, excellent condition, shock absorbers, &c. 419 East 23d St. Telephone Gramercy, 1414. No dealers.

REO 6-cylinder, 7-passenger; like new; perfect mechanical condition; bargain. Bowman & Meyer, 352 East 149th St.

REO 4-passenger roadster; perfect. Hudson Boulevard Garage, Jersey City, N. J.

ROLLS-ROYCE touring, sport type; latest importation; absolutely perfect. Hygrade Auto Exchange, 1,657 Broadway. Tel. Circle 2667.

SAXON touring, 1918; excellent condition. Mr. Vernon, 1,790 B.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH ROADSTER. $400.
COLE USED CAR DEPT.
226 West 56th St., (Broadway.)

SELECT USED CARS.
1918 NATIONAL TOUR., (HIGHWAY SIX.)
1918 CHALMERS TOURING.
1917 NATIONAL LIMOUSINE 6 CYLINDER.
1917 STUTZ 4-PASS. SPORT TOURING.
1918 BUICK LITTLE-6 ROADSTER.
INTERNATIONAL AUTO EXCHANGE,
150 WEST 58TH ST. PHONE CIRCLE 1808.

STANDARD, 1918.—Eight-cylinder, seven-passenger touring; runs 5,000 miles; two spare cord tires brand new and steady monthly paying $450 goes with car. Price $2,500. Phone 5999 Bryant, Whalen.

STANLEY steam car, 7-passenger, 1918; perfect condition; $2,000; owner buying runabout. C 86 Times.

STUDEBAKER, '18, light six touring, economical family car; equipped with 2 extra auxiliary chairs accommodating seven passengers; an exceptionally comfortable and economical family car; rebuilt, refinished, and fully guaranteed; new model costs $2,127; this car offers exceptional value at $985; that you cannot duplicate elsewhere. Studebaker Corporation, Broadway and 56th St., second floor.

STUDEBAKER CABRIOLET, 1917, three-passenger. "Six" cyl., rebuilt, refinished, fully guaranteed, and in perfect condition throughout; a practical open or closed roadster for all-weather use; exceptional value, at $985. Studebaker Corporation, 1,751 Broadway. See Mr. Christie.

STUDEBAKER automobile for sale, 4-cylinder touring; like new; fully equipped. Rothheim, 1,795 Broadway, Circle 4184.

## PUBLIC NOTICES.

The Junior War Relief Society will hold its last meeting for this season on Tuesday, May 13, at the Biltmore Hotel, when reports covering five years' activities will be presented. Speakers will be Colonel Norman Twaites, Marcel Knecht, Colonel Henry Hodge, and Lieutenant Constantine. The Argonne Orchestra, returned with the 77th Division, will play during luncheon. Tickets may be had from Mrs. W. H. K. Taylor, 218 West 44th Street, or from Mrs. Walter Eyre Lambert, President.

ISRAEL GEWIRTZ, TRADING AS RAINBOW WAIST SHOP, at 2,883 3d Av., has sold stock in bulk and his entire interest in above-mentioned shop to DAVID REISS, and will not be responsible for debts contracted after this date, May 1. V. GEWIRTZ.

77TH PARADE.—SEATS FOR SALE; BEST in town; corner 38th St.; exclusive; $10 each. Bernard, Paull & Co., 425 5th Av.

LATIN AMERICAN TRADE.—FOR HELP wanted, business opportunities, &c., try La Prensa, only Spanish N. Y. daily. 245 Canal St. Tel. Franklin 678.

PARADE.—CHOICE SEATS, $2 AND $3; clear view four blocks. Room 306, 500 5th Av. Tel. 4347 Vanderbilt.

WINDOW, 5TH AV., TO VIEW PARADE; can accommodate twenty. Phone Vanderbilt 774.

ALLIE GARCIA. — MOTHER AT RREvoort Hotel. Call to see her.

## AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

STUTZ speedster and 4-passenger, 1918; practically new; also Mercer speedster. Hygrade Auto Exchange, 1,657 Broadway. Circle 2667.

STUTZ 1917 touring; beautiful condition; mechanically perfect; bargain. Telephone Meyer, 2797 Columbus.

STUTZ.—Owner leaving town will sell 4-passenger Stutz; no dealers. Phone Wright, Circle 4849.

STUTZ.—1917 4 and 6 passenger touring cars, 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) one flight. Circle 1417.

STUTZ Bearcat, 16-valve roadster, like new. Wallace, 236 West 59th St.

STUTZ roadster, perfect condition. Atkinson, 235 West 50th St.

VELIE TOURING—BARGAIN.
Late model seven passenger, six cylinder, in A1 condition throughout; starter and lights; $675; consider trade. Blommaert, 1,828 Webster Av. (176th.) Tremont 4440.

"WHITE" 4-45 touring, chassis rebuilt. 1918 one Stewart Truck.
1916 two-ton Republic.
1918 two-ton Master.
1½-ton Stewart Truck.
"White" rebuilt.
THE WHITE COMPANY,
Park Av. and 57th St.
W. J. McAVOY, Mangr. Used Car Dept.

WILLYS-KNIGHT 17 touring; practically new; accept $325 cash, balance $325 six payments. 400 East 165d St. Melrose 1306.

WINTON Model 33 Light Six touring car, overhauled and repainted; fully guaranteed. The Winton Company, Broadway at 70th St.

WINTON 1917 7-passenger touring. Behrman, 2,178 Broadway. Schuyler 3531. Open Sunday.

### Motor Trucks.

USED TRUCKS.
1918 NO. 9 STEWART CLOSED BODY.
Tires and mechanical conditions perfect.
TWO 3-TON CHASSIS TRUCKS—
With covered bodies; need slight repairs; are in running condition; make offer.
PACKARD T. D. 3½ TON—
Chain drive; dump truck in good condition; new wood hydraulic hoist and body; $2,000.
PACKARD A. T. N. 2 TON—
Chain drive chassis; overhauled; new tires.
PACKARD 1½ D. WORM DRIVE—
Express body; pneumatic tires front, one extra mounted on rim; electric lights, self-starter; entire truck in excellent condition; $1,700.
PACKARD 5½, 3 MONTHS OLD—
Sewell wheels; $4,500.
PACKARD 1918 3¼ E.—
Delivered from factory April, 1918, in first-class condition; owner needs heavier truck; $2,800.
PACKARD MOTOR CAR CO. OF N. Y., 1,861 BROADWAY.

STUDEBAKER TRUCK.—1-ton open express, 18 model, rebuilt and guaranteed; $985. Studebaker Corporation of Amer., Broadway and 56th St.

### Automobiles for Rent.

STUDEBAKER.—To hire for day, week, or month 7-passenger Studebaker in Atlantic City. J. B. Breitel, 104 South Arkansas Av., Atlantic City, N. J.

PACKARD twin sixes to hire; superior service; sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. Williamson, 204 West 43d. Phones 4219-3530 Bryant.

PACKARD twin six 'landaulette by the month; owner drives. Phelan. Schuyler 6000.

PIERCE-ARROW limousine, hour, day, week, month, theatre party. Hamilton, Columbus 3579.

LATE MODEL 7-passenger touring car for hire by day, week, or month; owner drives. Phone Lenox 7697.

CADILLAC 1918, Packard limousine; monthly, hourly, weekly; excellent cars. Symonds, Columbus 4772.

RENAULT town car, just out of private use, with driver and livery. Mr. Davis, 2809 Vanderbilt.

FIAT limousine for hire, week, month; competent uniformed chauffeur. C K 116 Times.

PACKARD, late model; weekly, monthly; careful driver; excellent service. Telephone Harlem 4511.

PACKARD twin sixes; latest models; hour or season. Muldoon, Columbus 2151.

PACKARDS, late models; private appearance; call up for special rates. Circle 1868.

### Automobiles Wanted.

AUTOMOBILE department of Charles Shongood, 539-541 Broadway, New York, buys cars outright or advances 80 per cent. of the appraised value, the balance, less commission, upon the prompt sale of cars; investigate our facilities; all communications confidential. Telephones Spring 4566-4567. Paul Brew, Manager.

I WANT TO BUY A 1918 HAYNES CHUMMY ROADSTER FOR SPOT CASH; MUST BE IN FIRST-CLASS CONDITION; PRICE MUST BE RIGHT. WRITE OR WIRE CHALLENGER'S GARAGE, 219-25 SOUTH WASHINGTON ST., WILKES-BARRE, PA.

Will give $2,000 fourth Liberty bonds for Hudson 1919 four-passenger speedster, or $2,500 for Stutz 1919 five-passenger touring, fully equipped; not more than 2,000 miles. Telephone Harlem 6065.

BUICK.—Pay cash for 1918 roadster or coupe, in good condition. Phone Cortlandt 8119, or address room 1371, 50 Church St.

AMESBURY suburban body, seven-passenger Cadillac 1919, new or slightly used; must be immediate delivery. Particulars to J. W., P 886 Times.

CADILLAC, 1918 model, spot cash; reply, stating type of car, mileage, etc; no dealers. G. J. P., 308 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

OVERLAND, Buick, Dodge, Hupmobile, or any good car. Call, telephone or write, Root, 490 East 134d. Melrose 1306.

SEDAN OR COUPE, 4-passenger preferred; any good make; state price and model. Y 50 Times Annex.

Will purchase 1918 Cadillac touring car in good condition; will pay cash. A 493 Times Downtown.

Sedan body wanted, must fit Lozier chassis; describe; state price. F 359 Times.

### Automobile Instruction.

AUTOMOBILE KNOWLEDGE
is a valuable asset to increase your earn

## LOST AND FOUND.

*Fifty cents an agate line.*

LOST—On Broadway car going south from 79th to 66th St., afternoon of April 30, fur neckpiece of fisher fur; liberal reward. Return 49 H. N. Schloss, care Liberty Lace and Netting Works, 142 5th Av., New York City.

LOST—Diamond earring, two stones set in platinum, April 29, between 33d St. and 5th Av. and Oppenheim-Collins, or Oppenheim-Collins and Gimbel Bros.; liberal reward; no questions asked. Communicate with L. P. Galli, 76 William St.

LOST—Diamond, bracelet, set in platinum, with sapphires, Monday, between 5:30 and 6:30, between Madison Av. and 31st St., the Brevoort Restaurant; liberal reward. Return to Leon Jobin, 136 Madison Av.

LOST.—Wednesday, April 30, diamond lorgnette chain, between 34th and 167th Sts. or Gimbel Bros. store; liberal reward; return to Mrs. E. J. Stivers, 3,800 Broadway, Apt. 36. Audubon 1815.

LOST—On April 30, Riverside Drive or Broadway, between 92d and 103d Sts., plain gold bar pin set with square sapphires; return Apartment 11, 319 West 94th St.; reward.

LOST—On 5th Av., between 50th and 59th Sts., PLATINUM LORGNETTE, with diamonds, and a white gold chain, with seven diamonds. Suitable reward if returned to J. R. Chadwick, 100 Broadway.

LOST—May 1, between 12 and 3, between East 60th St., Hotel Baltimore, Mark Cross, and Fifth Avenue Building and 23d St., platinum bar pin, with three pearls; liberal reward. B. E. Levy, 714 5th Av. Circle 2112.

LOST—Sable neckpiece, Plaza Hotel or between there and 530 West End Av. Return to Mrs. B. P. Nugent, 530 West End Av. Reward.

LOST—Envelope containing 28 promissory notes payable at 402 8th Av. Please deliver same to Gertrude Horwitz, 1,864 7th Av., Apartment 21; liberal reward given.

LOST—Stern Brothers, 42d St., or 43 West 46th, small gray bag, containing cash, diamond lorgnon, platinum diamond chain; liberal reward. Return 51 West 69th.

LOST—Between Hotel Commodore and Bronx Park or in Park, a diamond earring; reward if returned to owner. L. Clement, Room 1053, Hotel Commodore.

LOST—On May 2, case containing hypodermic needles and medicine. Finder will receive reward by returning to Dr. Frederick Weisbrod, 67 Hanson Place, Brooklyn.

LOST.—Wednesday morning, between 9:30 and 10 o'clock, one gold watch fob, initials S. M. S. Suitable reward for its return. Room 1308, 35 Liberty St.

LOST—Diamond pin, open lattice work; lost subway station Times Square, downtown; liberal reward if returned. Mrs. Hilson, 176 West 87th St.

LOST—Long Island train arriving 9:50 A. M. May 1, dress suit case; finder will receive $25 reward. Francis Bruguiere, 805 5th Av.

LOST—Gold meshbag, Marlborough Hotel, Friday, April 25; liberal reward, no questions asked. Phone Schuyler 8398.

LOST—Kodak, from Red Cross ambulance, at Park Av. and 35th St. Reward if returned to cashier, Hotel Wellington.

LOST—Fraternity pin, filigree and pearls; Phi Sigma Delta. Jentes, 230 West 99th, city.

LOST—Gold wrist watch, Friday, 5th Av., 35th to 40th St.; reward. L. L. M., Room 1404, 21 East 40th.

LOST—Hudson seal scarf on Madison, between 98th and 93d Sts.; $15 reward. Hotel Bibo, 1,295 Madison Av.

LOST—Wednesday afternoon, platinum bar pin, two diamonds, three sapphires; reward. Room 301, 111 Broadway.

LOST—Friday, lady's plain gold wrist watch on link bracelet. Return to Hotel Robert Fulton, West 71st St., and receive reward.

LOST—Pocketbook, on 6th Av. L at 86th St., Thursday evening. Return to 34 West 85th. Phone Schuyler 4723; reward.

LOST—Between 110th and 92d Sts., on Broadway, string of coral beads; ample reward. Lee Kugel, 130 West 46th St.

LOST—Cort Theatre, Wednesday night, blue canteen apron, veil, and gold bar pin. The Sevillia, 117 West 58th St.

LOST.—Diamond ring, one carat, gold setting; please return to Room 2066 Commodore Hotel; liberal reward.

LOST—Wednesday, 3-stone diamond ring, oblong boxed shape; liberal reward. Phone Gramercy 4118.

LOST—Brown fox scarf, second balcony ladies' room, Astor Theatre; liberal reward. K 26 Times.

LOST—Between New York and Roslyn, one field boot; reward. Sidney Fish, Roslyn, L. I.

LOST—Pair tortoise-rimmed spectacles near 34th St. Geo. Batten Co., 381 4th Av.

LOST—United States Steel coupon No. 68557. Reward, return Miss Terry, 30 E. 50th St.

LOST—Mink scarf, between 77th-80th Sts.; reward. Adams, 66 West 77th.

$1,000 REWARD,
NO QUESTIONS ASKED,
for the return of white pasteboard box containing one diamond shell comb, diamond chain and diamond heart, fancy diamond bracelet, pearl and diamond collarette, diamond barrette, and envelope containing three loose pearls; last Apr. 22 at the Ritz-Carlton or between Ritz and 5th Av. and 47th St.
DREICER & CO., 560 5TH AV.

$300 REWARD
return platinum bowknot pin, large diamond in centre, lost April 29 vicinity of army docks, Hoboken, N. J. A. R. Lee & Co., 15 William St., New York.

$100 REWARD
for return of diamond bar pin, platinum setting; lost Wednesday, April 30. Dreicer & Co., 560 5th Av.

**Found.**

FOUND—Taxicab, Saturday, 11:30 P. M., Belmont Theatre, 48th St., gold watch, chain, and penknife. Inquire L. H. Keller & Co., 64 Nassau St., New York.

FOUND—The lady who lost glove in Broadway car, South Ferry, call at Marine Operating Co., 29 Broadway. Smith.

**Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs**

LOST—Near Desbrosses Street Ferry, white bull terrier bitch, cropped ears and tail; $25 reward. J. Harry Myers, 292 5th Av. Madison Square 7846.

LOST—From 59th St. and 3d Av., sable male Pekinese spaniel; 10 years old; teeth gone; $25 reward. Return to 255 West 84th St.; no questions asked. Phone 6585 Schuyler.

LOST—May 2, small dog, biscuit-colored Pekingese; belt tied on red ribbon around neck. Finder please call telephone Plaza 30.

LOST—April 27, Scotch terrier, answers name Laddie; New York State license; reward $50. Vernay, 930 Park Av.

LOST—French bull, dark brindle color, wearing green collar; name Mitzi; liberal reward. Sindebaud, 55 East 93d.

**Two Historical German National Assemblies.**

The noted National Assembly in 1848 in Germany is described, also the National Assembly in 1919, in an interesting article in the May CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE, together with an official, carefully compiled review of the progress of the Revolution, etc., in Germany, and the struggle against Bolshevism; all based on official facts, presented without comment or bias. 40 other Big Features. Published by The New York Times Company, on news stands 25c.—Advt.

# SEE A LABOR FAMINE BEFORE END OF YEAR

## Leading Employment Managers Confer with Col. Woods Here on Jobs for Soldiers.

## EXPECT INDUSTRIAL BOOM

### Shortage of Workers Reported in Many Centres—Say Job Will Soon Be Hunting Man.

That there is now a job for every discharged soldier and sailor in the industrial centres of the country and that before the end of 1919 there is going to be an actual labor shortage in this country, were opinions voiced by members of the Board of Directors of the National Association of Employment Managers, representing concerns who place probably 800,000 a year, at a meeting held yesterday in the Machinery Club, 50 Church Street.

The employment managers met to confer with Colonel Arthur Woods, Special Assistant to Secretary of War Baker, who is in charge of the placing of men discharged from service in industry, and also to complete plans for their national convention in Cleveland, May 21 to 23. The association pledged itself to cooperate with Colonel Woods and to this end the Board adopted a resolution under which a representative of the association in every industrial centre will be assigned to assist the army officers who will be sent out to carry out the plan of "jobs for all."

**Sees Speeding Up of Industry.**

In predicting a coming labor shortage, President Rectanus said that it would soon be a case of the job hunting the man and there would be no more problem of hunting the job for the man. The speeding up of the industries of peace is already visible, he said, and when peace becomes an accomplished fact this speed will increase, with the result that plants will expand and the opportunities for employment increase.

Now, he said, there were jobs enough to go around, and he instanced the fact that only last week the Federal Labor Board in the Oranges had a call for 300 men for inside factory work, labor not requiring especial skill, the work paying from $4 to $6 a day, and it was unable to get the men.

The Baltimore plan of re-employment was explained by A. Muhlhauser, President of the Baltimore Employment Managers' Association. Under this rather parental system the soldier is looked after until he obtains work.

Speakers said that the employers of labor should be a little patient until the soldier "finds himself." Because he has been risking his life for $30 a month while some of those who did not go to war have been working for $30 a week, many soldiers feel now that they should have the best of employment and good pay. This, it was said, the association is trying to give, but because of the feeling among the men there is bound to be some unrest.

Colonel Woods asserted that the returned man is the "best buy" in industry, for he brings back with him an acquired discipline that is already beginning to be appreciated in industry. Some of those who have engaged numbers of soldiers and sailors find that they have increased the efficiency of their plants.

**Prominent Employers Present.**

Among those present were A. L. Doremus, President of the New York Executives' Association; Ben Bartlett, Chairman of the Employment Managers' Association of Cleveland; Montagu Clark, President of the Newark Association; W. H. Winants, Treasurer, National Carbon Company, Cleveland; Philip J. Reilly, Employment Manager, Dennison Manufacturing Company, Framingham, Mass.; C. W. Parker, Secretary Chicago Employment Managers' Association; W. F. Johnson, Employment Manager, Taylor Instrument Companies, Rochester, N. Y.; A. E. Shay, Assistant Director of the association; Mark M. Jones, Supervisor of Personnel, Thomas A. Edison Industries; Ralph G. Wells, Assistant Chief Employment Manager, E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co., and John C. Bower, Superintendent of Employment, Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company, Pittsburgh.

**Governor Smith's Proclamation.**

By proclamation, Governor Smith yesterday designated Sunday next as Employment Sunday, on which an educational campaign will be carried on throughout the State in the interest of obtaining employment for discharged soldiers and sailors. This is his proclamation:

Whereas, the President of the United States has communicated with me, calling attention to the work which is being carried on throughout the country by such search organizations in an earnest effort to assist the employment service of the United States in procuring employment for returning soldiers, sailors, and marines and those who have rendered aid in war work, and,

Whereas, It is deemed best to have a definite day set aside upon which all may concentrate their efforts in this particularly worthy cause, and Sunday, May 4, having been selected as a day whereon knowledge may be disseminated with reference to the work which must be accomplished in order that every assistance may be given to this meritorious enterprise.

Now, therefore, I, Alfred E. Smith, Governor, do hereby proclaim Sunday, May 4, as "Employment Sunday," and call upon the people of this State to render their support to the movement, knowing how willing they are at all times to answer every call in the interests of those who played such a prominent part in the great war.

The World War Veterans of America announced yesterday that the organization has transferred its relief and employment bureau to the Central Re-employment Bureau for Soldiers, Sailors, and Marines, 505 Pearl Street.

**Dr. Sargent to Leave Harvard.**

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., May 2.—Dr. Dudley A. Sargent announced tonight his resignation as director of the Hemenway Gymnasium at Harvard University. The resignation is effective on Sept. 1, a few days before Dr. Sargent's seventieth birthday. He has held his present position forty years, during which period he has invented much gymnasium apparatus and devised standard physical tests.

# CLOSING UP AFFAIRS OF SERVICE BOARD

## Meeting Today Expected to Put Things in Order for Two-Headed Commission.

## MAY BE NAMED NEXT WEEK

### Brooklyn Expected to Get the Regulatory Place and Parsons to Manage Construction.

The work of winding up the affairs of the present five-headed Public Service Commission, to make ready for the incoming of the two-headed commission, is going rapidly forward. Today the commission will meet and dispose of matters which have been concluded but which have been hanging fire because of the uncertain political situation. It is expected that Governor Smith will sign the bill ousting the commission early next week and that within a few days thereafter he will name the Commissioner who will have charge of regulatory matters and the one in charge of construction.

Gossip yesterday was to the effect that Brooklyn, where all of the three present incumbents live, and which has named on an average three-fifths of the Commissioners in the past, will have the chance of naming one of the new men. A recent description of the men the Governor wants for the new jobs has been carefully studied, and it was said that Brooklyn had scores of citizens who just fitted it. In brief, the description calls for a man for the regulatory place who knows the law, who has had judicial training, and whose record commands the confidence of the people. Brooklyn believes that Justice Almet F. Jenks, ex-Justice Luke D. Stapleton, ex-Representative John J. Fitzgerald, and James Sherlock Davis fit the description.

The name of William Barclay Parsons, recently mentioned as the possible choice of the Governor for the Construction Commissioner, remains, it is said, in the mind of the Governor.

Among the matters hanging fire before the present commission and which will be disposed of at today's meeting of the commission are applications of various corporations for permission to sell securities for refunding and other purposes, and such matters as the applications of the various gas and electric companies for a change of rates. The suits of the Consolidated Gas Company to annul the eighty-cent gas law are pending, and the Commissioner having charge of regulation will probably receive an appropriation for the services of a lawyer to contest the action.

## SAENGERBUND PROTESTS.

### Major Lentz Says Charity Meetings Have Been Interfered With.

Major Carl Lentz, President of the Northeastern Saengerbund, who said he was a veteran of the civil war, complained to the District Attorney yesterday that recent meetings and entertainments for social and charitable purposes only by societies of Americans of German descent had been invaded and interfered with by men in uniform and others. Major Lentz asserted that the saengerbund had 6,000 active singers and a sustaining membership of 250,000 throughout the country, composed of loyal American citizens, who feel that the disturbers of their meetings do not understand the peaceful, charitable, and social objects of the meetings.

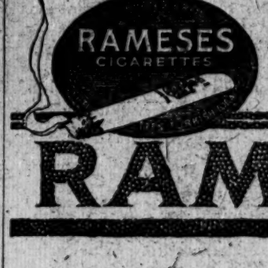
"We had 300 of our members in the United States Army, some of whom lost their lives in the defense of this country," Major Lentz told District Attorney Swann. The Major said that a benefit for the Odd Fellows Orphan Asylum at Tuckahoe was one meeting interfered with. He asked protection for a similar benefit to take place at the Yorkville Casino on May 11.

Major Lentz said he had been a resident in America for sixty years. He told of enlisting in the Union Army on July 1, 1861, and said he had fought throughout under General Sheridan until Oct. 19, 1864, when he was wounded and lost an arm at the battle of Cedar Creek. Theodore Henninger, President of the United Singers of New York, and Ludwig Nissen, Chairman of the Liberty Loan Associates, accompanied Major Lentz and joined him in the protest. Mr. Swann told them that he would consult with Police Commissioner Enright, and that their orderly meetings would be protected.

**Joffre to Come Some Time This Year**

WASHINGTON, May 2.—Private advices received today say Marshal Joffre has not changed his plans for visiting the United States again, before the end of this year. He has not fixed a date for his trip.


Twenty-five Cents




*Nobody ever changes from* RAMESES CIGARETTES *Nobody!*

RAMESES

He is wearing a Buckwood

THERE are two ways to find Earl & Wilson quality in a collar—a quick way and a quicker way. The quick way is to see that its name ends in "wood"—like Buckwood. The quicker way is to look for the E & W mark. And you pay no more.

*E & W*
EARL & WILSON Collars

Copyright Hart Schaffner & Marx

Waist Seam suits are the Style

We refer to the waist seam models created by Hart Schaffner & Marx. They are very individual. Smart double and single breasted variations in many beautiful fabrics.

$35, $40, $45 and $50

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Whipcord and Serges.

Army Uniforms and Overcoats, ready to wear away.

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Nothing is reduced except the price—were $50, now $25.

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The interruption of a removal in mid-season naturally caused an interruption in our regular profits. But move we had to. Hence it was more necessary to get our new quarters when we could, than to think of the sacrifices we would have to make.

*Extra Salesmen to Insure Excellent Service!*

All Our New Spring Suits *and* Topcoats

| Formerly Priced | | |
|---|---|---|
| 26.50, 28.50, 30., 33. | Reduced to | 24.50 |
| 35., 38., 40. | Reduced to | 32.00 |
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I. Every Suit and Topcoat was privately tailored for us.

II. Every garment was made singly, which means individual tailoring.

III. Every former price quoted above has prevailed since the opening of the season.

IV. Every Suit and Topcoat in our stock is included in this sale, without reservation.

V. And when we say EVERY, we mean precisely that—which, of course, takes in even Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits.

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